"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Fair to-day; increasing cloudiness to-morrow; light, variable winds.
For full weather report see Page 16.

VOL. LXI...NO. 19,598. * * * NEW YORK, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 21, 1911.—TWENTY-TWO PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York. | Elsewhere, Jersey City, and Newark. | TWO CENTS.

STOVER PLOWING UP THE PARK LAWNS

Going to Turn Over Fifty Acres, He Says, Which May Be Turf Again in Two Years.

DEFIANT OF ALL PROTESTS

"I'm Park Commissioner," He Asserts, Adding That His Critics Are Ignorant of Soil Restoration.

Park Commissioner Charles B. Stover has begun plowing up the fine lawns of Central Park as a means of restoring them. This decision has already resulted in the plowing up of nearly fifty acres of park lawns, and, on the Commissioner's own estimate, may leave the plowed areas bare of grass for a year or possibly two or three. This plowing policy evoked vigorous criticism yesterday in quarters interested in preservation of the park. The Commissioner's new plan was denounced as practical vandalism.

Mr. Stover, however, contends that he is acting on the recommendation of a Government agricultural expert who recently examined the park soil, and that of the Park. Those who opposed the policy as the only means of effectively restroying real grass to the neglected areas of the park. Those who opposed the policy, he declared, were "ignorant persons who do not know what they were talking about." As for him, he was Park Commissioner and was going to save the Park lawns after his own fashion, in accordance with the report made to him by the Government expert.

So far, the Commissioner said, the plowing under has been done chiefly on the North Meadow, which covers about thirty acres of lawn, and extends north of the Ninety-seventh Street transverse road between the two drives. It has been found necessary to build a mile-long fence around this section to keep the public off while the plowing is in progress, and thereafter while the successive fertilizations and plantings are made. The second large tract that has been plowed under in part and will be plowed completely is known as the Baseball Ground, stretching south of the Sixty-fifth Street transverse road on the west side of the Park and covering about fifteen acres. Other smaller areas are likely to get similar treatment.

The Soil Impoverished.

The soil, the Commissioner says, has become impoverished and sour, and requires the application of lime and phosphates. It is intended first to manure the condemned area, then plow under both the sod and the manure; then it will be harrowed, and thereafter lime and phosphate applied. Thereafter it is proposed to plant Winter rye for the further enrichment of the soil. This will be plowed under. Grass seed will not be planted there until next Spring.

One of the men most wrought up over this wholesale plowing up of the Park lawns was William J. Gibson of 32 Liberty Street, one of the prime movers of the Central Park Restoration Committee, of which Gutzon Borglum is Chairman.

"The Park Commissioner is plowing up in the ball ground one of the most beautiful lawns on the west side of Central Park," he said; "a lawn covered with grass and quite good turf that has been growing some fifty years. There are only a few bare spots in it, made by baseball players, but less than one one-hundredth part of the lawn is taken up with such spots. These little patches could have been spaded and sodded at very small expense to the city, and the lawn thereby saved. No injury would have been done to the grass if only fertilizer and soil had been spread over it without covering it, and grass seed sown on the bare spots. This, it is generally admitted by all gardeners and landscape architects, is the natural and normal way of preserving a lawn.

"To plow under the whole lawn as the Commissioner is doing seems to me sheer vandalism. It ought to be stopped, even at this stage. A lawn is not the result of one year's planting or of two or three years, but in the present case of fifty years or more, with a gradual accumulation of rich interwoven turf beneath the grass. A lawn never grows old. It will be many years—possibly a lifetime—before one like the present can be built up. The whole project of plowing up what has been so long and laboriously evolved seems as ruthless and wicked as it is uncalled for.

"To a real gardener—and I have talked to many of them about this—such an act of vandalism would warrant the public whipping of the vandals in the park they are destroying. New Yorkers as a whole ought to be roused in defense of their greatest park. The Commissioner himself seems bent on carrying his destructive plan out, if not checked, and I understand he is already contemplating digging up part of the lawn on the east side of the lower pond, north of Fifty-ninth Street and between the lake and the east drive. This also is well covered with grass.

Making Waste Places.

"Even if the Commissioner's method should appear to be the proper one it is being pursued in a very unbusinesslike fashion. He has an appropriation of $50,000 and is tearing up far more than the appropriation will cover. He is making the entire park a waste place, utterly unusable. If he must plow up the soil let him do it on one lawn at a time and put one lawn in proper order before he plows up another.

"The present method cannot possibly be thoroughgoing. In Boston, for example, they are restoring Boston Common, but there they dig up the soil to a depth of two or three feet—not three or four inches, as here—and mix the soil with manure and fertilizer at a cost of about $7,000 an acre. How far would the Commissioner's appropriation of $50,000 go with that method?

"The great trouble with Central Park is that it has lacked proper intelligent care for many years. The Superintendent once in charge of it was a bartender, with a bartender's knowledge of agriculture and landscape gardening. There has never been proper husbandry of the park's beauties. At present the trees, especially below Seventy-second Street, are in a dying condition and past restoration, all because of this same lack of care in the last three or four years. The whole park is sadly neglected, and if the present Park Commissioner is allowed to go on, it will be not only a neglected spot, but an eyesore to the citizens of New York."

Mr. Gibson implied that he was not very profoundly impressed by the practical experience of the expert whom the Commissioner called from the Department of Agriculture, and on whose report the present plowing under of the lawns is said to be based. He said he would try to have a meeting of the Central Park Restoration Committee in a few days. Most of its members are at present out of the city. Among them are Francis Lynde Stetson, George W. Perkins, Jacob H. Schiff, and Eugene Philbin.

Commissioner Stover was angry when informed of the objections raised against his plan by Mr. Gibson. He declared that those who objected to it were utterly ignorant of the principles of gardening, while he relied on the expert opinion of Gustavus B. Maynadier of the Government Department of Agriculture, indorsed by Charles Dowing Lay, the Park landscape architect, who succeeded Samuel Parsons. Mr. Parsons was ousted by Commissioner Stover last year after he

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STEEL TRUST MAY DISSOLVE.

Wall Street Hears It May Seek Resolution Into Its Constituent Parts.

Coincidently with the reports from Washington that the International Harvester Company would voluntarily dissolve, Wall Street was filled with rumors yesterday affecting the Steel Corporation. It has been current gossip for some time that if Federal incorporation became possible the Steel Corporation would be among the first to take out a Federal charter.

The report that the Stanley Committee was bent on putting the corporation in the same boat with the American Tobacco and Standard Oil Companies has also had currency from time to time since last Spring, but yesterday these rumors took a new turn. The story gained currency that since the return of Judge Gary the controlling interest in the company has taken up the idea of voluntarily dissolving.

Judge Gary spent some time yesterday in conference with George W. Perkins, and this fact and his refusal to discuss the rumors of the Corporation's dissolution were seized upon as giving force to the story. The rumors were effective in the stock market. Steel preferred sold off 3⅛ points and along with the 5 per cent. bonds of the Corporation bill to the lowest prices reached in three years.

DEAD AT AUTO WHEEL.

Buncon's Machine Went On for Miles Before Friends Made Discovery.

Special to The New York Times.

MACON, Miss., Sept. 20.—When his wife leaned over his shoulder and playfully pulled the steering wheel of the automobile in which J. B. Buncon and a party of friends had been driving to-day, the car suddenly veered and wheeled into a cotton field. Then another member of the party brought it to a stop.

Buncon was dead. He was wearing a cap, which had been pulled well down over his eyes, and his hands had never left the wheel. The party had been driving along a perfectly straight road, and to this fact is ascribed the delay in discovering Buncon's condition. When the car finally swerved he had been dead some time.

Buncon owned a large plantation near the State line. The trip to-day carried the party over into Alabama, and they were near the village of Panolaka when Buncon's death was discovered. William Owen, a friend, occupied the front seat with Mr. Buncon, while in the tonneau were Mrs. Buncon and her sister. The two women had been conversing together, and Owen had not spoken for some time. When the car turned off into the field it was going at a speed of possibly ten miles an hour.

When Owen noticed the car's failure to respond he quickly threw on the brakes and brought it to a stop. Heart failure is given as the cause of death. Buncon was a large man, and had been in seemingly excellent health.

KILLED UNDER HIS AUTO.

W. C. Evans's Car Upset by Another That Keeps on Its Way.

A gray touring car, carrying six passengers, three men and three women, and running at high rate of speed, overtook the touring car of William C. Evans of 32 Lexington Avenue, Brooklyn, late last night on Ocean Avenue, between Lincoln Road and Flatbush Avenue, and crashed into it. The larger and heavier car tossed Evans's car from the roadway and hurled it against a telephone pole.

Evans, who is 60 years old and a wholesale milk dealer, was pinned under his car, which crumpled up and turned over. He was instantly killed. His son, Willard Evans, 37 years old, was badly cut and bruised. Frank Gibney, a baker, of 38 Madison Street, Brooklyn, who was in the car, had his right leg broken and suffered other injuries. H. B. McDougal, a milk dealer, of Beerston, Delaware County, New York, who was with Mr. Evans, was badly cut about the scalp, face, and body.

Two ambulances were called from the Kings County Hospital by Patrolman Heckman of the Flatbush Avenue Station, who witnessed the collision and called on the chauffeur of the gray car to stop. He caught four of the five numerals in its license number as 414—4 N. Y. The fourth figure he did not see, he said. A general police alarm was sent out for the gray car.

WOMEN SAVED FROM MADMAN

Policeman Arrives as Escaped Lunatic, Entering by Fire Escape, Begins Attack

The arrival of a policeman yesterday saved the life of Mrs. Anna Kratzer, an aged woman of 58 Morgan Avenue, Williamsburg, and her daughter, Mary, from the hands of Mrs. Kratzer's insane son, George, aged 56, who escaped Monday from the asylum at Central Islip, L. I.

Kratzer is considered a dangerous lunatic. His delusion is that there is a conspiracy on foot to kill him and he imagines his family are implicated in it. On Jan. 15, 1909, after having been for nine years in the State Insane Asylum at King's Park, L. I., he escaped and before he was recaptured a week later, he nearly killed a policeman.

Kratzer was then transferred to Central Islip, where he was under a close guard. He escaped Monday, and there was no trace of the lunatic until he appeared early yesterday at his mother's home, after climbing up a rear fire escape.

The mother and daughter were in bed, and just as they were calling for assistance they recognized the visitor. He jumped at them and choked them in turn.

Policeman O'Connell of the Stagg Street Station appeared at the critical moment and clubbed the madman, who turned upon him, into submission.

When Kratzer was taken to the Manhattan Avenue Court he had a violent outbreak in front of the desk, and it took four policemen to hold him down. He was then committed to the Kings County Hospital pending his transfer back to the asylum.

HELD FOR POSTAL SLANDERS.

Miss De Witt Indicted for Sending Anonymous Letters.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 20.—Miss Harriet de Witt, the principal figure in what has become known as the "poisoned pen" case, was indicted by a United States Grand Jury here this afternoon on the charge of sending anonymous letters of a defamatory character through the mails to residents of Easton, Penn. Miss de Witt is the daughter of a well-to-do resident of Easton.

The Rev. Elmer E. Snyder of Easton, who was the principal victim of the letter writer, was the main witness against Miss de Witt.

It is charged that the anonymous writer carried on a campaign of scurrility through the mails for nine years, and Postal Inspectors worked on the case for more than three years in the hope of arresting the guilty party, finally fastening the offense on Miss de Witt, according to testimony they gave before the Grand Jury.

Miss de Witt's trial will take place in Philadelphia in December.

CANADA VOTES TO-DAY ON RECIPROCITY ISSUE

Quebec the Pivotal Province That Will Decide the Fate of the Laurier Regime.

ONTARIO LOSSES PREDICTED

No Landslide Looked For Either Way —The Silent Voter the Decisive Factor as Never Before.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTREAL, Quebec, Sept. 20.—On the eve of the most momentous elections Canada has ever held, with all the speechmaking over and the breathing spell before the votes are cast, men are asking each other: "Which province will decide the result?"

It must be borne in mind that, although there are nine provinces in Canada, the majority of the parliamentary constituencies are contained in two of them. Out of a total of 221 seats Quebec has sixty-five and Ontario eighty-six, leaving seventy divided among the remaining seven. These seven were held at the dissolution by 26 Conservatives and 44 Liberals. Of the seven, the three maritime provinces, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick, and Prince Edward Island gave 9 Conservatives and 26 Liberals. Assuming that there is a likelihood of their splitting between the two parties, the issue is still largely unaffected. The Western provinces at the dissolution gave 17 Conservatives and 18 Liberals.

Both parties are equally confident of sweeping the West to-morrow, but if there is comparatively little change in the ultimate representation, the issue still remains undetermined. It all comes back to Ontario and Quebec. A heavy turnover in either province will divert the stream of power either to liberalism again or to the Conservatives after their long years of opposition.

Perhaps the most interesting, and certainly the most authoritative, estimate of the situation in Ontario is that given in The Montreal Star to-night by the Hon. C. H. Mackintosh, formerly Lieutenant Governor of the Northwest Territories and a politician of exceptional acumen and calm judgment. Mr. Mackintosh has made a three weeks' tour of Ontario and has carried on a very exhaustive investigation of the currents of public opinion. He concludes that Mr. Borden will win seven seats in that province, making the Conservative representation fifty-eight, as against fifty one at present. Opposition officials claim sixty-five at the outside, so that Mr. Mackintosh's estimate is seen to be reasonable, especially when compared with the Liberal claim of forty as an outside limit for their party.

The question, therefore, resolves itself in the last resort into what Quebec Province will do. At the dissolution Quebec gave the Conservatives eleven seats and the Liberals fifty-four. No responsible Government supporter anywhere claims that Quebec will do as well for Laurier to-morrow as it did in 1908. Even the most optimistic of them admit that the Government is due to sustain some losses here. The question is how many. Opposition optimists predict as high as forty-five. Serious opposition organizers think they ought to win at least twenty-five.

The Liberals virtually admit the victory of the Hon. L. P. Pelletier, in Quebec County, and of Mr. Lesperance, in Montmagny, against the Hon. Dr. Beland, the recently appointed Postmaster General, and a Conservative, in Chicoutimi, due to the splitting of the vote. They also fear that the wealth and influence of Rodolphe Forget, the famous French-Canadian financier in Montmorency, may prove too much even for the wealth and influence of the son of the Hon. S. N. Parent, Chairman of the National Transcontinental Commission. They are not at all certain either of Temiscouta or of Rimouski. All these six seats were held by the Liberals in the last Parliament.

The Liberals do not really expect to win any of the eleven seats held by the Conservatives, except that they concede practically seventeen seats to the opposition. The Conservatives, on the other hand, claim many seats now Liberal as won to the opposition. They confidently expect to defeat Dr. Beland in Beauce, though this is by no means assured. They hope the fire-eating Sevegny, the image of Sir Wilfrid Laurier, by the way, and one of his most fierce denouncers, will defeat Mr. Roy in Dorchester. This is a probability. They think they stand an excellent chance of securing three Montreal seats held by the Liberals, St. Mary, St. James, and St. Lawrence. They certainly stand a good chance, as the anti-reciprocity feeling throughout this city is now intense.

The Liberal vote in Pontiac is split, and that will probably result in another Liberal seat lost. J. G. H. Bergeron, one of the ablest campaigners in all Canada, is almost certain of election in Beauharnois. Mr. Coderre may beat Mr. Rivet in Hochelaga, another Montreal seat, and C. A. Wilson stands an excellent chance of losing this time to Mr. Leonard, as he only won last election by 69 votes. Dr. Pickel also ought to wipe out the small majority of 18 which gave the seat to the Liberals last time. Mr. Mondou may beat Mr. Gladu in Yamaska, where the latter's majority was only 88.

Elsewhere the issue is not clear. Assuming that the Conservatives get twenty-eight seats in Quebec, the result is dubious. The Conservatives, on this estimate, would get eighty-six seats in Ontario and Quebec, against sixty-five for the Liberals. If the West divides equally, or stands as at the last election, the relative standing would be 103 Conservatives and eighty-three Liberals. Even if the maritime provinces stand pat, Laurier would only have 109 to Borden's 112. The West is an uncertain quantity, but there is not likely to be any sweep either way.

To sum up, the silent vote will decide this election in a manner never paralleled in Canadian politics. The issue is not at all certain, and there is not the slightest likelihood, so far as the public pulse can be felt, of a landslide, that will either send Laurier back with a sound working majority, or Mr. Borden with a majority sufficiently strong to enable him to conduct the Government. The unexpected may happen. Beyond all question the result will be a decision on reciprocity alone.

Special to The New York Times.

OTTAWA, Ontario, Sept. 20.—The most keenly contested campaign which has taken place since the defeat of the Conservative administration in 1896 came to a close to-night. To-morrow the voting will take place, and the result is being feverishly awaited from the Atlantic to the Pacific. Both sides are confident. The Government supporters say that Sir Wilfrid Laurier will be returned and are wagering three to one. Much of their money is being covered. There is also some betting by the Conservatives that the Government will be defeated. The party relies upon an undercurrent of public opinion, which it believes has been aroused against reciprocity.

Unquestionably the Conservatives will gain in the cities and towns. In the Maritime Provinces, where under normal conditions reciprocity would be popular, the Opposition and Government both expect to make gains.

Then there is Quebec. Laurier gives the Opposition fifteen seats, three more than at the dissolution. Armand Lavergne, Mr. Bourassa's lieutenant, says they will get forty. It all depends upon the extent of the inroads made by Bourassa and the

Continued on Page 2.

THE AMERICAN VICE OF GRAFT.

United States District Attorney Wise, the prosecutor of smugglers, gives some unlooked-for reasons for its prevalence and discusses the attitude of the America of to-day toward it. See

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

GROSSCUP SHADOWED LONG BY DETECTIVES

For Years His Public and Private Acts Have Been Under Close Scrutiny, He Says.

MAY CANCEL RESIGNATION

He Will Not Leave the Bench Under Pressure, He Declares—One Investigator Has Disappeared.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 20.—Judge Peter S. Grosscup's resignation from the United States Circuit Court of Appeals was followed to-day by reports that he had been shadowed for two or three years, not only by an ex-Secret Service operative called Lawrence Richie, but by at least two and possibly three other persons. The private and professional life of the Judge has been the subject of inquiry practically ever since his famous Standard Oil decision. The purpose of the investigation has been revealed by but one of those who have been shadowing him, and that man disappeared a month ago from a boarding house in Los Angeles, Cal.

Those who have been investigating Judge Grosscup, as far as they are known, are: Lawrence Richie, formerly in the Federal Secret Service and now said to be working for an Eastern magazine, who went to Wisconsin on Sunday on a vacation; George Shoaff, a Socialist magazine writer, who dropped out of sight a month ago; an investigator seen in Ohio and brought to Chicago, who asserted he was working for a weekly New York publication, and a Chicago detective, whose name is known to two or three people now connected with the gambling investigation, but who could not be found to-night.

Judge Grosscup admitted to-day that friends had informed him of Richie's surveillance. He admitted also that he knew of inquiries into his business affairs at Charleston, West Va., and at Mattoon, Ill., where he is interested in traction properties. Other inquiries led investigators to New York and to the Summer home of Henry W. Bishop at Pittsfield, Mass., a Master in Chancery of the Federal courts in Illinois, and to the former home of Judge Grosscup in Ohio.

The investigation in New York and Massachusetts began a few days after the reversal of the Standard Oil case by the Court of Appeals. Eastern papers at that time reported that Judge Grosscup had been seen in company with two attorneys for the oil company.

Shoaff's inquiry is believed to have been backed by Eugene V. Debs and other Socialists, who had objected to the jurist's decisions in labor cases. Shoaff had some little reputation as a Socialist writer and investigator. He was on duty at the time of the labor difficulties in Colorado. About a year and a half ago he began an investigation into Judge Grosscup's private life, much of its results being published by The Appeal to Reason. It related principally to the early life of the Judge in Boston and Ohio.

Two months ago Shoaff dropped the Grosscup investigation and went to Los Angeles to work on the McNamara case for Socialist publications. He was accompanied by Alexander Irvine, a former preacher in New York and a Socialist. They boarded at the home of O. H. Gable, Shoaff's brother-in-law, in Los Angeles. A month ago to-day Shoaff told Irvine early in the evening that he was "going to show up Gen. Otis," owner of The Los Angeles Times. An hour later he disappeared. When his sister went to look for him she found the room disordered and a blackjack lying outside the door. He has not been seen since.

Judge Grosscup resents the insinuation that there is any mystery in his life in need of clearing up. From his villa on the Lake Shore at Highland he issued a statement to-night that he might withdraw his resignation.

"If an effort is made to make it appear that I am resigning under pressure, I shall not resign," he declared. "I am a responsible officer of the United States Government. If any responsible magazine editor or publisher, or if any responsible American citizen will come to the front with the assertion that I am resigning under pressure, and will show any reason for such an assertion, I will remain on the bench until such time as an opportunity has been given for a thorough investigation of my acts as a Judge of the United States Court. I shall do this in order that the investigation may be made while I am still a United States Judge."

Judge Grosscup had no explanation of why Richie or others have pursued him for the past two or three years.

"I don't know Richie personally," he said, "but I have heard of him. I have been hearing about him and his investigation for the last two years. Close personal friends have told me. I do not know what his motive is, but I imagine that he wanted to hear from me."

"Do you know who Richie was working for?" Judge Grosscup was asked.

"I have heard that he was working for the Government, and also for a magazine. I believe both reports untrue. If he followed me to Europe, as some say he did, he had a merry chase. I went down the Nile, and I am sure he was not along then. Then I motored from Naples to Paris, and my shadow was not with me.

"Two years ago I met my brother in New York, and he told me there had been a man in Charleston, West Va., looking up property that I owned in that place. My brother said that the man was careful to say that he was investigating me."

The attention of Judge Grosscup was called to reports that he was retiring a rich man.

"I am not a rich man," he replied.

POUGHKEEPSIE PIERS BURN.

Steamer Clermont, Ablaze, Is Towed to Safety—$30,000 Loss.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., Sept. 20.—The pier and buildings of the Hudson River Day Line at this city were destroyed by fire late to-day, entailing a loss estimated at $30,000.

The steamer Clermont of Hudson-Fulton fame caught fire and was towed out into the river, where the flames were extinguished and the old craft saved from destruction.

The cause of the fire is unknown.

SLAYS SIX PERSONS IN NEAR-BY HOUSES

Murderer Uses Axe to Kill Members of Two Families in Colorado Springs.

ONLY SURVIVOR ARRESTED

A. J. Burnham Held as Witness—Bodies Discovered by Relative Three Days After Crime.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Col., Sept. 20.—With their heads split open by an axe the bodies of six persons, three in each of two neighboring houses, were found in bed at 2 o'clock to-day. The dead are:

BURNHAM, MRS. ALICE MAY, wife of A. J. Burnham, cook at the Modern Woodman Sanitarium.
BURNHAM, ALICE, 6 years old.
BURNHAM, JOHN, 3 years old.
WAYNE, HENRY F., recently a patient in the Modern Woodman Sanitarium, 30 years old.
WAYNE, Mrs. BLANCHE, his wife, 25.
BABY of dead couple, 1 year old.

The bodies have evidently lain in the houses since Sunday night.

The axe with which the deed was done was found yesterday by Mrs. J. R. Evans, who lives next door to the Waynes, at 742 Hanson Place, and from whom it was borrowed last week. It was standing outside the Wayne door, covered with blood. Mrs. Evans thought the family had been killing chickens, and thought nothing of the incident until the discovery of the bodies to-day.

Mrs. June Ruth of 931 South Sierra Madre Street, sister of the murdered Mrs. Burnham, went to the latter's house, at 321 West Dale Street, in the rear of the Wayne home, to do some sewing, accompanied by Miss Anna Merritt of 730 Pine Street. The front door was locked, and the two women gained entrance by the rear door. On entering the front room they found the body of Mrs. Burnham lying covered in bed. Beside her, one on each side, were the bodies of her two children with their heads similarly cut open with an axe. The covers had evidently been carefully replaced by the one who did the deed. Not an article in the little home had been disturbed.

Rushing to the street, the women gave the alarm, and neighbors flocked to the scene of the tragedy. Instinctively a dozen persons ran to the Wayne home, where no sign of life had been seen since Sunday afternoon. The rear door was found unfastened, and in the bed in the front room the scene witnessed in the Burnham home was almost exactly duplicated.

Covered in the bed, as though in natural sleep, were the bodies of Mr. and Mrs. Wayne and between them the body of their year-old babe, all with the skulls crushed by blows of an axe.

The bodies were cold, and it is surmised that the murders were all committed on Sunday night, at which time the members of both families were seen alive for the last time, so far as can be learned.

Telephone messages were sent to the police station, and Coroner Jackson and the Sheriff went to the scene and had the bodies removed to an undertaker's. Not even a footprint was visible on the floor of either house, and not a person could be found who had seen a man about the premises since Sunday afternoon. On that day several members of the two families called at the grocery store of Grant Collins, on West Dale Street.

The Burnham home stands on the corner of Dale Street and Harrison Place, and the two houses next to it on Dale Street are vacant. Near the Wayne home is that of J. R. Evans, who loaned Mrs. Wayne an axe last week. This blood-stained implement furnishes the only clue for the police.

A. J. Burnham, husband of one of the murdered women and father of the two children, has been arrested and will be held as a witness. He is a cook at the Modern Woodman Sanitarium. He is a member of Colorado Springs Camp No. 7,226 of Modern Woodmen. He is a native of Michigan. He was last seen at his home Sunday afternoon, when he paid a visit to his family. He is said to have left there about 5 o'clock. He has been working at the sanitarium about two years. He has always borne a good reputation, according to his neighbors.

Mrs. Emma B. Hill of 932 South Sierra Madre Street, Burnham's mother-in-law, said:

"Burnham has always been the best father and husband in the world, and he and my daughter never had any trouble. I do not believe that he had anything to do with such a crime. They have always lived happily, and he is a good man."

Mrs. Ruth, Burnham's sister-in-law, substantiates the mother-in-law's statement that the couple never had any troubles—that Burnham has been a good father and husband.

Little is known of the Wayne family in this city except that Wayne came to the Modern Woodman Sanitarium about ten months ago from Indiana as a patient. One month ago his term in the institution was up, and he brought his wife and child to this city, and about three weeks ago took the house in which they were murdered.

There is no relationship between the two families murdered, and they were not even intimately acquainted with each other as neighbors. Why the murderer should invade both homes cannot be explained by the police. It has been suggested that the murderer slaughtered the people in one home, and on being discovered by the neighbors entered their home and slew the others. This does not seem probable because the members of both families were murdered while in bed in their night clothes, and the position of the bodies indicates that the murder was committed while the victims were asleep.

LATEST FREAK JOURNEY.

Journalist in Tour of France to Use Every Means of Transportation.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—The mania for record-breaking travel is increasing in France.

A representative of the Paris Intransigent left this city at midday, beginning a tour around France, to be accomplished in the shortest possible time. He intends to use an aeroplane, the railroads, a motor cycle, an automobile, and horses, and perhaps will swim a few rivers as well. A feature of the circuit is that he must make use of every existing means of transportation at least once.

He will travel night and day and cover about 3,200 miles, his route taking in Amiens, Lille, Havre, Trouville, Caen, Rennes, Brest, Nantes, Bordeaux, Toulouse, Marseilles, Nice, Grenoble, Belfort, Nancy, and Rheims, and then back to Paris. While the trip would cost only $60 by train, the hustling newspaper man will, it is expected, spend several times that amount, but the time saved compared with railway travel will be very great.

MORE LOUVRE ROBBERIES.

Thirty-two of Forty-two Paintings of the Sauvageot Collection Gone.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

PARIS, Sept. 20. — Following upon other disappearances of works of art which have been made public since the theft of the "Mona Lisa," a sensational revelation was made to-day by the newspaper Paris-Journal, which announces that no fewer than thirty-two pictures of great value which should be in the Louvre and which formed the greater part of a single collection are no longer to be found.

The missing paintings include a celebrated Fragonard entitled "The Two Children," a portrait of Queen Elizabeth, by the Dutch painter Mierevelt; a portrait of Queen Henrietta Maria, by Lely, and an interior by the English painter Roberts.

They were part of a collection of forty-two pictures which belonged to M. Sauvageot, a wealthy amateur, who lived in the first half of the last century and who presented it to the French nation in 1856. M. Sauvageot's collection during his lifetime was also celebrated for remarkable sculpture, arms, and musical instruments.

According to the Paris-Journal, only ten paintings now remain in the Louvre out of the Sauvageot collection of forty-two.

CHIEF FALLS FROM ROOF.

Devlin of Second Battalion Hits Building Below—Seriously Hurt.

William Devlin, Chief of the Second Battalion of the Fire Department, who was fighting a fire in the Lion Knitting Works from the roof of a three-story loft building at 516 Broome Street yesterday evening, slipped and fell fifty feet to the roof of a one-story extension in the rear.

He rolled down the slanting roof and struck twenty feet below on the stones of the courtyard. When Capt. Jennings of Truck 20 and Capt. Vickars of Engine 20 came to his assistance they found him unconscious. Dr. Ely of St. Vincent's Hospital, who responded to a hurry ambulance call, declared that Chief Devlin had internal injuries.

Chief Devlin was promoted from a captaincy only a few months ago. He is married and lives with his family on Staten Island. His headquarters are with Engine Company 30 at 284 Spring Street in a very busy district.

BOTH NORTONS UNDER KNIFE.

Taft's ex-Secretary and Wife Operated On in a Chicago Hospital.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—Unknown even to their most intimate friends Charles D. Norton, Vice President of the First National Bank of New York City and former Secretary to President Taft, and Mrs. Norton have both been confined to St. Luke's Hospital during the last two weeks, following surgical operations. Mr. and Mrs. Norton left New York early this month for Chicago. Authorities at St. Luke's Hospital were instructed to keep their presence here a secret.

Surgeons operated upon Mrs. Norton last Monday, and she submitted to the knife a second time yesterday. Mr. Norton's operation was of a trivial nature, and he was convalescent within a few days. He will return to New York within the next two weeks.

Mr. Norton's presence in Chicago was not known until Monday night, when he attended a dinner at the Chicago Club in honor of Henry G. Selfridge.

WHEELED DEAD BABY AN HOUR

Mother Learned the Truth Only at Return of Little Girl Nurse.

For more than an hour last night nine-year-old Mary Montreo of 1,067 Washington Avenue, the Bronx, wheeled the dead body of eight months' old Vao Tripaldi, daughter of Joseph Tripaldi, along Washington Avenue in a perambulator, thinking her asleep.

Shortly before 8 o'clock Mary prevailed upon Mrs. Tripaldi of the same address to let her take the baby for a ride in its carriage. After Mary became tired she patted the cheek of the baby before carrying it upstairs to its mother.

She noticed that its cheeks were cold, and informed Mrs. Tripaldi that she thought it had taken cold. Mrs. Tripaldi lifted her baby from the carriage, then suddenly reeled, letting it slip out of her hands into those of the young girl. The mother realized that the child was dead.

Dr. Benjamin, who was called from Lebanon Hospital, pronounced the death of the baby due to malnutrition.

CRUISER TO PROTECT NORTON

Professor Was Marked for Death by Arabs at Cyrene Last Year.

BOSTON, Sept. 20.—To protect an American research party the scout cruiser Chester left Boston to-day for Tripoli, on the northern coast of Africa. The cruiser will serve as a protecting influence for Prof. Richard Norton of Cambridge and other delegates of the Archaeological Institute of America while the party searches the ruins of ancient Cyrene for archaeological treasures.

Last March Prof. Norton was selected by outlaw Arabs to be killed. They killed the wrong man, however, H. F. De Cou, a graduate of the University of Michigan, being their victim. During the Summer Prof. Norton conferred with Secretary of State Knox, and as a result the Chester received orders to proceed to Africa.

Prof. Norton will join the other American archaeologists in London this week, having sailed for that city from New York a few days ago. The party will then proceed to Cyrene.

FATHER SHERMAN IN ASYLUM

Son of Gen. Sherman Said to Have Been Committed at San Jose.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 20.—The Rev. Thomas Ewing Sherman, son of the late Gen. William Tecumseh Sherman, was, according to a telegram received in Chicago to-night, committed to an insane asylum in San José, Cal., to-day.

Father Sherman was a former Chicagoan and was known from coast to coast as a lecturer and broad-minded man of affairs. He toured the country, speaking on economic and religious subjects.

He served during the Spanish-American war as a chaplain of the Fourth Regiment of Missouri Volunteers, and at its close remained in the army for some time. He stirred the South several years ago when he planned to lead an army of United States troops through the Southern States over the route his father took on his famous march to the sea. Agitation arose in the press and pulpit against such a move, and he finally abandoned the plan.

Father Sherman was educated in the University of St. Louis and Georgetown University. His father wanted him to be a lawyer and developed his education along those lines.

In the midst of business and social success young Sherman decided to enter the Church. Without any announcement of his plans, either to his friends or family, he took the initial vows in the Society of Jesus.

The Jesuits sent him to Stonyhurst, England, for his novitiate. His ordination took place in Detroit in 1888.

OLYMPIC HIT BY A CRUISER; BADLY DAMAGED

Largest Vessel Afloat Puts Back to Southampton with a Big Hole in Her Side.

PASSENGERS ALL SAFE

The Hawke Struck Her with Ram Designed to Sink Ships with Watertight Compartments.

WARSHIP WORSE SUFFERER

But Reaches Portsmouth—Sailing Parallel, Suddenly Veered Into Liner.

NO PANIC ON THE OLYMPIC

Passengers Praise the Crew—Damage to the Big Ship $125,000.

60 MILLIONAIRES ON BOARD

Many Well-Known Americans Who Were Returning on Her Face a Long Delay—Other Ships Full.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 20. — Under circumstances which in some respects recall the St. Paul-Gladiator collision in 1908, the White Star liner Olympic, the largest vessel afloat, was to-day rammed in Cowes Roads, just after leaving this port on her way to Cherbourg and New York, by the British first-class cruiser Hawke.

Happily in this instance there was no loss of life, and, according to all reports to hand, no blame whatever attached to the liner, as was found to be the case with the St. Paul.

The Hawke, unlike the Gladiator, which sank after the collision, proceeded under her own steam to Portsmouth.

The Olympic, which had the largest first cabin passenger list in Atlantic records, including sixty American millionaires, anchored after the collision at the entrance to Southampton Water, and will be brought to Southampton to-morrow morning, when all the passengers, except sixty, who were taken off by a tender this evening, will be landed.

Arrangements for the passengers' transfer to other steamers at a time like the present, when nearly all the west-bound liners are fully booked up, are likely to prove difficult and protracted. The Olympic's mails for America will be sent by the Mauretania on Saturday.

Nothing like a panic marked the collision, not even confusion, though both vessels were seriously damaged.

That the liner was not sunk is amazing, for the Hawke was provided with a ram designed specially to sink vessels with water-tight compartments.

Collision Unexplained.

How the collision occurred is a mystery. Everybody agrees that the two ships were steaming parallel with one another, neither at high speed, and that suddenly, unaccountably, and amazingly, the Hawke swung around and crashed into the Olympic's starboard side near the stern.

Reuben Speed, a Cowes boatman, who happened to be close by at the moment of the collision, gave the following account of it:

I was with a photographer, who had just taken a picture of the liner. She had come out of Southampton Water and rounded the West Bramble buoy, and was proceeding eastward when we saw the Hawke coming up from the west. She had been down for some trials, and was steaming pretty fast, but slowed a little as she came up with the Olympic.

"They steamed alongside of one another for some little way, then all of a sudden the Hawke turned in. I said to my companion, 'there's going to be a collision. Look, she'll hit her.' He said, 'No, the Hawke will go under her stern.'

"Just at that moment the Hawke hit the Olympic a tremendous blow—so it looked to us—on the starboard side, some seventy-eight feet from her stern.

"When the Hawke began to turn she was about abreast of the Olympic's foremost funnel, so you can see that very little time passed before she struck her. It was then 12:50 and the weather was clear except for a slight drizzling rain.

"After the collision the Hawke

dragged her nose, which was very badly smashed, alongside of the liner, and her ram may have damaged the propeller. The Olympic reeled over a bit. Then we saw that a tremendous great hole, fifteen feet wide at least, was just abaft the mainmast.

"The stem of the cruiser brought away a lot of cabin furniture with it and some luggage, too. Part of this was picked up in the afternoon and brought into Cowes.

"The Hawke got her collision mat out at once and signaled for tugs. Then she slowly steamed toward Portsmouth. The Olympic went up to Osborne Bay, but she did not go ashore there as was said. She turned and came back to Cowes without touching ground anywhere and dropped anchor to the northward of the Prince Consort Buoy, about three-quarters of a mile from shore."

The apparent inexplicability of the Hawke's manoeuvre has given rise to some curious suppositions, one being that there must have been strong suction created by the Olympic and that the Hawke was drawn irresistibly toward her. This theory is discredited by the liner's passengers, who say the Olympic was not going fast enough to create any considerable suction.

No official report has been issued by the naval authorities at Portsmouth. The Hawke is badly damaged about the upper part of the bows and her plates are torn to the water's edge, but her bulkheads remained secure and she was in no danger. The damage to the upper part of the bows extended back to the hawse holes, jamming the cables and preventing the vessel from using her forward anchors. Her plates are slightly bent to the starboard, showing that the blow must have been an almost direct one. Viewed from the side the stem has been driven backward about 10 feet out of the perpendicular.

The Crew Remain on Board.

None of the officers or crew went ashore after the vessel reached Portsmouth, and the authorities are extremelly reticent in view of the inquiry which will be held.

One account of the collision says the Hawke entered the Solent by the Needles passage, going east, and came along at a good speed in the same direction as the liner. The cruiser rapidly overhauled the Olympic and when near the Prince Consort Buoy apparently attempted to pass her on the starboard side, and then altered her course and tried to get under the Olympic's stern. This manouvre, however, failed, and before there was time to realize the situation the cruiser had crashed into the liner's starboard quarter. The impact was terrific and the noise, which was distinctly heard by watchers at Cowes, was like a thunderclap.

Passengers' Narratives.

Among the sixty passengers of the Olmpic who took advantage of Capt. Smith's offer to put them ashore tonight was Frank Munsey, the magazine proprietor, who gave a graphic account of the disaster. He said:

"It was at about 12:30, while I was in the Ritz restaurant, that some one told me a big cruiser was running alongside the Olympic. I left the table and went to a window. There I saw the Hawke, running parallel with us. I watched her for a minute or two. We were then just past Cowes.

"I went back to finish luncheon, and in less than two minutes felt a tremendous wrenching of the ship, which sounded as if it had struck a rock. I did not know what the trouble was. I went out on deck and found the cruiser had swung around and rammed the Olympic. Our ship then pointed toward the shore and cleared the cruiser, which had her nose badly smashed.

"There was no confusion or panic aboard. Every one seemed to realize that it was best to take things calmly. Of course there was plenty of excitement, the novelty of the situation insuring this. We just remained where we were with anchor dropped until 4 o'clock.

"As the afternoon wore on the Olympic began to list badly to starboard, the aft list being perhaps some twelve feet before we left her, although the watertight compartments worked admirably. Still, a good deal of water got in. Quite a number of cabins were smashed aft. Mostly in the second cabin, although fortunately, I believe, no one was hurt.

Captain Quiets Pasengers.

"It was 4 o'clock this afternoon when we had the first definite news of the extent of the injuries. The Captain addressed the passengers, saying everything was all right and there was no cause for alarm, but if any of us wanted to go ashore to-night, he had wired for a tender to take us, but he thought the wisest thing to do was to remain aboard to-night, and he would guarantee to land us by the Olympic at Southampton to-morrow morning."

Among those who accepted the Captain's offer, besides Mr. Munsey, were Harry Payne Whitney, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hammill, Preston Gibson, Prince Jaisinj H. Gaekwar of Baroda, and Waldorf Astor. Mr. Hammill, who is a New York stock broker, highly praised the behavior of the Olympic's crew, saying there was not the slightest sign of disorder, the discipline being perfect. He added:

"Most people thought we had struck a rock until they came out on deck and saw the cruiser with her nose badly punched."

Waldorf Astor said that he was in his cabin when the collision occurred. He added:

"The first I knew there were two jars, the first being like butting something, and then came an ominous scraping sound. I rushed out on deck and saw the cruiser with her nose knocked in. There was no panic. The only confusion was caused by people crowding the wireless room to send messages to secure reservations and others to secure beds. I was going to America for the first time in three years to look over the political situation, but I will not go now unless I can get passage quickly, as I must be back for the Autumn session of Parliament."

CRAWLED THROUGH PORTHOLE.

Thomas Magee Then Climbed Down a Rope to a Rowboat.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Over a dozen of the Olympic's passengers returned to London this evening. Among them are Mr. and Mrs. Preston Gibson, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Hamill, Thomas Hastings, Harry Widener, Joseph Tobin, and Frank Munsey.

Thomas Magee of San Francisco told an amusing story on his arrival at Waterloo station. "After the Hawke had given us a big kick in the back just aft of the second funnel," he said, "I guessed we should not be able to proceed, and my trouble was how to get passage in another ship sailing to the United States, for we want to get back badly. There are babies at home, and Mrs. Magee is longing to see them.

"I was looking out of a port just after it all happened and saw right below a butcher's boy who had rowed out from shore in a dandy little boat. 'There's two pounds if you put me ashore,' I called to him, and he signaled 'right.'

"There was just room for me to squeeze through that port, and I made fast a rope and loosed it. But that rope scarcely reached half way to the water, and I had to pull it up and fix another to it. All the time I feared that some of the ship's officers would see me and stop it, for I was dead keen to get those passages, knowing what a rush there would be later.

Climbs Down a Rope.

"Down the rope I went, a good fifty feet of it, and hung there at the end. There was a tidy sea running, and my lad could not get his boat near me for a bit, and I must have dangled like that quite five minutes before the boat was below me and I dropped into it.

"That butcher boy rowed as hard as he could to Cowes. Once ashore, I went straight to a 'phone call office, getting connection through to the White Star offices at Southampton. They told me there were just seven berths left in the Adriatic, sailing from Liverpool to-morrow, and I straightway took three of them."

Harry Payne Whitney telegraphed to the Ritz Hotel to-night that he would return there by the earliest train available, with his party, which includes Payne Whitney, Payne Thompson, and Louis Thompson. The Whitney party are expected here in the morning.

Mr. and Mrs. Murray Porter and John H. Paterson and his daughter succeeded in catching a train which brought them back to Claridge's Hotel before midnight.

The Olympic had a record list of passengers—732 first class, 497 second class, and 874 third class. Not all these were aboard, as many were to embark at Cherbourg and Queenstown. Those who left Southampton numbered 365 in the first class, 360 in the second, and 614 in the third.

Well-Known Passengers.

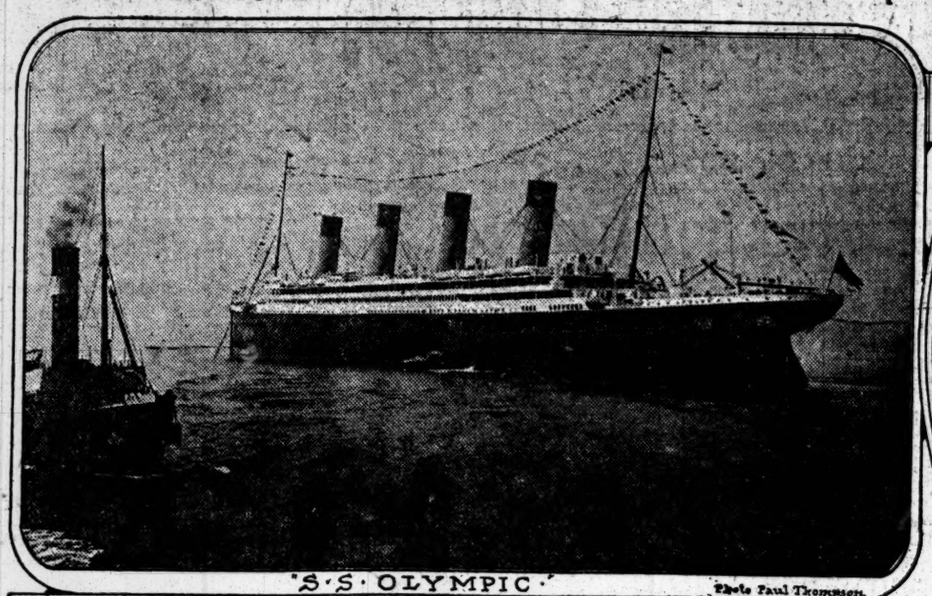
Among those who are understood to have been on board when the collision occurred are Waldorf Astor, M. P., Mr. and Mrs. George F. Baker, Franklin Brewster, Mrs. Isaac Brokaw, W. C. Brown, President of the New York Central Railroad, and his wife; Charles Page Bryan, the new American Ambassador at Tokio; Mr. and Mrs. Charles Carroll, Mrs. Leopold Cahn, Mrs. C. Cuyler, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Ehrman, Mrs. Brokaw Fischer, Mrs. Robert Livingston Fryer, Mr. and Mrs. E. Drexel Godfrey, Mr. and Mrs. McDougall Hawkes, Gen. Warren Healy, Mr. and Mrs. George E. Ide, Judge I. M. Kapper, Justice and Mrs. Irving Lehmann, E. Zimmerman, L. F. Swift, W. F. Burrows, J. J. Manning, Mr. and Mrs. H. W. Marsh, Mr. and Mrs. F. C. Penfield, Mrs. Louis Schwalbacher, Dr and Mrs. Gustav Seligman, Col. John J. Sinclair, Mr. and Mrs. I. N. Strauss, Mrs. Ernest Thalmann, Mrs. W. H. Truesdale, Mr. and Mrs. S. A. Tucker, Herman Van Biel, Mrs. W. B. Vincent, and Mr. and Mrs. James Harrington Walker.

Other passengers were Clarence H. Mackay, Robert A Taft, Mr. and Mrs. Felix M. Warbury, Jesse Wasserman, John I. Waterbury, Mrs. J. C. Havemeyer, Mr. and Mrs. C. O'D. Iselin, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Croker, Jr., Edward Tuck, and E. W. Sheldon.

Prince Jaisingh Gaekwar, son of the Gaekwar of Baroda, who is a student at Harvard, was on his way back to Boston. He said there was absolutely no panic aboard, every one seeming to be more disgusted than frightened, knowing the great trouble they would be put to in order to get back to America at this time of year.

Edgar B. Davies of the General Rubber Company of New York also bore testimony to the utter lack of anything like a panic, saying that when the luncheon gong rang ten minutes after the collision nearly every one went in for the meal.

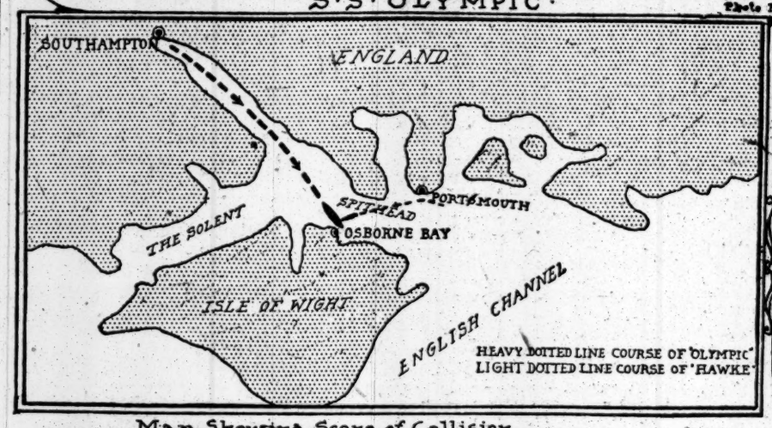
The Olympic, Her Captain, and the Warship That Rammed Her.



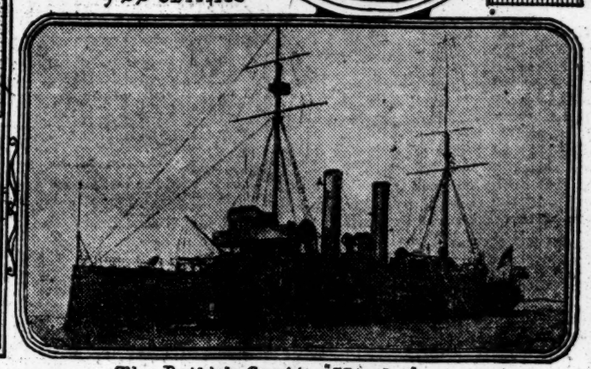
"S.S. OLYMPIC"

Photo Paul Thompson.

CAPTAIN E.J. SMITH of S.S. "OLYMPIC"



Map Showing Scene of Collision



The British Cruiser "Hawke"

THEORIES OF THE ACCIDENT.

Steering Gear May Have Failed to Act on One of the Vessels.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, Sept. 21.—The Times's report of the accident to the Olympic says it is by no means clear how it occurred.

Several theories are advanced, one being that as the vessels changed their course on one of them the steering gear failed to act. The opinion is also expressed that the Captain of the Hawke originally intended to steam ahead of the Olympic and cross her bows, but that he found the speed of the Olympic increasing too much for this, so that if he had held his course he might have been in danger of getting on the mud running out from Cowes Harbor. He, therefore, slackened speed, intending to cross under the liner's stern, and either he put the helm over too soon, or the steering gear went wrong.

The Times also refers to the suction theory.

INSURED FOR $5,000,000.

Terms of the Olympic's Underwriting —The Hawke May Be a Total Loss.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Thursday, Sept. 21.—The Olympic is insured in this city for £1,000,000 ($5,000,000.) The terms of the policies under which the vessel is covered provide that the underwriters shall pay only in the event of a claim exceding £150,000. The liability, therefore, may depend a great deal upon the result of the finding as to where the blame lies for the accident.

Under the terms of the Merchant Shipping act the Olympic is entitled to a limit in her liability of £8 per ton on her registered tonnage, but as she is of 45,234 tons her liability in all amounts to almost £350,000.

In the event of the Olympic being found at fault the injury suffered by H. M. S. Hawke is of such a character that it is by no means unlikely that it will be found impossible to repair her. In any event a very heavy repair bill will result.

REPAIRS AT BELFAST NEEDED.

The Olympic's Builder Estimates the Damage at $125,000.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Alexander Carlisle of Harland & Wolff, who built the Olympic and who made the round trip on her last voyage, was heartbroken when he heard of the disaster. He journeyed to Southampton and made a hurried investigation. He assesses the damage at £25,000.

He says the Olympic will have to go back to Belfast to be repaired, and that the White Star people will demand a rigorous Government inquiry, as so far all put the entire blame for the accident on the cruiser.

SUDDEN SWERVE DID IT.

Warship Had Been Following the Liner at High Speed.

By The Associated Press.

SOUTHAMPTON, Sept. 20.—The steamship Olympic of the White Star Line, the largest vessel afloat, which left Southampton shortly before noon to-day with a great crowd of returning American tourists, to-night lies off Calshot Castle, at the entrance to Southampton Water, with a gaping hole in her side as the result of a collision with the British protected cruiser Hawke. No lives were lost, and of the 2,000 or more persons on the two vessels none was even injured.

The accident occurred off Osborne Bay, Isle of Wight, a few miles from the spot where the American liner St. Paul and the British cruiser Gladiator were in collision nearly four years ago, and, as in the previous case, the warship came off second best, so far as can be ascertained to-night. The extent of the damage to the liner, however, cannot be decided until she is docked and an examination is made of the rent which the cruiser's ram cut in her side.

The Olympic left her dock at 11:25 this morning, steaming at moderate speed eastward on her way to Cherbourg to pick up the Continental passengers. She already had on board nearly 1,700 persons besides the crew. The first-cabin passengers were just answering the call to luncheon when attention was attracted to the Hawke, which, after being overhauled at Portsmouth, was undergoing steam trials.

The warship, moving at great speed, followed the liner, but apparently was quite clear of her. Suddenly she swerved in, and before the passengers could realize what was happening the cruiser struck the liner in the starboard quarter near the stern, tearing through a section about forty feet in extent.

It seems a miracle that the Olympic was not sunk, as the Hawke is fitted with a ram specially designed to sink a vessel in spite of its water-tight compartments.

The liner's frame stood the shock well, and the watertight doors, which automatically closed, held the compartments hermetically sealed.

The Olympic listed slightly to starboard, but not to a sufficient angle to cause any serious alarm, and the officers quickly reassured the more nervous passengers. The rent in the Olympic was of such size, however, that the passengers on a smaller steamer passing at the time could see right into the interior of the vessel.

So far as can be learned the Hawke suffered more severely. Curiously enough, twelve feet of her upper deck was twisted out of all recognition. Her stem appears to be completely gone. The plating was ripped open, exposing the forward torpedo tube and the fore compartment filled with water.

Both ships' crews acted with coolness, and even among the passengers of the Olympic there was no panic. The engines of both ships were stopped immediately, and as soon as the watertight doors were secured the engines were set astern and the vessels drew apart.

The Hawke sent wireless messages for tugs, and remained alongside the liner until they arrived to convoy her to Southampton Water, where she dropped anchor to await the turn of the tide to enable her to proceed to her dock. The cruiser proceeded to Portsmouth under her own steam, arriving there safely.

The White Star Company dispatched tenders for the passengers desiring to land, but only seventy took advantage of this. They are for the most part persons having relatives and friends in England, with whom many of them will remain until they can obtan passage on other steamers.

The only other passenger who landed was Thomas Magee of San Francisco, who, when the collision occurred, clambered into a rowboat, which landed him at Cowes. He was the first person to send out news of the accident.

Thomas Hastings of New York, telling of the accident, said:

"I was watching the warship coming up astern. For three or four hundred yards we were steaming side by side. Just as we had apparently forged clear the warship altered her course as though to go under our stern. Instead of clearing us she swerved into us on the starboard side, tearing a great rent which, I could see, extended right down to the water line. Most of the passengers happened to be at luncheon and were quickly assured that there was no danger. Many did not know that there had been a collision, so slight was the shock felt in the saloon."

Waldorf Astor, Member of Parliament for Plymouth, said the hole made in the Olympic's side was wide enough for him to stand upright in. It extended from the top deck to the water line, and how much further he could not tell, but, as the cruiser had a ram below the water, the damage must have been very extensive.

"At the moment of the collision," he added, "I was preparing for luncheon. I felt but a slight shock. There was absolutely no panic aboard."

E. H. Gower of Illinois said that the bow of the cruiser penetrated so far into the Olympic as to crush a number of berths in the second cabin. It seemed marvelous to him that no one in that part of the ship had been killed.

Many theories were advanced as to the cause of the collision, but generally the warship is blamed. It is suggested that the cruiser's steering gear failed to act. The naval officers and the officers of the Olympic are withholding comment until the inquiry which the Admiralty will immediately institute is held.

The Olympic's American mails will be taken by the Mauretania, sailing on Saturday.

CHERBOURG, Sept. 20.—Passengers, to the number of 434, who were awaiting here to embark on the Olympic have been sent back to Paris.

ALARM IN THIS CITY.

It Was Rumored That the Olympic Had Sunk—Other Liners Full.

The Olympic yesterday was starting from Southampton on her fifth trip to this port. At the office of the White Star Line in New York a telegram giving any details of the accident was not received until late in the afternoon. The first message was of peculiar character and caused much alarm. It said that the Olympic had left Southampton for New York at noon yesterday. "Olympic beached in Osborne Bay, Isle of Wight," was the concluding sentence. That was all.

When newspaper boys began to shout that the Olympic had been sunk in a collision the telephone bell in the White Star office began to ring repeatedly. Nearly 100 persons having friends or relatives on board made inquiries, and about half that number called at the office. Through outside sources the officials learned that the damage done in the accident was much less than they had been led to believe by the first report. Later, when other official telegrams came in, W. W. Jeffries, the head of the passenger department of the International Mercantile Marine Company, sent this telegram to every agent of the White Star Line:

> Olympic was rammed by the British cruiser Hawke shortly after leaving Southampton at noon to-day. No one was hurt. The steamship was not beached, but anchored off Cowes, Isle of Wight. The passengers were not landed in boats, but remained on board. The Olympic returned to Southampton under her own steam. Arrangements are being made to transfer passengers to other steamships as opportunity offers.

The putting of the Olympic out of commission has complicated conditions abroad, where hundreds of Americans are already waiting at every port an opportunity to return home. This congestion was brought about by the labor troubles in England, where for lack of labor steamships with hundreds of cabin passengers booked were thrown out of schedule. An American who has just returned from abroad said yesterday that it was impossible to overestimate the congestion on the other side.

It was this demand for return passage that caused the Cunard Line officials to race the big Lusitania three times across the Atlantic in record time in order to get her back to her regular schedule and bring across the Atlantic the thousands who had been booked on her. The White Star officials here express uneasiness over the transportation of the passengers of the Olympic, who were forced to return to Southampton because of the accident.

A fleet of steamships will leave the other side in the course of the next week. The vessels of the International Mercantile Marine Company sailing in the near future include the Adriatic, from Liverpool to-day; the St. Louis, from Southampton Sept. 23; the Majestic, from Southampton Sept. 27; the Minnetonka, from London Sept. 23, and the Cedric, from Liverpool Sept. 28.

Advance information leads the officials of the White Star Company here to believe that these vessels are booked to their capacity.

The Olympic is the largest vessel afloat. She is virtually a floating fourteen-story hotel. She has a speed of 23 knots. It is estimated that a round trip of the vessel costs $175,000, including the cost of running and the insurance. The cost of the vessel, including fittings, is given as $10,000,000. The White Star Line covers a risk of $500,000, and the remainder is carried by the underwriters. The Olympic is commanded by Capt. E. J. Smith, commodore of the White Star fleet.

The Olympic was built in the yards of Harland & Wolff, at Belfast. She was launched on Oct. 20, 1910. She sailed from Southampton on her maiden trip last June 14, and arrived here on the 21st.

In length the Olympic overtops by 182½ feet the tower of the Metropolitan Building, and by 132½ feet the height of the new Woolworth Building. She is four times as long as the Bunker Hill Monument is high, and 327 feet longer than the height of the Washington Monument. Here are some other details:

Registered tonnage	45,000
Length, feet	882
From keel to boat deck, feet	97
Funnels above casing, feet	72
From keel to funnel tops, feet	157
Number of steel decks	11
Watertight compartments	15
Passenger capacity	2,500
Number of crew	860
Weight of electrically operated rudder, tons	100
Weight of anchors, each, tons	22
Each link in anchor chain, pounds	175

The vessel has 2,000 sidelights and windows. Three million rivets, weighing in all about 1,200 tons, are used in her.

The Hawke is a protected cruiser, and was launched at Chatham in 1891. She is 360 feet long, and has a displacement of 7,350 tons.

There was an accident somewhat similar to that which disabled the Olympic when the American liner St. Paul, on April 25, 1908, while coming out of Southampton, struck and sank the British second-class cruiser Gladiator. The accident happened in a blinding snowstorm while the St. Paul was feeling her way through the Solent.

The bow of the St. Paul struck the Gladiator amidships, and the cruiser at once made for the shore. She sank with only her upperworks above water. Three of her men lost their lives, the others were landed at Yarmouth, Isle of Wight.

The St. Paul, her bow damaged, put back to Southampton. No one on board was hurt. Capt. Passow was exonerated by the British Admiralty, which investigated the accident.

After the collision the American Line claimed heavy damages from the British Admiralty for the costs incurred by delay and repairs, and succeeded in obtaining remuneration.

If plans made by the officials of the White Star Line can be put into effect, the Olympic will proceed to Belfast today under her own steam, to be fitted with new plates at the yards of her builders, Harland & Wolff of that city. It is learned that the hole in the Olympic's starboard side is situated between the cargo hatch and the ship's postoffice. There was but a small quantity of mail aboard, it is said, and it is hoped that this has escaped the water.

CANADA VOTES TO-DAY ON RECIPROCITY ISSUE

Continued from Page 1.

Nationalists. The navy with them is the big issue. The horror of eventual conscription has been preached up and down the Province. On the other hand, Premier Laurier has had huge meetings. There are many close constituencies, and it is hard to say how they will go. In Montreal there will probably be a couple of Conservative gains.

North Ontario is a great factor in the result. Of the 36 Liberal seats 30 are in agricultural districts. The Liberals now hold the cities of Ottawa, Kingston, Stratford, and Brockville, but in many of their other constituencies prosperous manufacturing towns are joined to rural municipalities. The Conservatives will, it is contended, hold all the cities they have and gain in others. There should be a good-sized Conservative majority in the province on the nationalist issue, but both sides are making appeals on other questions, the Government trying to inflame the people against Mr. Bourassa, alleging an alliance with Mr. Borden. This may or may not have an influence. The Conservatives say there are not six safe Liberal seats in the whole province, while the Liberals claim 40 out of the 86 seats. To the average man it is simply guess work. The Liberals rely on gains in the agricultural communities, but even in the country party lines are closely drawn, and they may be disappointed in their expectations.

The Liberals claim that Nova Scotia will vote for larger markets for its coal and fish. Prince Edward Island will vote for better markets for its lambs and potatoes. New Brunswick will go practically unanimously for greater opportunities to sell its fish and its lumber. Ontario and Quebec will support the policy which will give the people a third market in which both to sell and buy, while the West will vote for freer trade for its grains and cattle. The Liberals estimate a majority of from 30 to 50. Conservatives say that the Liberals are running away in their calculations, and that Mr. Borden will have an anti-reciprocity majority of at least 20.

HALIFAX, N. S., Sept. 20.—Halifax, on the eve of the general election, is wild with excitement. Never before in the history of the city have such scenes been witnessed. To-night both the Liberals and Conservatives made tours of the city, the respective candidates delivering addresses at various points. The Conservatives held a big torchlight parade and the Liberals held ten ward meetings and then assembled at a central point, forming a monster procession through the city.

The Liberals stole a march on their opponents by engaging the ten city bands. The Conservatives brought the Lunenburg Band to the city from Lunenburg on a special train. Hundreds of carriages and automobiles were brought into use, and the Liberals carried numerous banners bearing on reciprocity. Despite a heavy downpour of rain the streets were lined with cheering thousands, and fireworks were set off at various points. When the processions met there was an enthusiastic scene, but no clash, everything passing off without any unpleasantness.

Both sides go to the polls confident of victory. There is a general feeling in Halifax that the Laurier Government will be returned to power, and bets by the Liberals of 3 to 1 fail to tempt their opponents. The betting in Halifax is ticket against ticket, but it looks to-night as if A. B. Crosby, the running mate of R. L. Borden, the leader of the Conservatives, will go down to defeat. At the last election the Conservatives, Mr. Borden and Mr. Crosby, had from 500 to 800 majorities, but the Liberals feel confident of cutting this down. They look for the election of the Hon. A. K. MacLean, and hope that he will be able to carry along with him his running mate, Dr. Blackaddar.

The hottest fight of the whole campaign is in Queens, Shelburne, where the Hon. W. S. Fielding, Minister of Finance, (Liberal,) and F. B. McCurdy, a Halifax financier, (Conservative,) are the candidates. Hundreds of Nova Scotians engaged in the fisheries out of Gloucester have been brought home to vote in this election. Mr. Fielding will probably be re-elected by a reduced majority.

The outlook to-night is that the Liberals will carry at least thirteen of the eighteen seats in the province. This will be a loss of one sea for the Conservatives, the standing of the parties now being 12 to 6.

Prince Edward Island is expected to go solid for the Liberals. The annexation and loyalty cries have had a very disturbing effect in Halifax, there being so many retired military and naval residents in this city.

VICTORIA, B. C., Sept. 20.—On the eve of election Premier McBride, the Conservative Premier of British Columbia, asserts that his party will win all of the province's seven seats in the Canadian Parliament. At present the Conservatives have five seats and the Liberals two. The Liberal Party was practically annihilated at the last provincial election, and has only one member in the provincial Parliament as against two Socialists.

William Templeman, Minister of Inland Revenue in the present Laurier Cabinet, is the nominal leader in the province, and is the Liberal candidate for Victoria. The Conservatives are making a tremendous effort to defeat him. Mr. Templeman declares that he will be returned, and also Duncan Ross, Liberal candidate in the Comox-Atlin district.

The prevailing opinion is that the Liberals are at a disadvantage in all districts, and that the Conservatives will win six seats, a gain of one.

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WE'VE set the town on tiptoe with *Roelofs Soft Hats.* The New Yorker is lightning-witted in "sensing the chicken in the egg"—in differentiating between genuine fashion and a feeble flicker of it. Roelofs Soft Hats are sold *only here*—the "old-man" brands dot the town.

The whole trick of dress lies in *individualizing* yourself—in making Hats, Boots and all the inbetweens subtly express and delicately interpret *you.*

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ROELOFS HATS
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For those who appreciate and always demand the best the market affords

PETER DOELGER FIRST PRIZE BOTTLED BEER
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A little higher in price than ordinary beer —a great deal higher in quality.

Supplied by all first-class dealers. Served in leading Hotels and Cafes.

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We do this that you may know what is needed, and why the

Martinolar Method

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To-Night
Canadian Election Returns
at HOTEL BRESLIN
Broadway and 29th Street.

Owing to the importance of the Canadian Election and its bearing on the RECIPROCITY QUESTION, we have installed direct wires for the election returns.

The Breslin is headquarters for Canadians in New York. DAVID B. MULLIGAN, Manager.

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Their quality, convenience, size and price, satisfy all smokers.

A Box of 10 for 15 Cents

Get them—INSIST if you must—but get them

SPANISH MINISTRY STAVES OFF REVOLT

Strike Continues, but There Is Now Little Fear of a Political Revolution.

AGITATORS ARE ARRESTED

Workmen Resent the Anarchists Making Use of Them—Two Valencia Communes Are Put Down—Madrid Quiet.

MADRID, Sept. 20.—The strikes in many cities of Spain continue, but the revolution seems to have been completely confounded by the energy of the Government. The postponement of the general strike until to-morrow indicates that the back of the movement is broken.

The Government, while preparing to take the most drastic measures, does not lose sight of the democratic ideals of its programme. Premier Canalejas declared to-night that, martial law notwithstanding, the Government would respect the right to strike, if legally followed, but he gave fair warning that if the employes of the public services go out without giving the legal notification the promptest measures will be taken to end the strike. At the slightest sign of revolt, he added, the troops would use their arms without hesitation.

"I am determined once for all to finish with these mutterings of revolution," he declared.

So far as a censorship of great severity allows conditions to be known there were no serious disorders in the provinces to-day. Telegraphic and telephonic communication has been cut off from all suspected persons, including the Republican and Socialist leaders, Perez Galdos, Pablo Iglesias, and Perez Agua.

The activity of the Government seems to have had a salutary effect on the workmen, a large section of whom have opposed a strike, believing that they are being used as a cat's-paw for the Anarchists, with whom they have no sympathy.

King Alfonso has announced his intention of remaining in Madrid until the crisis is over.

According to the official news received to-night Bilbao is quiet, and at Saragossa work was resumed this afternoon. The stores are opened at Huelva, but at Alcira the strike is complete, and the civil guard was forced to intervene to prevent the pillage of the provision stores.

Madrid presents its usual appearance. Except for the presence of the police in the streets armed with carbines, there is nothing to indicate that the city has been in danger of a revolution. A large number of persons have volunteered as special Constables.

The Government, acting under the royal decree of yesterday, ordered the arrest of workingmen's committees and political agitators, and 300 persons were imprisoned here last night. Among those arrested was Largo Caballero, general counsel for and Vice President of the General Union of Labor.

Arrests were made last night in several provincial cities. At Barcelona 158 persons were apprehended, and many were taken into custody at Bilbao, Seville, Valencia, and Saragossa.

VALENCIA, Sept. 20.—The band which has been terrorizing the region about here has been dispersed by the troops. On the arrival of troops at Alcira and Carcagente, where a commune was proclaimed yesterday, they found that the land had already been divided in equal portions, and each communist was actually in possession of his share.

The Captain General of Valencia said to-night that the situation is so satisfactory that he is sending back his troops to Madrid.

GIJON, Sept. 20.—The workingmen's committee outwitted the military, and, meeting secretly last night, planned a general strike. It sent agents into all workshops and factories early this morning, and the strike became general.

CORDOVA, Sept. 20.—A general strike in the Province of Cordova was decided upon to-day. This will affect the extensive coal mines at Belmez and Penarroya.

FERROL, Sept. 20.—This city is at a complete standstill. There is much suffering from lack of food, and the soldiers have been set to work baking bread.

BOERSE COLLAPSE AVERTED.

Inexact Announcement of Pending Morocco Settlement Does So.

BERLIN, Sept. 20.—Several bankers stated on the Börse to-day that they had been informed by the Foreign Office that the Moroccan question would be settled in two or three days. Later it was learned that these reports were inexact.

It appears that a leading banker informed the Under Secretary for Foreign Affairs, Herr Zimmermann, that the collapse of the market was expected, as selling orders were piling in because of Franco-German statements that there were vital differences in the negotiations. Herr Zimmermann, to avert a panic, authorized the statement that the negotiations were proceeding favorably, but he did not use the phrase "in two or three days," as quoted on the Börse. The announcement quoting the Under Secretary headed off a grave break in the market.

The adoption of the verbal method of negotiation will, it is thought, facilitate a settlement, as one of the chief impediments heretofore has been the reluctance of either side to abandon points once formally proposed in writing, lest such action be construed as a sign of weakness.

SUPPOSED ENGLISH SPIES.

Two Men Arrested at Emden, Released, and Again Arrested.

EMDEN, Sept. 20.—Two Englishmen, who are said to be officers of the British Army, are detained here because of the suspicion that they have been guilty of espionage.

The men were arrested yesterday and released after an examination. They were again taken into custody to-day upon orders from Berlin.

IRISH STRIKE UNBROKEN.

Neither Side Will Budge — National Walkout Call Deferred a Day.

DUBLIN, Sept. 20.—The railway deadlock shows no signs of breaking. The companies have declined to yield, but the leaders of the Amalgamated Society of Railway Servants have decided to wait another day before calling a national strike. The Board of Trade representative, Mr. Mitchell, arrived here to-night to discuss the question with the men and the companies.

The railroads maintain only a partial passenger service. Many cases of intimidation have been reported, but no serious disorders.

QUEENSTOWN, Sept. 20.—The White Star liner Cymric sailed from Queenstown to-day, leaving behind 150 passengers who, owing to the strike on the Irish railways, were unable to reach port in time to catch the vessel.

Consols Drop to 76½.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Consols fell to another unprecedented low record this morning, touching 76⅛. This was attributed to forced selling by an important firm of bill brokers to meet losses incurred in the sharp rise in discount rates. After the shake-out Consols recovered to 76 11-16.

STOVER PLOWING UP THE PARK LAWNS

Continued from Page 1.

had favored the use of humus in enriching the park soil.

"The Park has been neglected for an age," said the Commissioner. "Leaves and cut grass, which, under natural conditions, should have been left to enrich the soil, have been scrupulously removed. Let me say right now that I shall oppose that policy hereafter. I admit it doesn't look very nice to see leaves piled up, but I feel that after they have been swept from the paths and raked over the lawns, the leaves under bushes and the like ought to be allowed to lie there.

It Merely Looks Green.

"At present one might make an extreme statement and say there isn't any grass at all in Central Park. After a casual glance this seems absurd, for the Park looks green. Near the Bolivar Statue, for example, there are no bare spots at all. But there are about twenty-nine alien rascal grasses and weeds, which give a green appearance, but are not lawn grass at all. Even where the lawn is green it is not a pleasant, smooth, velvety lawn as a Central Park lawn ought to be.

"There is no uniform kind of genuine grass all through the Park. Around the south and east borders of the Fifty-ninth Street lake there is no grass at all, and that is one of the most conspicuous parts of the Park.

"On the other hand, there are really fine lawns on the south side of the Seventy-second Street transverse road toward the head of the Mall and in front of Webster's statue, known as the Japanese lawn; also on the west side all along the Mall, and there is good sod between the East Drive and the Metropolitan Museum of Art.

"But as concerns the areas we are going to plow under," continued the Commissioner, "Mr. Maynadier found that the surface had, through years of neglect and constant tramping upon it, become caked so hard that the rain could not penetrate it; the oxygen could not penetrate it to the roots; and now we find in many places the plow itself cannot penetrate it. For this reason I am going to use no half-way measure in restoring it. Spading, moreover, would cost the city millions of dollars. Plowing is quicker and cheaper. I shall extend the plowing process to all the park lawns, though it may take me three years to do so.

"This is quite as thorough as the method used in restoring Boston Common. The expensiveness of that method is due to the fact that Boston is using very costly humus in the work, while I have kept New York from being similarly bamboozled. That's why they're after me. I've put a quietus to humus buying. We're not going to buy one square inch of it.

"Humus costs $3.94 a cubic yard, and they wanted to bamboozle the city to the extent of $1,250,000 for it here. But we wouldn't have it."

Mr. Stover said he did not think it was too late in the season to begin the work now, although he would have preferred to do it earlier had he had the means. He expects to begin earlier next year.

"I'm Park Commissioner," he said, "and I have been well advised; and if one year doesn't suffice, we'll take two years. I think that will be enough, but if it isn't we'll take three."

The Commissioner thereupon announced a slight departure from his policy hitherto of allowing the public to run freely over the park lawns:

"I intend to keep the public off till next Summer," he said, "and it is going to be my policy to set aside certain lawns for the people, alternating the uses of the lawns, and giving each a rest. Heretofore the same poor old meadow has been made year after year the resort of hockey players, baseball players, football players, and the like, until the turf below is tightly caked to water, air, and even plow. Hereafter I'm going to alternate the uses of each lawn regularly."

Mr. Stover said that after one of his plowed-under lawns has been built up again he would probably turn it over once more to the public, building up another lawn in the meantime by the same methods.

The Commissioner said this was the first time the park lawns have been plowed under since 1857, but that owing to the changed conditions in New York to-day, as compared with that time, it may be found necessary to repeat the process after a shorter lapse of time. He was unwilling to hazard a guess as to how long, but said it might be fifteen years or so. As for the expense of the plowing under and fertilization method, he said he hoped his appropriation would cover that.

Asked whether it was true that Supt. Beattie and others connected with the work of maintaining the park lawns and gardens were opposed to the method of wholesale plowing, Mr. Stover said he did not know whether they were opposed to him or not.

"But it makes no difference to me whether they are or not," he said. "I know I'm right, and I'm going ahead."

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An easy-fitting, roomy shirt, with all the style of the $2.00 sort—but priced exactly half. The EMPEROR GOLD LABEL is a wonder in value—fabrics that are better than good—styles that are up to the minute (and a little beyond). Tailored bosoms and cuffs—unbreakable buttons of best ocean pearl.

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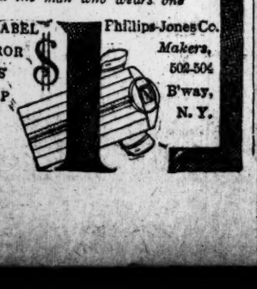

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'MOTHER' OF KIMMEL SEES NO LIKENESS

Ex-Convict's Embraces Rejected When They Meet at Home in Niles, Mich.

ACKNOWLEDGED BY COUSIN

Chief of Police, Who Went to School with Kimmel, Says "He Knows He Is Not Kimmel."

NILES, Mich., Sept. 20.—The strange controversy over the identity of "George A. Kimmel," who represented himself to be a man long supposed to be dead, was further complicated to-day.

While scores of persons positively identified him as the son for whose supposed death, thirteen years ago, Mrs. Estella Kimmel received $5,000 in life insurance, an equal number were as positive that he was not the son. Then Mrs. Kimmel, 70 years old, who had asserted that the man is impersonating her son merely to deprive her of the money she already has received and to prevent the payment of $25,000 more in insurance, scrutinized the man who claims her as mother.

Brought face to face with the woman, the Kimmel just released from a five-year term in the Auburn, N. Y., penitentiary, stretched out his arms and said, pleadingly:

"Mother, don't you know your boy? Don't disown me any longer. You know I am your son."

Mrs. Kimmel, withdrawing from the man as he attempted to embrace her, stood sternly scanning his face.

"No," she said, "I don't see in you any positive resemblance to my son."

The meeting took place at the home of Mrs. Harry L. Fox, who already had accepted Kimmel as a cousin and positively identified him as the son of Mrs. Kimmel. It was made known that Mrs. Kimmel has no direct interest in any money which the insurance companies refuse to pay on the ground that the son is still living, but that a $20,000 policy is held by a daughter, Mrs. Edna Kimmel Bonslett, and another $5,000 policy is held by a distant relative.

"I would have no selfish motive in denying the identity of my son if he were alive," said Mrs. Kimmel. "For years I have felt sure he was dead, and I cannot believe that this man is he. It seems that some motherly instinct ought to tell me the truth, yet when I look at him I do not recognize him. He only puzzles me. It has almost prostrated me to look upon this strange man and have people insist that he is my son."

Kimmel on looking at the woman said he was positive she was his mother.

"I wanted to take her in my arms," he said, "for she looked the same as years ago. I love her with all my heart and cannot understand why she should insist that I am dead. Still I will not worry her, and if she continues to disbelieve me it shall be as she wishes. But I know I am Kimmel, for I recognize every one."

To test his acquaintance with Niles, Kimmel later was escorted about the streets. He repeatedly pointed out the landmarks and related former incidents which the town's people said were correct. Nodding to people, he called them by their full names, but many of them professed not to recognize him as the real Kimmel.

"Now to prove I am familiar with the town," said Kimmel, "I will tell you that behind that hill there is a big red brick house, on the south side of which is a large elm tree from which we used to swing when boys."

Every one declared the statement was correct. Meantime, scores of people who went to the Fox home to identify Kimmel came away with conflicting opinions. Some of the reasons for opposing the belief that it was Mrs. Kimmel's son were given by well-known residents as follows:

Henry Dean, druggist—Because he remembers that Kimmel when young had brown eyes, whereas the present claimant has light gray eyes.

Dr. F. M. Bonine—Because he performed an operation on Kimmel's eye which left a scar that could not have been eradicated, whereas the new Kimmel has no such scar.

George Francis, Chief of Police of Niles—Because he knew the real Kimmel from boyhood up to the time of his disappearance, an dthis man has no physical resemblance to the former; is positive he is not the man.

Charles Montague—Because the newcomer uses poor grammar in conversation, whereas the other Kimmel was known to use good English.

L. E. Wood—Because he does not see any resemblance to the earlier Kimmel.

Among those who claim the man is Kimmel are:

Joseph Wilson, janitor of the Niles First National Bank—Because Kimmel on first seeing him shouted, "Hello, Joe!" He recognized Kimmel as a former employe of the bank.

W. B. Brinkley—Because this man remembered once having rented a rig to which was hitched a horse with white eyes.

Dr. J. F. Brown—Because he found on the left wrist of the newcomer tattooed the initials "G. A. K."

Joseph Hatcher—Because Kimmel recalled vividly the drowning of a boy in a lake near Niles fourteen years ago.

Samuel Quimby—Because Kimmel could tell him in detail of what happened at a lodge meeting more than fifteen years ago.

Mrs. Kimmel is not ready to deny flatly that the man is her son, neither will she admit that his claims are just. When she saw him in Auburn she was emphatic in her denunciation of his claims.

Mrs. Kimmel after her talk with the man said:

"He seems to remember many things about early life in Niles. If I were sure it was my son, God knows I would be glad to take him in my arms. I will see him again to-morrow and have a longer talk with him. I was too ill to speak longer to-day."

Kimmel, who says he disappeared thirteen years ago and now returns after $5,000 life insurance had been paid Mrs. Kimmel for his death, said he had no motive in returning other than love for his mother.

"I do not want to cheat any one out of the $25,000 more life insurance which my relatives would receive if they could prove I'm dead," said Kimmel. "But I am not dead.

"After being knocked in the head in what appeared to be an attempt to put me out of business, after being sent to the Auburn Penitentiary for five years on a charge of stealing 25 cents, and after otherwise being so badly treated that my mind is almost gone, I desired to come home. It was impossible for me to pretend for the rest of my life that I was dead just so that somebody could enjoy $25,000. If my mother will not recognize me I will not force her to. All my friends here know I'm the real George Kimmel. So does my mother know I'm not an impostor.

"When I disappeared from home thirteen years ago undoubtedly my family did think I was dead. Seven years later my mother proved in court that there was evidence to show I was dead. One insurance company promptly paid her $5,000, but another company holding a $25,000 policy appealed and said they would locate me. They did find me in jail. Then my mother heard of it, but she refused to change her position. Four years ago they brought us face to face in Auburn Penitentiary. My mother appeared not to recognize me. While we were talking the guards stepped aside and I whispered in my mother's ear, 'What am I to call you if not mother?' She looked at me in silence and then whispered: 'When we are alone, call me mother.'

"That was an outburst of mother love which she could not suppress. Afterward she appeared to regret it. I wonder whether that impulse will reassert itself or whether, while acknowledged by my friends, I am forever to be disowned by my mother?"

"This man is not Kimmel," declared Chief of Police George Francis to-day after a conference with the newcomer. "I went to school with the real Kimmel and would know him well. When I asked this man my name he could not tell.

"He told me of once having a fight here with a man who is now prominent, but I find on investigation that no such fight took place. What the object of this man is in masquerading as the real Kimmel I do not know. But I'm sure he is under no hallucination. He knows he is not Kimmel."

At the same time Mrs. Fox, who accepts Kimmel as a cousin, says she is convinced of his identity. Tattoo marks on his wrist and his recollection of various details of family history, she says, make it impossible that Kimmel is another man.

COTTON SYNDICATE FORMED.

$4,000,000 Concern Will Finance the Entire Southern Crop.

Special to The New York Times.

MACON, Ga., Sept. 20.—Announcement was made here to-day of the organization of the Southern Cotton Corporation, capitalized at $4,000,000, formed to market the entire cotton crop of the South. George Dole Wadley of Bolingbroke, Ga., one of the wealthiest men in the State, is at the head of it and he stated to-day that in 1,000 counties through the cotton belt local organizations will be connected with the main concern, which will have its headquarters in this city.

The local bodies, composed of five business men and twenty farmers, all stockholders in the corporation, will watch the crop and report to headquarters. The corporation will advance money to farmers who deposit cotton in warehouses, and when full returns as to the bulk of the crop are in a price will be announced and the entire output sold direct to the mills at that figure.

The scheme will be worked in connection with a string of banks operated by the National Bank Audit Company, of which William Barrett Ridgely, former Controller of the Currency, is President. The concern is backed by Eastern capitalists, of which P. C. Wadsworth of New York is the representative here.

FOR PEACE IN COTTON TRADE.

Buxton Invites British Employers and Unions to Form Arbitration Board.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Sydney Buxton, President of the Board of Trade, has taken an important step in an effort to assure permanent peace in the cotton trade, Great Britain's greatest industry. He has invited leading representatives of the employers and the employes to form a permanent industrial board on lines advocated by Sir Charles Wright Macara, Chairman of the Committee of the International Federation of Master Cotton Spinners and Manufacturers' Associations.

According to the plan, the board is to be composed of ten leading employers and ten prominent labor representatives, with newly knighted Sir George Ranken Askwith, Controller General of the Commercial, Labor, and Statistical Departments of the Board of Trade, as Chairman. These would form a panel from whom an equal number from both sides could be selected to deal with any dispute arising before work was actually stopped.

JOHN C. STUBBS TO RETIRE.

Will Resign as Director of Traffic of Harriman Lines Jan. 1.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—John C. Stubbs, Vice President and Director of Traffic of the Harriman lines, announced to-day that he will retire Jan. 1. His successor has not been named.

Mr. Stubbs will make his home in Ashland, Ohio, where he was born in 1847. He entered railroad service in 1869 as a clerk in the general freight office of the Pittsburgh, Cincinnati & St. Louis Railroad at Columbus, Ohio.

MURPHY AT BROTHER'S SIDE.

Tammany Leader Learns John J. Murphy Is Dying in Sanitarium.

Police Captain P. J. Cray said last night that his brother-in-law, John J. Murphy, a brother of Charles F. Murphy, the Tammany leader, was dying of tuberculosis in the Loomis sanitarium at Liberty, N. Y., and that the Tammany leader had hurried to the bedside of his brother.

Two months ago John J. Murphy was confined to his bed at his home, 309 East Seventeenth Street.

Mr. Murphy is at the head of the New York Contracting and Trucking Company.

CELEBRATION IN ROME.

Anniversary of Fall of Temporal Power—Methodists in Procession.

ROME, Sept. 20.—To-day was the forty-first anniversary of the taking of Rome by Italian troops under Cadorna and the fall of the temporal power. Popular festivities were held. The streets were decorated and bands played.

The big feature of the day was a parade in which hundreds of societies took part. With banners flying 100,000 persons marched to the breach in the city wall through which the troops entered Rome. Prominent in the procession were delegations of Free Masons of Italy and abroad. The Methodists, who have been holding their European conference here, also took part in it.

Gathered at the breach, an enormous crowd listened to the speech of Mayor Nathan, which had been anticipated eagerly because of the Mayor's references to the Vatican last year. To-day, although his remarks were strongly patriotic, Signor Nathan made only a passing reference to the Catholic Church, saying:

"Italy is united notwithstanding parricidal plots at home and abroad. Rome before 1870 was wrapped in darkness and superstition, under unbearable servitude, and shut up in the narrow circle of dogma. Now beside the Catholic Church stand churches of other cults. The metropolis is gathering the orthodox and the heterodox of all religions, thus aiming at the triumph of morality."

The Government has refused an application for permission to erect on the wall facing the Vatican a marble tablet commemorating the plébiscite of the Romans of that district demanding the fall of the temporal power. The refusal was based on the ground that such a tablet would be offensive to the Papacy.

2,000 CHINESE REBELS SLAIN.

Insurgents Fail in Siege of Cheng Tu —Organize Artillery.

CHENG TU, Sept. 16, (Delayed in Transmission.)—It is estimated that a total of 2,000 insurgents besieging Cheng Tu have been killed. The foreign residents have not yet been able to leave the capital.

PEKING, Sept. 20.—Gen. Chao, the military commander of Cheng-Tu, reports that the insurgents have organized artillery forces and are numerically strong. As fast as one force is dispersed others appear. He says:

"It is thought here that the commander may be magnifying his victories. He reports the capture of 2,000 pieces of the rebels' munitions, including cannon, rifles, swords, spears, and banners.

Dissolves Finnish Juvenile Scouts.

HELSINGFORS, Sept. 20.—Gov. Seyn has dissolved the organization of the Finnish Girl and Boy Scouts. The organization numbered 8,000.

SLAIN AND SEALED IN A FREIGHT CAR

Forged Route Marking and Seal Fastened by Teeth Led to Discovery of the Dead Man.

CLOTHES MARKED 'HOFFMAN'

A Tramp Suspected of Murder in Jersey City Yards — The Victim Was Well Dressed and Had Lived Well.

A suspicious route mark on a freight car, and a lead car seal, fastened with human teeth, instead of the usual car punch, led to the discovery of a murdered man in a New York, Ontario & Western freight car yesterday in the Pennsylvania Railroad freight yards, Jersey City. The dead man was well dressed, and had been recently bathed and shaved. He had several hundred dollars' worth of dental work on his teeth. A search of his clothing by a TIMES reporter revealed the tailor's imprint, which showed that the clothing was made for L. Hoffman on Oct. 23, 1909, by Sanford & Co., tailors, of the old Times Building, 41 Park Row.

There was no other mark of identification.

While Freight Conductor Michael McLaughlin and Brakeman Thomas P. Donnelly of the Pennsylvania Railroad were going through the yards yesterday to make up a train for the West they found a car near the shops of the Public Service Corporation, which bore the mark "Bfo. 278," which indicated that it was to go on their train for Buffalo. The car was a New York, Ontario & Western Railroad car, and Conductor McLaughlin thought it was peculiar that the car should be routed out over another road instead of being sent back to its own line.

He examined the seal closely. It was not pressed with the mark of the railroad company, nor of any of the fast freight, beef, fruit, or express companies. A closer examination convinced him that the seal had been compressed by biting. Brakeman Donnelly, whom he called, agreed with him. Their first thought was that the car had been robbed and the original seal which had been torn off had been replaced with a new seal. They opened the car and found it empty of freight. In one corner they found the dead man. The bitten seal and the forged route mark on the car are regarded as valuable clues by the Jersey City police.

How the murderer obtained possession of the seal puzzles the railroad and the police. It is a felony in most of the States to tamper with the seal of a freight or express car. The seal consists of a wafer of lead with four perforations. Through two of the perforations a twisted steel wire is drawn, forming a loop. The seal used in this case is believed to have been stolen from the American or National Express Company. That the murderer was familiar with the railroad connections out of Jersey City is shown, it is said, by the way the car was routed.

The body of the dead man was removed to the undertaking parlors of James E. Mullin, in Lafayette Street, near the Third Precinct Police Station. Coroner's Physician McKenzie said that the man had been dead only a few hours and must have been placed in the freight car about sunrise. There was a bullet wound, apparently from a .32-calibre revolver, in his right chest, just below the collarbone. The undertaker made these observations:

"This man was accustomed to good living. His underclothing is of the best quality and has not been worn more than one day. He had a shave and a bath during the last twenty-four hours, and from the looks of his feet I should say that he recently consulted a chiropodist. His hair and scalp are in excellent condition. The bridge work in his mouth is of good quality."

The murdered man appeared to be about 35 years old. He was 5 feet 7 inches tall and weighed about 150 pounds. His hair was black and he was clean shaven. He was powerfully yet trimly built, and his face even in death appeared calm and decisive.

Dr. McKenzie was inclined to believe that he had been an actor. His gray eyes were set wide apart, his eyebrows were plainly marked. His lips were thin and firmly set over his teeth. He had an aquiline nose and pronounced wrinkles about the eyes, mouth, and between the eyebrows. His forehead was prominent, as well as his chin. On his left arm, near his wrist, was a circular blue tattoo mark. His hat bore the mark, "B. McCann, 271 Bowery, New York."

Detective Brex of the Third Precinct Police Station was assigned to the case. He was assisted by the Pennsylvania Railroad detectives. It was learned that a tramp had gone to the home of Thomas Beatty, a locktender on the Morris Canal, early yesterday morning and asked for alms. When the tramp left Mr. Beatty's house the locktender saw him go to the freight yards. A tramp answering the description of the one who came to Mr. Beatty's house was seen later at the saloon of Charles Weiner, 577 Ferry Street. Here he met a well-dressed man, who corresponded to the description of the man dead in the freight car. The well-dressed man bought several drinks for the tramp, paying for them from a large roll of bills. The tramp returned to the Beatty home later in the morning and again begged for food. He was seen going again in the direction of the freight yards.

Another clue was given by Joseph Kalusky, who has a saloon at 572 Ferry Street. He called at the Morgue and said that he believed that the victim was the taller of two men who visited his saloon yesterday morning in company with a short, lame man. This man talked of going to West Thirty-seventh Street, New York, for a trunk. There was also talk, Kalusky said, of "beating-up" and "shooting."

The discovery of the body led the Pennsylvania Railroad police yesterday to make a special raid on trespassers, and several tramps were taken into custody. One of the tramps, who was taken to the Camden Jail, is said to answer the description given by the two Newark saloonkeepers of the man seen in the murdered man's company.

Joseph Mandell, manager of Sanford & Co., said last night that he had information late yesterday afternoon that a Louis Hoffman, for whom his firm made a suit of clothes in the Fall of 1909, was still alive. He declined to give Mr. Hoffman's address.

GUN ON FRENCH SHIP BURSTS

Six Men Killed on the Cruiser Gloire and Eight Injured.

TOULON, Sept. 20.—A gun on the French armored cruiser Gloire burst today.

One gunner was killed outright, five died this evening, and eight other members of the crew were injured.

The accident occurred in the course of target practice at sea, a port gun exploding as a projectile was being inserted in the breech.

$3 & $4

Novelty can be in bad taste—or good. Young Hat ideas are new but *always* tasteful. The very best of current hat fashions bear the Young label.

Exclusive Models in Derbies and Soft Hats.

Broadway at Dey St. | Broadway at Houston St. | Broadway at Beaver St.
Broadway at 14th St. | Broadway at 30th St. | Only Brooklyn Store:
Broadway at 28th St. | Fifth Ave. at 43d St. | 371 Fulton St., Opp. City Hall.

Young's Hats

International Aviation Meet

(Sanctioned by the Aero Club of America.)
3 P. M. Sat. & Sun. and 3:30 P. M. other days.

Saturday, Sept. 23d, to Oct. 1st

On the grounds of the Aero Club of New York,

NASSAU BOULEVARD, LONG ISLAND

Special train service starting 1 P. M. and running frequently from Penn. Station and Flatbush Ave., Brooklyn. Round trip 75c.

Automobile Road: Queensborough Bridge, Hoffman Boulevard and Jericho Turnpike—18 miles. Free Bridge. Perfect Road. No Dust.

Racing in the air. Handicap, speed and heat races. All competitors flying at the same time.

Saturday, (23rd) Army and Navy day. Aerial Scouts locating enemy and receiving messages in air. Infantry on Aviation Field

U. S. Postal Service First Official Daily Aeroplane Delivery from Aviation Field

General Admission.....50c
Reserved Grand Stand Seats..$2.00
Parking Space.....$5.00

Good Seats.....$1.00
Box Seats.....$3.00
Private Automobile "Boxes"..$12.00

Ticket Office, 337 5th Ave., (cor. 33d St.) 'phone 5982 Mad. Sq., or Tyson's, McBride's and any of the leading ticket offices and hotels.

PECK, PIANOMAKER, DANGEROUSLY HURT

Skull Fractured by a Falling Piece of Timber at His New 49th Street Factory.

OPERATION WAS NECESSARY

Workmen Find Him Senseless in the Yard and Hurry Him to a Hospital—Police Investigating.

Carl E. Peck, Vice President of Hardman, Peck & Co., piano manufacturers of 433 Fifth Avenue and one of the best known figures in that industry, was struck on the head by a piece of heavy timber yesterday afternoon at the nearly completed new factory at 636 West Forty-ninth Street and was taken to Roosevelt Hospital. He lay there last night in a serious condition, suffering from a depressed fracture of the skull.

Mr. Peck left his office in Fifth Avenue at noon yesterday to go to the new factory to examine some mahogany and rosewood to be used in the manufacture of pianos. He was alone. He went to the yard of the five-story building shortly before 12 o'clock, and was examining the wood when the 12 o'clock whistle blew. A squad of Italian workmen at work on the roof of the building stopped work, and a few minutes later the heavy piece of timber, six feet long, twelve inches wide, and two inches thick, came hurtling through the air from the roof, striking Mr. Peck squarely on the head.

He was found about ten minutes later by several laborers, who went to the yard for pails, still unconscious. He was unknown to the workmen, who ran to the street and got Patrolman William Barry of the West Forty-seventh Street Station.

The policemen, aided by the workmen, picked Mr. Peck up and carried him into the building. A few minutes later a passing automobile was pressed into service, and in this Mr. Peck was hurried to the hospital. There Dr. Dolly, the house surgeon, examined him and from letters found in his pockets identified him. Word was sent to the members of Mr. Peck's family at 305 West 107th Street, where he lives with his wife and two sons, and also to his office.

When Mrs. Peck arrived at the hospital a private physician was called in. After an examination it was decided to perform an operation later to relieve the pressure on the brain.

Detectives attached to the West Forty-seventh Street Station have been assigned to find out who the men were that were working on the roof at the time of the accident. It is not considered likely that the timber was hurled at Mr. Peck intentionally, but a thorough investigation will be made.

Since the death of his brother in Germany several months ago Mr. Peck has been the acting President of Hardman, Peck & Co. He is known as one of the foremost experts on wood in the country. The company has stores and factories throughout the United States, and is regarded as one of the largest piano manufacturing companies in the world.

Think Auto Bruise Led to Boy's Death.

William Finn, 8 years old, of 4 Saney Street, Jamaica, Queens, died yesterday after ten days' illness with all the symptoms of spinal meningitis. He had been attended by Dr. T. J. Flynn, who reported the case to Coroner Ambler. About four months ago, while the boy was playing in the Merrick Road, he was struck by an automobile, the mud guard grazing the lower part of his back. A bruise was all that showed and the injury was not thought serious. It is now thought that the bruise developed into the disease. The police say that the owner of the machine which struck the boy is John Flock of 143 East Forty-second Street, Manhattan.

CALLED HUSBAND 'SPITZBUB'

Word on Postcard Not So Offensive as Comstock Thought It to Be.

United States Commissioner Gilchrist was called upon yesterday to decide whether the German word "spitzbub" should be rendered "thief" or "scamp." Anthony Comstock arraigned before him in the Federal Building Mrs. Bertha Hussmann of East 117th Street on the charge of having mailed to her husband, Rudolph Hussmann, at the Riverside Bowling Alley, Seventh Avenue and 125th Street, a postcard in which he was described by this word.

Mr. Comstock held that the postcard came under the prohibition against the mailing of anything on which is "written and displayed matter of a defamatory, libelous, and scurrilous character." He was not able himself, however, to translate the German word, and Commissioner Gilchrist called on an independent German scholar to explain what "spitzbub" means. This authority thought that "scamp" was a truer rendering than "thief," and so the Commissioner sent the woman away with the warning to check the postcard writing habit.

Mrs. Hussmann was in hysterics by the time she was discharged, and she was taken home by friends in a taxicab.

LIFE SAVERS RESCUE TWENTY

Norwegian Bark Record a Total Loss on Scatterie Island.

LOUISBURG, C. B., Sept. 20.—A large vessel which struck on the rocks of Main-a-Dieu, near Scatterie, last night was identified to-day as the Norwegian bark Record, bound from Bahia Blanca, Brazil, for Matane, Quebec. The bark was wrecked during a thick fog, and in the heavy sea the crew of twenty men were in great peril.

The Canadian Government life savers on Scatterie Island at some risk took off eleven of the men, but Capt. Grandsen and the others remained on board until late to-day, when they were rescued and taken to Halifax.

Free Services on Jewish New Year.

The Educational Alliance, East Broadway and Jefferson Street, will provide additional services for the Jewish New Year holy day beginning Friday evening, and services will be held on the Day of Atonement, Oct. 2. Accommodations will be provided in the Alliance Building and in eight synagogues, making provision for 3,000 worshippers.

CHIRIS

(Pronounced Sheris)

Eat plenty of foods dressed with olive oil, or take a tablespoonful three times a day, and you will soon notice a vast improvement in your health. You will gain in weight, your complexion will be clear and your digestion perfect.

Drink Olive Oil For Your Health's Sake

Chiris Olive Oil is the first pressing of the choicest French Olives bottled under ideal sanitary conditions.

Send 10 cents for a trial bottle. Our booklet containing 75 of the latest salad recipes is sent free.

Where Chiris is not easily obtained from dealers, we supply direct.

ANTOINE CHIRIS COMPANY,
American agents for Antoine Chiris, Grasse, France.
Dept. "E," 18 Platt St.
New York.

OLIVE OIL

Sale of Reconstructed Hardman and Harrington Pianos and Autotones (Player-Pianos) and Pianos of other leading makers at great reductions.

WE have largely augmented this sale begun last week by moving up to our new building at No. 433 Fifth Avenue, (between 38th and 39th Streets,) the entire remaining stock of our old store at 138 Fifth Avenue.

The values offered in this *combined stock* are far out of the ordinary—so greatly are the prices reduced.

Pianos from $85.00 up. Fully Guaranteed

An added value, and one of utmost importance, is the fact that our five-year guarantee goes with every instrument.

Terms practically to suit yourself.

You may exchange any piano in this sale within a year for a new instrument, and we will allow you all you have paid upon it.

Any instrument purchased in this sale may be returned within thirty days if unsatisfactory and your money will be refunded.

Generous allowance for instruments taken in exchange for Autotones.

Hardman, Peck & Company Founded 1842

Hardman House 433 Fifth Ave., New York (Bet. 38th & 39th Sts.)

MORMONS GIVE OUT THE TEMPLE PHOTOS

Publish Duplicates of Some Obtained Secretly by Florence, with His Letter to the Church.

PROPHET'S BEDROOM SHOWN

Owner Announces Now That He'll Use Them to Illustrate a Lecture on Mormons and Mormonism.

The eight samples of his sixty-eight photographs taken surreptitiously of the interior of the Mormon Temple, which Max Florence, a moving-picture showman, registered at the Imperial Hotel, forwarded to President Joseph F. Smith of the Mormon Church, have been made public by the Church in its official newspaper, The Deseret Evening News.

With the pictures there appears a detailed description of the temple from basement to steeple, and a copy of the letter from Florence, in which he intimated that he considered the pictures worth a fortune to him, and was willing to make it out of moving-picture houses, unless the Church should desire to buy the views to suppress their circulation.

Most of the eight views published are commonplace, showing merely groups of chairs in various council chambers, much as they might appear in any well-ordered drawing room. One is of a group of statuary.

The particular picture which Florence said in an interview would "make the Mormon prophet madder than all the rest" turned out to be one taken in his sleeping quarters in the famous Beehive House. It was obtained not by stealth, according to a statement given out by the Church President, but through permission obtained by a humble German photographer, who represented that he wished to send pictures of the interior of the Beehive House back to his parents in Germany, and would use them for no other purpose.

The name of this German photographer was given in the Mormon newspaper as Filbert L. Bossard, a Mormon convert who was tried for his fellowship at one time and afterward was reinstated to such a degree that it became possible for him to resume visits to the Mormon Temple and participate in its rituals. He was employed during this period as an assistant to Max Florence in his moving-picture business at Salt Lake City.

It is stated as the conclusion of the Church officials that Florence and Bossard planned the scheme by which Bossard was to use his permit to enter the temple to take photographs and Florence was to use his familiarity with the moving-picture business to exploit them.

The newspaper accounts, together with the published views which Florence had said in an interview he would not release to any New York newspaper for a sum under $100,000, were shown to Mr. Florence by a TIMES reporter in his rooms at the Imperial yesterday. He was deep in a discussion of the value of his pictures with three moving-picture men when the reporter arrived.

"That is exactly right," he said, when shown the statement that the Mormon convert became his agent in the matter of getting the photographs.

"And there was another man besides," he added. "They say that Bossard left Utah secretly for California to escape the retribution of his fellow-religionists that might be expected to follow upon the publication of his pictures. He didn't do anything of the kind. He left Utah to come to New York and prepare a lecture about how he got into the temple and what he found there, and all the iniquities of the Mormon Church that are practiced there. That's what Bossard is doing and in a day or two I can introduce you to him here, for he is going out on the road with these pictures. And he's a fine lecturer, at that. Oh, I'm not worrying about their offers of $2 for the views. Of course all they can do is poo-poo them, now that I have them."

One of the moving-picture men asked if Florence could prevent the Church from having duplicate pictures put on sale generally to prevent the sale of the Florence views.

"Oh, I'll see about that," he quickly replied, "I'll just get my views copyrighted and then the Mormons can't take any more like them in their own holy-of-holies, at least not for sale. Say, how'll that be for putting one over on them?"

Florence said he had just looked over his sixty-eight negatives in the eight safety deposit boxes in which he keeps them to make sure they were all there, and had taken a lawyer with him to make sure that none of the communications filed with the photographs would involve him legally. He said the lawyer's conclusion, and his own, also, was that a civil suit for damages alleging trespass was the limit to which prosecution could be carried.

"And if they try that," he said, "I will produce the written permit for Bossard to enter the structure."

In the description of the temple published with the photographs it appears that pictures of Christ preaching to the American Indians is the principal mural decoration. To paint this picture a young Morman artist was sent especially to Paris to complete his education. With it is a legend taken from the Book of Mormon reciting that during the three days Christ's body was in the tomb at Jerusalem, as told in the Bible, He was a visitor on this continent, in fulfillment of His prophecy that "there were other lambs" in His flock, which it was necessary for Him to see. The legend pictures Christ coming down out of the heavens after three days of earthquake and storms, which had driven all the inhabitants of America together in their principal cities.

To these people, some white from long residence in the cities and some bronzed from life in the forests of South America, Christ is pictured as showing the wounds in his hands and feet from the nails with which He was fixed to the cross, and telling them of His experiences preceding His crucifixion. On the second and third days of His visit to America Christ is shown as organizing a group of twelve apostles among the American inhabitants and instructing them much after the manner of the Sermon on the Mount.

Companion pictures to those depicting the Saviour show Joseph Smith, the original Mormon prophet, preaching to the Indians. He is depicted as telling them that their ancestors were guided to this country by the Lord just prior to the destruction of Jerusalem, and they were of the tribe of Joseph, who was sold into Egypt, and would never be wholly destroyed from the earth, but would be saved as part of God's plan in winding up the world's affairs in the "last dispensation," which Smith said he ushered into existence.

The ceremony of "going through the temple," as practiced by devout Mormons, is described as a ritualistic observance requiring from 9 o'clock in the morning until 3:30 in the afternoon. The worshippers move from a bronze baptismal font in the basement, mounted on the backs of twelve golden oxen, through a series of assembly rooms, where they listen to ritualistic lectures.

One chapter of the publication made by the Church is entitled "Florence's Spotty Career." Under it details of his experiences as a saloon keeper and amusement man are given, the charge being made that the police had frequently to raid his "wine rooms" in the rear of a saloon operated in conjunction with a skating rink, and finally closed the saloon after imposing a fine of $75 on Florence. Charges brought against him by his wife are also recited.

One of the Florence Photographs

A Statuary Group in the Mormon Temple, from a View Sent by Max Florence to Joseph F. Smith to Prove That His Agents Had Really Invaded the Sacred Building.

HOLD SHAKER ELDER FOR 'SISTER'S' DEATH

Jury Finds Gillette Committed Murder When He Chloroformed Sadie Marchant.

IN JAIL WITHOUT BAIL

Elizabeth Sears, Also Accused of "Assisting Sister Sadie Out of Life," Under $2,000 Bail.

Special to The New York Times.

TAMPA, Fla., Sept. 20.—Brother Egbert Gillette, elder, and leader of the Shaker colony at Ashton, was held for murder by the Coroner's jury which investigated the charge that Gillette "assisted Sister Sadie Marchant out of life" on Aug. 22. The decision of the jury was reached this morning, the members having rested over night after completing the investigation yesterday. Z. Barage of St. Cloud acted as spokesman for the jury.

After the verdict of the jury Gillette was arrested at the Shaker colony this morning and taken to Kissimmee, where he was placed in jail without bond to await the action of the Grand Jury, which will convene in about a month.

No mention was made in the report of the jury of Eldress Elizabeth Sears, who, according to the story of Gillette, assisted him in administering the chloroform which caused the death of Sadie Marchant. Her case will also await the action of the Grand Jury, but the bond of $2,000 under which she was placed by the County Judge when the preliminary hearing took place will stand. She was not rearrested, and unless the State's Attorney orders it she will be allowed liberty until the Grand Jury meets.

County Judge Parker decided that the verdict should not be announced until today, thereby giving Gillette no opportunity to escape. The leader of the colony is 64 years old, and it was not supposed that he would make any attempt to leave, but it was considered best that the Sheriff make the arrest this morning unannounced.

The verdict of the jury read:

"We, the Coroner's jury, impaneled to consider the testimony in the case of E. B. Gillette, accused of having brought Sadie Marchant to death at Ashton by means of chloroform administered to the said Sadie Marchant, find him to be guilty of willful murder."

No report was made to the Coroner's jury by Chemist Chunn, who had made a chemical analysis of the contents of the stomach of the woman. This evidence will be held for the Grand Jury, when the charges against Gillette are taken up.

Reports first set out that Sadie Marchant was 72 years of age, and that her frame was racked by consumption in its last stage, and that she was dying at the time of administering the chloroform, have been contradicted.

On the contrary, it is alleged by physicians who examined the body when it was exhumed Sept. 6, that while Sister Marchant's lungs were affected by consumption, her physical condition was good, and there was every indication that she probably would have lived for many years. Further, she was only 34 years old, the youngest member of a colony of seven. The colony has now been reduced to five by the death of the woman and the imprisonment of Elder Gillette.

Elder Gillette was not examined before the Coroner's jury yesterday because on Sept. 8 in the testimony which he gave before the jury he acknowledged having with the assistance of Sister Sears administered the chloroform which caused the death of Sister Marchant.

The results of the physician's examination of Sister Marchant's body constituted the new evidence before the Coroner's jury that made it necessary to hold Gillette as guilty of willful murder. The degree of murder in the case remains with the Grand Jury to determine. It seems probable that Gillette will be indicted for murder and the woman as accessory.

The colony is ruled by Elder Gillette, whose word is law to the members. His first lieutenant is Eldress Elizabeth Sears, who is 74 years old. During the existence of the Shaker colony none of the members has ever come into conflict with the law. The colony has acquired 7,000 acres of fertile land. There is nothing in the simple creed of the Shakers teaching the doctrine of "assistance out of life," and the administration of the chloroform was solely on the initiative of the principals. No doubt is entertained by the authorities that Gillette and Sister Sears were acting on the request of Sister Marchant in administering the drug which caused the death of the woman. There is nothing in the laws of Florida that countenances the doctrine of euthanasia, and there seems little doubt that the courts will hold that murder was committed. In spite of the charges against the two members of the colony the sympathy of the community is with both. They are of the same simple honest type as the other members of the colony.

Business men of the surrounding section have expressed sympathy for the couple, and the belief that in administering the chloroform Elder Gillette and Sister Sears were discharging their duty as they saw it.

YIELDS WIFE TO HIS RIVAL.

Railroad Man Will Let Her Get a Divorce So She May Wed Rich Youth.

Mrs. Frank Thompson of Fair Ground, L. I., has left her husband, a railroad man, and gone away with the son of a wealthy New York sewing machine manufacturer. She is said to be living in Brooklyn.

Thompson, it is said, agreed she should go with the youth. To insure her from want he has agreed to give her a small sum of money monthly, and says he will not stand in the way of her getting a divorce.

Mrs. Thompson, who was Vera A. Williams, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Williams of Brooklyn, is only 22 years old. She had been married four years, but has no children. Last Summer she spent a few weeks at Midland Beach, and there she met the New York man who is about her own age. The two became friendly, and it was not long before Thompson learned of it. Friday evening his wife told him frankly, he says, that she loved the young man. Her love for her husband had disappeared, she said, and she had made up her mind to go away with the other, whom she called "Jack."

"Go as far as you like," said he, and went on eating his dinner. Later in the evening he sought a reconciliation, but when she agreed to leave the matter with "Jack," Thompson would not agree. The following morning the couple consulted an attorney and signed an agreement to live apart. He agreed in writing to send her an allowance monthly.

"She is just a kid, and she'll wake up some day and be sorry," said Thompson. "I've never seen 'Jack,' but I hope I'll run across him some day."

Thompson is selling his furniture and breaking up his home. So far from grieving over his wife's desertion, he intends formally to announce it at a dance to be given in Fair Ground this evening by the "Lonely Four," a club composed of bachelors, widowers, and men whose wives are not living with them. Thompson has applied for membership in the club.

INTERBORO HELPED CHILDREN

Charities Commissioner Drummond Gives Praise for Free Rides to Parks.

The Interborough Rapid Transit Company will have an opportunity to continue next year its free rides to the parks for poor mothers and their children, which was inaugurated in the middle of last month, with the co-operation of Commissioner Drummond of the Department of Public Charities. Commissioner Drummond has sent a letter to Mayor Gaynor in which he praised the Interborough for its kindness, and suggesting that, if the company purposes continuing this commendable activity, it be put in operation earlier next year, preferably in the month of June. Although the concession was not put into force until the middle of August this year, the Commissioner reports that above 2,000 mothers and their children from the orphan asylums, day nurseries, and similar institutions, were enabled to take advantage of it.

On receipt of the offer to carry the children from General Manager Frank Hedley, Commissioner Drummond ordered that all of the institutions having the care or supervision of poor mothers and their children be informed and asked to send in requests for passes. The department in this manner got in communication with fifty-two day nurseries, neighborhood houses, sanitariums, as well as the larger bodies doing similar work.

A HABIT

Apropos of the fact that we are at present building in New York the greatest municipal building in the world—the New Municipal Building, the tallest office building in the world—the Woolworth Building, and the largest hotel building in the world—the McAlpin Hotel:

We are reminded of the Irishman who said that if a man fell twenty stories without injury, it would be an accident, that if he repeated the performance it would be a coincidence, and that if he did it a third time it would be a habit.

THOMPSON-STARRETT COMPANY
Building Construction
Fifty-One Wall Street

The Merchants Society of

LADIES' TAILORS

and

DRESSMAKERS

ANNOUNCE

to their patrons that the recent breach with their employees has been adjusted and their members are now prepared to make deliveries with customary promptness.

UNITED CIGAR STORES SUED FOR $50,000

Leased His Place and Dispossessed Him When He Wouldn't Sell Out, Dealer Declares.

HE FILES SUIT FOR DAMAGES

Company Acted Through the United Merchants Realty and Improvement Co., a Subsidiary, He Asserts.

A suit for $50,000 has been brought against the United Cigar Stores Company by Joseph Liebman, for more than twelve years an independent retail cigar dealer at 125th Street and Seventh Avenue, who charges that he was hounded from business by the United Cigar Stores Company and another corporation, the United Merchants Realty and Improvement Company, co-defendant in the suit, after he had refused to sell his business or to be intimidated by the threats of its agents.

The alleged persecution, Liebman says, continued for four years, and drove him out of two stores in the neighborhood where he had built up his trade and destroyed his business completely. After driving him out of the stores by procuring unreasonably expensive leases on them, he says, the cigar company did not itself occupy the premises, but leased them to different mercantile businesses.

Liebman's lawyer, Milton T. Loebl of 55 Liberty Street, declared yesterday that the Directorates of the two corporations are nearly identical, each including Louis Biel, Elliot Averett, Charles A. Whelan, Frederick A. Whelan, Edward Wise, and Herbert S. Collins, some of whom are officers in both companies. The purpose of the United Merchants Realty and Improvement Company, he avers, was "the fostering of the operations, schemes, policies, and plans of the United Cigar Stores Company, and its acts were committed with the desire to conceal the interest and motive of the defendant United Cigar Stores Company."

For eight and a half years prior to Aug. 1, 1903, Liebman was engaged in the retail cigar business at 264 West 125th Street, where, he says, he made a valuable trade name, with annual profits of $4,500 and upward. Between 1900 and 1903, he says, he was frequently urged by agents of the United Cigar Stores Company to sell his business for a consideration, in addition to which the company would retain him in its employ for a long period of years. Liebman refused to enter into any negotiations, whereupon, he says, the company's agents told him that unless he agreed to sell "the defendant company would oust him from the location he had occupied in his business and would destroy all the plaintiff's credit, good-will, and trade," and "eliminate him from the retail cigar business in said locality or elsewhere."

Liebman says he still refused to sell out, whereupon the United Cigar Stores Company, on the expiration of his lease, Feb. 11, 1903, obtained from the owner of the property, Andrew Johnson, "at a much greater rental than the plaintiff could afford, and greater than a reasonable rental thereof," a lease of his and several adjoining stores and dwellings. Liebman's landlord, who held a lease under Johnson, he says, was refused a new lease, and the United Cigar Stores Company dispossessed him and sublet the store for other mercantile purposes.

Next Liebman leased, on Sept. 30, 1903, 201 West 125th Street, diagonally across the street from his former premises, for four years and seven months, as a retail cigar store, and again he was approached by agents of the company with the same threats as before. In view of these threats, he says, his landlord promised a renewal of the lease, but when it expired the landlord leased the store to the United Merchants Realty and Improvement Company for a much greater rental than he could afford to pay, and with the understanding that the landlord would lease no part of his premises to Liebman. Again, Liebman says, he was forced to vacate the premises, which, he says, were sublet for a different business and never occupied as a retail cigar store, though there is a United Cigar store which takes in a small part of the premises.

"All these schemes and acts of the defendants," the complaint declares, "were a part and parcel of a continuous and consistent design to destroy trade and eliminate the competition of persons carrying on a business similar to that of the defendants, and such plan has been uniformly the method commonly used by said defendant United Cigar Stores Company to impede, harass, and destroy its trade rivals and business competitors."

Stroock & Stroock, the defendants' counsel, have until Oct. 10 to answer the complaint.

Double J.W. Green Trading Stamps Before 12 o'Clock

NO CONNECTION WITH ANY OTHER STORE

GREENHUT-SIEGEL COOPER Co.

TWO MAMMOTH BUILDINGS. J.B. GREENHUT, Pres. BOTH SIDES OF 6TH AVE. 18TH & 19TH STS. NEW YORK.

Main Building Dry Goods, Fancy Goods, Wearing Apparel, Groceries, etc.

Our First Fall Sale of "Kingly" Trousers

For Men and Youths

$5, $6, $8 and $10 Grades Today, at $4

"Beat it who can," say we—but that's IMPOSSIBLE, for they are THE VERY FINEST TROUSERS THAT CAN BE MADE. There are about 600 pairs to choose from, and in all sizes from 28 to 54 waist-measure.

But There's Still More to Come:

Read this:

THE ENTIRE STOCK OF "KINGLY" SAMPLE TROUSERS FOR MEN AND YOUTHS: These are Fall and Winter weights in the BEST SELECTION OF PATTERNS in striped worsteds. Many pairs are made from genuine ENGLISH worsteds.

These Are Offered at the Same Low Price $4

(MAIN Building, Second Floor.)

Greenhut Building "Everything for the Home"

Ask for J.W. Green Trading Stamps—We Give Them

NEW YORK
TO ST. LOUIS
—and intermediate cities of the Middle West—is not a matter of days, but of hours
via the
Southwestern Limited
—the luxuriously appointed 24-hour train to St. Louis, over the "Water Level Route"
Leaves New York 4.00 P.M.
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Arrives Cincinnati 8.50 A.M.
Arrives Indianapolis 9.10 A.M.
Arrives St. Louis 3.00 P.M.
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Railroad and Pullman tickets will be delivered upon request by Special Messenger without extra charge.
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1216 Broadway, New York
NEW YORK CENTRAL LINES

BOY IN AN AIRSHIP PILOT FOR ATWOOD

Aviator Had Lost His Way and Youngster He Accosted Demanded a Ride.

TEST OF HYDRO-AEROPLANE

Capt. Willoughby Makes Flight at Newport—Transcontinental Fliers Delayed.

RIVERHEAD, L. I., Sept. 20.—Harry N. Atwood appeared here to-day in his aeroplane and announced that he would take the place of Glenn H. Curtiss and make flights at the Fair Grounds. Hundreds of the residents of this place had never seen an airship and Atwood received a great ovation as he landed on the farm of John Fanning, about a mile north of the grounds.

Atwood's arrival was unlooked for and unannounced, but there was a good crowd in the grounds when he passed over. He followed the tracks of the Long Island Railroad from Mineola and experienced no difficulties, stopping at Yaphank for gasoline only.

About a mile west of Riverhead he alighted in a big field to ascertain where the Fair Grounds were. Charles Thiele, a youngster, saw him alight, and when he ran over to the big machine Atwood asked him where Fair Grounds were located.

"Take me with you and I'll show you," answered the boy. Atwood hesitated a moment and then decided to give the lad the treat of his life.

"All right; climb in!" he cried, and in a jiffy the urchin was seated beside the aviator.

"Right straight ahead," said the boy when asked which way to go, and in a couple of minutes the boy pointed out the grounds. "There's a good place to land—on the baseball diamond," he added. A big crowd was on the field, and fearing it would be unsafe to try to land among them Atwood circled until he saw Farmer Fanning's field, where he and the youngster landed.

In the afternoon Atwood flew over to the Fair Grounds, but because of the crowd did not try to land. He circled the grounds four times and then flew back to the field.

Special to The New York Times.

NASSAU BOULEVARD, L. I., Sept. 20.—Active interest is awakening here in the aviation meet to be held Sept. 23 to Oct. 1 on the field of the New York Aero Club, with the expected arrival to-morrow of Lieut. C. B. Hodges, Twenty-ninth Infantry, U. S. A., and his men, who have been detailed by Gen. Grant, to take part in the aerial manoeuvres on the first day of the meet. The men will be hidden in the grounds, and it will be the duty of the aerial scouts to find them. The aviator first to report the most accurate information as to the location of the enemy will be awarded first honors.

FLIES OVER NEWPORT HARBOR.

Capt. Willoughby Makes Successful Test of New Hydro-Aeroplane.

Special to The New York Times.

NEWPORT, R. I., Sept. 20.—Capt. Hugh L. Willoughby of Philadelphia and Newport flew across the inner harbor from King's Park, near Ida Lewis Lime Rock Lighthouse, to the Training Station twice to-day in his hydroplane called Pelican, keeping well on the water and followed by Harbor Master Thomas Shea in a motor launch, which was unable to keep up with the flyer.

The machine did not rise, as Capt. Willoughby wished to keep on the surface of the water to make sure all was well. Hugh L. Willoughby, Jr., accompanied his father, as did the mechanician, who assisted Capt. Willoughby in building the Pelican.

The Pelican measures 30 feet from tip to tip, and weighs 575 pounds, to which must be added wheels for use on land, weighing 44 pounds, besides the brass-sheathed hydroplane, for use on the water, weighing 103 pounds. The flyer is fitted with 25-horsepower engines of the Curtiss type, a distinct type of biplane, as the propeller is in front, pulling the monoplane.

The Pelican is covered by several patents, the most important of which are the patent double rudders for steering in the vertical plane, and the patent engine control.

HURT IN FALL FROM BALLOON.

Parachute Fails to Work and Aeronaut Is Dashed to Earth.

HARTFORD, Conn., Sept. 20.—Edouard Belhumeur of Woonsocket, R. I., an aeronaut, is reported this morning to be in a very critical condition at St. Francis Hospital in this city as a result of injuries when he fell late yesterday at the Rockville fair grounds while attempting a double parachute drop.

Prof. Marsh, another balloonist, was slightly hurt in an attempted triple drop from the same balloon. Belhumeur cut loose first, and when nearing the ground attempted to use his second parachute. Owing to his proximity to earth, however, the parachute failed to open and he was dashed to the ground, where he lay unconscious. He was brought to this city and an examination at the hospital showed that his spine was injured, his left shoulder broken, and several ribs fractured.

WOONSOCKET, R. I., Sept. 20.—Edouard Belhumeur of this city, who was seriously injured in a fall with a parachute at Rockville, Conn., yesterday, is 19 years old and married. His wife and his mother left to-day for Hartford.

ENGINES TROUBLE AIRMEN.

Ward Flies Only 20 Minutes—Rodgers Will Start Again To-day.

HORNELL, N. Y., Sept. 20.—James J. Ward, the aviator, resumed his coast-to-coast flight this morning, leaving Corning at 9:30. Twenty minutes later he landed just west of Addison because of engine trouble.

He telephoned to Hammondsport for extra parts, but was not able to continue his flight to-day.

MIDDLETOWN, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Mechanicians from Dayton, Ohio, worked all night over C. P. Rodgers's biplane, which was wrecked here at the start of his second day's flight toward the Pacific Coast, and to-day pronounced it fit for use.

Rodgers, however, decided this afternoon that he could not get his engines ready to start until to-morrow morning.

SILK UNDERVALUED.

Fifth Ave. Importer Held — Government's Loss May Be $500,000.

Sigmund L. Fleischer of the silk importing house of Naday & Fleischer, 75 Fifth Avenue, was arrested yesterday by United States Marshal Henkel charged with being implicated in a conspiracy to defraud the Government of duties on imports from France through the presentation of false entry papers at the Custom House. David R. Bratter, an employe of the firm, also was arrested. John Naday, head of the firm, who is mentioned in the complaint, is abroad.

Peter J. Sullivan, a special Government agent, charged that the conspiracy was formed on Jan. 1, 1908, and as a result there was a series of importations between May 25, 1908, and July 3, 1911. He declared that the liner Philadelphia brought on May 25, 1908, a consignment of silk, cotton netting, trimmings, and wearing apparel on a false valuation of 5,389.95f. Other importations mentioned were July 18, 1908, in the Provence, 3,442.35f.; Jan. 1, 1909, 3,450.40f.; Feb. 28, 1911, 7,150.50f.; May 15, 1911, 2,526.45f., and July 3, 1911, 41,596.54f. All were declared, he said, at figures very much too low. It was asserted by the Treasury special agent that the loss to the Government through these and other undervaluations may reach $500,000.

Arraigned before Commissioner Gilchrist, Fleischer was held in $7,500 bail and Bratter in $2,000. Their counsel denied they had undervalued anything, saying it was all a mistake. Certain persons, he said, were interested in getting his clients in trouble.

"If they would give us an examination right away," he said, "some of the witnesses against us would be arrested."

District Attorney Wise had nothing to say of the arrest. The firm, it was stated by the Government, is a large stockholder in the Royal Embroidery Works, 79 Fifth Avenue.

TYPHOID SERUM A SUCCESS.

Doctors at Hospital Convention Here Tell of Its Use.

Much of the second day session yesterday of the American Hospital Association, in the Murray Hill Hotel, was given to a discussion of the use of the typhoid fever serum. Every physician who spoke testified to the benefits resulting from its use, and their testimony was heard by more than 500 physicians, hospital superintendents and nurses.

Supt. J. M. Cosgrove of the Winnipeg General Hospital said that until the serum came into use it had been almost impossible to prevent the spread of fever among nurses. Dr. H. W. Austin of the United States Marine Hospital Service said the serum was being used more and more in the navy hospitals and with success. He believed it the greatest preventive of the disease yet found. Dr. Morrell of Baltimore told the results of its use in the army camp at San Antonio during the manoeuvres. He said that among 1,200 men submitting to the treatment only one had the fever and his case was very mild.

Dr. Willis G. Neally, assistant Superintendent of New York Hospital, rebuked those physicians who minimized the importance of properly administering anesthetics. He said this feature of an operation was often as essential to its success as the work of the surgeon.

The session closed with an address by Robert W. Hebberd, Secretary of the State Board of Charities, who declared that the hospital facilities furnished by this city were very inadequate and had not been materially enlarged in many years. He said the city was a generation behind in public hospital and ambulance service.

Commissioner Drummond of the Charities Department, has invited the members to visit the city hospitals before leaving town.

Actor Marion Escapes Death Penalty.

HARRISBURG, Penn., Sept. 20.—The State Board of Pardons to-day recommended that the sentence of death imposed upon George L. Marion, the actor, convicted of murdering his wife at Wilkesbarre, be commuted to imprisonment for life. He was to have been hanged on Sept. 28. The plea was made that Marion was insane at the time he committed the crime.

CUT IN STEEL WAGES IS THE DAILY TOPIC

Street Rumors Say the Steel Corporation Has Held Several Conferences on the Subject.

IMMEDIATE ACTION UNLIKELY

Trade Authorities Believe the Steel Trust Will Be the Last to Make the Cut—Prices Are Still Down.

The discussion of prospective reductions in the wages of steel employes which has been more frequently heard as the hope of an upturn in the steel and iron trade this Fall has grown fainter was renewed yesterday in the financial district, where it was said that a reduction of wages had already been considered by the United States Steel Corporation. In fact, the several conferences which went on in Judge Gary's office were said to be chiefly on this question.

Although neither Judge Gary nor any other officer of the Steel Corporation would talk yesterday the opinion was freely expressed in trade quarters that the Steel Corporation will not take the lead in reducing wage scales. The average prices of the principal steel products are now at the lowest point in the history of the Steel Corporation, and, so far, except in the case of two small sheet mills in the Philadelphia district, labor has not been called upon to bear any share in the burden.

In 1909, after the break in steel prices from the levels stiffly maintained for more than a year after the panic, the independents began reductions in wages which ranged to 10 per cent. and higher. The Steel Corporation was among the last to make the cuts then, and it is expected that the same policy will prevail if cuts in wages become general this Fall.

Among steel men in New York yesterday it was not expected that the cuts would be made at this time by the larger mills. The leading trade journals which are closely in touch with the plants all over the country were divided in their editorial opinions yesterday as to the likelihood of lower wages. The Iron Age said:

> The possibility of lower wages at steel works and rolling mills is being seriously discussed. In 1909 10 per cent. reductions were made by the independent producers a few weeks after the price cuts of February; but the market broadened so rapidly under the lower prices for finished material that prices rebounded, and the old wages were soon restored. Conditions attending the present open market do not point to a repetition of the course of prices in 1909, and in the opinion of some manufacturers it is inevitable that labor will share in the hardships the trade is undergoing.
>
> Taking the steel industry as a whole the past week has brought little change in volume of orders or in prices. Rumors of further cuts on this or that product have been sifted down to what the trade has known well for weeks—that there is actually an open market in iron and steel. The reports that some large producers had given a free hand to salesmen in their respective districts scarcely needed denying; yet in some lines their effect was evidently unsettling.

The Iron Trade Review said:

> General wage reductions in the iron and steel industry are not matters of immediate concern at this time for the great body of manufacturers, and it can be stated with authority that this question has not been considered by some of the larger interests. If steel prices continue to decline, however, wage adjustment will probably be a logical development.
>
> Price concessions continue to be made in practically all lines of finished products and have considerably disturbed the market for both buyers and sellers. There is an air of expectancy that some action may soon be taken to clarify the situation, which is extremely unsatisfactory to leading independent interests. The looseness of price conditions is a decidedly unfavorable factor in the market, but there are no indications of runaway conditions, and the state of trade scarcely justifies the pessimistic expressions regarding the steel industry. The volume of new business is showing no marked shrinkage, and mill operations are maintained, those of the United States Steel Corporation continuing about 75 per cent. of capacity.

Reductions in wages at the two Philadelphia sheet mills call attention to the fact that the recent declines in sheets have put that product to price levels which have not been seen since 1898.

COAL TEAMSTERS RIOT.

Policeman Shot in the Hand in Jersey City in Struggle with Strikers.

Two hundred coal drivers and helpers of the Burns Brothers Coal Company and the L. Wertheim Coal and Coke Company in Jersey City, all members of local No. 641 of the International Teamsters of America, are out on strike. The motive of the strike is the fact that the Burns Brothers Coal Company discharged one of their drivers yesterday because he was found to have spent twenty minutes in a drinking saloon while his wagon stood at the door.

Late last evening a party of 100 of the strikers, angry at the opposition of Agent William Davis of Local 641 of the International Teamsters' of America, to the strike, gathered before his headquarters at 42 Gregory Street. Davis failed to answer their shout daring him to face the crowd, and a bombardment of brickbats was begun. This was followed by a revolver fusillade. Davis telephoned for help, and fifty police led by Capt John Cody of the City Hall Station responded. They had a hand-to-hand struggle with the strikers, during which Policeman William Hoffman was shot in the hand. Two of the strikers, Thomas Clougher of 589 Grand Street and Patrick Kane of 318 Summit Avenue were arrested, charged with inciting to riot.

Several fights had taken place among the strikers during the afternoon and the police had been called upon to stop them. Several rioters were injured and Edward Kitrick, 25 years old of 7 Wayne Street, who was struck on the head with a weapon of some kind, is in the City Hospital. He is one of six drivers who were arrested and against whom charges of assault and battery of carrying concealed weapons and of being disorderly persons were made. All the offenders were admitted to bail for their appearance to-day in the Second Criminal Court.

The more conservative members of the International Teamsters say that friends of John Jennings, walking delegate, caused the strike to be called and that the union does not want the strike continued and will refuse to pay any expenses that may be due to it.

NUGENT ATTACKS WILSON.

Ex-Democratic Chairman Says Governor Has Stultified His Own Election.

Ex-State Chairman James R. Nugent, at a meeting of organization Democrats, held at the rooms of the Leni Lenape Club of the Second Ward, Newark, last night broached the matter of Gov. Wilson's charge that the names of fraudulent voters had been carried over from last year's pollbooks, and defied the Governor to prove his charge.

Nugent declared that the Governor in making the charges really stultified his own election, "for," he said, "if these names are on the pollbooks now they were there then and were counted for him in his election. Do I speak plain enough, gentlemen?" Nugent asked.

Those at the meeting admitted that he did.

WILSON SUPPORTS TRACKMEN

He Criticises Lackawanna's Refusal to Arbitrate Their Demands.

Special to The New York Times.

SEA GIRT, N. J., Sept. 20.—Gov. Woodrow Wilson was asked to-day to use his influence to settle the strike of Lackawanna Railroad trackmen. After hearing the men's side of the controversy he wrote to Gen. Lewis T. Bryant, head of the State Department of Labor, saying:

> So far as this statement goes, it comes to me that the men are making what is clearly a just and reasonable demand, and that it is not in the interest either of good feeling or good government that the officials of the Lackawanna Company should maintain the position they have taken.
>
> I have written to Mr. Lowe that I would send this letter to you, with the suggestion that if you could find any way in which to co-operate with Mr. Williams of the New York Commission of Labor you would be kind enough to do so.

Gov. Wilson received to-day a letter from A. B. Lowe, President of the International Brotherhood of Maintenance of Way Employes, telling how a committee tried to see President Truesdale, and how N. J. Foley, its Chairman, was discharged, "as the committee believes without just cause, but simply because he was Chairman." It concluded with the statement that the Brotherhood stands by its offer to arbitrate the points in dispute.

Coast Line Strike Settled.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Sept. 20.—The strike of the car repairers and inspectors of the Atlantic Coast Line's Rocky Mount shops was settled to-day at a conference between Supt. Smith and Chairman Dougherty of the strikers' committee. The men will return to work to-morrow. No details of the settlement were given out.

Fire Commissioner No Longer Junior.

Owing to the recent death of Fire Commissioner's father, Joseph Johnson, Sr., the Commissioner's name is no longer Joseph Johnson, Jr. He signs his name Joseph Johnson.

QUEENS SURROGATE'S DENIAL

Says Clerks In His Office Have Not Been Accepting Fees.

William F. Hendrickson, chief clerk in the office of Surrogate Daniel Noble of Queens County, denied yesterday that it is the habit of employes in the Surrogate's office to charge a fee for the drawing up of papers of administration, as charged by William E. Knox, controller of the Bowery Savings Bank, in a letter to Mayor Gaynor on Tuesday.

In his letter Mr. Knox said that a Mrs. Johanna Paul had been told by a clerk in the Surrogate's office that letters of administration would be drawn up for her by another clerk named White, who was familiar with the work, for $10.

Mr. Hendrickson said it was a rule of the office that clerks must not make out papers or recommend lawyers. Mrs. Paul, he said, had asked to have the papers fixed up, but she was told that she would have to go elsewhere to have it done. White, said Mr. Hendrickson, was formerly a copyist in the Surrogate's office, but is not now connected with it, and wasn't at the time of Mrs. Paul's visit. The chief clerk said he didn't know how White came to be employed by Mrs. Paul.

Spanish Cruiser Ashore.

MELILLA, Sept. 20.—The Spanish protected cruiser Cataluna went ashore today at Azanen, West of Cape Tres-Forcas, near here.

Prof. Powys Here to Lecture.

Among those who arrived yesterday in the Cunard liner Caronia was Dr. John Cowper Powys of Cambridge University, formerly a staff lecturer on literature for the American, Oxford, Cambridge, and London University Extension Societies; for the City of Hamburg, and for the Verein fuer Neuere Philologie of Dresden and Leipsic. He has come to this country under the management of the University Lecturers' Association here to deliver 155 lectures. He will remain here twenty-seven weeks, and will be heard in fifteen States. Prof. Powys will lecture in New York on Feb. 13 and March 23, under the auspices of the League for Political Education, 23 West Forty-fourth Street. He has 118 lecture subjects.

Daniell's. Broadway. 8th and 9th Sts.

SILK BARGAINS

1500 YARDS BLACK MESSALINE SILK, yard wide; rich dress quality, perfect black, a standard $1.00 grade, at ..... .75

1200 YARDS BLACK SATIN DUCHESS, yard wide; beautiful, lustrous quality, thoroughly reliable for dress purposes, our regular $1.10 grade, at.. .82

Dress Goods Bargain

PASTEL BROADCLOTH in light Tan, Grey, Lavender, and Violet only, the correct shades for Opera Coats and Evening Wraps. An elegant quality, but only a limited quantity, at, per yard ..... .75

PROMPT ATTENTION GIVEN MAIL ORDERS

Smith Gray & Co

Foremost Clothiers Since 1845

The Season's First Complete Showing of These Far-famed Special Values

20.00 & 22.50 Standard Value Suits & Fall Coats 15.50

22.50 & 25.00 Standard Value Suits & Fall Coats 18.50

A Higher Standard

EVERY Smith Gray & Co. garment is made in the same shop, in just the same way, by the same tailors, no matter whether the price be 15.50, 25.00 or 45.00, and each garment receiving the same identical, exacting care of detail, and every garment having behind it the cumulative experience of an organization that for sixty-six years has confined its efforts to the tailoring of none but fine clothes.

This is the reason why these specially priced Suits and Fall Coats at 15.50 and 18.50 are a higher and finer standard of tailoring excellence than is to be found in garments for which you ordinarily pay 20.00, 22.50 and 25.00.

Quantity of Fabric Purchases from Mills Direct Make Possible Surprising Price Reductions

PLANNING as we do these 15.50 and 18.50 garments by the thousands enables us to contract for our fabrics in enormous quantities, our contracts meaning to the weaver long, sure and steady work for a goodly portion of his mill, an arrangement so desirable that he is willing, yes, glad, to meet with liberal price concessions, such as nothing but quantity business could bring.

That is why you will find in these specially priced 15.50 and 18.50 Suits and Fall Coats a class of fabric that is never tailored as are Smith Gray & Co. clothes for less than 20.00, 22.50 and 25.00.

Unequalled Style Range

THE SMITH GRAY & CO. styling organization operates on broader lines than does any other in existence, the sources of production being threefold, each operating distinctively, yet all in harmony working toward the one end, that there can be no good style either created or adapted but what shall be yours in Smith Gray & Co. clothes.

That is the reason why you will find in these specially priced Suits and Fall Coats at 15.50 and 18.50 a latitude of choice not to be had elsewhere at 20.00, 22.50 and 25.00.

What Occasions These Wonderful Values?

AND so, as a result of the development of our tailoring plant to hundred per cent. efficiency, and the consequent reduction in productive costs, the immense savings made possible by our volume purchases, coupled with a policy that recognizes that volume of business can best be produced by operating at a minimum profit, there has been brought into being a new high value standard.

These be the reasons why in a glory of assortment unequalled in all our years you may buy at 15.50 and 18.50 Suits and Fall Coats that gauged by any standard you will are regular 20.00, 22.50 and 25.00 values. COME!

Efficiency 100 Per Cent.

SOME two years since, when Smith Gray & Co. underwent a reorganization, the need was recognized of developing a hundred per cent efficiency. At that time our organization numbered about 250 tailors, who, working as did all other clothing manufacturers, averaged between 36 and 40 weeks' work per year. To-day, as a result of the inauguration of the new policy, we operate approximately 700 tailors and have averaged for the past two years, counting overtime, upwards of 60 weeks' work per year, and on this one item alone have reduced all overhead charges in excess of 50 per cent.

And since it is obvious that steady work produces better men, more speed and a higher standard of workmanship, it requires no mathematical turn of mind to understand that with a factory output increased threefold with the same overhead charges, occupying practically the same space as when the capacity was two-thirds less, that the item of overhead charges has been reduced more than fifty per cent.

This is the reason why these specially priced Suits and Fall Coats at 15.50 and 18.50 are better tailored than garments for which under ordinary conditions you are compelled to pay 20.00, 22.50 and 25.00.

The Parts You Never See in Smith Gray & Co. Garments Are All Alike

REGARDLESS of price the foundation of every Smith Gray & Co. Suit is just alike. In nearly every other make of clothes there is a different quality for every grade, and since a garment is dependent upon its base to give service and retain shape, none but the best may enter Smith Gray & Co. Clothes.

That is the reason why these specially priced Suits and Fall Coats at 15.50 and 18.50 will wear longer and look better than any garment for which you have paid 20.00, 22.50 and 25.00.

15.50 Special Suits and Fall Coats
Standard 20.00 and 22.50 Values

In the Suits you may choose from high grade cassimeres, worsted cheviots and velours, neat dark mixtures, new stripe ideas and plain wale effects—new grays, new browns, new dark olive shades and new dark mixtures. The models include the smartest and the most distinctive style ideas we have ever shown; there are sizes and models for men, young men and boys.

Here are Overcoats of high grade black and Oxford worsted finished Thibets, excellent velours, high grade worsted cheviots and wale tweed Overcoatings, in new grays, new browns and new tans; plain wale, neat stripe and herringbone stripe weaves. Models are those same smart and distinctive styles shown in our very high priced garments. Sizes are complete for men, young men and boys.

18.50 Special Suits and Fall Coats
Standard 22.50 and 25.00 Values

Suits of fine English finished velours, excellent worsteds, worsted cheviots and Saxony cassimeres, in new grays, new browns, new olives. Smart weaving and mixture effects on blue and black grounds. Included are the new English soft roll models and all the other smart and distinctive Smith Gray & Co. style ideas; models and sizes complete for men, young men and boys.

In this comprehensive array of fine Overcoats are silk lined black and Oxford vicuna Thibets, high grade worsted cheviots and velours, serge lined. There are correct grays, smart browns and exclusive olive shades; there are plain wale weaves, smart and distinctive models and sizes for men, young men and boys.

Two Brooklyn Stores:
Fulton St. at Flatbush Av.
Broadway at Bedford Av.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two New York Stores:
Broadway at Warren St.
Across from City Hall
5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

WE GIVE SURETY STAMPS

O'NEILL-ADAMS Co

Sixth Ave., 20th to 22d St., N. Y.

High Quality. Lowest Prices on Sixth Avenue.

Exceptional Values and Showing of

Women's Suits, Coats and Dresses

O'Neill Main Store—Third Floor.

$27.50 Tailored Wool Suits, $19.75

Made of wide wale mannish cheviots, coats lined throughout with guaranteed satin, five button front, large sailor collar, pointed back finished with tassel, large satin revers and satin cuffs; button and fancy ornament trimmed, skirt Empire front and back; front panel button trimmed; values $27.50; at $19.75

$16.50 Walking Frocks, $12.75

Made of serges in black-and-white, navy-and-white, men's serges, also satins. These are two exceptionally attractive and clever models. We cannot do them justice by describing them, they must be seen to be appreciated; values $16.50; at $12.75

$30 Velvet Frocks, $22.50

An exceptionally smart creation, waist satin trimmed with lace collar; Empire skirt button trimmed, very correct models; values $30; at $22.50

$25 Coats, $19.75

Two in One Coats or Twin Coats, made of imported homespuns in gray or brown shadings, large collar and cuffs; two-button cutaway model; values $25; at.. $19.75

$16.50 Tweed Auto Coats, $12.50

Large collar and cuffs, double-breasted, fancy buttons, high neck, in assorted mixtures; semi-fitted backs; values $16.50; at $12.50

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A few discontinued Hawk-eye models, size 4x5, as illustrated, reg. $19.00, special, $14.74

EXPO WATCH CAMERAS Fit the vest pocket, reg. $2.50, special $2.25

MASK FOR PRINTING WHITE MARGIN, all sizes, 5 to 7, instead of 15c. 10c
B. J. "METOL-HYDRO" POWDER, 6 powders, instead of 25c. 19c
MONTAUK ACID HYPO, as good as any, instead of 25c. 14c
M. Q. TUBES, making 6-oz. solution, instead of 10c. 3c
1-LB. PEA CRYSTAL HYPO, instead of 5c. 4c
PRINTING FRAMES, piano hinged, sizes up to 4x5, with glass, instead of 30c. 18c
PRINTING FRAMES, professional, with glass, sizes 5x7, instead of 50c. 33c
PYRO DEVELOPING POWDER, Burke & James, 6 powders, instead of 25c. 19c
RUBY CANDLE LAMPS, large size, double glass, instead of 25c. 17c
RUBY GAS LAMPS, large size, double glass, instead of $1.00. 59c
RUBY OIL LAMPS, large size, double glass, instead of 75c. 39c
RUBBEROID TRAYS, sizes 3¼x4¼; instead of 15c. 7c
RUBBER FINGER TIPS for use when developing, instead of 15c. 9c
STIRRING RODS, heavy glass, instead of 15c. 6c
THERMOMETER for testing your solution, instead of 25c. 21c

"VEL-CYO" (Macy), finest developer for gaslight papers on the market; gives double the quantity of solutions; can be used repeatedly; instead of 35c. 24c

WATER COLORS, liquid, ten colors, in neat wooden box, instead of $1.50. 89c
WATER COLORS, transparent, in book form, with directions, instead of 25c. 21c

JOHNSON & SON, LONDON, LTD., photo chemicals, regular price 50c. Macy prices 24c, 19c and 14c.

5-FOLD METAL TRIPODS, patent catch, instead of $3.00. $2.21
4-FOLD METAL TRIPODS, patent catch, instead of $2.50. $1.98
2-FOLD RAY SLIDING WOODEN TRIPODS, instead of 75c. 49c
$2.00 METAL TRIPODS. $1.41
CUTTING BOARDS, seven-inch blade, instead of 60c. 58c
CUTTING BOARDS, five-inch blade, instead of 40c. 36c

COMET DRY PLATES, used by many Fifth Av. photographers. Size 5x7, instead of 65c. 49c
Size 3¼x5½, instead of 50c. 29c
Size 4x5, instead of 50c. 29c
Size 3¼x4¼, instead of 35c. 25c

EASTMAN ACID HYPO, ½-lb. size, instead of 15c. 11c
EASTMAN ACID HYPO, 1-lb. size, instead of 25c. 18c

"FILMPLATE" DEVELOPER (Macy), specially designed for developing plates or films; gives rich, sparkling negatives; instead of 25c. 18c

GLASS AND RUBBEROID TRAYS, 5x8, instead of 25c. 17c
GLASS AND RUBBEROID TRAYS, 4x5, instead of 15c. 10c
8-OZ. GLASS GRADUATES, instead of 15c. 8c
16-OZ. GLASS GRADUATES, instead of 25c. 19c

HARDENER (Macy), that hardens the hypo and keeps it so; 4-oz. bottle. 14c

HAYDEN CONTINUOUS PATENT PRINTING FRAMES, all sizes, instead of 75c, 65c and 50c. 15c
HIGHEST GRADE PORTRAIT LENS ATTACHMENTS, instead of $3.50. $1.39
HIGHEST GRADE RAY FILTER, instead of $2.00. $1.21
B. J. HYDROQUINON POWDERS, 6 powders, instead of 25c. 19c
LARGE DRYING RACKS, holding 24 negatives, instead of 25c. 17c

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Every Day Including Saturday.

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They have all the characteristics of those made by good custom tailors—except the prices, which are a third to a half less.

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The Coward Shoe

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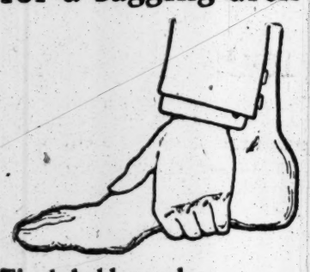

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by the helpful, friendly assistance of the COWARD ARCH SUPPORT SHOE. It keeps the arch structure from sagging, steadies the ankles, and almost immediately relieves the aching muscles.

This shoe *looks* like an ordinary shoe, but has *extra*ordinary remedial value for weak arches.

Coward Arch Support Shoe and Coward Extension Heel, have been made by James S. Coward, in his Custom Dept. for over 30 years.

For Men and Women.

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UNBLENDED, UNADULTERATED.

SOLD EVERYWHERE

STRONG OPPOSITION TO REAPPORTIONMENT

Stilwell and Roosevelt Out AgainstMeasure—Leaders May Seek Republican Votes.

LEVY IS REDRAFTING BILL

Framed so Loosely That This Was Necessary—Complications May Prevent Adjournment Next Week.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 20.—More opposition to the Congressional Reapportionment bill from Democratic sources developed today. Senators Stephen J. Stilwell of the Bronx and Franklin D. Roosevelt of Dutchess announced this afternoon that unless the Congress districts taking in their home counties are changed to meet local objections they would vote against the bill. This would leave the Democratic leaders of the Legislature in the position where they would be compelled to make an appeal for Republican votes to help them pass a Democratic reapportionment measure. There is no instance in Legislature history of this State where such an appeal has been successful.

To add to the general confusion over the Reapportionment bill, it was discovered to-day that it has been drawn in such a slipshod manner that the work which kept the Reapportionment Committee busy for three weeks in its expensive suites at the Hotel Knickerbocker will have to be done all over again as far as the drafting is concerned.

This task has been intrusted to Aaron J. Levy, Chairman of the Assembly Judiciary Committee, whose ability as a bill drafter, displayed when he framed the Levy election law, has impressed Charles F. Murphy of Tammany Hall.

Mr. Levy expects to complete the work before the end of the week. Even then some of the legislative leaders admitted to-day that new complications which have arisen may interfere with the plans of having the Legislature adjourn sine die at the end of next week.

Assemblyman Levy this afternoon heard the complaints of Senators Stilwell and Roosevelt. Senator Stilwell has leadership aspirations, and he lodged his complaint largely on his own behalf, while Senator Roosevelt had heard from E. E. Perkins, Chairman of the Dutchess County Democratic Committee.

The Democratic organization in Dutchess finds fault with the hitching up of their county with Putnam and Orange, both of which are Republican strongholds, thus creating a Republican Congressional district, when, by joining it to Ulster, Greene, and Schoharie, a Democratic district might have been created. Senator Stilwell's objection was due to the fact that the Bronx had been split up into four Congressional districts, of which not one is located entirely within the borough.

Mr. Levy said that an effort would be made to meet the objections of Senator Stilwell if that could be accomplished without disturbing the tentative Congressional map too much, but as to that he did not hold out much hope, but in all probability Senator Roosevelt would have to be content with the present arrangement.

"The Bronx is big enough to be a county," contended Senator Stilwell. "It has a population of 500,000. We ought to have two Congressional districts entirely within the borough, and they refuse to give us even one. In the portion of the Bronx which has been tied up with Westchester they have even given control to the Westchester part of the district, for the Bronx portion will have only 90,000, while Westchester would have 120,000 within the proposed Twenty-fourth Congressional district."

Senator Stilwell intimated that the carving of the Bronx had been undertaken in a spirit of revenge for his audacity in introducing and pressing the Bronx County bill against the wishes of Tammany Leader Murphy.

Senator Stilwell said his colleague, Senator Anthony J. Griffin, would make common cause with him in opposing the Reapportionment bill. He thinks it would be much better for the Democrats in the Bronx to have the Congressional Reapportionment bill go over for another year and let the Republicans make it.

There are complaints from Republican quarters, too. Senator Emerson of Warren, who has helped the Democrats often enough by his vote to have a claim on Tammany's gratitude, went to Mr. Levy and told him he wanted Washington County taken out of the Twenty-ninth Congressional District. Senator Emerson wants to go to Congress, and so does Assemblyman Parker of Washington County, who has a powerful backing. Senator Emerson does not relish the idea of having two candidates where there is only one nomination.

COMMENDS WARDEN HAYES.

But Prison Commission Would Abolish Blackwell's Island Dark Cells.

ALBANY, Sept. 20.—The management of the New York Penitentiary on Blackwell's Island under Warden Hayes is commended in a report to-day of an inspection of the institution to the State Prison Commission by Commissioners Huntington and Wade.

"Considering that the buildings are old and the equipment not modern," says the report, "he has utilized the facilities to the best advantage."

The Commissioners recommend that a punishment prison be built similar to the new ones under construction at Auburn and Clinton prisons, and that the dark cells be abandoned.

CUTS FLOUR RATE TO EAST.

Commission Refuses to Suspend Proposed Western Reduction.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Disregarding the protest of the Eastern Trunk Lines, the Inter-State Commerce Commission today declined to suspend a proposed reduction in the rail and lake rate on flour from Minnesota transfer points to New York, via Duluth, and also refused to permit the Eastern lines to withdraw their concurrences in the reduced rate.

The commission considers to-day's decision the most important freight traffic action taken for many months and likely to cause protracted litigation. It affects the enormous flour traffic between the Minnesota territory and the East, exclusive of shipments for export, affecting all intermediate flour milling interests, particularly at Buffalo.

The commission declined to suspend the tariffs, because, "it is not believed or believable," said the commission, "that Congress intended that the power to suspend rates should be exercised when rates are voluntarily reduced by a carrier and where undue discrimination does not appear on the face of the tariff.

"It is asserted in the protest of the Trunk Lines that the reduced rates will result in much loss of revenue to them, because the reductions necessarily will be followed by reductions in rates from related points. This may be, but the matter thus appears to be one for adjustment between the interested carriers and not properly by the commission under the law."

DULUTH, Minn., Sept. 20.—As viewed in this city, the Inter-State Commerce Commission decision to-day means that the rate of 21½ cents on flour from Minneapolis to New York will become effective on Oct. 5.

MAY OBJECT TO BIG SHIPS.

Secretary Meyer's Plans Not Likely to Receive Democratic Support.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Congress will be asked again this Winter to consider a construction programme containing two battleships, and they will be of the largest type yet proposed. Secretary Meyer is a pronounced advocate of large ships, and there is no doubt of his purpose. There is, however, some doubt of his being able next session to get anything near what he wants in the way of a programme.

Mr. Padgett, the new Chairman of the Committee, and his Democratic colleagues are not big-ship men. They say the Government ought to be able to get along without spending $30,000,000 a year for big ships soon to become obsolete and shot up for targets.

These battleships will probably be of about the size of the New York and Texas just being laid down at New York and Newport News, though strong pressure is being brought to bear to have the size increased to 30,000 tons in order to give the ships more armor protection than is planned for the New York type, as well as more and heavier guns.

The practical objections, however, to further increase in the size of battleships, such as the limited number of harbors that would be open to such big ships and their excessive cost and difficult handling, are believed to incline the majority of the members of the boards, which submit recommendations to the Secretary of the Navy for new construction, to a conservative course at present.

3,000 MILES WIRELESS RANGE

Arlington Station, Largest in World, Can Reach Coast of Europe.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The foundations for the largest wireless station towers in the world have been put in place and next week the work of erecting the steel frame will begin. The Navy Department has formally decided to call the station the Arlington Wireless Station.

The Arlington towers, three in number, are to be 600 feet in height. The steel work has been designed to be the strongest yet erected, it being deemed of the first importance to make the towers rigid enough to hold their weight firmly against all effects of winds or storms. The bases of the towers will be insulated from the steel of the structures with marble slabs specially selected with regard to their being free from all metallic veins.

It is expected that the plant will be completed by March and placed in communication in connection with the movements of the Atlantic fleet throughout the season following. The range of the station will be fully 3,000 miles, and by means of relays it will be constantly in communication with all parts of the Atlantic and the western coast of Europe.

PUT SOPHOMORES TO FLIGHT.

City College Freshmen Defeat Their First Attempt at Hazing.

The sophomores at the City College undertook yesterday to teach the freshmen their proper place in the world. As each appeared at the main building his hat was taken away, and he was compelled to buy a cap and agree to wear nothing else in the vicinity of the college.

An undergraduate meeting was called by the freshmen and one of their strongest members was deputized to appear before the sophomores wearing the banned hat. He was set upon at once, whereupon his companions went to his assistance. A free fight resulted, and the upper classmen were driven from the campus.

SUE LONG ISLAND ROAD.

For Death of F. P. Jordon $50,000 Is Asked—Mrs. Burnett Sues, Too.

Two suits were filed yesterday in the County Clerk's office which recall the automobile accident at Flower Hill and Plandome Roads, between Roslyn and Port Washington, on July 13 last, when a flatcar of the New York & North Shore Traction Company hit Mrs. Frances Hodgson Burnett's automobile, killing Frank P. Jordon, her brother-in-law, and Edith G. Johnstone.

Mrs. Burnett has brought suit against the railroad company for $1,500 for damage to her car, and Edith Mary Jordon, as executrix of Mr. Jordon's estate, has brought suit against the company for $50,000.

NOT TO PROSECUTE HARVESTER TRUST

Government Will Not Bring Suit on Condition That the Company Agrees to Reorganize.

ITS BUSINESS TO BE SPLIT

Four Companies, Which It Absorbed, Will Be Revived—Terms Approved by Wickersham.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The Government is ready to permit the International Harvester Company voluntarily to adjust its organization to recent interpretations of the Sherman law. Pending the result of conferences between Attorney General Wickersham and attorneys for the company no dissolution suit will be brought, although it is understood that papers for court proceedings have actually been prepared.

These negotiations were begun in Washington last Summer by Edgar A. Bancroft, general counsel for the Harvester Company, and were continued at Cedarhurst, L. I., where Attorney General Wickersham has been spending the Summer. They are so far advanced, it is said, that Mr. Bancroft will refer the question of reorganization to the Directors at their next meeting on Oct. 21.

These negotiations do not constitute a new departure in Federal regulation of corporations, although the precedents are only recent. The Electrical Trust and the Southern Wholesale Grocers' Association were permitted a short time ago to conform to the Government's demands, and the agreements with them were put in the form of decrees, which will be submitted to the United States courts for approval. It is not yet known definitely that the Harvester Company will be able to follow the same course, as opposition may develop among its Directors. Meanwhile the Departmentof Justice is continuing its investigation.

Details of the negotiations have not been made public, but it is known that the Government insists upon the business of the trust being divided among the four corporations which first composed it—the McCormick Harvesting Machine Company, the Deering Harvester Company, the Milwaukee Harvester Company, and the Plano Manufacturing Company.

The International Harvester Company was formed in New Jersey in 1902, with a capital of $120,000,000. Of this $60,000,000 was paid in cash and the other $60,000,000 of stock was issued for real estate, plants, and physicial inventories. The corporation later took over mills at Akron, Ohio; Rock Falls, Ill.; Newark Valley, N. Y.; Auburn, N. Y.; St. Paul, Minn., and Chicago, and now owns and operates eleven works and four twine mills, besides the works operated by its affiliated companies.

The principal subsidiary company, the International Harvester Company of America, was organized in Wisconsin as the Parker-Dennett Harvesting Machine Company. Its capital is $1,000,000, and all but nine of its shares, held by its Directors, are held by the Trustees for the benefit of the shareholders of the International Harvester Company. Through this company a selling organization is maintained, and the foreign companies, with works in Germany, France, Sweden, and Russia, it is said, are controlled.

The International Harvester Company of Canada, the Wisconsin Steel Company, the International Flax Twine Company, the Wisconsin Lumber Company, several other smaller corporations, and six terminal railroad companies, which are adjuncts to the various corporations, are also affiliated to the trust.

All the stock of the International Harvester Company, except eighteen shares held by the Directors, is deposited with a voting trust, of which George W. Perkins, Cyrus H. McCormick, and Charles Deering are the Trustees. This voting trust was formed on Aug. 13, 1902, and will run until Aug. 1, 1912. The agreement may, however, be terminated on ninety days' notice.

CHICAGO, Sept. 20.—None of the Chicago officials of the International Harvester Company would discuss to-day the report that the corporation was about to reorganize. Cyrus H. McCormick and Harold F. McCormick are in Europe, and Clarence S. Funk, General Manager, and Edgar A. Bancroft, general counsel, were in New York.

Edgar A. Bancroft, general counsel of the International Harvester Company, yesterday spent some time in conference with George W. Perkins, the Chairman of the Finance Committee of the company. Neither would discuss the company's relations with the Department of Justice, or the plans said to be under way for the reorganization. An official of the company, who would not be quoted, said:

"This corporation has always been willing to correct any legal or technical abuses which may have existed in the minds of the Government officials."

The dissolution of the trust, it is expected here, will be effected by a friendly suit, which will make the proceedings a matter of court record and give the plan the sanction of the courts. How long it will take to get the plan in shape to be laid before the stockholders could not be learned yesterday.

The company has no bonded indebtedness, and its capital represents actual plant values or cash paid in, and this will simplify the problem of dealing with stockholders. On the other hand, the company owns physically the properties which entered into its composition, and cannot therefor split them up among its subsidiaries, as is being done by the Standard Oil Company and the American Tobacco Company.

CHARTER SHIELDS POLICE.

Citizens' Union Discovers a Veiled Attempt to Revive "System's" Power.

Special to The New York Times.

ALBANY, Sept. 20.—Representatives of the Citizens' Union who have subjected the proposed New York City Charter to a mintue examination announced to-night that in the sections dealing with the Police Department they had discovered a veiled attempt to revive the power of "the system," a term that became painfully familiar to most New Yorkers after the disclosures made in the course of the Lexow investigation.

According to the Citizens' Union examiners of the Cullen-Foley Charter bill the provisions tending to make the Police Department again the cat's paw of powerful Tammany politicians for their own enrichment at the expense of public decency have been inserted by the Charter framers while they were "perfecting" the Charter bill behind closed doors at the Hotel Knickerbocker following the public hearings in the Aldermanic Chamber.

The amendments to the charter which are attached includes the striking out of Section 271, the provision for punishment of members of the police force by reduction in rank or grade or by extra duty, and fails to restore the express power of the Commissioner to reduce sergeants to patrolmen.

The provision requiring an arrest to be reported at the police station before the prisoner is arraigned in court was not in the original draft of the Cullen-Foley bill, though the requirement contained in the present charter for the prisoner's immediate arraignment had been considerably weakened by leaving out the provision inflicting a fine of ten days' pay on a policeman failing to comply with it. It was stricken out only while the final revision of the charter bill was in progress.

The Citizens' Union declared that it had discovered many amendments regarding which nothing was said in the summary of changes made public by the legislative Charter framers last Sunday, and which curtail considerably the Controller's powers of audit, although the Charter framers had pledged themselves to restore these to what they are under the present Charter. Most of these changes, it is said, tend to protect contractors doing business with the city from too much scrutiny by the Controller.

Announcement was made in the Senate and Assembly to-day that the joint Charter committee would meet to-morrow to make the further amendments to the Cullen-Foley bill which the organization has decided as necessary to conciliate the Democratic opponents. Those include the omission of the Mayor's absolute veto and changes in the civil service chapter so as to leave supervisory powers over the New York City Commission with the State Civil Service Commission as at present. The Charter bill will be on the Senate calendar for final passage on Wednesday of next week. It will depend entirely on how thorough the amendments are whether Senators Roosevelt, Loomis, Saxe, and Stilwell, who has joined the opposition, will vote for it, as without their support the charter bill cannot pass.

DENTON-CARDEW RELEASED.

Agrees to Pay Wife Third of Income and Not to Run Away.

William Percy Denton-Cardew, who was arrested last Friday at the City Hall on the complaint of his wife, Annie F. Denton-Cardew, who is suing him for a separation, was released from Ludlow Street Jail yesterday upon signing a stipulation that he will pay his wife one-third of his income.

Denton-Cardew had sung his way from San Francisco to New York, and had an interview with Mayor Gaynor, after which he was arrested on his wife's complaint so that he might not leave the city instead of answering her suit for separation. He also agreed not to sue his wife for causing his arrest, and to keep within the jurisdiction of the court.

PRESIDENT'S SISTER BACK.

Mrs. Edwards Tells of Hostility of the Swiss to Automobilists.

Mrs. W. A. Edwards of Los Angeles, Cal., a sister of President Taft, arrived yesterday on the White Star liner Oceanic. She was one of a party, guests of Charles T. Hinde of Coronado, Cal., who motored 6,000 miles through Europe. The party traveled in three machines. The only trouble encountered was in Switzerland, where one of the drivers was arrested by the police of a small town.

"The people in Switzerland," said Mrs. Edwards, "do not seem to be favorably inclined toward motorists. The children hooted and threw stones at us and the police were officious."

Brothers Held for Slaying Farmer.

GALLIPOLIS, Ohio, Sept. 20.—Albert and Hiram Lockhart, brothers, employed as engineers, were arrested at Crown City, charged with the murder of Carlton Simms, a wealthy merchant-farmer of Putnam County, West Va., who was drowned off Lockhart's boat six weeks ago.

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table water. Although moderate in price it is all bottled at the spring, where every precaution is taken to make it the most hygienically bottled water in America. Still or sparkling; sold everywhere.

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Asks Mayor to Find Her Mother.

Mayor Gaynor received a letter yesterday from Mrs. Mamie V. Lewis Dudley of 2,200 Clark Street, Dallas, Texas, asking him to help find Mrs. Dudley's mother, whom she has not seen for fourteen years. The mother was known as Docia Lewis or Pilkington, Mrs. Dudley writes, the names being those of her respective husbands. When last heard from, Mrs. Dudley said, her mother lived at 756 Eighth Avenue, her husband being a carriage harness maker. The letter was turned over to Police Commissioner Waldo.

THE NE'ER-DO-WELL

¶ "Sure to be one of the widely popular romances of the season."—*Chicago Record-Herald.*

¶ "Many points ahead of his other ventures."—*Pittsburgh Post.*

¶ "Alive with incident and sensation."—*Boston Transcript.*

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NEW NOVEL

¶ "This story is a corker. In incident, action, surprise, character-drawing, and dialogue it is a genuine *tour de force.*"—*Philadelphia Telegraph.*

¶ "Excitement at full speed; a narration witching enough to make readers forget engagements and the time o' the clock."—*Boston Globe.*

¶ "The most breathlessly interesting novel of the last half-dozen years."—*Cleveland Plain Dealer.*

¶ "What Beach has done surpassingly well is to give the stay-at-home reader a vivid picture of the stupendous work in the construction of the Canal, and the spirit of the men as well."—*San Francisco Chronicle.*

Pictures by CHRISTY

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Waterman's Ideal Fountain Pen

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Iridium comes to us from the extreme regions of the Ural Mountains of Russia, to serve principally as a permanent preservative of this, the most carefully made, resilient and durable gold pen in the world.

Every detail of Waterman's Ideals is individually, thoughtfully and carefully produced in this manner by thinking and skilful workmen.

As you prefer—in the Regular, Safety or Self-Filling Type.

Sold by the leading Stationers, Jewelers, etc.

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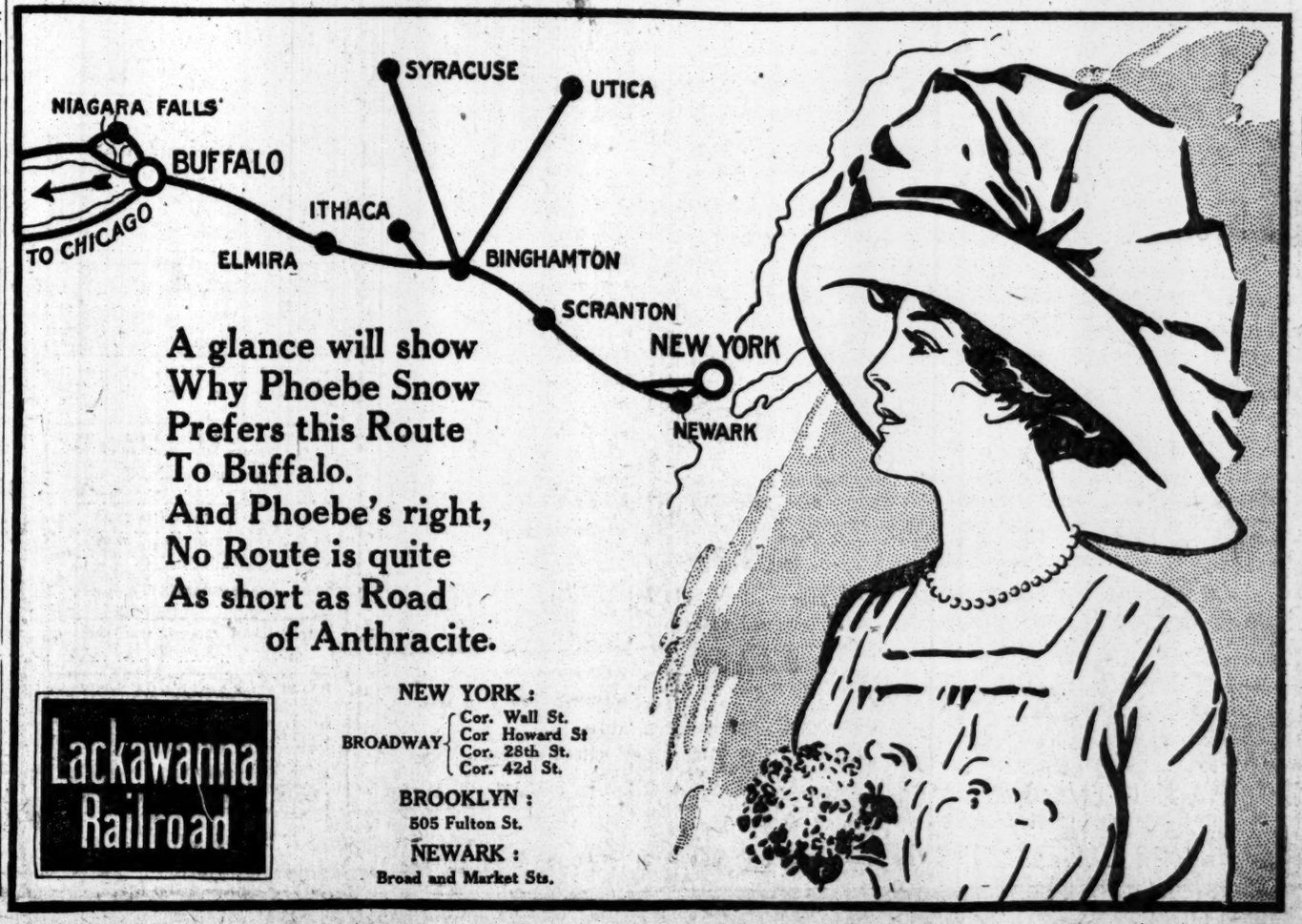
Your acceptance of our invitation to visit this finest of Women's Establishments does not in any way obligate you to make purchases—

We do think, however, that in justice to yourself you should see these beautiful displays of Women's and Misses' Outer Apparel, Millinery and Furs at this time—

When the newest from abroad vies with the best from our own country for favor and recognition.

As usual, sensible prices prevail.



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YOUNG GIRL ASLEEP WALKED THE STREETS

Patrolman in the Early Morning Met Miss Lillian Lenelson, Clad in Nightgown.

LONG REFUSED HER NAME

Doctors and Police Were Puzzled to Tell Whether She Was Yet Awake—Strange Subconscious Phenomenon.

Standing at La Fontaine Avenue and East 178th Street, the Bronx, early yesterday morning, Policeman O'Neil thought he heard a patter of feet. Turning around he was startled to see a silent, white-robed young woman, evidently in her nightgown, walking with measured tread down La Fontaine Avenue toward him.

The puzzled look on O'Neil's face presently gave way to one of understanding as the girl approached. There she was, eyes open and squarely to the front, walking in her sleep as calmly and easily as if taking a stroll in a park in the cool of a Summer afternoon.

As she drew nearer, the policeman surveyed for a moment the dainty figure clothed in a long white robe, with delicate tracery of frills and lace at neck and wrist, and reaching to the dusty sidewalk. He noted the flowing brown hair, caught at the back of the neck with a tortoise-shell barrette, set with bright stones. He saw that the patter of footsteps came from two dainty, dove-colored, fur-lined, bedroom slippers.

O'Neil instinctively started toward the girl, but she swept proudly by him without so much as a glance, and turned out of La Fontaine Avenue into East 178th Street, evidently intending to have her walk out. The policeman became all activity then. Marching rapidly after her he said as gently as possible, fearing to shock her by arousing her too suddenly:

"Do you know where you are going, Miss?"

He had brought himself around to face her now, and she turned big, clear blue, but unquestioning eyes upon him, and her lips moved slowly. The policeman could not catch what she said, and then, seeing that he must speak more sharply to awaken her, he said, with a show of abruptness:

"Don't you think you ought to be at home in bed, young lady? You cannot go about the streets in a dress like that."

He touched the girl's hand and instantly she recoiled from him and gave startled cries. O'Neil thought she said, "Where am I? I want to go home."

He saw, however, that he had her subconscious mind still to deal with, and he began to put questions to her about her home. She stared, he thought, with a dawning intelligence, though with mute lips. The policeman was much perplexed. He thought it more than likely that she was now fully awake, but would not tell him who she was or where she lived, because she wanted to keep her identity concealed and hoped he would now let her go home by herself. But as she would not tell him anything he was not sure she was in her right senses, and he decided to take her to the station house.

She went with him reluctantly, and O'Neil did not walk like a man making a brave show as he led the white-robed girl up to the Lieutenant's desk. He was in his shirt sleeves, having thrown his coat about the girl when they started for the station house. The Lieutenant took off the policeman's coat, wrapping her from head to foot instead in a big blanket and seating her at the domino table. The Lieutenant tried to get her to tell who she was, but she would not or could not—like the patrolman, he was not sure which—and after trying for some time he decided that the case was not one for him, and so called for an ambulance from Fordham Hospital. As he could not enter any name on his blotter he substituted a description of the strangest prisoner ever brought into that station in his day. He observed and wrote it down that she was about 20 years old, that she had a fair complexion, big blue eyes, and long, thick brown hair. He noted also unofficially, and therefore did not write it down, that her nails were perfectly manicured and her hands soft and well kept, and that she was altogether a very pretty girl. The only clue to her identity, and that was no more than a hint, was a gold signet ring. This was inscribed with the initials "J. L." It did not help at all.

When Dr. Donahue came from the hospital in an ambulance the girl protested against going to the hospital, and again begged that she be allowed to go home. But she still stoutly refused to tell where her home was or who she was. Finally Dr. Donahue and the Lieutenant together persuaded her to go to the hospital, telling her the nurses there would take good care of her and give her a dress to wear.

Dr. Donahue talked with her all the way to Fordham and sought in every manner he could think of to arouse her and induce her to tell about herself. He half suspected that she was fully awake, but he could not be sure. At the hospital the nurses gathered about her and the house physician took up the examination where Dr. Donahue had left off. Presently some one suggested that she had better be sent to Bellevue Hospital for observation. This was said partly in earnest and partly as a ruse to get the girl, if really awake, to reveal her identity. It worked splendidly, for presently she leaned over to one of her nurses and said she was Miss Lillian Lenelson and lived with her uncle, Dr. William Goldstein, at 2,124 Hughes Avenue. Dr. Goldstein was reached at once on the telephone, and in reply said his niece was missing and that the family were immensely relieved to know that she was safe and in good hands. He said he would send his automobile for her at once. This was done and soon she was at home.

Dr. Donahue said he was sure Miss Lenelson had walked a mile before she came upon the policeman, and that she must have walked all the distance with her eyes wide open and seeing with only her subconsciousness active. He said somnambulism had long been an unsolved problem with physicians and psychologists, and he was at a loss to account for the fact that some walk in their sleep with all the ease and safety of a person keenly alert to all his surroundings, while other persons never do such a thing.

Dr. Goldstein, Miss Lenelson's uncle, said that he, too, was unable to account for the habit in his niece. He had never made a very close study of her case, however, he added, as she had walked in her sleep only once before. That was about three years ago. As she had never shown signs of doing so again, the family had been off their guard, and her disappearance yesterday morning caused great anxiety until news of her was received. He said that she descended the stairs at his home, unlocked one or more doors, and then proceeded down the street, behind and past the Home for Incurables, to La Fontaine Avenue, and then six squares down that thoroughfare to where the policeman accosted her. He added that Miss Lenelson was none the worse for her early morning stroll, but that the family would be careful hereafter to see that she did not take any more like it.

NO LIGHT ON GIRL'S MURDER.

Jury Unable to Charge Suspects with Myrtle Hawkins's Death.

HENDERSONVILLE, N. C., Sept. 20.—The jury investigating the death of Myrtle Hawkins, whose body was found in Lake Osceola several days ago, instead of casting blame for the girl's death upon persons suspected of possessing knowledge of the apparent crime, as expected, declared that she came to her death at the hands of persons as yet unidentified, and in a manner not specifically known.

During the investigation a letter, the authorship of which was credited to Myrtle, was read. It confessed indiscretion, but declared that the man responsible for her condition had helped her all he could, and that he would stand by her.

Wants to Build a $25,000 Tunnel.

At a meeting of the Board of Estimate to-day action will be taken upon a communication from Borough President McAneny requesting an appropriation of $25,000 in corporate stock to build a tunnel under Centre Street to connect the basement of the Hall of Records with the basement of the new Municipal Building.

MUST HAVE A NEW GARDEN.

Promoters All Ready to Take Time in a Successor to the Big Show Place.

Managers and promoters of more than twenty shows which have been held from year to year in the Madison Square Garden met yesterday in the office of the Cassidy Van Nostrand Chapman Realty Company, 339 Fifth Avenue, to go on record as desiring a new amphitheatre to take the place of the old Garden and, incidentally, to prove to capitalists that they would furnish sufficient business to make such a new building a financial success.

James T. Hyde, Secretary of the National Horse Show Association, suggested a site be chosen near the new Grand Central Station, while G. F. Parker, Manager of the Electric Show, favored one between Forty-second and Fifty-ninth Streets and Fifth and Eighth Avenues.

The sentiment of the meeting was strongly in favor of a building which should combine all the good features of the Garden, but with better exits, seating facilities, sanitary arrangements, and conveniences. Many of the promoters stated they would be glad to lease such a building from one day to two weeks.

A representative of the Old Guard said that his organization would lease an office in the building and would hold its ball there. A. M. Eagleson of the American Institute said that his organization would probably revive its annual fair if it could get proper quarters, and Mr. Hyde said the National Horse Show Association could be counted upon for a week. Henry R. Sutphen was spokesman for the motor boat manufacturers, and Gilbert McClurg for the Land Irrigation Show, which, he said, wanted two weeks each year. The managers formed a temporary exhibitors' association, with Mr. Sutphen as Chairman. Another meeting will be held in a few days.

WILL AID POLICE INQUIRY.

Judge Swann Reiterates Belief That Charge Against Huntington Is True.

Judge Swann made it clear yesterday that he would do all in his power to aid the heads of the Police Department in an investigation of the case pending against Patrolman Reuben R. Huntington of the Union Market Station.

Huntington was indicted with John Horay of 297 Avenue B on the charge of grand larceny. The complainant is John Kondratiuk, a Russian peasant, who said he had been robbed on May 15 at Horay's home. Horay and Huntington, he alleged, removed $305 from his pocket and returned to him a roll of newspapers with a $1 bill for a wrapper.

Horay was convicted on a third trial before Judge Swann in General Sessions. Six policemen, including a Lieutenant and a Sergeant, swore that Huntington was not and could not have been present at the time the robbery was committed. This testimony was not believed by the jury, as several jurymen testified after the trial. Judge Swann declared that he was sure the policemen had not told the truth, and that they were trying to shield Huntington. Judge Swann said yesterday:

"I have not been officially notified that an investigation has been undertaken. Commissioner Waldo has not asked me for any assistance, but if he desires it I shall be pleased to furnish him with a brief of the testimony in the case, which will show facts, circumstances, and deductions that will lead any fair-minded man to believe that the story of the complaining witness in this case is true in every detail.

"Since I have been on the bench I have been the consistent friend of individual policemen and of the Police Department as a whole, but I cannot stand silently by and see such an outrage as was attempted in this case.

"I trust that the people who investigate this case will not have a bucket of whitewash ready."

An extension of time was given to Policeman Huntington in which to furnish $5,000 bail. In the meantime he is under bail in the sum of $2,500.

WON'T RELEASE BANKRUPTS.

Court Refuses to Accept the Referee's Report in Dallin & Pachner's Case.

Judge Hough declined yesterday in the United States District Court to accept the report of the referee, William H. Willis, recommending the discharge from bankruptcy of Abraham Dallin of the firm of Dallin & Pachner, woolen merchants of 235 Grand Street. He refused to grant a discharge to either bankrupt. He explained that as the bankrupts admitted losing in a year $12,500 on a business of $20,000, and as they had overdrawn their salary accounts of $40 and $20 a week, respectively, by about $1,700, some further inquiry was needed.

"A business of $20,000 a year," said the Judge, "simply cannot lose $12,500 during the same year without experiences of such an extraordinary and unexampled nature as to render forgetfulness impossible. Neither do honest men who are undergoing such unexampled misfortunes further injure their creditors by deliberately withdrawing from the failing business sums, considerable in contrast with the sums involved, in excess of the figures upon which they agreed in the basis of their partnership."

DEVICE TO PREVENT GASOLINE EXPLODING

Principle of the Davy Lamp Now Adapted for Safeguarding Volatile Liquids.

MAKES TANKS "FOOLPROOF"

Burning Liquid Poured from Can to Can Without Accident in a Demonstration in a City Laboratory.

A new device, designed to prevent the explosion of gasoline, benzine, and similar liquids, was demonstrated yesterday afternoon in the basement of the Berlin Chemical Laboratories, West 171st Street. It is the invention of a German engineer named Langrhr, and it is said to have been tried with success in Europe. Automobiles, motor boats, aeroplanes, ships, tank cars, cleaning and dyeing establishments, chemical plants, and stove plants were included in the field of usefulness as sketched for the new device by Bernard Zwillinger, a chemist, who brought it from Germany and who made the demonstration yesterday.

Several scientists were in the little group which gathered in the laboratories yesterday afternoon. Among them were Dr. Felix von Oefele and Dr. Virgil Coblenz, formerly of Columbia University. They watched with interest while Dr. Feldman of the Berlin Laboratories poured burning benzine from one can into one of burning gasoline. The gases continued to burn, but there was no explosion.

The Langrhr device is an extension of the principle of the Davy mining lamp. the wire gauze giving way to a metal tube. The tube is fastened to the opening of the can, and provides a channel by which the gasoline passes in and out of the container.

The tube is of corrugated metal, wound spirally and perforated, so that in it the liquid stands at the same level as in the can. The principle that makes the tube valuable operates in the Davy lamp, and is most simply explained by wire gauze placed around a candle. If gas flows through the meshes, there is an explosion, but this is confined within the cage. The gas outside fails to ignite because the wire gauze takes up the heat. So with the Langrhr device. When the flame was applied to the gasoline can, causing the vapor to ignite, the flame was not communicated to the can. The tube absorbed the heat and prevented the bulk of the gasoline from being ignited.

Dr. von Oefele said that previous applications of the Davy lamp principle were effective only with gases not in motion nor subject to draft. The Langrhr device, he said, was an important deviation from the Davy principle, preventing the explosion of "evaporable, gassified, inflammable liquids," and he expressed belief that many small explosions in laboratories might be avoided by its use.

"The efficiency of the Langrhr device," Mr. Zwillinger said, "is due to the fact that the narrow passages are formed by massive metal strips, by which the burning gases are cooled to such an extent that the transmission of the flame into the vessel containing the combustible liquid is absolutely impossible. The same effect cannot be expected of a safety device consisting of a thin wire mesh, for the reason that the gases cannot be cooled down sufficiently. As a consequence, the wire is heated to a glowing state, and explosions are bound to follow."

The top of each tube has a screw cap of soft solder, and it was said that if fire should reach a storehouse containing cans or tanks of gasoline fitted with these devices, the top would melt away before the vessels were greatly heated, exposing the gasoline in the tube to the flames. This gasoline would burn until the tanks were empty, but the bulk of the liquid in each can would be protected and its vapors would not explode.

Dr. Coblenz was particularly interested in the possible application of the device to other vessels, and he believed it might be a great safeguard and convenience in an operating room where gas was the only means of illumination. He also spoke of its application to motor boats, where it would permit the boatmen to be as careless as they chose with cigarettes or matches.

Mr. Zwillinger said that the device had been subjected to exhaustive tests by Prof. Frank Herbst of the Technical High School at Hanover, and the same results were obtained by the Russian Government. Similar tests, he said, met with similar results at the Technical High School in Berlin. The demonstration yesterday was for the benefit of the German-American Pharmaceutical Association.

NEW EXCUSE FOR SMUGGLING

Fare So High Things Should Be Let In Free, Says Texas Woman.

The excuse that, as she had paid so much for steamship fare, the Government ought not to be so strict about a few trifles bought abroad was given yesterday by Mrs. Horatio H. Adams of 3,609 Gaston Street, Dallas, Texas, when she was taken to the Custom House to explain why dutiable and undeclared articles had been found in her posession. Mrs. Adams, who is the wife of a wholesale druggist, returned in the White Star liner Oceanic, with her two small children and Agnes M. Leslie, their governess.

Inspectors Schneittacher and Miller were assigned to examine their baggage, and one of them found in Miss Leslie's trunk an expensive hat from Virot, Paris. In Mrs. Adams's trunk the other Inspector found a gown to match the hat. The hat was included in the $100 worth of effects the governess was allowed to bring in duty free. Upon the finding of the hat the examination was conducted with much thoroughness and under the eye of Deputy Surveyor Harris. Besides the gown, in Mrs. Adams's trunks were Irish crochet lace collars, lace cuffs, and lingerie which she had omitted to declare. The governess also had Irish lace concealed upon her.

Mrs. Adams's party was taken to the Custom House, where all were examined by Deputy Surveyor George Smythe. Miss Leslie admitted that she and her employer had arranged that she should bring in the hat. When Mrs. Adams was asked why she had not made an honest declaration she said:

"Well, I think we ought to be allowed to bring in things, for we paid so much for passage."

Mr. Smythe told her that the Government did not benefit by any payment she made to the steamship company. He directed that neither she nor the governess benefit by the $100 exemption clause and forced her to pay to the Government what she had paid for all she bought abroad plus the duties, amounting to $400. She paid about $125, all she had with her, and will have to wait in this city for money to be sent by her husband.

QUEENS CONTRACTS HELD UP

If Contention Is Sustained $1,000,000 Street Improvements Will Be Lost.

Contracts aggregating $344,991 for the repaving of eleven streets in Queens, and for which the city at large will pay, are held up in the office of Controller Prendergast in Manhattan, pending a decision by Justice Clark in the Supreme Court in Brooklyn, on a temporary injunction obtained by a committee protesting against the repaving of Broadway from Murray Lane, Flushing, to Tenth Street, Bayside, with improved granite block.

If the committee is sustained by Justice Clarke the Corporation Counsel's office says, Queens will lose more than $1,000,000 in street improvements, for which, under the present conditions, the city at large is willing to pay, and in the future all work of that kind will have to be paid by the property owners themselves.

PATROLMEN ASK MORE PAY.

Increases for All Grades Requested in a Petition to the Estimate Board.

A petition was received yesterday at the office of the Board of Estimate from a committee representing the police patrolmen, asking for increases in salaries.

It was requested that the first grade be increased from $1,400 a year to $1,600; second grade, $1,350 to $1,500; third grade, $1,250 to $1,400; fourth grade, $1,150 to $1,300; fifth grade, $1,000 to $1,200; sixth grade, $900 to $1,100, and seventh grade, $800 to $1,000. The petition will be referred to the committee on salaries and grades.

MAY DOUBLE-DECK 42D ST.

City Engineer Discusses the Plan with Chairman Willcox.

Chief Engineer E. P. Goodrich of the Bureau of Encumbrances of the Department of Highways called yesterday on Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission and discussed the proposal to double-deck Forty-second Street between Fifth and Lexington Avenues. At that point there are to be many subways, including the present line, the Steinway tunnel connection, and the McAdoo tubes. Each of these underground railways will necessarily construct just below the surface for the convenience of their passengers short passenger thoroughfares. It is now suggested that these should be united in one highway between the avenues named.

The cost, it is estimated, would be about $250,000 more than is called for by the plans already in contemplation, and Mr. Goodrich said that the consents of the proprietors of the Hotels Belmont and Manhattan and of the New York Central Railroad had already been obtained.

It has also been suggested that the same plan should be adopted for other congested streets, especially in Nassau Street from Brooklyn Bridge to Wall Street.

ART IN HOUSE DECORATION.

Furniture Exposition This Winter Will Show Progress in This Line.

The study of industrial art as applied to interior decorations will form the groundwork of the initial Furniture and Decorative Art Exposition, which will open at the New Grand Central Palace, Lexington Avenue and Forty-sixth Street, on January 12 and continue for ten days.

The project is supported by a committee consisting of John W. Alexander, President of the School Art League; Frank Alonah Parsons, Vice President of the New York School of Applied Design; Le Mont A. Warner, Professor of Household Fine Arts, Columbia University; William Sloane Coffin, President of the Department of Architecture, Brooklyn Institute of Arts and Sciences; James Parton Haney, Vice President of the School Art League; Edward P. Sperry, Director of the New York School of Applied Design for Women, and Eugene Pitou, Jr., Secretary of the Municipal Art Society.

In connection with the exposition arrangements have been made for the display of a loan exhibition of artistic work in furniture. It will include not only furniture, but tapestries and rugs. The first meeting of the committee will be held to-morrow afternoon at the Aldine Club, when plans for the exposition will be perfected.

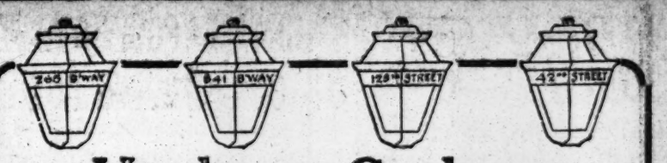
TO SAVE SHORE PARK TO CITY

Prendergast Will Report to Keep Option on Rockaway Beach Land.

Controller Prendergast will report today to the Board of Estimate in favor of the city's retaining its option on the property at Rockaway Beach, which it is proposed to use for a park. The option was obtained from the Neponsit Realty Company at the suggested price of $1,225,000, and is immediately west of a development of the company.

The special committee to which the laying out of a park at Rockaway Beach was referred recommended on July 27 the acceptance of two options submitted by the company, one giving the right to the city to buy at private sale all the property at $1,225,000, and the other giving the city the right to buy at the same figure any award that Commissioners in condemnation proceedings might make. The recommendation was acted upon favorably, and a resolution was adopted on Aug. 3 making provision for acquiring the land.

The engineer reported that maps have been prepared showing the land to be acquired. It comprises 262,577 acres, the assessed valuation of the property being approximately $490,000.



Hackett, Carhart Men's Fall Suits $15 to $45

Presenting an assortment of garments unique in the integrity of their workmanship and fabric.

Presenting a collection of New York styles especially designed for New York men.

Select from over 200 different styles and over 30 different models.

Suits Special:

At $13.50

Men's and Young Men's Suits in the new grays, tans and browns. Garments specially tailored during dull season to keep our tailoring organization intact. Made from fabrics bought under price. Standard $18 values.

At $17.50

Suits of splendid tailoring cut on the most advanced fall models and made of exclusive fabric styles. All the season's latest designs and colorings are represented in this assortment. Values up to $25 are included.

Men's and Young Men's Suits, $25

A very special price for garments of the extreme fine quality evident in these suits. All that best fabrics, best tailoring and best styling can impart to clothes is embodied in these.

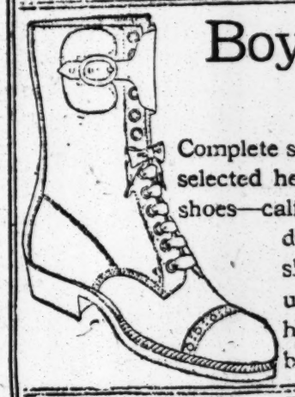
Hackett, Carhart & Co. INC. RETAIL

E. E. TURLINGTON, Vice-President

265 Broadway, Near Chambers St. | 841 Broadway, Corner 13th St. | 119 W. 42d St., Near Broadway | 125th Street, Near 3d Avenue

Harlem and 42d Street Stores Open Evenings

Andrew Alexander



Boys' and Girls' Shoes

Complete school outfits can be quickly selected here — tan and black storm shoes—calfskin and patent leather for dress — pumps, slippers, gym shoes—all of correct design and unquestioned quality. We have been shoeing college boys for more than fifty years.

SIXTH AVENUE AT NINETEENTH STREET.

B. Altman & Co.

HAVE READY THEIR AUTUMN STOCK OF

MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S GARMENTS

WHICH INCLUDE SUITS, DRESSES, ETC., SUITABLE FOR SCHOOL AND COLLEGE OUTFITS.

JUNIOR TAILOR-MADE SUITS IN THE NEWEST FABRICS AND STYLES; REGULATION SAILOR SUITS AND DRESSES OF SERGE AND OTHER CLOTHS; AFTERNOON DRESSES OF VELVETEEN AND CRÊPE METEOR; AND OF CHIFFON, NET, ETC., FOR EVENING WEAR; MOTOR AND TRAVELING COATS; WAISTS OF CHIFFON OR SATIN; EVENING WRAPS OF VARIOUS MATERIALS.

CHILDREN'S GARMENTS IN SIZES FOUR TO FOURTEEN YEARS.

ESPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO POPULAR GOODS AT VERY MODERATE PRICES.

B. Altman & Co.

ARE SHOWING THEIR AUTUMN & WINTER STOCK OF

MARVEX GLOVES

MADE BY TRÉFOUSSE ET CIE., CHAUMONT, FRANCE, AND SOLD EXCLUSIVELY BY B. ALTMAN & CO.

MEN'S, WOMEN'S AND CHILDREN'S KIDSKIN GLOVES, IN GLACÉ AND SUÈDE, FOR STREET OR EVENING WEAR.

Fifth Avenue, 34th and 35th Streets, New York.

GIMBELS

Store Closes Daily at 6 P. M.

Exquisite Silks for Evening And Bridal Gowns

Just a glimpse of these beautiful fabrics with their *pianissimo* hues, suggests faint strains from an orchestra, and the luxuriant growth of potted palms.

From them the dressmaking triumphs of the social season will be evolved—for, in gathering them, we have levied upon the latest crowning achievements of the silk-weaving world.

The softest, most gracefully draping Silks are in highest favor; and orchid, coral, green and purple, are, with white, the ruling colorings. Among the newest fabrics are:

Satin Crepe Meteor, double width, **$2 to $3 yard.**
Crepe Charmeuse, double width, **$2.50 to $3.50 yard.**
Dress Satin, wide widths, **$2 to $5 yard.**
Paquin Crepe, white, 42 inches, **$3.50 yard.**
Satin Mirabella, 42-inch, **$3 yard.**
Exquisite Bordered Chiffons, double width, **$1.50 to $11.50 yard.** **Second Floor**

The Root of Good Style Is The CORSET

The woman who understands the art of dressing acknowledges this fact, and she also realizes that she must first acquiesce to Fashion's new corset modes if she desires to be correctly gowned. So for these reasons every well-dressed woman should be glad to hear that the

New Corset Modes
Are Now Being Presented in
The Pink Shop

The Eugenie *La Markette* *The Royal Duchess*

Corsets are made exclusively for Gimbels by the foremost Corsetieres of the world. The Eugenie is the finest French creation.
Second Floor

INNOVATION Trunks at $45 In Exclusive Gimbel Models

The usual INNOVATION Trunks at this price, for men and women, have hat compartments which cannot be used for any other purpose. We have retained the hat holders in these Gimbel models, but we have added two drawers in each case, which utilize the space that is otherwise empty if hats are not carried.

By means of this improvement, either type of trunk may be used with comfort by men or women.

We have in stock all the regular styles of these famous Trunks —36 in all—at **$30, $45, $55, $60, $65 and $75. Fifth floor**

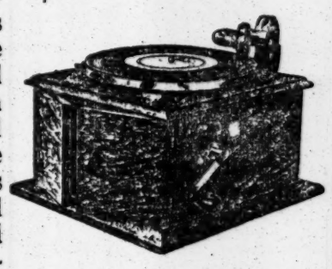
Arrived!—1500 More of the Remarkable
Aluminum Saucepan Sets At $1.10, Regularly $1.85

The demand for these splendid sets of Saucepans in three sizes has been simply extraordinary. They are THE feature of the September Housewares Sale—and we are fortunate to have another supply rushed to us from the manufacturers. But, judging from previous selling, even these 1500 Sets won't stay here long.

Other specially priced Aluminum Ware:
Berlin Kettles, 2-qt. size, regularly 85c, now 65c.
Windsor Kettles with covers, 4-qt. size, $1.40; 5-qt. size, $1.50; 6-qt. size, $1.65.

See our demonstration of Wear-Ever Aluminum Griddle Cake Pans, regularly $2.35, now $2.05; *and taste the Griddle Cakes.* **Fifth floor**

The Victor's Latest Achievement:
VICTROLA
Hornless Talking Machines
At $15



Many music-lovers who have admired the Victrola's wonderful powers of reproduction of all sorts of vocal and instrumental music, have felt that its price was beyond them. Now all these will be delighted that all the splendid Victrola features have been successfully embodied in a new model to sell for the extremely low price of **$15.**

This new Victrola, like all the others, of the hornless type, the music coming from an enclosed compartment which amplifies the sound, and with small doors, which enable you to increase or diminish the loudness of the tone, as you desire.

The new Victrola IV. at **$15** is equipped with the latest Victor improvements, including the exhibition sound box, Victor tapering tone arm, goose-neck sound box tube and 10-inch turn table thus insuring to you the true Victor quality. It will play any record in the Victor catalog.

You may obtain this new Victrola, while the present limited supply lasts,

For $1 Down and $1 Weekly

All other types of Victrolas in stock, at **$50, $75, $100, $150, $200 and $250** on easy terms ranging from **$1** down and **$1** a week, to **$15** down and **$15** monthly. **Fourth Floor**

News from the Front In the CHINA SALE

JUST OFF THE STEAMER is a choice consignment of English Plates, Cups and Saucers, which we were fortunate enough to secure to sell for at least a third less than usual.

The Tea Cups and Saucers, regularly 65c, are **40c.**

The Plates, in salad and dessert sizes, regularly 45c, are **30c.**

Odd service Plates, of fine English China—a sample collection, regularly $1 to $7.50 each, are **60c to $3.75.**

Also Tea Cups and Saucers, of English China from our own stock, regularly 60c, are **25c.**

BUT THERE ARE OTHER REASONS for rejoicing over the economies presented by this September China Sale. For example:

Fine Thin American Porcelain Dinner Sets, 100 pieces, a special purchase for this September Sale, $10 set.

Fine Austrian China Plates, large flower decoration, reg. 35c, now 15c.

Fine Limoges China Dinner Sets, 112 pieces, all gold-stippled edges, regularly $45, now **$27.50.**

Fine Austrian China Dinner Sets, 100 pieces, new pink decoration, our own sets, regularly $22, now **$15.**

English Porcelain Dinner Sets, Canton blue, underglaze decoration, our own stock $10, now **$7.50.**

Wedgwood China Service Plates, maroon and gold border, regularly $15, now **$9.75.**

Chocolate cups and saucers, tea cups and saucers, after-dinner cups and saucers of English china, many decorations, taken from regular stock, regularly **$2.75, now 65c to $1.50.**

Art Objects

This is the wedding season, when fine gifts are most wanted. Our Art Pieces of Bronze, Marble Pedestals, Sevres or Vienna Vases, all come in for the same deep reduction of prices that is so marked throughout the section.

Some of the pieces are as follows:

$75 Vienna Hand-painted Vase, now **$48.50.**

$60 Vienna Hand-painted Vase, now **$37.50.**

$38.75 Bronze Figure, now **$18.75.**

$85 Sevres Vase with bronze mountings, now **$42.50.**

$50 Vienna Vase, now **$32.50.**

$75 real Bronze figure, now **$48.**

$65 Vienna Vase, now **$32.50.**

$67.50 Sevres Vase, with gold-bronze mounting, now **$33.75.**

$55.50 Bronze Vase, now **$27.50.**

$10.75 Marble Bust, now **$5.50.**

$55.50 (Group) now **$37.50.**

$135 Real Bronze Group, now **$90.**

$85 Marble Bust, now **$50.**

$50 Onyx Pedestal, now **$35.**

$85 Marble Pedestal, now **$50.**

$42.50 French Onyx Pedestal, **$30.**

$65 French Pedestal of dark marble, now **$42.** **Fifth floor**

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CLARK ACCUSES TAFT OF USURPING POWER

Says He Had No Legal Right to Dictate to Arizona Regarding Its Constitution.

CRITICISES TARIFF VETOES

Speaker Praises Record of Democrats in Congress—Welcomed to His Kentucky Birthplace.

LAWRENCE, Ky., Sept. 20.—Champ Clark, Speaker of the National House of Representatives, "came home" to-day to make a speech in behalf of the State Democratic ticket. An escort of 100 men who were pupils of Mr. Clark when he taught school in Anderson County nearly forty years ago were at the station to welcome him. Mr. Clark was born in Anderson County, near Lawrenceburg, sixty-three years ago, and was educated at Transylvania University, Lexington. Thirty-five years ago he removed with his family to Missouri.

James B. McCreary, Democratic nominee for Governor; Congressman Ollie James, and others of National prominence took part in welcoming Mr. Clark.

Mr. Clark said in part:

"Triumphant Democracy is now the resounding theme of every tongue. After seventeen years of wandering in the wilderness we this day stand upon Mount Victory and look into the Promised Land which we will enter and possess in 1912.

"Democrats everywhere are cheerful, hopeful, confident, united, and aggressive, while our Republican friends are sad, hopeless, despondent, on the defensive, and split into bitter factions, constantly at each other's throats. From ocean to ocean they are fighting each other like the cats of Kilkenny. President Taft leading the standpat faction, while Senator Robert Marion La Follette—'Fighting Bob,' as his followers love to call him—heads the insurgents. With them it is war to the knife and the knife to the hilt.

"One of the chief reasons why we won in 1910 was that the Democrats and insurgent Republicans in Congress kept constantly hammering on the broken promises of the Republican standpatters, on their gross perfidy to their pledges, and upon their scorn of the righteous demands of the people. We appealed to the country on that record and won an astonishing victory which, let us hope, is only the beginning of a long series of victories for lower taxes, for greater economies, and for better government.

"The new Democratic House has made a record so splendid as to surprise our friends and dumbfound our enemies. The great battle of 1912 must be fought on the splendid record of the Democrats in this Congress, and upon that record we can win not only next year but for years to come.'

"The very best and most important result of the extraordinary session was that we formed the habit of acting and pulling together and have come to take pride in so doing.

"We did not pass the Reciprocity bill to please President Taft, but because it will help to lower the tariff. But defective as it is, the Reciprocity bill is a step in the right direction—that is, in the direction of reducing the high protective tariff to a revenue basis.

"The President's veto of the Statehood resolution was made upon doubtful constitutional authority. After an enabling act is passed and after a Territory, in conformity therewith, has adopted a Constitution providing a republican form of government, she is entitled to admission. In his veto the President asserts that the principal point at issue was the recall, particularly the recall of Judges. He is entirely mistaken.

"The provisions to go into a State Constitution do not depend, under the Federal Constitution, upon the whim, prejudice, or taste of the man who happens to occupy the White House, or of the men who happen to be Representatives or Senators in Congress, but upon the will of the voters of the State itself; but the President seems to be laboring under the delusion that he knows better what the people of Arizona need and desire than they know themselves, and that his wishes and desires rather than theirs should be incorporated into their Constitution, which is a queer opinion to be entertained by an American President."

Referring to President Taft's veto of the various tariff bills, Mr. Clark said:

"The language of the President's veto messages raises a very grave question. He seems to think that Congress should not consider or pass any tariff bills except such as he recommends, which is reversing the modus operandi of making tariff bills provided by the Fathers of the Republic. The assumption that Congress shall neither consider nor pass a tariff bill until recommended by the President is not only absurd but is revolutionary, utterly subversive of our theory of legislation, and if submitted to will be only another long step in the process of usurpation which in late years has so greatly increased the powers of the Executive at the expense of the legislative branch of Government.

"For the last thirty-odd years the enormously increased patronage of the Executive has increased his power to an extent never dreamed of by the founders of the Republic, and which should set men to seriously thinking as to whether so much power in the hands of one man is entirely salutary."

MAXIMUM FINE FOR SPEEDER.

Recorder at East Orange Draws Attention to Reckless Automobiling.

Special to The New York Times.

EAST ORANGE, N. J., Sept. 20.—For the first time since the passage of the New Jersey Automobile act, Recorder Nott of this city fined a speeder to-day $100. In imposing the fine he referred to the charge made to the Essex Grand Jury yesterday by Chief Justice William S. Gummere of the Supreme Court drawing attention to the reckless automobile speeding and to the four recent fatalities which were directly due to it.

The defendant was Guy M. Reynolds of Reynolds & Erwin, owners of a Newark garage. He is also instructor in the Newark Y. M. C. A. Automobile Training School. He was convicted of "burning up" North Arlington Avenue on Monday and refusing to obey an order of Policeman Flannery to stop.

Recorder Nott announced a long time ago that he would fine all speeders the limit of $100 unless they pleaded guilty, in which event $25 would be taken from the maximum sum. The Recorder said he considered it a duty in this case to impose a heavy fine, but he invited Charles B. Clancy, attorney for the convicted man, to appeal. The appeal will be taken.

JOHN DOE 93 GETS A HOME.

Child Found Last July Is Adopted by a Well-to-Do Family.

A two-and-a-half-year-old boy, found at Thirty-third Street and Second Avenue one night last July, has been placed by the Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children in the home of a well-to-do family in another city.

Although the boy was kept for two months in the hope that his parents would claim him, he has remained unidentified. The boy is too small to tell even his first name. At the society he is known as "John Doe, No. 93."

The family into which he has been adopted has promised to give him the best education possible and the society will keep track of him to see he remains happy and well cared for. Since the society began advertising for his parents they have received no less than sixty offers to adopt him. A ten-year-old girl wrote to the society saying she wanted him to come and be her little brother. A retired actress who lives on a farm with four adopted children also wanted him. Several pathetic letters also were received from parents who thought the boy might be their own lost child.

Picnic Rally for Leader Ahearn.

The Minnetonka Club, the Tammany organization of the Nineteenth Assembly District, is to have a free dance and picnic to-night in the Manhattan Casino. It will be the last entertainment before the primary election on Sept. 26, and it is planned to make it a rally to Leader James Ahearn, who is a candidate for re-election as leader.

RUSSIAN DANCERS REMAIN.

Only Lopoukowa and Volinine Leave Gertrude Hoffmann's Company.

The departure of Lydia Lopoukowa and Alexander Volinine from the Russian ballets at Minneapolis Tuesday night will not affect the tour of Gertrude Hoffmann and the other Russian dancers in the slightest, according to Morris Gest, managing director with F. Ray Comstock of "La Saison des Ballets Russes." That Lopoukowa and Volinine have left the company Mr. Gest did not deny, but he explained that their defection concerned only themselves, and that the other Russian dancers had no intention of leaving.

"The company remains intact, with the exception of Lopoukowa and Volinine," said Mr. Gest, "and the performances of the ballets will be given exactly the same as they were given at the Winter Garden during the illness of Lopoukowa. 'Les Sylphides' is the only ballet in which she and Volinine have been appearing recently, and hereafter these dances will be given by Mlle. Marie Baldina and four men dancers, instead of only one man, as at the Winter Garden. These will be Theodore Kosloff of the Imperial Theatre, Moscow; Leo Pernikoff of the Imperial Theatre, Prague; Gustave Ricaux of the Paris Opera House, and Pierre Thomas of the Paris Opera House.

"Miss Hoffmann has added a new vaudeville revue to the entertainment in order to make the performance longer. It was found that only the three ballets of 'Cleopatre,' 'Les Sylphides,' and 'Sheherazade' were not long enough to satisfy the audiences. The revue of Miss Hoffmann's is introduced immediately after 'Les Sylphides,' which comes as the second part of the programme."

Mr. Gest will leave to-morrow for San Francisco to make arrangement for the appearance there of Miss Hoffmann and the company. The ballets will be given in Winnipeg to-night, and the organization will go thence to British Columbia and then down the Pacific Coast. The tour is expected to cover the entire United States.

TO CHEAPEN MOTOR SUPPLIES

International Co-operative Organization of Taxicab Concerns.

Announcement was made yesterday of the formation of the International Motor Service Association, a co-operative organization of taxicab and motor transportation companies. The founder of the association is Charles C. James, a pioneer in the taxicab industry. Its primary purpose is to increase the purchasing power of individual companies by a concentration of the purchases of supplies. These purchases exceed $12,000,000 annually.

It is said that 500 firms throughout the country have banded together, and it is the purpose of the organization to extend its activities to Europe. Mr. James has gathered statistics to show that the motor service companies of America purchase annually 18,000,000 gallons of gasoline, 200,000 gallons of lubricating oil, 250,000 tires, 500,000 inner tires, 25,000 chains, and 1,000 motor vehicles, and expend $1,000,000 in insurance. He has already perfected arrangements whereby constituent operating companies in the various cities can purchase supplies at associated prices. The new organization will give discounts to members upon the purchase through it of taxicabs, motor cabs, and trucks of any make.

The association will open a New York office.

PASSENGERS FROM EUROPE.

Some of the Arrivals on the Caronia and Oceanic.

The transatlantic steamships arriving yesterday and some of their passengers were:

CARONIA, (Liverpool)—Mr. and Mrs. Joseph S. Auerbach, Dr. George W. A. Badgerow, Mr. and Mrs. James Lenox Banks, Mrs. G. B. Bartlett, Mrs. J. J. Bratton, Mr. and Mrs. Arnold Brunner, Mr. and Mrs. C. W. Chapin, Mrs. Rose E. Courtnay, Mr. and Mrs. Robert M. Coyle, Col. and Mrs. C. E. Davis, the Rev. and Mrs. F. B. Dwight, Miss Josephine Fant, Mr. and Mrs. James Hay, Prof. and Mrs. Rufus M. Jones, Mr. and Mrs. Le Roy King, Mr. and Mrs. Sanford Burritt Ladd, Mr. and Mrs. Louis B. McCagg, Frank E. O'Reilly, Mr. and Mrs. William Earby Rhein, Miss L. Cotheal Smith, Mr. and Mrs. George Strawbridge, Prof. Swale Vincent, and Mr. and Mrs. H. Evan Williams.

OCEANIC, (Southampton)—Mr. and Mrs. M. M. Ackers, Loring Andrews, Mrs. George Austin, Phelps Barnum, Charles B. Blanchard, Miss M. Cass Canfield, Mr. and Mrs. Ansell G. Cook, Arthur Hearn Crandall, Mr. and Mrs. E. V. P. Douglas, Count and Countess Charles des Esnards, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert L. Fordham, Mr. and Mrs. Lion Gilbert, Mrs. F. Grey Griswold, Prof. George Hempel, Charles T. Hinde, Judge and Mrs. Alexander P. Humphreys, Mr. and Mrs. Henry T. Johnson, Dr. F. P. Kinniutt, Mr. and Mrs. Sanford B. Knapp, Mr. and Mrs. Wilton Lackaye, Henry W. Munroe, Col. and Mrs. Sigo Meyers, Mr. and Mrs. William C. Orr, Judge Arthur B. Ollaway, Mr. and Mrs. E. P. Parmlee Prentice, Gen. Ralph E. Prime, Mr. and Mrs. James Tolman Pyle, Montgomery Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Seaton, Mr. and Mrs. Miles White, and Thornton Woodbury.

Taft May Be Here Columbus Night.

If President Taft's itinerary will permit he will be a guest of honor at the Columbus Day banquet to be held in the Hotel Astor on the night of Oct. 12. The committee named by Mayor Gaynor to arrange the programme for the first civic celebration of Columbus Day received word yesterday from the President that if other arrangements do not prevent he will be on hand at the banquet in the evening. As it is the desire of the committee that all expenses shall be defrayed by popular contributions, a request for funds has been sent out. Contributions will be received by Treasurer Alfred L. Seligman at the headquarters of the committee, 53 Park Row.

TAFT WILL JUSTIFY HIS TARIFF VETOES

President to Deliver Important Speech at Grand Rapids, Mich., To-day.

PLEADS FOR PEACE TREATIES

Also for Those with Nicaragua and Honduras, with Whom We Should Be Neighborly, He Says.

MARQUETTE, Mich., Sept. 20.—President Taft ended his two days' visit to the upper peninsula of Michigan to-day, and to-night is retracing his line of travel from the north. He is due in Grand Rapids early to-morrow morning, and while there will deliver one of the most important speeches of the trip—a defense of his veto of the Woolen Free List and Cotton Tariff bills.

The President was pleased with the warmth of his reception here. The upper peninsula is as solidly Republican as any part of the country, and the President found cheering throngs wherever he went. The atmosphere was surcharged with politics throughout the day, but Mr. Taft steered clear of the subject. His principal address was an appeal for public suport of the general arbitration treaties with Great Britain and France. He listened to a good, old-fashioned Republican campaign speech from Representative Young, in which the Congressman took occasion to make a few pointed remarks about different brands of progressiveness.

Senator Townsend, who has accompanied the President ever since he entered Michigan, also drifted into politics, and denounced Mr. Taft's critics as belonging generally to a class of "selfish politicians."

While in this city Mr. Taft was only ninety miles from the Wisconsin border. He will not touch that State, however, until the return journey from the Pacific Coast.

It was in introducing President Taft to an immense throng in a three-ring circus tent, brought from Chicago for the occasion, that Representative Young made his political address. He referred to Mr. Taft as having taken office at a time when constructive work was needed and not a tearing down.

"He has been wisely, prudently, and consistently progressive," said Mr. Young. "He is the greatest living representative of genuine constructive progressiveness. On the other hand there is a spurious progressiveness at which cynics laugh and angels weep."

Mr. Young praised the President for his veto of the Statehood bills because of the judiciary recall, declaring that it was an act of courage and wisdom equal to Grant's veto of the Inflation bill, and that it placed Mr. Taft in the very first rank of American statesmen and patriots.

Mr. Taft launched into an explanation of the arbitration treaties, his address following the lines of those made at Erie, Penn., and Pontiac, Mich. Senator Townsend listened intently to what the President said, and when he spoke a few minutes later, pledged his support to the ratification of the pacts.

Mr. Taft said that one of his important missions on the present trip was to make the peace treaties more generally understood. In Erie he received a pledge from Senator Oliver to vote for the treaties, so Senator Townsend was the second to fall in line. Mr. Taft believes that while a majority of the Senate Foreign Relations committee is against the treaties, a majority of the Senate proper is not. He is very well satisfied with the fruits of his early missionary work, and with the interest displayed in the subject of peace.

President Taft also referred to the pending Nicaraguan and Honduran treaties and urged their ratification by the Senate. The United States, he said, has a certain guardianship over the Republics of Central America which it must not shirk. In this connection he referred to the Santo Domingo treaty, negotiated by ex-President Roosevelt. It was the first mention of Col. Roosevelt's name during the trip, but came in such a casual way as to be entirely overlooked by the audience. The success of the fiscal arrangements made in Santo Domingo, Mr. Taft said, brought about the pending treaties with Honduras and Nicaragua.

"We are a great nation and have been made prosperous by the blessing of God," concluded the President, "and we owe to our less fortunate neighbors that come under our guardianship the same degree of neighborly feeling and aid that a successful man in a community owes to his less fortunate fellow citizens. Therefore, I think the Senate ought to confirm those treaties. Let us go on doing good."

At Grand Rapids to-morrow the President will again be met by Senator William Alden Smith, who was prevented from making the journey to the upper peninsula by the illness of his father. Gov. Osborn to-day sent another message filled with praise for President Taft. He was unable to attend the Marquette celebration on account of the wedding of his daughter to-day at Sault Ste. Marie.

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SYMPHONY SOCIETY'S PLANS.

Walter Damrosch's Concerts to Open with a Liszt Festival on Oct. 27.

The plans for the coming season of the Symphony Society of New York were issued yesterday. Eight Friday afternoon and sixteen Sunday afternoon concerts, under the direction of Walter Damrosch, are announced to be given at the Century Theatre. The Friday concerts will be devoted entirely to programmes designed for advanced music students. Soloists will be employed only as they happen to fit into this scheme, and it is intended that this series shall do for advanced music students just what Mr. Damrosch is already doing for beginners in his Symphony Concerts for Young People.

The programmes of these eight concerts as outlined by Mr. Damrosch will contain no works of an experimental nature, but will represent only the highest attainments in orchestral music. They will illustrate the development of symphonic music, from the concerto and suite of Bach and Handel, to the complicated symphony of to-day. An explanatory discourse of twenty minutes by Mr. Damrosch will precede each programme.

The Sunday afternoon concerts are a different matter. There will be many novelties on these programmes, including Sir Edward Elgar's new second symphony, which will have its first performance in New York on Dec. 8; George Chadwick's new symphonic suite, and Henry Hadley's "The Culprit Fay."

In commemoration of the centennial of the birth of Franz Liszt, Oct. 22, 1911, the season will open with a Liszt festival on the first Friday and Sunday afternoon of the season, Oct. 27 and 29. The programmes will be devoted exclusively to compositions of this master and will include the "Faust" symphony. The soloist will be Harold Bauer.

On March 1 the St. Cecilia Club of Women's Voices (Victor Harris, conductor) will take part in the programme. George W. Chadwick of Boston has been engaged to conduct his symphonic suite. There will be two Beethoven programmes, and symphonies will be played during the season by Rachmaninoff, Mozart, Schumann, Tschaikowsky, Enesco, Dvorak, Berlioz, and others. In the week of March 25 the Symphony Society will combine with the Oratorio Society, of which Frank Damrosch is the conductor, for a Brahms festival of four extra concerts to be given at Carnegie Hall. The programmes will include the four symphonies, the German Requiem, and others of the most important choral and instrumental works of Brahms.

The soloists so far engaged include Miss Kathleen Parlow, Harold Bauer, Mme. Jomelli, Miss Christine Miller, Wilhelm Bachaus, Arthur Shattuck, and Joska Szigeti.

THE PHILHARMONIC'S SEASON

Orchestra, Under New Conductor, Josef Stransky, Has Many Soloists.

Detailed plans for the Philharmonic Society's season are given in a revised prospectus to be issued shortly. Under the leadership of its new conductor, Josef Stransky, the orchestra will open its season in Carnegie Hall Thursday evening, Nov. 2. The first concert of the Friday series will be given the following afternoon, and the first of the Sunday series on the afternoon of Nov. 5. There will again be sixteen concerts in the weekday subscription pairs and eight concerts in the Sunday series, the only change involving a substitution of Thursday for Tuesday evenings.

In Brooklyn five Sunday afternoon concerts will again be given, while on the road the number of concerts will be greatly increased, the tour for the first time extending as far West as the Missouri River.

The list of soloists for the season is a long one. Headed by Mme. Gadski and Mme. Nordica, the list includes Alessandro Bonci, tenor; Efrem Zimbalist, violinist; Josef Lhevinne, pianist; Arthur Friedheim, pianist; Kathleen Parlow, violinist; Henry B. Schmitt, violinist; Katherine Goodson, pianist; Mme. Frances Alda, soprano; Ludwig Hess, tenor; Leo Scholz, 'cellist; Harold Bauer, pianist, and Ernest Hutcheson, pianist.

In order that two pairs of concerts in the regular subscription series shall be choral-symphonic in character, the society has obtained the co-operation of the MacDowell Chorus, Kurt Schindler, conductor, for a special Liszt centenary programme, which will include the Dante Symphony, and also for two performances of the Beethoven "Ninth Symphony," which will bring the season to a close.

Court Won't Punish Lou Betts.

The application of Mrs. Anna Betts, wife of Lou Betts, to have him punished for contempt of court in failing to pay her $600 a month alimony pending her suit for separation, as ordered by Justice Bischoff, was denied yesterday by Justice Gavegan in the Supreme Court. The court held that there was not sufficient proof that the demand for the payment of the alimony had been made upon Betts. The defendant was ordered to bring the two children from Richmond, Va., to this city and leave them in an institution pending the settlement of the controversy as to their custody.

GIRL SURRENDERS JEWELS.

School Miss Turns Over to the Police Gifts from Clarence Hart.

Anna Gonzales, a 16-year-old schoolgirl of 204 Front Street, Brooklyn, called at Brooklyn Police Headquarters yesterday afternoon and turned over two rings, a necklace, and a bracelet, which she said had been given to her by her former sweetheart, Clarence Hart, the young man arrested on Tuesday charged with looting the home of Mrs. Florence Coyne at 241 State Street.

The girl had read accounts of the arrest of Hart in the morning newspapers, and, fearing that the gifts made by Hart had been stolen, she decided to consult the police. She said she had known Hart for some time, and that he was a frequent caller at her home, her parents thinking him a model young man. The mystery of the watch found in Hart's room at 321 President Street, bearing the inscription "From Clarence to Anna, Oct. 8, 1911," was explained. The girl said that her birthday is Oct. 8, and that Hart had promised her a watch as a birthday gift.

Hart is in the Raymond Street Jail.

FATHER AND SON HIT BY CAR.

Former's Leg Broken, but Will Recover Despite His 80 Years—Other Little Hurt.

Men who described themselves as Prof. Le Netaver De Guvchkinville, 80 years old, and his son Raoul, 42 years old, both living at 343 West Seventeenth Street, were run down yesterday by a Seventh Avenue car at Nineteenth Street. The father's left leg was fractured and he was removed to Bellevue Hospital by Dr. Ross. The son was badly shaken up, but returned home.

The older man said he was a French nobleman, and that after the Franco-Prussian War he had emigrated to Canada. He had been in the ribbon business in France, and in Canada had continued it, but his failing sight had forced him to give it up.

From Canada, de Guvchkinville said, he came to this city with his son and a daughter, Elisa, who is blind. The son, Raoul, said they now support themselves by dealing in rare coins. The father is known to his neighbors as the "Count."

At the hospital it was said de Guvchkinville will recover, despite his extreme age.

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MATT WELLS DEFEATS ABE ATTELL IN RING

British Lightweight Champion Outpoints American Featherweight Title-Holder.

Abe Attell found his master at the finer points of the Queensberry art last night in his ten-round bout with Matt Wells, the English lightweight champion, at Madison Square Garden. Wells outweighed Attell by eight or ten pounds and combined to this extra weight was cleverness that in every way compared favorably with that of the featherweight champion. In the past Attell has found lightweights almost as easy to outpoint as boys of his own class, but he picked out too difficult a proposition for himself when he agreed to box with Wells.

It was a battle of left hands, and the sturdy left of the English champion basked in the spotlight practically all the way. Wells had a way of getting that left through Attell's guard, and Abe seemed powerless to protect his face from colliding with it. The last round found Abe still engaged in the task of trying to block that left. Most of the time it was a short straight jab that Wells pushed through Abe's guard, but he varied it considerably and often landed by means of a short hook. A few left swings also found their mark, but long blows last night were the exception and not the rule. At the close of the bout Abe's right eye bore mute testimony to Wells's hard punches, and during the last three rounds Abe's nose bled quite a little.

Attell did not show anything like the confidence that has marked most of his bouts. The uncertainty of his injured arm, and his full realization of Wells's cleverness, undoubtedly led Abe to follow the plan he pursued during the whole ten rounds. Wells did practically all the forcing, and he showed himself superior to his smaller opponent in the parts of the game that were expected to pull Attell through safely.

In footwork Wells showed up just as cleverly as the usually elusive Attell. In jumping away from swings or ducking under them the English champion often brought down the plaudits of the crowd, and in blocking, jabbing, and generalship Wells did not have to run second to the little featherweight. It had been expected that Wells might wear Attell down by his superior weight and ruggedness, but it had not been expected that the Englishman would excel Abe at his own game—clever boxing

Although Wells had the honors by sufficient margin to almost call it an easy victory, Attell put up a good battle under the circumstances. He was repeatedly colliding with stiff punches from the Englishman's left, but he weathered the gale strongly, and only once—in the sixth round—did he show any signs of staggering.

It was in the sixth round that the best work of the bout was shown. For a minute there was nothing of an exciting nature and then the two broke loose with a storm of rapid-fire punches that carried both around the ring, each working as fast as hands can be propelled. For the time defensive work was forgotten, and most every blow that started found its mark. In number of blows Attell had a shade on Wells, but for effectiveness the honors of the round belonged to Wells. His blows carried far more steam and twice he landed on Abe's head with sufficient force to rock the little champion.

Abe's best work was done in the infighting. In the open he met with little success in his efforts to jab Wells, and he had to resort to body punches and short uppercuts in the clinches to get at Wells. In doing this infighting Abe often paid the penalty in the shape of stiff left jabs from Wells at the break.

There were no knock downs, and at no time was Attell in distress. He took many hard lefts and an occasional right—so occasional that right-hand punches appeared strange—but never was he in real distress. Abe's head was tilted back at times as if on springs, but that was the extent of the punches.

Wells had the better of seven of the ten rounds, and in the other three he got no better than an even break. The first was even, being devoted to feeling out tactics by both boxers. Wells began to shoot in that left jab in the second, and gained the honors of the round, following up by taking the third easily, the fourth by a shade, and the fifth easily. In the sixth Attell showed up more strongly than in any other round, but his blows lacked the steam of Wells's punches, which came almost as frequently. In the seventh and ninth Attell got an even break, but Wells led in the other rounds.

RECTOR BADLY BEATEN.

Joe Stein Makes Chopping Block of Jerseyite at Long Acre A. C.

Eddie Rector, the Jersey City welterweight, suffered a hard beating last night from Joe Stein of this city in their ten-round bout at the Long Acre A. C., and only sheer gameness enabled the Jerseyite to stand up under the terrific fusillade of left-hand jabs which Stein handed out.

At the start the contest gave promise of being a good bout, but after the third round it dwindled into a one-sided affair. With Rector doing little more than taking punishment. He occasionally showed a flash of speed and tried to get to Stein, but the latter was too clever for him and managed to get out of many tight places.

The Jersey boxer wore red trunks, and after his mouth was cut in the third round, and later having his left eye cut also, the blood flowed so fast that he was covered from the waist line upward, and stood out like one in a raiment of scarlet.

Bouts at National Club To-night.

Middleweights will occupy the ring to-night at the National Sporting Club when Leo Houck of Philadelphia makes his New York debut against Frank Mantell of Pawtucket, R. I., in the star bout of ten rounds. The Quaker middleweight has made a good impression in his recent bouts, and the indications point to a fast contest when this pair come together. The followers of Mantell are not any too confident of their man, and believe that he will be forced to show his best against the rugged Houck. Houck before he turned to professional baseball last Spring was cleaning up every one that crossed his path in the middleweight class. It is the intention of Manager O'Rourke to match Houck with Frank Klaus if he wins to-night.

GARDEN BOXING LEASE IS VALID

Attorney General's Opinion Given to the New Athletic Commission.

That there will be no annulment of the license of the Madison Square A. C. in so far as its rights to hold boxing bouts in Madison Square Garden are concerned, was made evident yesterday by John J. Dixon, one of the two Commissioners appointed by Gov. Dix to adjudicate on everything pertaining to the sport in the State.

At the close of a meeting of the commission, held in the old Times Building, 41 Park Row, and during the discussion of an anonymous typewritten statement, which stated that the Bar Association and the District Attorney were considering the evidence involving the lease of Madison Square Garden to the Madison Square A. C., and the testimony of Patrick T. Powers and others, both of the Commissioners denied knowing the author.

Mr. Dixon asserted that he did not understand the object of the communication, and further stated: "I know nothing about the letter, but I am free to confess that I think the lease of the Garden by the Madison Square A. C. is absolutely valid, and I have it from the office of the Attorney General of the State that it is legal in every particular.

"Furthermore, it has never been shown, as reported, that contracts have been awarded for the demolition of the building. There has never been a deadlock. Mr. O'Neil has had his idea of the case, and I have had mine, and I know a great deal more about it than I have been given credit for."

William A. McQuaid, in charge of the New York Bureau of the Attorney General's Office, said he had not been asked by the commission, as hinted in the anonymous letter, to bring any action. District Attorney Whitman also repudiated the statement in the letter that his office had been asked to act in the case, or had been consulted at all in any matters concerning the commission. The District Attorney was equally puzzled at the intimation in the letter that the Bar Association had any jurisdiction in the case.

In anticipation of a conference with Commissioner O'Neil, which will take place to-day, Gov. Dix wired for a transcript of all the testimony in relation to the Powers case, thus showing the interest the Chief Executive has in the matter.

"I am sure that the case will be disposed of soon after the Governor appoints another Commissioner," said Mr. O'Neil. "The new Commissioner will have to be chosen from the Second District, and it is quite likely that he will be appointed immediately, as Gov. Dix realizes that it will be impossible for Mr. Sullivan to serve.

"There are a number of applications for the place, although no salary attaches to it. Just as soon as the new man is appointed, a reorganization will be effected, and several vexatious questions disposed of."

The chief action of the committee yesterday proved to be the summoning of Charley White, the referee of the Flynn-Morris fight last week, to show cause why his license as referee should not be revoked. There was a unanimity of opinion on the part of the Commissioners in this matter, each being of the opinion that he should have stopped the bout and prevented the alleged brutality which resulted.

Additional referees were appointed in the persons of John J. O'Brien and Maxwell E. Moore of the New York A. C., John J. Walsh, Pastime A. C., and Charles Draycott, Carlisle A. C., Brooklyn. Licenses were issued to the following clubs, and applications turned over to the Fire Commissioner for his sanction: Irish-American A. C., Houston Hippodrome Company, New York; Spring Valley Country Club, Spring Valley; Greenburg A. C., Elmsford, and Liberal A. C., Staten Island. The next meeting of the commission will be held to-morrow.

ON THE TENNIS COURTS.

In two lively sets Miss Barbara Flemming of the Plainfield Country Club gained her place in the semi-final round of the cup singles yesterday on the courts of the Montclair Athletic Club, at Montclair, N. J. In coming through the first of the field to advance so far Miss Flemming defeated Miss Rowson, at 6—3, 10—8.

Miss Clare Cassell of the Bronxville Athletic Association and Mrs. R. B. Neff of Montclair came through to the fourth round in easy matches. Miss Cassell defeated Miss Cheesman at 6—1, 6—1; and coupled, with Miss Gwyndolyn Rees, the former Minnesota State title holder, for the semi-final, while in the lower section Mrs. Neff defeated Miss Enid Sawyer by the score of 6—love, 6—love. The victory paired her with Miss Marie Wagner for the semi-final round.

The summary:

Women's Cup Singles, Third Round.—Miss Clare Cassell defeated Miss Cheesman, 6—1, 6—1; Miss Gwyndolyn Rees defeated Miss Florence Johnston, by default; Miss Edith M. Handy defeated Miss Louise Hinck, 6—3, 6—2; Mrs. R. B. Neff defeated Miss Enid Sawyer, 6—0, 6—0; Miss Eleanor Souther defeated Mrs. Bertha Bumstead, by default.

Fourth Round.—Miss Barbara Flemming defeated Miss Rowson, 6—3, 10—8.

Women's Doubles, First Round.—Miss Ina A. Kissel and Miss Clare Cassell defeated Mrs. J. A. Hopkins and Miss Leslie Hill, 6—3, 6—1.

Second Round.—Mrs. R. B. Neff and Elizabeth H. Moore defeated Miss Hazel Sredecor and Miss Patience Snedecor, 6—0, 6—0; Miss Edith M. Handy and Miss Gwyndolyn Rees defeated Miss Barbara Flemming and Mrs. Robert A. Pope, 6—3, 6—2; Mrs. A. B. Griffin and Mrs. Adeline Mowry defeated Miss Beatrice Smith and Miss Helen Murphy, 6—0, 6—4.

Third Round.—Miss Dora Goodbody and Miss Rowson defeated Mrs. A. B. Griffin and Mrs. Adeline Mowry, 6—0, 6—4; Miss Marie Wagner and Miss Clara Kuttroff defeated Miss Marjorie Pierson and Miss Ruth Ames, 6—3, 6—4.

Mixed Doubles, Second Round.—Mrs. R. B. Neff and Joseph Merrill defeated Miss Eleanor Souther and W. R. Miles, 10—8, 6—3; Miss Marie Wagner and John Greenleaf defeated Miss Susan Biles and Alfred Uhler, by default; Miss Elizabeth H. Moore and W. C. Grant defeated Miss Clare Cassell and Otto H. Hinck, by default; Miss Mary Thomas and M. W. Bayne defeated Miss Helen Van Vleck and H. Bayne, 8—6, 2—6, 6—4; Mrs. Harold Bradley and Clifford Cairns defeated Mr. and Mrs. Lindley Z. Murray, 6—1, 8—6; Miss Polly Sheldon and Frank B. Hague defeated Miss Barbara Flemming and Gus Hornfeck, 8—6, 6—1.

ROAD DRIVERS MEET.

Will Hold Brushes Every Sunday and Wednesday on Speedway.

Members of the New York Road Drivers' Association held one of the largest meetings in the history of the organization last night in headquarters at Durando's, with many matters of interest to horsemen the subjects of interesting discussion.

In order to comply with the wishes of many followers of the harness, horse game, it was decided to inaugurate Speedway brushing a week from next Sunday, after which similar events will be held every succeeding Wednesday and Sunday, beginning at 2 o'clock. The prizes for these events will be ribbons, and to the horses standing highest in their respective divisions at the expiration of the eighth series, silver cups will be the awards.

In view of the proposition to turn the Speedway over to users of automobiles, the association authorized the appointment of a committee consisting of Andrew Crawford, Dr. H. B. Gill, and Dr. J. H. Ferster, who will confer with the Mayor and the Park Commissioner in an endeavor to prevent any such action.

A number of new members were elected, several of whom are identified with the Parkway Driving Club of Brooklyn. From every standpoint the association proved to be in a prosperous condition.

FINE POLO AT GREAT NECK.

Home Club Freebooters Defeat Cooperstown Four by Half a Goal.

Special to The New York Times.

GREAT NECK, L. I., Sept. 20.—Polo of the championship kind was seen on Grace Field this evening when the Great Neck Freebooters defeated the four from the Cooperstown Country Club by half a goal in the event for the Second Great Neck Challenge Cup after being allowed five goals handicap.

The game was the most exciting that has been seen here this Fall, and was played under conditions which were perfect for good polo, a slight chill in the air giving the players a good cool-out between periods.

The feature of the game was the playing of the Milburn brothers, George and Devereaux. Both played as though in the international match. Time and again they were pitted against each other, and at such times George occasionally played as good a game as his brother, but Devereaux would soon strike his stride and pull his team along again. The line-up:

GREAT NECK FREEBOOTERS.	Hdc.	COOPERSTOWN.	Hdc.
1—W. R. Grace	2	1—F. S. Von Stade	3
2—W. Webb	4	2—C. C. Rumsey	4
3—H. Hadden	4	3—D. Milburn	9
Back—G. Milburn	4	Back—G. Bacon	3
Total	14	Total	19

HILTON GOLF VICTOR AGAIN.

National Champion Defeats Charles Evans, Jr., in Southampton Final.

Special to The New York Times.

SOUTHAMPTON, N. Y., Sept. 20.—Harold Hilton, champion golfer of Great Britain and the United States, won his second tournament in less than a week by defeating Charles Evans, Jr., of Chicago in the final round of the invitation meeting at the National golf links of America to-day. They played in a thirty-six-hole match, Hilton winning by 3 up and 2 to play.

The Briton ended the morning round 3 up, getting a 78 to Evans's 83. Evans got the match all square on two or three occasions, but, excepting a brief period at the start, was always down.

In the beaten eight division Albert Seckel defeated W. K. Simons of Garden City. At the fourteenth hole Simons stood 2 up, but Seckel won the next four holes and ended the morning round 1 up. Throughout the afternoon, Seckel always maintained his advantage and won by 3 up and 2 to play.

Howard Whitney of Nassau won the second sixteen cup, defeating Stewart Stickney of St. Louis 1 up in the final round. The third division trophy went to E. B. Schley of Bernardsville, who beat Frank Bohlen of Philadelphia 6 up and 5 to play. The handicap was won by Max Behr of Morris County with a card of 83—3—80.

THE NEW

CARLTON TERRACE

Broadway and 100th Street

Is not only the most beautiful restaurant in New York, but it has an air of cozy comfortableness about it that makes you feel at ease in what ever part of the room you may sit. The delightful atmosphere of the place is a fine appetizer, the French Cuisine has all the good that Paris offers, without its faults; the splendid music promotes good fellowship and aids digestion.

Service a la Carte. Telephone 1671 Riverside.

THE MONTHLY STYLE BOOK. | THE MONTHLY STYLE BOOK. | THE MONTHLY STYLE BOOK. | THE MONTHLY STYLE BOOK. | THE MONTHLY STYLE BOOK. | THE MONTHLY STYLE BOOK. | THE MONTHLY STYLE BOOK.

The Next Great Step in Advertising

Elimination of waste—the most important present-day development in business.

Business men are learning the importance of counting costs. When we say nowadays that a business is scientifically conducted, we mean that instead of guesswork *exact knowledge* is applied.

If it is necessary to know exactly every unit of manufacturing cost, isn't it just as important to know exactly the cost of marketing—and every unit that enters into that cost?

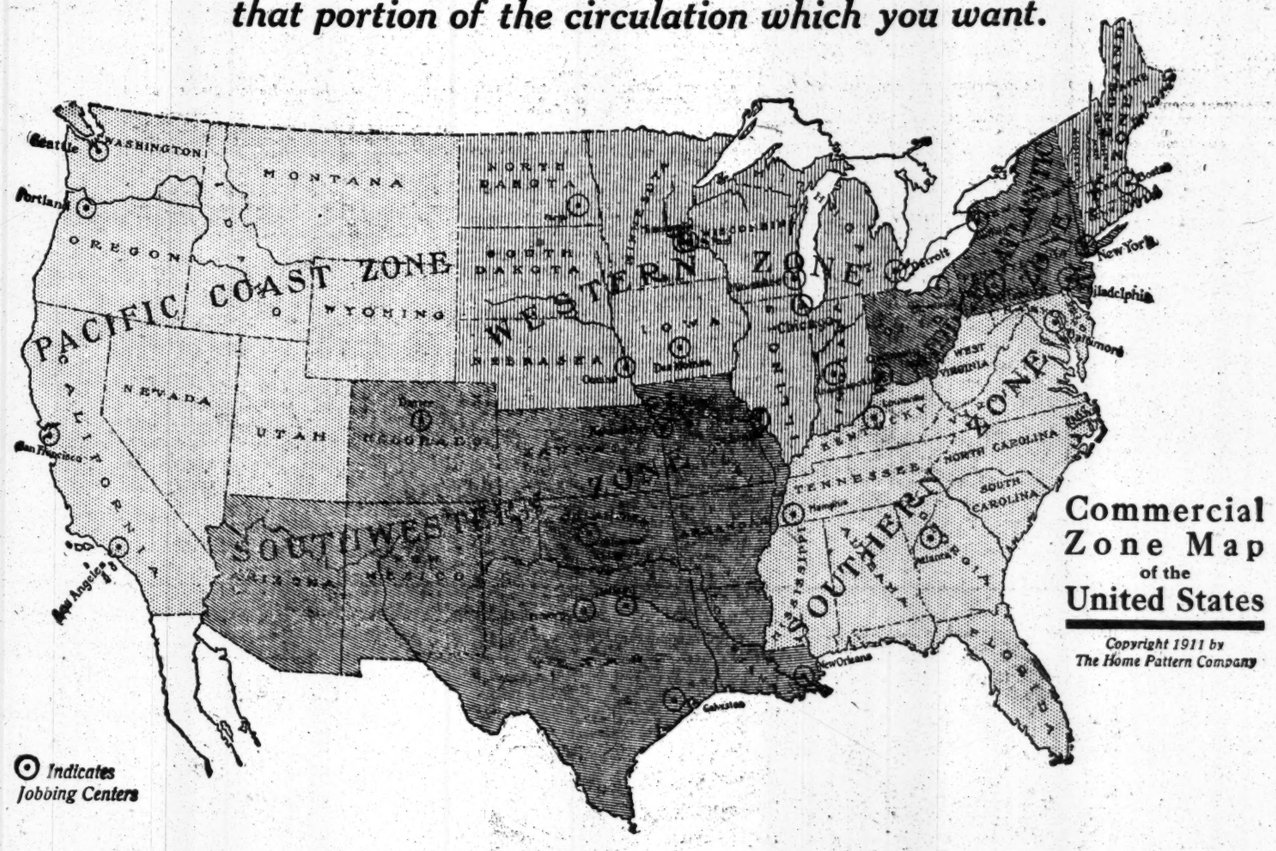
Now, the biggest part of an advertising appropriation goes to buy *space.* This space is just so much raw material. An exact knowledge of that raw material is necessary in order to determine its value to *you.* Why not take the trouble to analyze it as you would analyze any other cost in your business?

And yet advertisers—many of them shrewd, successful business men—*annually waste millions of dollars,* because they will not submit their purchase of advertising space to the same scientific analysis that they apply to the rest of their business.

Advertising isn't really so mysterious a business. It may require an expert to write your copy, but who knows better than yourself just what people you want to have *read* it?

Why should an advertiser allow pride, precedent or prejudice to dictate his advertising expenditure? Why will he painstakingly investigate every scheme for effecting manufacturing economies, however trivial, and yet decide a big advertising campaign with a wave of his hand? Why shouldn't you know as much about your advertising as you know about your plant or your product?

Through The Monthly Style Book you can now for the first time do magazine advertising by zones—commercial zones—paying only for that portion of the circulation which you want.



Commercial Zone Map of the United States

Copyright 1911 by The Home Pattern Company

Commencing with the January 1912 issue, The Monthly Style Book will sell its circulation by zones.

If for any reason you cannot use profitably the entire edition of 2,000,000 that is distributed throughout the United States, you may select one or more of the six Commercial Zones shown on this map, thereby eliminating all circulation that is beyond your reach.

These six zone editions of The Monthly Style Book will be identical in every particular, excepting the pages devoted to individual zone advertising.

Zone Advertising in The Monthly Style Book is just what you need:

1st—If you have a limited territorial distribution, so that national advertising represents too large a circulation waste;

2nd—If you have an uneven distribution and wish to bolster up your weak spots;

3rd—If peculiar trade conditions make it advisable to wage a special campaign in one section of the country;

4th—If you have never used The Monthly Style Book and want to give it a fair test at small cost;

5th—If you have never advertised and want to start right—by zone units.

Talk this over with your advertising agent. See how Zone Advertising fits your own sales plan. A postal will bring you "The Next Great Step in Advertising," explaining our zone plan in detail and showing the zone map in full colors.

Show this zone map to your sales-manager.

Ask him to prepare for you a statement of sales based on the lines of these commercial zones.

Each of the six zones suggests its own peculiar problems and sales-possibilities. Would it not be interesting to know how much you sell in each zone, as well as the comparative cost of selling?

The sales-record will determine your weakness by zones, as well as your strength. It will show you where to make changes and where to add. *It will show you also where to advertise.*

It will show what zone is most responsive, and therefore, what zone circulation is worth most—to *you.* At the same time it will show what circulation is beyond your reach and for that reason of little or no value—to *you.*

Now, supposing you had before you circulation statements of all the magazines on your list, grouped according to these six zones. (Practically all publishers will now quote their circulation by states. To group them by zones is but the work of a minute.) Would not a comparison of your zone sales with their zone circulation figures enable you to measure accurately the value of these publications?

If you can afford to pay 50c. per 100,000—the standard of magazine value—for circulation which is half waste, then you could afford to pay twice as much for circulation which is all within your zone of profitable distribution.

Now, the zone edition of The Monthly Style Book enables you for the first time to *select your own circulation.* And its advertising rate is not $1.00 a line per 100,000, nor 75c., nor even 50c. We have limited space to sell in each zone, and it will be sold under reasonable restrictions, but the opening rate is based on an average of only 40c. a line per 100,000 circulation.

THE MONTHLY STYLE BOOK

THE HOME PATTERN COMPANY, Publishers

THERON McCAMPBELL, President — CONDÉ NAST, Vice Pres.

FRANCIS L. WURZBURG, Manager Advertising Department

443 FOURTH AVENUE, Corner 30th Street, New York

GIANTS PULL OUT A DOUBLE VICTORY

Marquard Wins His Twenty-third Game of Season, Allowing Four Hits.

MATTY SAVES NEXT GAME

Crandall Wobbles in Sixth Inning and "Big Six" Stops Rally — Meyers Drives Home Winning Runs.

THE SCORES.

FIRST GAME.

New York	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2—4
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0

NEW YORK.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Devore, lf	4	1	2	1	0	0
Doyle, 2b	4	0	2	2	2	0
Snodgrass, cf	4	0	2	4	0	0
Murray, rf	4	0	1	1	0	0
Merkle, 1b	4	1	2	9	0	0
Herzog, 3b	2	0	1	2	1	0
Fletcher, ss	2	1	0	1	1	0
Meyers, c	3	1	1	7	2	0
Marquard, p	4	0	1	0	2	0
Total	31	4	12	27	8	0

ST. LOUIS.

	AB	R	H	PO	A	E
Magee, 2b	3	0	0	4	1	0
Oakes, cf	3	0	1	4	1	0
Konetchy, 1b	4	0	2	9	0	0
Ellis, lf	2	0	0	3	0	0
Evans, rf	3	0	0	2	1	1
Hauser, ss	3	0	0	3	1	1
Mowrey, 3b	3	0	0	0	3	1
Bliss, c	3	0	1	2	4	1
L. Laudermilk, p	1	0	0	0	2	0
*Smith	1	0	0	0	0	0
†Clarke	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	29	0	4	27	13	3

*Batted for Oakes in ninth inning.
†Batted for Ellis in ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Merkle, Marquard, Konetchy. Sacrifice hits—Herzog, (2,) Doyle. Double plays—Oakes and Hauser; Mowrey, Magee and Konetchy. Stolen bases—Merkle, Meyers, Konetchy, Devore, Snodgrass. Wild pitch—L. Laudermilk. Bases on balls—Off L. Laudermilk, 4; off Marquard, 2. Struck out—By L. Laudermilk, 2; by Marquard, 5. Left on bases—New York, 7; St. Louis, 4. Time of game—One hour and fifty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran.

SECOND GAME.

New York	2	0	0	0	0	0	2	3	—7
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	4	0	0	—4

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Devore, lf	3	2	2	6	0	1
Doyle, 2b	2	1	1	1	2	0
Snodgrass, cf	3	1	2	3	0	0
Murray, rf	2	0	0	1	0	0
Merkle, 1b	3	1	1	6	0	0
Herzog, 3b	2	1	0	2	2	0
Fletcher, ss	4	1	0	1	2	0
Meyers, c	4	0	2	4	4	0
Crandall, p	2	0	0	0	3	0
Mathewson, p	0	0	0	0	0	0
Wiltse, p	1	0	0	0	0	0
*Becker	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	27	7	8	24	13	1

ST. LOUIS.

	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.
Magee, 2b	3	1	1	1	2	0
Clarke, cf	3	0	1	5	0	0
Konetchy, 1b	4	0	1	7	0	2
Ellis, lf	3	0	0	1	0	0
Evans, rf	4	1	2	0	0	0
Hauser, rf	4	0	1	2	1	0
Mowrey, 3b	3	1	2	1	2	0
Wingo, c	3	0	0	7	3	0
Geyer, p	2	0	1	0	2	0
Woodburn, p	0	0	0	0	3	0
†Oakes	1	1	1	0	0	0
‡Smith	1	0	0	0	0	0
§Bliss	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	31	4	10	24	13	2

*Batted for Mathewson in the seventh inning.
†Batted for Geyer in the sixth inning.
‡Batted for Wingo in the eighth inning.
§Batted for Woodburn in the eighth inning.

Two-base hit—Konetchy. Three-base hits—Snodgrass and Clarke. Sacrifice fly—Murray. Double plays—Meyers, Crandall, and Herzog; Fletcher, Doyle, and Merkle. Passed balls—By Wingo, 1. Stolen bases—Devore (2,) Doyle. Hit by pitched ball—By Woodburn, 2, (Merkle and Herzog.) Wild pitch—Woodburn, 1. Bases on balls—Off Geyer, 4; off Crandall, 4; off Woodburn, 3; off Wiltse, 2. Struck out—By Geyer, 3; by Crandall, 2; by Woodburn, 1. Hits—Off Crandall, 9 in five and two-thirds innings; off Mathewson, 1 in one-third inning; off Wiltse, 0 in two innings; off Geyer, 5 in six innings; off Woodburn, 3 in two innings. Left on bases—New York, 6; St. Louis, 9. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Rigler and Finneran.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 20.—The Giants took another long leap toward the National League championship at League Park to-day, winning two games from the Cardinals with the same ease as they have been disposing of all their enemies since they started on this final Western campaign and gaining seven more points on the Cubs.

Rube Marquard was in the best of shape in the first game, and held St. Louis to four hits. He didn't allow them to get within hearing distance of the plate, and a little timely hitting by New York enabled them to win easily by a score of 4 to 0. This was Marquard's twenty-third victory of the season.

The second game ended in rain and darkness in the eighth inning when the score was 7 to 4 in the Giants' favor.

The Cardinals' four raps off Marquard were scattered through as many innings, and his last ball, dodging in weird tangents out of range of the St. Louis bats, was nearly always under control.

Roger Bresnahan thought he had a way figured out of halting the New Yorks' terrific gait. He sent Bliss in to catch with orders to stop the Manhattan base runners at all hazards. The Giants started to steal in their reckless way, but Bliss's throws were so deadly accurate that after five New York base runners had been halted suddenly at second base in the few innings, Manager McGraw changed his plan of attack. He sent his men to second on sacrifice hits thereafter.

A spectacular double steal by Merkle and Meyers when the Cardinals thought New York had given up base stealing, gave the Giants their first run.

Marquard put a firm grip on his own game in the ninth inning by sending in a count by a hard smash to right.

The second clash wasn't nearly as well played as the first. Crandall didn't have his usual skill at hurling the pellet, and a shower of smashes drove him from the hillock in the sixth inning. Up to that time New York had a two-run lead, but the battering down of Crandall enabled them to tie the score at 2 to 2. Mathewson was hurried to the Giants' rescue with two on bases and two out. A three-base drive off "Big Six" by Clarke to right field, which looked for all the world like a perfectly good foul, jammed in two runs and put the Cardinals in the lead. It was lucky for the Giants that St. Louis had changed pitchers, too, for Woodburn grew as wild as a hawk in the eighth inning, and practically handed the game to New York on a cut-glass dish. He filled the bases with a pass and by hitting two batsmen.

Then came two merry, joyful hits and the New York victory.

In the first game the Cardinals started out to stop the Giants from galloping the bases. Laudermilk was touched up for five hits in the first three innings and yet the Giants couldn't get a runner to second base. Doyle, Snodgrass and Herzog were nailed stealing second. Merkle was nipped at second base in the fourth inning trying to stretch a single into a double.

Not until the fifth round were the New Yorks able to fool the Cardinals. Merkle opened the session with a screaming double to left. Herzog sacrificed him to third. Meyers walked and immediately started for second and drew Bliss's throw. The double steal was cleverly executed and Merkle scored, the Indian going to second. Marquard succumbed, Hauser to Koney. New York looked threatening in the seventh inning. Merkle singled to centre and was sacrificed by Herzog. Fletcher walked. Meyers struck out and Bliss, anticipating a double steal, threw the ball over Mowrey's head and the two Giants advanced a base. Marquard ended the fun by flying out to Ellis. Konetchy was the first Cardinal to get a glimpse of second base. He singled in the second inning and stole the second cushion. Ellis, Evans and Hauser went out with not even a struggle.

Devore got an infield single in the eighth inning, a high bounder in front of the plate. Doyle struck out, Devore stealing second on the third strike. Snodgrass steamed a hot single along the left field foul line, scoring Devore. Snodgrass stole second. Murray skied to Oakes and Merkle lifted a rocket to Evans.

More Manhattan galety in the ninth. After Herzog fouled to Konetchy Fletcher walked and went to second on Laudermilk's wild pitch. Meyers was safe when Hauser fumbled his grounder. Marquard banged a single in front of the left field bleachers, scoring Fletcher. Devore dropped a Texas leaguer back of the short stop and Meyers scored. Josh was caught stealing, and Doyle hit a high one to Oakes.

Devore opened the second game with a saunter. Geyer had him half a mile off first base, but Konetchy dropped the pitcher's throw and prolonged his existence. Josh then stole second. Doyle filed out to Ellis and Snodgrass drove a three-bagger to deep centre, scoring Devore. Murray's sacrifice fly sent Snodgrass home. Merkle singled to left and took second on a passed ball. Herzog got a pass, but the inning ended with Fletcher's demise at first. Crandall walked Magee and fanned Clarke. Konetchy smashed a two-bagger to right field, sending Magee to third. Ellis rolled the ball to Crandall, and Magee was forced between third base and the plate. Crandall knocked down Evans's hot grounder, Fletcher grabbing the ball in time to get Steve at first.

The Cardinals were victims of a peculiar double play in the fourth inning. After Evans singled and died stealing second, Hauser and Mowrey both singled, Mowrey taking second when Devore returned the ball to third, where Herzog failed to get Hauser. Wingo grounded to Herzog and Hauser was run down by Meyers. Mowrey advanced to third and he was doubled by Herzog half a second after Hauser had been nabbed.

The Cardinals fell upon Crandall in the sixth inning and drove him from the box. Evans singled to left and Hauser fouled to Meyers. Mowrey ripped a hit to centre and Wingo flied to Snodgrass. Oakes, batting for Geyer, drove a stinger to left and filled the bases. Magee sealed Crandall's doom with a single to left, scoring Evans and Mowrey.

Mathewson succeeded Crandall and Clarke greeted him with a smash which dropped so close to the line in right field that New York made a big kick when Umpire Rigler called it fair. The drive was good for three bases and Oakes and Magee scored. Konetchy's fly to Snodgrass ended the inning.

The joy of the St. Louis crowd didn't last long, for the Giants got the two runs back in the seventh inning and tied the score. After Meyers had fouled out to Wingo, Becker went in to bat for Mathewson and struck out. Devore walked and sprinted around to third base on Doyle's single to right. Doyle stole second base. Woodburn, who took Geyer's place on the Cardinal mound, made an atrociously wild pitch, the ball bounding off Wingo's foot and caroming into the New York bench, Devore and Doyle scoring. Snodgrass walked, but fell into his careless habit of being caught off first base.

Woodburn blew up disastrously in the eighth inning. Rain and thunder filled the air and it grew so dark that the fans yelled for Umpire Rigler to stop the game. Not yet a while. Murray walked and then Woodburn hit Merkle and Herzog and filled the bases. Fletcher forced Murray at the plate, but Meyers dropped a teasing Texas leaguer in short left field, scoring Merkle and Herzog. After Wiltse had filed to Clarke, Devore ripped a single to left, scoring Fletcher. New York was anxious to hurry the game now, for Meyers deliberately started for home and was put out.

Then St. Louis began to delay the game, but Rigler made them hurry along, the Giants retiring the side in the eighth inning, just as the rain began to come down fast. It was so dark when the game was called that it was impossible to see the ball from the stands.

CONQUERING FOES IN THE LAND OF BRESNAHAN.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Sept. 20.—No more games to win till to-morrow.

They're coming easy now, just like taking sweetmeats from infants.

Barring an earthquake, the plague, or some other great calamity, it is hard to see how the Giants are going to muff the calico now.

Rube Marquard won his twenty-third game to-day. The kink in his elbow has gone. It has put a kink in his opponents' necks.

Mrs. Helen Britton, the only woman baseball club owner, sat through the first game, but didn't have the heart to stay and see her team get it twice in the same place, on the same day, by the same Giants.

St. Looey has conceded that the Cardinals can't win the flag this year. Less than 5,000 of them saw the bargain bill.

Dick Hennessy, the bat boy mascot, has a black eye. But don't you think any St. Louis youngster did it. No, Sir-ree; a baseball hit him on the lamp while he was practicing with the Giants.

They have a gentle, subdued lot of fans out here. They regard the umpires with just the same consideration that the jailer shows a murderer.

Slim Sallee has been suspended for the balance of the season, and is at his home in Higginsport, Ohio. Sallee was laid low in a battle with the white lights on his last trip to Gotham.

Magee is playing second base so fast for the Cards that he has shoved Miller Huggins out of a job.

Arlie Latham's comedy goes great here. The fans pay so much attention to Arlie's quips that they forget to try to rattle the pitchers.

The Giants are playing in great luck. They ducked a railroad wreck by an hour at Albany, and to-day there was a big fire close to their hotel. Knock wood!

American Association.

At Milwaukee—Toledo, 10; Milwaukee, 3.
At Minneapolis—Minneapolis, 15; Louisville, 7.
At St. Paul—St. Paul, 5; Columbus, 2.
Indianapolis at Kansas City—Rain.

Baseball To-day, 3:30 P. M. N. Y. Americans vs. Cleveland. Amer. League Park. Adm. 50c.—Adv.

SUPERBAS LOSE TWICE.

After Hard Struggle in First Game They Succumb Easily in Second.

CINCINNATI, Ohio, Sept. 20.—Cincinnati defeated Brooklyn in both games of a double-header to-day, winning the first by a score of 7 to 5, and the second 12 to 1. A batting rally in the sixth inning of the opening game gave Cincinnati barely enough runs to offset a similar rally by Brooklyn in the following inning. The last game was called at the end of Brooklyn's half of the seventh inning. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
N'then, cf	3	1	0	5	0
Daub't, 1b	5	1	3	2	1
Wheat, lf	3	0	1	2	0
Dent, p	0	0	0	1	0
Smith, 3b	4	0	0	1	3
Hummel, 2b	3	0	0	2	1
Coulson, rf	4	0	1	3	0
Stark, ss	4	1	1	1	1
Erwin, c	4	1	2	6	1
Schardt, 1b	2	0	0	0	1
Daly, lf	2	1	1	1	0
*Barger	1	0	0	0	0
Total	35	5	9	24	8

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bescher, lf	5	0	1	4	0
H'blitz'l, 1b	4	1	1	9	0
Bates, cf	3	2	0	0	0
Mitchell, rf	4	2	2	4	0
Almeida, 3b	3	0	2	1	0
Egan, 2b	2	1	0	0	0
Esmond, ss	4	0	0	2	3
Clarke, c	2	1	2	7	0
Fromme, p	4	0	1	0	2
Total	31	7	9	27	5

*Batted for Dent in the ninth inning.
Errors—Daubert, Wheat, Stark, Almeida.

Cincinnati	0	1	0	0	0	5	1	0	. .	—7
Brooklyn	0	0	0	1	0	0	4	0	0	—5

Left on bases—Brooklyn, 7; Cincinnati, 6. Two-base hits—Almeida, Coulson, Daly. Hits—Off Schardt, 8 in 6 innings; off Dent, 1 in 2 innings. Sacrifice hits—Egan, Wheat, Almeida. Stolen bases—Hoblitzel, Bates, Mitchell. Struck out—By Schardt, 5; by Fromme, 5. Bases on balls—Off Schardt, 1; off Dent, 2; off Fromme, 3. Hit by pitcher—By Schardt, (Egan.) Time of game—Two hours and eighteen minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Bush and Emslie.

SECOND GAME.

CINCINNATI.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hob'zel, 1b	4	2	1	0	2
Bates, cf	4	2	2	2	0
Mitchell, rf	4	2	3	1	0
Almeida, 3b	2	1	1	1	1
Egan, 2b	2	1	0	2	3
Esmond, ss	3	1	1	4	3
McLean, c	3	1	1	2	0
Severoid, c	0	0	0	0	0
H'phries, p	2	1	1	0	0
Total	26	12	9	21	7

BROOKLYN.	AB	R	H	PO	A
North'n, cf	4	1	1	4	1
Daub't, 1b	4	0	0	5	0
Daly, lf	3	0	0	2	0
Smith, 3b	4	0	2	0	2
Hum'el, 2b	2	0	1	0	1
Coula's'n, rf	2	0	1	1	0
Stark, ss	3	0	1	2	2
Bergen, c	2	0	0	3	1
O.Miller, c	1	0	1	1	1
R.Miller, p	2	0	0	0	1
Steele, p	1	0	0	0	1
Total	28	1	7	18	10

Errors—Northen, (2,) Daly, Bergen, Almeida, Esmord.

Cincinnati	1	5	1	4	0	1	. .	—12
Brooklyn	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	—1

Left on bases—Brooklyn, 9; Cincinnati, 2. Two-base hit—Humphries. Three-base hits—Northen, Mitchell. Hits—Off R. Miller, 8 in 4 innings; off Steele, 1 in 2 innings. Sacrifice hits—Coulson, Humphries, Almeida. Stolen bases—Bescher, (2;) Hoblitzel, Almeida. Double plays—Egan, Esmond, and Hoblitzel. Struck out—By R. Miller, 2; by Humphries, 2. Bases on balls—Off R. Miller, 2; off Steele, 1; off Humphries, 1. Hit by pitcher—By R. Miller, (Almeida;) by Humphries, (Daly.) Time of game—One hour and twenty-eight minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Day and Emslie.

Cubs and Phillies Each Shut Out.

CHICAGO, Ill., Sept. 20.—Chicago and Philadelphia broke even in a double-header to-day by scores of 1 to 0 and 4 to 0. Chicago captured the first game, which was a pitchers' battle throughout. Philadelphia took the second by bunching hits in the fourth inning. The game was called after the seventh inning on account of darkness. Scores:

FIRST GAME.

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sheck'd, lf	1	0	0	1	0
Schulte, rf	3	0	1	2	0
Tinker, ss	2	0	0	4	2
Zim'm'n, 1b	4	0	0	10	0
Doyle, 3b	4	0	1	1	5
Shean, 2b	3	0	1	1	4
Hofman, cf	2	0	1	0	0
Archer, c	4	0	1	8	0
Cole, p	3	0	0	0	1
Total	26	1	5	27	12

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Walsh, 2b	4	0	0	3	4
Lobert, 3b	4	0	0	1	2
Magee, lf	3	0	0	1	0
Lud'us, 1b	3	0	0	12	2
Gask't, cf	2	0	0	2	0
Beck, rf	3	0	0	1	0
Doolan, ss	2	0	0	1	4
Madden, c	3	0	0	3	1
Moore, p	3	0	1	1	2
Total	27	0	1	*25	15

*Shean out, hit by batted ball, and two out when winning run was scored.
Errors—Madden, Moore.

Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1
Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Three-base hit—Schulte. Sacrifice hit—Hofman. Stolen bases—Tinker, Archer. Double plays—Shean, Tinker, and Zimmerman; Lobert, Walsh, and Luderus; Walsh, Doolan, and Luderus. (2.) Left on bases—Chicago, 8; Philadelphia, 3. Bases on balls—Off Cole, 3; off Moore, 8. Struck out—By Cole, 5; by Moore, 2. Time of game—One hour and fifty-two minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Brennan.

SECOND GAME.

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Walsh, 2b	4	0	0	1	1
Lobert, 3b	2	1	0	0	1
Magee, lf	4	1	1	2	0
Lud'r's, 1b	3	1	1	2	0
Paskert, cf	3	1	0	4	0
Beck, rf	2	0	0	2	0
Doolan, ss	3	0	1	2	2
Carter, p	3	0	1	8	1
Stack, p	1	0	0	0	0
Chalmers, p	0	0	0	0	0
Total	25	4	4	21	5

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Sheck'd, lf	2	0	1	0	0
Schulte, rf	4	0	0	1	0
Tinker, ss	3	0	0	1	2
Zim'm'n, 1b	3	0	1	9	2
Doyle, 3b	3	0	1	0	2
Shean, 2b	3	0	0	2	2
Hofm'n, cf	0	0	0	1	0
Archer, c	2	0	0	7	1
Graham, c	1	0	0	0	0
Tinker, p	1	0	0	0	2
Toney, p	1	0	0	0	1
*Saier	1	0	0	0	0
Total	24	0	4	21	12

*Batted for Toney in the seventh inning.
Game called at the end of the seventh inning on account of darkness.
Errors—Toney, Stack.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	4	0	0	0	0	—4
Chicago	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

Two-base hit—Luderus. Hits—Off Richter, 4 in 4 innings; off Stack, 4 in 6 innings. Sacrifice hit—Stack. Stolen bases—Hofman, Archer, Lobert, (3,) Paskert, Beck. Left on bases—Chicago, 8; Philadelphia, 5. Bases on balls—Off Richter, 2; off Stack, 4; off Chalmers, 1; off Toney, 1. Hit by pitcher—By Toney, (Stack.) Struck out—By Richter, 3; by Toney, 3; by Stack, 2; by Chalmers, 1. Passed ball—Archer. Time of game—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Klem and Brennan.

Luck Favors the Pirates.

PITTSBURGH, Sept. 20.—Boston to-day played the first game of its last series in Pittsburgh, being beaten by a score of 3 to 2 by Pittsburgh. It was a good game to look at, although the smallest crowd of the season was in attendance. Pittsburgh got only four hits off Tyler, but managed to bunch them with bases on balls. Hendrix was hit freely, but was effective with men on bases. Both pitchers received errorless support. Score:

PITTSBURGH.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Byrne, 3b	4	0	1	1	3
Carey, cf	4	0	1	3	0
C'pbell, lf	4	0	0	2	1
Wagner, 1b	3	1	0	12	0
Wilson, rf	3	1	1	1	0
J. M'l'r, 2b	1	1	0	4	2
M'C'thy, ss	3	0	1	0	6
Simon, c	1	0	0	3	1
Hendrix, p	3	0	0	1	1
Total	28	3	4	27	16

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
R'dwell, ss	4	0	1	2	2
Donlin, cf	4	1	2	0	0
Sw'ney, 2b	4	1	2	2	2
R. M'l'r, rf	4	0	0	2	1
Wilson, lf	3	0	1	1	0
Kirke, 1b	4	0	2	9	0
McD'ld, 3b	4	0	1	2	2
Raridon, c	3	0	0	5	0
Tyler, p	2	0	0	1	2
*Kaiser	1	0	0	0	0
Total	33	2	9	24	9

*Batted for Tyler in the ninth inning.

Pittsburgh	0	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	. .	—3
Boston	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	—2

Two-base hits—Wilson, Sweeney, Kirke. Sacrifice fly—Jackson. Stolen bases—J. Miller, (2,) Simon, Sweeney, R. Miller, Jackson. Double plays—J. Miller and Wagner; McDonald and Kirke. First base on balls—Off Hendrix, 2; off Tyler, 5. Struck out—By Hendrix, 2; by Tyler, 4. Left on bases—Pittsburgh, 4; Boston, 7. Time of game—One hour and fifty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Johnstone and Eason.

RACING DRIVERS AROUSED.

Auto Pilots Aim to Bar Incompetent Men from Speed Contests.

There will be few evils in automobile track racing if the advice to the other governing bodies given by the Motor Racing Drivers' Association of America is followed. This body held a meeting at the Hotel Empire last night at which a number of matters of importance to the racing men were discussed. The chief topic concerned the accident at the Syracuse races last Saturday, when a driver, who went by the name of Lee Oldfield, crashed through a fence and caused the death of ten spectators and injured a score of others.

The meeting was attended by about a dozen prominent drivers, including George Robertson, who is President of the association; Louis Disbrow, Hughie Hughes Len Ormsby, Charles Lund, Harry Hartman, and Leland Mitchell, and they were all incensed over the fact that such an incompetent driver as Oldfield (Oldfield is not his real name and he is no relation to Barney Oldfield) should be permitted to race on the track at the State Fair Grounds.

The drivers declared that the accident settled conclusively that they had assumed the right action when they suggested to the race rule makers at the joint meeting of the Manufacturers' Contest Association and the American Automobile Association in Detroit on Aug. 10 and 11 that there should be an entire revision of the classification of racing drivers. At the meeting in Detroit the manufacturers and the sanctioning body of contests agreed to incorporate in the rules for 1912 those suggested by the Motor Racing Drivers' Association, but these rules will not go into effect until the first of January, 1912. The racing men declare that it is absolutely necessary that the new classification, according to ability, of drivers should become effective at once in order to prevent as much as possible a repetition of the fearful happening at Syracuse. They think that the condition in the Contest Board of the A. A. A., as it exists to-day, should be remedied. As it stands any white male can, without any other formality than merely applying, procure a driver's license from the A. A. A.

According to the suggestions made by George Robertson, who represented the drivers at the rules' making conference, racing drivers are to be divided into three classes, first and second class professionals and amateurs. In the former professional section such drivers as De Palma, Disbrow, Hughes, Zengel, and many others are to be included. In the second class will be men who are just entering the field of motor car racing and who are not well versed in the handling of a high-powered car in competition.

After the meeting Louis A. Disbrow acted as the host to a theatre party and the drivers attended a performance of "Speed" at the Comedy Theatre. Altogether Disbrow had a busy day, for in the afternoon he went over the course which is to be used in his race with Tom Sopwith, the English aviator, at the International aviation meeting at Nassau Boulevard, L. I., on Sunday, Sept. 24. Sopwith is to fly and Disbrow is to drive the car. After trying out the course Disbrow accepted the invitation of Sopwith to take a spin through the air. After he got back to terra firma safely the beach record holder said that he preferred the motor car as being the safer.

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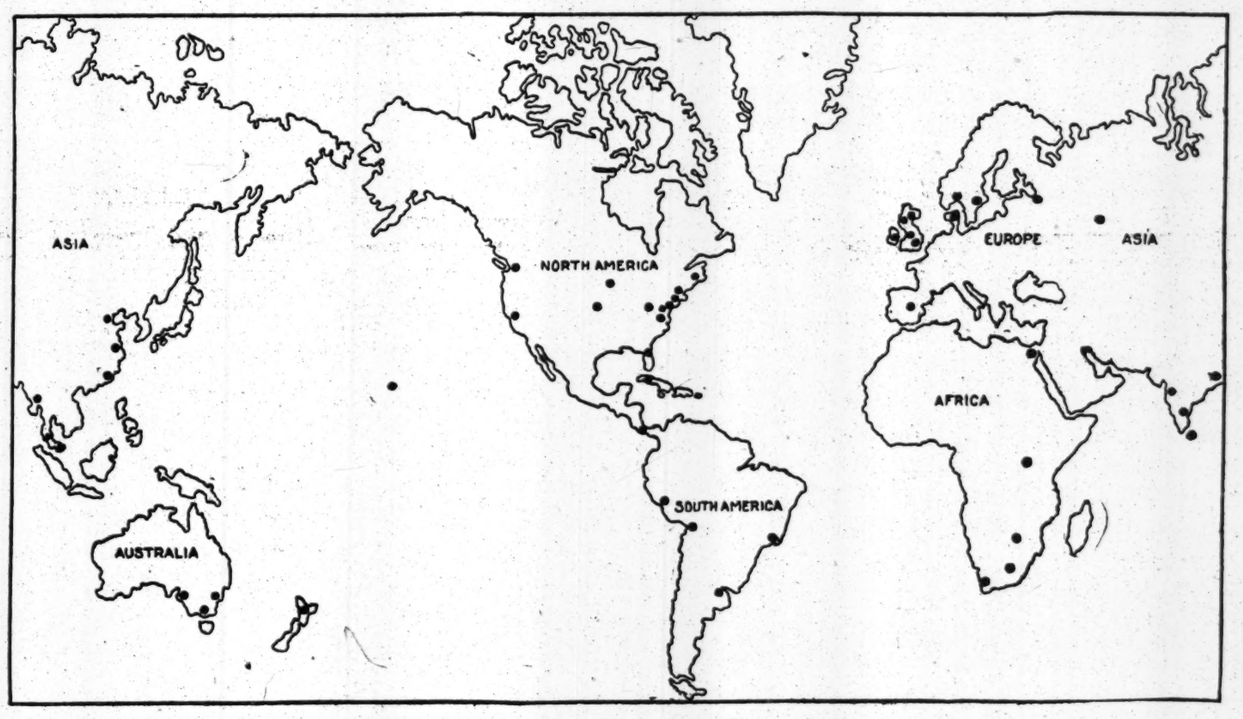

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Hartford	Patagonia	Leicester	Rhodesia	Singapore
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Newark	Trinidad Islands	Edinburgh	AUSTRALIA	Hong-Kong
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THE SCORES.

FIRST GAME.

Cleveland	0	1	0	0	3	2	1	0	5—12
New York	2	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	3— 9

CLEVELAND.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Butcher, lf	6	1	3	0	0	1	0	0
Olson, ss	6	1	1	0	0	2	2	1
Jackson, rf	5	1	2	0	0	4	0	0
Lajoie, 1b	5	1	2	0	0	6	0	0
Birm'ham, cf	5	1	1	0	1	7	1	0
Ball, 2b	5	2	2	0	0	3	3	1
Turner, 3b	5	2	3	0	0	0	1	0
Easterly, c	5	1	2	0	0	3	2	1
Blanding, p	4	2	0	1	2	1	1	0
Kaler, p	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Total	46	12	16	1	3	27	10	3

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Zinn, cf	3	0	0	0	1	1	0	0
Hemphill, cf	3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Dolan, 3b	5	3	2	0	0	2	1	1
Cree, cf	3	2	2	2	0	2	0	0
Chase, 1b	3	0	1	1	0	6	0	1
Hartzell, rf	4	0	2	0	0	2	0	1
Knight, 2b	5	1	2	0	0	4	4	2
Magner, ss	1	0	0	0	1	2	0	1
Johnson, ss	1	1	1	1	0	0	2	0
Blair, c	3	0	0	0	0	8	3	0
Warhop, p	2	0	0	0	1	0	2	0
Vaughn, p	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Quinn, p	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
*Caldwell	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
†Daniels	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0
Total	36	9	12	4	3	27	12	7

*Batted for Warhop in the eighth inning.
†Batted for Blair in the ninth inning.

Two-base hits—Turner, Knight, and Caldwell. Three-base hit—Turner. Sacrifice hit—Magner. Sacrifice flies—Chase and Hartzell. Stolen bases—Turner, Cree, Knight, and Lajoie. First base on errors—New York, 3; Cleveland, 4. Left on bases—New York, 7; Cleveland, 10. Double plays—Ball, Olson, and Lajoie; Blair, Knight, and Blair. Struck out—By Blanding, 3; by Warhop, 2; by Vaughn, 1. Bases on balls—Off Blanding, 4; off Quinn, 1. Hit by pitchers—By Warhop, 2 (Lajoie and Jackson.) Wild pitch—Vaughn. Hits—Off Warhop, 11 in eight innings (at bat, 36); off Vaughn, 4 in one-third of one inning (at bat, 6); off Quinn, 1 in two-thirds of one inning (at bat, 4); off Blanding, 12 in eight and one-third innings (at bat, 34); off Kaler, 0 in two-thirds of one inning (at bat, 2.) Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Westervelt. Time of game—Two hours and ten minutes.

SECOND GAME.

New York	0	1	0	0	0	4	0	0	0—5
Cleveland	0	1	0	0	0	0	2	1	0—4

NEW YORK.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Daniels, rf	3	1	0	1	1	0	0	0
Dolan, 3b	3	1	1	0	0	1	0	0
Cree, lf	3	1	2	0	0	1	0	0
Chase, 1b	3	2	2	0	0	6	1	1
Hemphill, cf	2	0	0	1	0	3	0	0
Knight, 2b	2	0	0	0	1	3	3	3
Johnson, ss	2	0	0	0	1	3	3	1
Williams, c	3	0	0	0	1	3	2	0
Caldwell, p	3	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Total	24	5	5	2	4	21	9	5

CLEVELAND.

	AB.	R.	H.	BB.	SO.	PO.	A.	E.
Butcher, lf	2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Graney, lf	2	1	1	0	1	1	1	0
Olson, ss	2	0	1	0	0	2	4	1
Jackson, rf	4	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
Lajoie, 1b	4	1	1	0	0	12	1	0
Birm'gham, cf	2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0
Easterly, cf	1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Ball, 2b	3	1	0	0	0	0	3	1
Turner, 3b	3	1	2	0	0	0	2	0
O'Neil, c	2	0	0	1	0	4	0	0
Reisigl, p	3	0	0	0	1	0	2	0
Total	28	4	7	1	3	21	12	2

Two base hits—Cree, Butcher, Jackson. Three base hit—Graney. Home run—Chase. Sacrifice hit—Knight. Sacrifice flies—Johnson, Olson. Stolen base—Ball. First base on errors—New York, 1; Cleveland, 3. Left on bases—New York, 2; Cleveland, 7. Struck out—By Caldwell, 3; by Reisigl, 4. Bases on balls—Off Caldwell, 1; off Reisigl, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Caldwell, 2, (Olson, Birmingham.) Umpires—Messrs. Connolly and Westervelt. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes.

In the presence of James A. Sherman, Vice President of the United States and about 8,000 less noted personages the Yankees and Naps battled to darkness at the Hilltop yesterday, each team grabbing a portion of the twin bill. The Cleveland cohorts took the opener, 12 to 9, because the Yankee moundsmen could not puzzle and the Yankee fielders could not hold the ball. The nightcap number, which was ended by darkness after seven innings had been played, was turned into a New York victory by Hal Chase in the sixth inning. With the Naps in the lead, 8 to 2, and two of his mates resting on the paths, Chase straightened one of Jack Reisigl's twisters into a home-run wallop. The ball traveled far over Birmingham's attic and the first bound carried it high into the empty bleacher seats.

1st Vice President Sherman did not grow disgusted with the brand of ball served up in the first game he must have been almost alone in his feelings. The Chase crowd acted like minor leaguers most of the way, and apparently did not have a remote chance of making the game close when the seventh inning was reached. Then the visitors became affected with the same germ that had bothered the Yankees, and they helped the Hilltoppers to six runs in the last two innings. The final scene of that battle showed the bases full of Yankees, three runs needed to tie the score, and Charley Hemphill at the bat. Hemphill did his part well enough with a hot drive to right field, but Joe Jackson got under it, and the last Yankee hope was smothered. The Vice President entered a box on the Yankees' side of the field during the fourth inning of the first game. He remained until the sixth inning of the second game. He was quickly recognized, and his entrance and departure were both signals for cheers.

The Naps pounded Warhop and Vaughn from the box in the first game, and Quinn, who succeeded Vaughn in the ninth inning, was not much of a puzzle. Vaughn went in at the beginning of the ninth, and he was welcomed with a shower of Cleveland hits. Blanding had little trouble with the Yankees for seven innings, but in the eighth he began to lose effectiveness, and was finally chased in the ninth, Kaler succeeding him. The Yankees got seven errors out of their system in the opening game, and played more like schoolboys than major leaguers. Manager Chase tried another shift, but it failed to produce anything better than before.

The second game, as far as it went, was an interesting struggle, even though the Yankees ran their misplay total up to an even dozen for the afternoon. Jack Knight, who showed no signs of a let-up in his slump during the first game, was more off color in the closing engagement, and managed to crowd three errors into the abbreviated battle.

Cleveland tried out a pony battery, made up of Jack Reisigl and Catcher Steve O'Neil, in the second game, and the youngsters did good work. Reisigl formerly played with New Haven in the Connecticut League, and O'Neil comes from Jesse Burkett's Worcester team of the New England League. Reisigl pitched fine ball in all save the sixth inning, when Chase's home-run clout sent him down to defeat. The run scored in the second inning was the result of a single, a pass, a sacrifice hit, and a sacrifice fly. Caldwell did the honors for the Yankees, and, with proper support, he would have gone through with only one run charged against him, the result of Graney's triple and a sacrifice fly in the seventh inning. The other runs were handed to the visitors through errors by the Yankees.

The games were devoid of sensational fielding. The batting honors were carried off by Turner, who collected a triple, a double, and three singles in eight chances during the afternoon.

Allison Tosses Game Away.

PHILADELPHIA, Sept. 20.—Philadelphia won a pitchers' battle from St. Louis to-day by 3 to 2. Plank was very effective until the eighth inning, when three hits and an error by McInnis netted St. Louis two runs. The home team won in the ninth. With men on third and second bases and one out Lapp beat out a grounder down the third base line, and, when Allison threw wild to the plate, McInnis and Hartsel scored. Score:

PHILADELPHIA.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Lord, lf	4	0	3	1	0
Strunk, cf	3	0	0	2	1
Collins, 2b	3	1	0	2	2
Baker, 3b	4	1	0	1	4
Murphy, rf	4	0	2	0	0
McInnis, 1b	4	1	3	9	0
Barry, ss	2	0	0	3	3
Thomas, c	3	0	0	9	1
Plank, p	3	0	0	0	1
*Hartsel	1	1	0	0	0
†Lapp	1	0	1	0	0
Total	32	3	9	27	12

ST. LOUIS.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Shotten, cf	4	0	0	1	0
Austin, 3b	4	0	2	0	3
Hogan, lf	4	0	0	2	0
Laporte, 2b	3	0	0	1	3
Paton, rf	4	0	1	1	0
Kutina, 1b	4	0	0	7	2
Hal'nan, ss	3	1	1	2	0
Clarke, c	3	1	1	0	0
Allison, p	3	0	0	2	2
Total	32	2	5	15	10

*Batted for Barry in the ninth inning.
†Batted for Plank in the ninth inning.
‡One out when winning run was scored.

Philadelphia	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2—3
St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0—2

Errors—Laporte, (2,) Allison, McInnis, Barry, Thomas.

Two-base hit—Clarke. Sacrifice hits—Strunk, Barry, Thomas. Stolen bases—Austin, Lord. Double play—Austin, Laporte, and Kutina. Left on bases—St. Louis, 4; Philadelphia, 8. First base on balls—Off Plank, 1. First base on errors—St. Louis, 2; Philadelphia, 2. Hit by pitcher—By Allison, (Collins.) Struck out—By Plank, 7. Time of game—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Evans and Mullen.

Tigers Lose Another Close Game.

BOSTON, Sept. 20.—Boston took the second nip-and-tuck game of the closing series with Detroit to-day, 3 to 2. Pape beat Works in a pitchers' battle. The winning run was scored by Gardner from second base on J. Lewis's Texas Leaguer. The score:

BOSTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Hooper, rf	4	0	1	3	0
Yerkes, ss	4	1	1	2	3
Sp'ker, cf	3	0	1	3	0
G'dner, 3b	2	1	0	3	3
D. Lewis, lf	2	0	0	1	1
Engle, 1b	3	0	0	10	1
J. Lewis, 2b	4	0	1	0	2
W'liams, c	4	1	2	4	1
Pape, p	2	0	1	1	3
Total	28	3	7	27	14

DETROIT.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Bush, ss	3	1	1	0	6
Cobb, cf	4	1	1	0	0
Crawf'd, rf	2	0	0	2	0
Deleh'ty, 2b	4	0	1	3	7
Drake, lf	4	0	1	2	0
Gainor, 1b	4	0	1	14	0
Mor'ty, 3b	4	0	0	2	2
Stanage, c	3	0	0	1	2
Works, p	3	0	0	0	1
*Turweiler	1	0	0	0	0
Total	32	2	5	24	18

*Batted for Stanage in ninth inning.

Errors—J. Lewis, (2;) Speaker, Gainor, Moriarty.

Boston	0	*0	0	1	1	0	0	1	—3
Detroit	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0—2

Sacrifice hits—Gardner, (2;) Pape. Stolen bases—Bush, (3;) Cobb. Left on bases—Boston, 6; Detroit, 5. First base on balls—Off Pape, 2; off Works, 4. First base on errors—Boston, 2; Detroit, 2. Struck out—By Pape, 3; by Works, 1. Time of game—One hour and thirty-seven minutes. Umpires—Messrs. O'Loughlin and Egan.

Walsh Saves Game for Chicago.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Washington batted Benz out of the box in the seventh inning to-day and looked dangerous, but Walsh came to the rescue and retired the locals without hit or run for the remainder of the game, Chicago winning 5 to 3. Hughes was hit very timely, four of Chicago's singles scoring runs. Score:

CHICAGO.	AB	R	H	PO	A
M'C'nell, 2b	5	0	0	2	2
Zeider, 3b	3	1	1	1	1
M'Int're, lf	3	0	1	1	0
Bodie, cf	3	0	0	0	0
Barrows, rf	3	2	0	0	0
T'nehill, ss	2	0	0	3	6
Collins, 1b	4	1	2	13	1
Sullivan, c	3	0	1	7	2
Benz, p	3	0	0	0	4
Walsh, p	1	0	0	0	2
Total	30	5	7	27	18

WASHINGTON.	AB	R	H	PO	A
Milan, cf	3	1	1	0	0
Henry, 1b	3	0	1	10	2
Elb'f'd, 2b	4	0	0	4	2
Long, lf	4	0	0	6	0
Gessler, rf	4	1	2	0	0
McBride, ss	4	1	1	2	8
Morgan, 3b	4	0	1	0	1
Street, c	2	0	0	5	0
Hughes, p	3	0	1	0	3
Total	31	3	7	27	16

Errors—Henry, Long, McBride, Benz.

Chicago	0	1	0	1	0	2	1	0	0—5
Washington	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	0	0—3

Two-base hit—McIntyre. Three-base hit—Milan. Hits—Off Benz, 7 in 6 2-3 innings; off Walsh, none in 2 1-3 innings. Sacrifice hits—Tannehill, (2.) Stolen base—Collins. Sacrifice flies—Sullivan, Henry, Bodie. Double plays—Benz, Tannehill and Collins; Hughes, McBride and Henry. Left on bases—Washington, 4; Chicago, 4. Bases on balls—Off Hughes, 4; off Benz, 2. First base on errors—Washington, 1; Chicago, 1. Struck out—By Hughes, 5; by Benz, 4; by Walsh, 4. Passed ball—Sullivan, 1. Time of game—One hour and fifty minutes. Umpires—Messrs. Dinneen and Perrine.

Sutton Challenges Willie Hoppe.

From all indications the billiardists are going to have a busy season which is already under way. The most recent happening is the issuing of a challenge by George Sutton of Chicago to Willie Hoppe of this city for the championship at 18.2 billiards. Sutton has posted a check to the amount of $250 as evidence of good faith and it is expected that he will receive an acceptance in the near future.

Adjourned Chess Games Finished.

CARLSBAD, Sept. 20.—Five of the eight adjourned games from previous rounds of the international chess tourney were disposed of to-day. The results: Rotiswi beat Fahrni, Vidmar beat Jaffe. Drawn games: Leonhardt-Perlis, Fahrni-Teichmann, Perlis-Rubinstein.

Whitney's Evening Star First.

AYR, Scotland, Sept. 20.—The Craigengillan Maiden, two-year-olds, plate of 100 sovereigns, distance five furlongs, run at the Western Meeting here to-day, was won by H. P. Whitney's Evening Star. Fair Beauty was second and the Jebba filly third. There were seven starters.

BASEBALL

Yesterday's Results.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York, 4; St. Louis, 0.
New York, 7; St. Louis, 4.
Cincinnati, 7; Brooklyn, 5.
Cincinnati, 12; Brooklyn, 1.
Pittsburgh, 3; Boston, 2.
Chicago, 1; Philadelphia, 0.
Philadelphia, 4; Chicago, 0.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland, 12; New York, 9.
New York, 5; Cleveland, 4.
Philadelphia, 3; St. Louis, 2.
Chicago, 5; Washington, 3.
Boston, 3; Detroit, 2.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Baltimore, 3; Jersey City, 0.
Providence, 7; Newark, 1.
Rochester, 7; Buffalo, 6.
Rochester, 1; Buffalo, 1.
(Six innings; darkness.)
Toronto, 9; Montreal, 8.
(Eleven innings.)

Standing of the Clubs.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	To Play.	W.	L.	P.C.
New York	22	86	46	.652
Chicago	18	81	55	.596
Pittsburgh	13	81	60	.574
Philadelphia	19	74	61	.548
St. Louis	*18	71	65	.522
Cincinnati	14	63	77	.450
Brooklyn	20	54	80	.403
Boston	*20	34	100	.254

*Includes one game that cannot be played.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	To Play.	W.	L.	P.C.
Philadelphia	*18	91	45	.669
Detroit	16	82	56	.594
Cleveland	17	72	65	.525
New York	15	72	67	.518
Boston	15	69	70	.497
Chicago	*17	67	70	.489
Washington	15	59	80	.425
St. Louis	15	40	99	.293

*Includes two games that cannot be played.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

	To Play.	W.	L.	P.C.
Rochester	6	96	52	.651
Baltimore	7	92	55	.626
Toronto	5	92	57	.621
Buffalo	8	73	73	.500
Montreal	5	61	86	.415
Jersey City	7	61	86	.415
Newark	5	56	93	.376
Providence	7	51	96	.347

Where They Play To-day.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York at St. Louis—2 games.
Philadelphia at Chicago—2 games.
Brooklyn at Cincinnati—2 games.
Boston at Pittsburgh.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Cleveland at New York.
St. Louis at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Washington.
Detroit at Boston.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

Jersey City at Baltimore.
Providence at Newark.
Montreal at Buffalo.
Toronto at Rochester—2 games.

THRILLS AT HORSE RING SHOW AND FAIR

Three Drivers in Race Spilled and Mrs. Josephthal Thrown at Westchester.

Society folk who attended the eighteenth annual Westchester County Horse Show, which was held yesterday in conjunction with the county fair on the White Plains Fair Grounds, had several thrills—one when three drivers in a trotting race were unseated and the horses fell, and when Mrs. Sidney L. Josephthal, who was riding Solar, a big chestnut gelding in the class for jumpers in the horse show, was thrown to the ground when her mount refused to take the first jump. She remounted without assistance and forced her horse to take the jump he had refused, but after that, despite her efforts, she could not make Solar go over the fences and had to give up taking part in the contest.

The trotting races were spectacular. During the second heat of the 2:19 trot there were six horses racing around into the stretch when suddenly the spectators were startled to see three sulkeys come together, three drivers fly through the air, and three horses spilled. Two of the horses were able to proceed in a minute or two, but Alice Victor, driven by Joseph Keller of Danbury, Conn., lay still tangled up in the harness and a wrecked sulkey. The mix-up was caused by Sunflower, driven by Frank Howell, swerving into Alice Victor and the latter hitting the sulkey of Martin Luther, driven by Bob Bever of Bath, N. Y. Martin Luther, a big bay gelding, as soon as he was able to get up, dashed around the half-mile track driverless, and on the second lap stopped when Dr. Kernan, the starting judge, rang the bell. None of the three drivers was injured. It took six heats to finish the 2:19 trot, and then Sunflower won the first money, while Martin Luther was second. After the accident the three horses which were in the smash-up were placed by the judges and were able to trot just as good as before.

It took five heats to find the winner of the 2:19 pace. Patsy Dillon, with M. D. Metcalfe as driver, proved the victor. The second heat of this race was made in 2:16¼, which was a record for the White Plains track.

More than 7,000 persons attended the horse show on the opening day, and society from Westchester County, Connecticut, and New York were present. It was noticeable that only one or two four-in-hand coaches were around the show ring, while all the parking spaces were occupied by big touring cars. Nearly every big manor house in Westchester has a house party, and they all came over to see the high steppers, to study the cattle and vegetables, and to stroll about the Midway.

It was expected that Gov. and Mrs. Dix would be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Harriman at the horse show to-morrow, but late this afternoon Mr. Harriman announced that he had received a letter from the Governor in which he said that he would be unable to attend.

One of the best classes judged was the pairs of harness horses for a first prize of $50. There were four entries, Mrs. J. S. Walsh being the only woman to make en entry. She drove her bay geldings Honor Bright and Honor Boy, and received the blue ribbon amid much applause. J. W. Harriman's Lady Dilham and Elegant Dilham, driven by Jack Donnelly, were second.

The class for high jumpers brought out a large field, and it took the judges considerable time to determine the winner. It was during this class that Mrs. Josephthal was thrown. She struck on her side on the soft turf and escaped without injury. S. Bryce Wing's Emabarta, a timber topper of ability, carried off the first honors.

In every class there were many entries, and it was the general opinion that the horse show this year will excel previous years.

Mrs. J. S. Walsh won her second blue ribbon in the tandem class, which was the last event of the day. Her competitors were J. W. Harriman and J. B. Taylor. Mr. Taylor received the red ribbon with Leading Lady and Billy Jefferson. The summaries:

Class 1.—Prize cup. Thoroughbred stallions, suitable for gelding hunters and saddle horses. Shown in hand—Won by E. S. Reynal's Belman; William Muldoon's Bed Hodder, second; Miss Mary Gardner's Etching, third.

Class 27.—Novice. First prize, $35; second prize, $15. Harness horses—Won by J. B. Taylor's Billy Jefferson; J. Campbell Thompson's The Girl, second; J. B. Taylor's Leading Lady, third.

Class 51.—Novice. First prize, $35; second prize, $15. Saddle horses. Prizes offered by John I. Downey—Won by Godfrey Preece's The Real Thing; H. C. Willoughby's Great Scott, second; Miss H. D. Atterbury's Baychester, third.

Class 28.—Novice. First prize, $35; second prize, $15. Harness horses—Won by J. B. Taylor's Rosemary T.; J. C. Thompson's Volunteer, second; Emil Seelig's Lord Selby, third.

Class 61.—Novice. First prize, $50; second prize, $25. Jumpers—Won by S. Bryce Wing's Emabarta; John D. Wing's Aberdeen, second; David Dow's Dr. Fizz, third.

Class 44.—First prize, $50; second prize, $25. Saddle horses—Won by M. H. Oppenheim's Watchful; Godfrey Preece's The Real Thing, second; Florence Hackney Stud's Florham Charm, third.

Class 16.—First prize, $75; second prize, $25. Prizes offered by Oliver Harriman. Best gig horse, to be shown to a gig, owner to drive—Won by J. W. Harriman's Nala; De Witt C. Flanagan's Prince Charming, second.

Class 15.—Harness horses. To be shown before a runabout—Won by Florham Hackney Stud's Florham Knight; Mrs. J. S. Walsh's Honor Girl, second; J. Campbell Thompson's The Girl, third.

Class 53.—Three prize cups offered by John McE. Bowman. Ponies under saddle, 13 hands or under, children to ride—Won by Master Stewart Preece's Queen Peggy; Master William Strange's Daisy, second; Miss Molly D. Crawford's Brown Betty, third.

Class 10.—Pairs of harness horses—Won by Mrs. J. S. Walsh's Honor Bright and Honor Boy; J. W. Harriman's Lady Dilham and Elegant Dilham, second; J. B. Taylor's Wallingford and Wakefield, third.

Class 42.—Combination horses. Horses suitable for harness and saddle purposes—Won by Miron H. Oppenheim's Montgomery Chief, Jr.; Florham Hackney Stud's Florham Charm, second.

Class 11.—Harness horses—Won by J. W. Harriman's Nala; J. Campbell Thompson's Volunteer, second; De Witt C. Flanagan's Rex Magnus, third.

Class 32.—Tandems. First prize, $55; second, $25—Won by Mrs. J. S. Walsh's Honor Bright and Honor Boy; J. B. Taylor's Leading Lady and Billy Jefferson, second.

PACING AND TROTTING RACES.

2:19 Pace; purse, $400.

Patsy Dillon, ch. g., (Metcalfe)	2	1	2	1	1	
Emeline de Forest, (Gauly)	1	5	3	2	2	
Lila B., (A. Hopper)	5	2	1	3	4	
The Mark, b. g., (Brown)	3	3	4	4	3	
Elkomald, b. m., (Koehler)	4	4	5	5	5	

Time—2:16¾, 2:16¼, 2:19, 2:18, 2:21.

2:19 Trot; purse, $400.

Sunflower, b. m., (Howell)	3	4	4	1	1	
Martin Luther, b. g., (Bever)	2	3	1	5	2	
Alice Victor, b. m., (Keller)	1	5	2	2	4	3
May Bird, r. s., (Kinner)	5	1	5	5	5	4
Investigation, b. g., (Hopper)	4	2	3	4	3	D

Time—2:16½, 2:24¼, 2:20¾, 2:18½, 2:18, 2:24.

EASTERN LEAGUE.

At Baltimore.

	R.	H.	E.
Jersey City	0	0	0
Baltimore	3	9	1

Batteries—Frill and Wells; Vickers and Payne. Umpires—Messrs. Byron and Doyle.

At Newark.

	R.	H.	E.
Providence	7	10	1
Newark	1	6	3

Batteries—Bedient and Sheehan; Holmes, Boice, and McCarty. Umpires—Messrs. Halligan and Guthrie.

At Toronto.

	R.	H.	E.
Montreal	8	13	3
Toronto	9	15	1

Batteries—Barberich and Haryd; Rudolph and Fisher. Umpires—Messrs. Hart and Kerins.

At Rochester.

	R.	H.	E.
Buffalo	6	9	3
Rochester	7	9	3

Batteries—Malarkey and Killifer; Wilhelm, Holmes, McConnell, and Mitchell. Umpires—Messrs. Kelly and Murray.

Soldiers at Aviation Meet.

Lieut. C. B. Hodges of the Twenty-ninth Infantry will arrive at the Nassau Boulevard flying grounds to-day with a detachment of United States regulars from Governors Island, which has been detailed by Major Gen. Frederick Dent Grant to take part in the military demonstrations at the international aviation meet, to be held from Sept. 23 to Oct. 1 on this field. The soldiers will be encamped on the aviation field throughout the nine days of the meet.

Among the notables who will be present on army and navy day, next Saturday, will be Major Gen. Grant and his military staff, with Rear Admiral Ching Phi Kwang of the Chinese naval flagship now visiting New York. The Admiral will be accompanied by a number of officers of the flagship.

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CONFORMING TO THE COURT'S DECREE.

It may be expected that the action of the International Harvester Company sets the example which will be followed by as many other trusts as feel the need to comply with the court's decree in the oil and tobacco cases, or are able to do so. Nothing more can be asked of any good trust, and nothing of the sort can be looked for from any bad trust. It is to be assumed that the same action will be taken as in the case of the Administration's previous procedure, when the plan was put into the form of court decrees and submitted to the court for approval. If such action can be taken without a formal prosecution, why, so much the better. The court proceedings are merely a means to an end, and if the end be reached under the supervision of the court without a trial there can be no objection.

It is not necessary to apply to Washington for approval of such action. Already some corporations have changed from holding to operating companies, anticipating that this will be an adequate defense to Government intervention. It may or may not be, according to the nature of the action taken. Happily this Administration is a Government of laws, not of men. The applicants for certificates of good character need Mr. TAFT's favor less than they need lawyers who understand the decision of the Supreme Court, of whom there has been a plentiful lack, but soon there will be an abundance under the stimulus of the demand of this necessity of corporate life.

THE SAVING OF CONSERVATION.

At the recent celebration by the Michigan College of Mines of the twenty-fifth anniversary of its founding, a notable address to the alumni was given by Dr. HENRY STURGIS DRINKER, President of Lehigh University. His subject was "The Contribution of the Mining Profession to the Conservation of Natural Resources."

A very interesting feature of Dr. DRINKER'S able address was his citation of the mature opinions of scientists connected with the Government, and quite free from the prejudice or selfishness supposed to influence the minds of the representatives of corporations. Take, for example, this luminous and compact definition of real conservation by Dr. C. W. HAYES, Chief Geologist of the United States Geological Survey: "Utilization with a maximum efficiency and a minimum waste." Of this Dr. HAYES makes the following practical application:

> Any one who has studied conditions attending the development of mineral deposits must have been impressed by the fact that those deposits held by large companies are being developed and utilized with a view to prevention of waste, in accordance with the principles of conservation, to a much greater extent than are the deposits held by small companies or by individuals.

Again, here is a passage from Dr. J. A. HOLMES, now Director of the United States Bureau of Mines:

> In considering the conservation of resources it should be held in mind that:
>
> (1) The present generation has the power and the right to use efficiently so much of these resources as it needs.
>
> (2) The Nation's needs will not be curtailed; these needs will increase with the extent and diversity of its industries, and more rapidly than its population.
>
> (3) The men of this generation will not mine, extract, or use these resources in such manner as to entail continuous financial loss to themselves in order that something be left for the future. There will be no mineral industry without profits.

It may be added, neither will there be an effective curbing of the most serious waste of our natural resources unless it be made profitable to avoid it. It is so profitable to large concerns, with a continuous tenure, sufficient capital, and thorough organization. It pays such concerns to put money into what is graphically described as "dead work"; into scientific investigation of conditions, methods, and results, and into the employment of costly skill in planning and administration. They can afford to spend much and wait for the advantages that are sure to come. Small concerns cannot afford it. And this goes to the root of the matter. There is no waste in efficient and economical use. It is in the stupid, ignorant, needless, and futile consumption and destruction without use, as in the mining of coal forty or fifty years ago. It is in the prevention of this that the mining experts have done, are doing, and will continue to do great service. They respond practically to the appeal of President TAFT at the Conservation Congress in Minneapolis:

> I am bound to say that the time has come for a halt in general rhapsodies over conservation, making the word mean every known good in the world; for after the public attention has been roused, such appeals are of doubtful utility and do not direct the public to the specific course that the people should take, or have their legislators take, in order to promote the cause of conservation.

THE OLYMPIC'S COLLISION.

It is shocking even to think what might have happened from the ramming of the biggest passenger steamer ever floated by the sharp-prowed steel warship Hawke. Had the blow not been a glancing one, had the Captain of the Olympic tried to sheer off as the Hawke turned from its parallel course, he would have presented her more squarely to the ram of the armored cruiser, shaped specially to sink such ships, and the most terrible chronicle of the sea would be recorded this morning. The torn and crumpled beak of the warship and the rent side of the great liner, gashed below her waterline, are witnesses of their heavy impact and of the peril to so many passengers miraculously averted.

Near shore and a soft beaching ground, there could be no more fortunate place for such a collision, nor could there be a cooler-headed Captain. As the collision doors were being shut Capt. SMITH headed the Olympic inshore, but drew back when the inrush of the waters ceased, assured that the lives in his care were safe. It was a fearful experience well encountered, and happily survived by all.

THE TRAFFIC POLICE.

The traffic of this city is now badly handled by the police. It is not their fault. The three platoons law broke up the traffic division of 2,000 trained men by requiring a change of tours for every member of the force at least once in thirty days. But it was understood, when Mayor GAYNOR felt constrained to veto an amendment to the law restoring the division, because of a "joker" imbedded in it, that in the continued session of the Legislature Senator WAGNER would ask Gov. DIX to urge its proper amendment in a special message. What Police Commissioner WALDO said two months ago about the disintegration of the traffic police may be said again with redoubled force:

> It seems a pity that 2,000 men schooled in a special line of work, who are competent and intelligent and have the support of drivers, automobilists, and all vehicle owners, should be removed from work for which they are especially fitted and for which they have had years of training.

The Merchants' Association, the officers of which would be the first to note the blockading of traffic and the awkward and dangerous handling of crowds at crossings, declares that the situation has become alarming. The National Highways Protective Society corroborates this testimony. Pedestrians and the users of the streets for vehicular traffic have a right to all practicable means of protection. The three platoons law removes safeguards to which the city has grown accustomed, which are necessary to the lives of its dwellers. Mayor GAYNOR has plainly intimated that he will sign an amendment that is properly drafted. Why is nothing done toward reintroducing and passing the Wagner bill?

AS BOUND WITH THEM.

There is an appealing text in the Scriptures, which enjoins us to remember those in bonds as bound with them. It was the rallying cry of that portion of the American clergy that took an active part in the anti-slavery agitation sixty years ago, and it aroused many thoughtful men to a new and exalted sense of civic duty. But there are bonds and bonds, and there are some in bondage to-day of whom sensible men must think with a mingling of pity and disesteem. Of these are the American citizens—happily a diminishing number—who are victims of the notion that the industry of our vigorous and enterprising people must forever be nursed by a high tariff, adjusted by the Republican Party. This part of our population undoubtedly constitutes a formidable political element, and it is not unnatural that a National political leader should take it into consideration. But, as we have said, it is a diminishing element and should be considered in that light only.

Unfortunately Mr. TAFT does not always remember that fact, and he has made a good deal of needless trouble for himself thereby. Note his present dilemma, as he starts on his continental speaking tour with a trunk full of addresses suited to several hundred occasions. If he could dump from that trunk every sheet on which he has tried to explain and excuse his vetoes of the tariff reduction bills, it would be an immense practical gain for him; what he had remaining would be gradually increased in value. The essential features of his policy the past year have been Canadian reciprocity and the general arbitration treaty with Great Britain, with its extension to other countries. The first he has carried though in a manner highly creditable to him. On the second he has suffered a check and has very wisely determined to submit the difference between him and his opponents in the Senate to the good sense and conscience of the people. Had he elected to submit to the people this question only, and had he shaped his course so that he could do so simply and clearly, the chances would have been very greatly in favor of his winning the needed support. This he could have done logically had he made it known when the reduction of the wool schedule was before Congress that he would not veto it. In that case the other bills would probably not have been passed, or, if they had been, he could have dealt with them on their merits. He would have held a substantially impregnable position, and would undoubtedly have advanced steadily in the respect and confidence of the people.

He chose a very different course. He announced himself as stubbornly opposed to all tariff reduction, moderate as well as extreme, until his own appointees on the Tariff Board had submitted their report, and that attitude he maintained until the close of the session. He went further. As in the mournful case of the Payne-Aldrich bill he made the foolish mistake of attacking the motives of his opponents which, at the worst, were obviously quite as good as the motives of the standpatters, and in reality were far better. He took sides with those we have referred to as in bondage to the notion that the tariff must be revised by Republicans only. He disregarded the rooted and not unreasonable suspicion that the Tariff Board was being used by the favorites of the tariff to protect their privilege as long as possible, and in effect confirmed that suspicion. He threw perfectly useless discredit upon his own policy as to reciprocity, and shook the public confidence in his firmness, consistency, and even in his good faith.

This is the line he is apparently resolved to pursue in the long campaign of apology on which he has entered. And the pity of it is that he very seriously impairs his chances of arraying public opinion on his side in the difference with the Senate as to arbitration. He has hopelessly muddled his issues. The people cannot respond as they would have done to a direct appeal. They cannot experience confidence in the President on one subject and distrust on another without the latter weakening the former. The result, we fear, will be that he will wind up his long journey at Washington with no greater strength to cope with the trying task of the long session than when he left the capital, and possibly with less.

THE HORSE-FLESH CHARGES.

If the packing company of Kearny, N. J., that is accused by Dr. HARVEY W. WILEY'S bureau, is convicted of preparing the carcasses of horses as "beef" to be sold here and abroad, it will be guilty of a graver offense than fraud. Dr. WILEY himself says that horse meat should be as good as that of any other domestic animal, if not better, since the horse, unlike some other food animals, never feeds on anything unclean. In France and Germany the cuts of horse meat are regularly exposed for sale. But in this country it is not economically possible to butcher horses that are fit for food, and a dealer in their flesh is almost invariably a buyer of diseased and emaciated animals, or of those that have died otherwise than by slaughter. The abundant evidence submitted by the Bureau of Chemistry tells of glandered and stiff blind nags, their every bone astare, brutes pained and dying or already dead, hauled into this establishment for pickling, canning, and making into sausages.

We shall never become a Nation of hippophagists in this fashion. Men found guilty of the unspeakable business will find their prison penalties the least that they will have to bear in the public condemnation of their practices.

THE CHARTER.

The Cullen-Foley Charter revision was remarkable for its badness. With the chief of its bad parts removed its evil life is lost. The motive power that would railroad it through the Legislature is diminished. Its sponsors have lost interest in it, they will hardly make the effort needed to pass it.

Not that there is now "not a single wrong thing" in it. Many wrong things are left, for it is of the inwoven texture of Tammany. But it is not asbestos, and its pattern and material have suffered from the fire of public criticism. The shreds and tatters of it are no longer held together by the provisions for irremovable city officers, for expenditures by department heads accounted under their exclusive audit, for unlimited powers to make special bond issues, for the usurping of the City Superintendent's authority over the personnel of the school system, for which a budget of $87,000,000 is asked. By these and other means the formidable support for a Tammanyized Charter was erected. By their removal it falls to pieces, and the less said about it the better.

THE SWISSVALE EXPERIMENT.

Our readers will recall the plan described in THE TIMES of the Union Switch and Signal Company, Swissvale, Penn., for promoting participation of ownership and profits among its employés. We now learn that the initial stage of the plan has shown a very gratifying interest on the part of the employés. The stock set apart for them was largely oversubscribed, 35½ per cent. of the total payroll bidding for 2,747 shares. Fortunately, the company was able to arrange to give the subscribers all the stock asked for.

It is pleasant to add that in consequence of the publicity given to the plan Col. H. G. PROUT, the First Vice President and General Manager of the company, has received letters of inquiry from the officers of many industrial concerns, big and little, all showing keen and intelligent interest. Naturally, schemes must differ with varying conditions, but the principle is a sound one. Prima facie it will work best with prosperous concerns, but it is to be remembered that the increase in efficiency due to good-will and the sense of common interest may make the difference between prosperity and unsuccess.

A REMEDY FOR PART TIME.

With 76,845 children, approximately one-ninth of the entire public school registration, denied by half the advantages of public school training, it is not enough to say that it is impossible to build schoolhouses fast enough to meet the new demands. Either part time is bad for the pupils or it isn't. The Board of Education itself has said emphatically that it is very bad.

The situation presents difficulties, of course, but we do not believe that, in the face of a strong will and some ingenuity and some energy, they are insurmountable. The portable schoolhouse and the rented annex are being used in some localities to great advantage at small cost. Their use can be and should be multiplied as many times as necessary to reduce part time to a negligible factor. To erect a portable schoolhouse requires from one to two days, and the cost is a few hundred dollars. To rent and occupy a vacant building to receive the overflow from a school ought not to take more than a week or two at the outside.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

One Mistake Should Be Enough.

Friends of the Gittins bill are doubtless expressing their sincere hopes when they declare that they have enough votes to pass it, but the sincerity of their belief in their ability to do this is open to question. As for the more articulate opponents of the measure, they are in all probability "too quick despairers," else would they not give up a fight that is by no means lost, even though, by various means of persuasion, the majority in the Legislature which put an end to race track gambling has been turned into a majority in favor of its revival.

Gov. DIX has made one mistake that is rather terrible, both from the moral and the political point of view, in signing the bill which legalized prize fighting, but he must by this time have realized that he was deceived as to the existence of any demand worth his heeding for the creation of the absurd Boxing Commission, and it is almost incredible that he can now be led into the delusion that public sentiment would support him in restoring conditions which that sentiment so recently condemned. As a matter of fact, such part of the public as it not directly or indirectly interested in the money that can be made out of racing when accompanied by open and systematized gambling, holds that racing must be a sport poor indeed if its votaries do not love and will not support it for itself alone.

Baseball is a notable example of the sports which can live and prosper on their own merits, without any assistance from bookmakers, and the men who are exploiting the popularity of the National game do not even think of closing their gates unless they can be freed from responsibility for stray bets made by their patrons among themselves. On the contrary, the baseball managers, having seen the practical wisdom of banishing gambling from their grounds, did it without waiting for the compulsion of any special law, and they had no difficulty in making the decree of banishment completely and permanently effective. The race track owners could do the same thing if they chose, and they would if they did not know so well that racing without gambling does not pay—in fact, it is impossible. That is the lesson of experience, everywhere and always.

The political folly of the Democrats who would burden their party with the odium of passing and signing the Gittins bill is only equaled by that of Mr. BARNES and a few other Republican bosses who are trying to get a part of that heavy load to carry through the next campaign, when they could so easily avoid every ounce of it.

"Loyalists" Are Sons of "Tories."

In many of the recent dispatches from the eastern provinces of Canada, reference has been made to certain groups of "loyalists" who in the campaign which closes with to-day's election have been particularly credulous of any charge, no matter how absurd, as to American purposes in offering reciprocity, and particularly fierce in their defense of a distinctly British policy. Some of the observers from the United States who have been studying the Canadian situation have apparently failed to discover just who these "loyalists" are and just why it is that they manifest a special bitterness against this country.

The explanation is that in several parts of both New Brunswick and Nova Scotia a considerable part of the population is descended in more or less purity of blood from citizens of what is now the United States, who in Revolutionary days made the mistake of standing by the British Government instead of with those to whom, with more accuracy than wisdom, they applied the harsh and contemptuous name of "rebels." In our popular histories these misguided persons are called "Tories," and it is only within the last few years that any of us except special students thought or spoke of them as other than a bad, traitorous lot, and to few indeed of us had it occurred to consider even as a possibility that any treatment they received from the patriot colonists was worse than or different from what they deserved.

It is now well enough known even here, however, though the fact isn't often mentioned, that the "Tories" were for the most part very respectable and decent people, usually of property and standing, who took the side they did for reasons as easily comprehensible as defensible, and that such of them as tried to remain here after the war were persecuted, abused, and robbed to an extent unpleasant to remember in a Nation busily engaged in building up saint-myths about its founders. But the "Tories," after they escaped with their lives and the scanty remnants of their fortunes to the provinces, did not forget their experiences or fail to tell them to their children. To-day their descendants are a little different from other Canadians and are still talking about "rebel crimes."

Of course, the "loyalists" do not really hate the United States or its individual inhabitants. It is just that there linger in their minds instinctive animosities like those created in this country by the prison ship barbarities and the insolence of the Hessian mercenaries. These feelings naturally come to the surface in a hot political battle, and they may turn against reciprocity not a few voters who with a different ancestry would be for it.

A Majority Too Small to Determine.

So far is it from being a settled question whether prohibition or regulation is the better solution of the alcohol problem, that there is something obviously unwise, if not something obviously wrong, in choosing for and enforcing upon a whole State one or the other plan by a majority as minute as that which the excited people of Maine are now daily moving back and forth on their electoral balance sheet.

The truth is that they will not ever be, because they cannot be, quite sure to which side the victory belongs, even after all possible corrections are honestly made, for no election machinery yet devised could count with absolute and demonstrable accuracy the votes cast by over 120,000 widely scattered people.

Of course we all believe in—or at least submit to—"majority rule" as a general principle, but we do not apply it rigorously in all cases. We not infrequently admit that mere majority is not decisive, and when life and liberty are directly concerned, as in the courts, we demand that the jurymen shall be unanimous.

Now life and liberty are both in a way involved for Maine in the prohibition question—the life and liberty, not of one person, but of a whole Stateful of people, and to all intents and purposes they are equally divided as to their minds on the prohibition question. One feels that the question for them is not settled by this vote, either way, and that it ought not to be treated as settled until they come somewhat nearer to agreement as to what they want.

A Correction.

It was erroneously stated in a dispatch printed in THE TIMES yesterday that Frank J. Gould was one of the appellants from a decision of the Supreme Court requiring him and other Directors of the Trust Company of the Republic to repay to the stockholders of the company some $360,000. Mr. Gould was not a Director of the company and no judgment was entered against him.

An Affront to Women.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

While at Steeplechase, Coney Island, during the recent Mardi Gras carnival, I witnessed something which in my mind ought to be suppressed, if respect toward the feminine sex is considered an issue of enough importance.

As one issues from the park one is obliged to pass over a grated work, from under which a gust of air, forced out by machinery evidently, causes a disarrangement of one's dress. Naturally, it is the woman who is placed in the most embarrassing position, especially as there are scores of men and boys stationed there purposely to witness the result of the blast of air. Now, I would like to meet the man, who, with the ordinary amount of intelligence and respect, would favor the continuance of this arrangement, and I insist that it ought to be suppressed. B. S.

New York, Sept. 19, 1911.

Relative Costs of Production.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In relation to the letter of Mr. Henry R. Towne regarding "the possibility of determining the absolute cost of production," perhaps this gentleman will consent to publish one or two relative figures or costs, it being of course understood that he would decline to give actual values. For instance, will he strengthen his case by quoting the relative cost of manufacturing 100,000 or 200,000 locks of any particular variety, per month?

Or will he state the relative cost of manufacturing 100,000 of these locks, per month, under free trade, when, compared with the greater expense, all costs are now to be gauged under our high tariff, with the high prices of labor it has fostered? J. V. V. BOORAEM.

Brooklyn, N. Y., Sept. 19, 1911.

St. Peter's Communion Silver.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Permit me to correct an error in an article printed in your paper to-day concerning an ancient set of communion silver loaned to the Metropolitan Museum of Art by St. Peter's Church in Perth Amboy, in which article it is stated that the set referred to "dates from 1611." Mr. Buck of the Gorham Manufacturing Company says that the date letter on the paten shows the set to have been made in the year 1722 or 1723. There is, to be sure, in our possession a silver chalice and paten cover which were made, according to the same authority, in the year 1612, but these have not been loaned, nor have we, so far as I know, any record of their source.

JAMES LAWRENCE KEARNY, Warden.
Perth Amboy, N. J., Sept. 19, 1911.

Competition.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

President Taft, in his address at Detroit, says, "We did get along with competition; and we can get along with it." While the first statement is true, the second does not necessarily follow. Competition is war, and oftentimes to the death. The President, as an apostle of peace, would hardly urge that, as we have gotten along with war, it is therefore desirable. Would not regulated co-operation mean peaceful rivalry and be a proper substitute for unbridled competition, without resulting in monopoly?

CHARLES UNANGST.

New York, Sept. 19, 1911.

WHITE ROSES.

A dozen roses fer ol' Doc Griggs,
An' some fer his bay horse, too;
Fer Doc wasn't none o' yer fussy prigs,
But a man, clean through an' through;
He jogged along in his easy way
An' he smiled with a sunny smile,
An' him an' that gig an' that dappled bay
Went many a weary mile.

Say! He had a look that was medicine,
An' a smile that was tonic, too;
An' th' gloom cleared up when Doc came in
With his cheery Howdy-do.
An' he had a touch like an Angel's kiss
That was cool an' soft an' kind—
Say! Gi' me a dozen flowers like this,
Th' sweetest that you can find.

Why, all th' childurn 'ud wave an' call
An' toss him a kiss an' a smile;
His heart was a place 'at 'ud hold 'em all,
'Cause he knowed 'em all th' while
Fr'm th' time they're born, an' they'd bring him flowers
An' sugar fer that ol' bay—
Say, he was a man, he was, an' *ours*,
Rain, shine, er night er day.

Why, he set more legs an' he cured more hives
An' he knocked more rheumatiz,
An' he druv more miles an' he saved more lives!
An' that great big heart o' his
Was a place t' lay yer troubles down;
An' charity! Why, say!
I c'd buy nigh half of this country town
With what he give away!

Only a country doctor, hey?
Well, God made th' country, sure;
An' God made Doc jest that same way,
Great big an' fresh an' pure;
Say! Gi' me white roses—they'll match with him.
Dadblame this ornery blur!
Gittin' old, I guess, an' my eyes is dim;
Bill, lend me yer handkercher!

J. W. FOLEY.

GOOD WORDS FOR THE TIMES.

More Congratulatory Messages from Readers Over Its 60th Anniversary.

Congratulatory messages continued to pour into THE TIMES office yesterday over its sixtieth anniversary. Here are some of the letters that were received:

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have read your anniversary number with the greatest interest. For twenty-two years I have been a subscriber to and reader of your paper, and in that time it has molded my views and opinions on men, measures, and events, and in no instance have I ever felt that I was led astray. The paper has been as an intimate personal friend to me throughout that time, and in cases in which I have differed from the views expressed in it I have felt the same freedom in voicing my dissent in a letter to it that I would have felt in opposing an opinion of an associate. I believe that this feeling is common among your readers, and that all of us feel toward one another that we belong to one great family, of which THE TIMES is the head.

I trust that you may long continue to exert the influence that you have exerted for the past sixty years, for it has been for the good of the Nation. Your paper is a conclusive answer to those who proclaim the corrupting and debasing influence of the press, for no one can be a reader of your columns and not be a better man and better citizen.

Sincere congratulations on your sixtieth anniversary.

CHAS. MINOR BLANCHFORD, M. D.
Staunton, Va., Sept. 19, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Allow me to congratulate you on the sixtieth birthday of your paper. I was one of those who bought the first issue of your paper, and have read it ever since. I have never known it to give out an uncertain sound, and it is as good to-day as it was on the morning of its maiden issue. I do not know how to read any other paper. Keep your high standard of the past, for your paper is a great power for good in the United States.

Yours Truly,
HENRY C. FOLGER.
80 Quincy Street, Brooklyn, Sept. 19, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

An esteemed contemporary of yours, under date of the 18th of this month, states that day was the 60th anniversary of the first issue of your excellent paper. I do not remember your paper that far back, but I certainly do as to 50 years since. In Ohio, where I was born, my father bought a copy of the paper which was to be carefully kept and the one that tore it was, to use his words, "to get a good licking." My next experience of THE TIMES was when the fortunes of life had brought me as a Summer resident of Staten Island. I then read the Tweed expose. I said to myself, "Can such things be!" and certainly THE TIMES made good. What a great coterie of editors, 40 and or more years since—Greeley, Bennett, Marble, and Raymond. Surely if ever a "Big Four" existed it was comprised in the above names.

Yours Very Truly,
JAMES ST. BAUM,
Trenton, N. J., Sept. 19, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times.

I generally take my breakfast before the rest of the family, and consequently I get the first glimpse at THE TIMES. In Part II., where was printed in large type, "THE NEW YORK TIMES is Sixty Years Old To-day," I wrote in pencil, "Who wants to read a paper as old as that?" and left it for those who should follow. When the question was discussed by the family in full session, my little granddaughter, who likes to look through the papers, said to her mother, "Grandfather didn't see the copy of The ——— on the inside."

Well, THE TIMES has many good things on the inside, and not the least notable of them is the generous treatment it accords its rivals, and even its violent assailants. A striking instance of the latter was the way in which THE TIMES handled its little difference with Gov. Blease of South Carolina.

G. NASH MORTON.
20 Broad Street, New York, Sept. 20, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am a representative of one of the oldest families in Lima, N. Y., the town which gave Henry J. Raymond to New York. I would congratulate THE TIMES on its sixtieth anniversary. It is a splendid monument to Mr. Raymond, and deserves all the prosperity it enjoys at present. May it always prosper as now.

MARY G. MORGAN.
East Side House Farm, Stepney, Conn., Sept. 19, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I wish to extend to you our congratulations on your sixtieth anniversary number.

We are more than proud to be numbered among those who are advertising in this issue, and hope that we may be able to insert many more similar advertisements. Yours very truly.

W. M. VAN DEUSEN, Cashier.
National Newark Banking Company.
Newark, N. J., Sept. 19, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Congratulations extended upon your sixtieth anniversary. Have been a TIMES reader for years, and consider THE TIMES's editorials the "best ever."

Best wishes for continued success. Sincerely,
ROBERT J. SCOTT, D. D. S.
Port Henry, N. Y., Sept. 18, 1911.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

My congratulations on the attainment of your sixtieth anniversary. I think the treatment of the day was notably dignified and praiseworthy. JOHN G. AGAR.
New York, Sept. 20, 1911.

Read The Times's First Issue.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Let me congratulate you on your sixtieth birthday. Your journal was born twenty-one years later than I was, and I distinctly remember buying one of your first publications, and have taken your paper ever since in my home. As the Irishman said about his gun, "I have had it ever since it was a little pistol." I have differed from you at times, as the young lawyer remarked in reference to "Coke," but have always found THE TIMES a clean, reliable, ably edited journal, living up to your motto, "All the news that's fit to print." DEMOCRAT.

East Orange, N. J., Sept. 18, 1911.

MORE FRIENDLY COMMENT.

Compliments from Contemporaries on The Times's 60th Anniversary.

From The Brooklyn Times.

It is a long stretch of history-making years from 1851 to 1911, but these years THE NEW YORK TIMES has successfully bridged, with credit and prosperity to itself and satisfaction and profit to its readers, and it does well to celebrate the event. The story of these years, as related in its columns, will be read with intense interest by the new generation of its readers.

It is to the credit of THE NEW YORK TIMES that during the most of those years it has been, like its sympathetic contemporary, The Evening Post, a fighting centre. That it has not always been right, that from the standpoint of The Brooklyn Times it has not very often been right, may be regarded as a matter of opinion, but at least its courage and good faith have never been open to question, any more than the exalted standard of decency and elevated purpose which it has constantly maintained.

From The Independent.

We give our warm congratulations to our valued neighbor, THE NEW YORK TIMES, on attaining its sixtieth anniversary. When The Independent reached that age three years ago we treated it as a great occasion, and we are glad to see that THE TIMES honors its craft in a special historical and illustrated issue.

THE TIMES has gained a most worthy record from the first as an independent journal. Under its founder, Henry J. Raymond, it supported the Republican Party and was a sort of mouthpiece of President Lincoln. After the civil war it favored President Johnson and an easier treatment of the South.

One of its great achievements was the exposure of the Tweed Ring, ending in its overthrow. It passed over to the Democratic camp during President Cleveland's campaigns, but joined the Republicans on financial issues when Bryan was a candidate. We greatly admire its motto, "All the News that's Fit to Print," a motto which neither it nor any other great morning daily seems able wholly to follow. It has taken the lead in giving us a high-class one-cent paper, and its patrons are very numerous and loyal. It attracts the same readers at one cent as pay in the afternoon three cents for The Post. It has grown younger with its years, as any journal ought that is fit to live.

From the Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

Sixty years young was THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday. If a superabundance of lime in the bones, stiffness in the ligaments, dullness in the eye, formality in the handling of news or discussion of the topics of the day and carelessness in personal appearance indicate the approach of senility, then the sprightly NEW YORK TIMES has many years of life and usefulness before it. Its bones are not brittle, its muscles are supple, its eyes are bright, and no newspaper on earth is better groomed. Its rotundity and ruddy complexion are evidences visible to everybody of prosperity and good health, even if it is within ten years of the span allotted to man.

While a newspaper is man-made, it is greater than any man. It has no age limit, and its field of effort has no boundary. The age it can reach depends entirely upon its ability to grow with its audience, and its ability to grow is measured by its ability to serve the purpose for which it was brought into the world. That THE NEW YORK TIMES has grown with its audience is known to all to whom it has become, through years of association, as one of the family.

From the Richmond, Va., Times-Dispatch.

When THE TIMES was started, New York City had a population of about half a million; to-day it has a population of 4,766,883, and the little thumb-paper of Jones and Raymond and Wesley has kept even pace with the magnificent growth of the great community in which it has ever been a power for good. It is now read daily by 200,000 people, and last year its cost of production was more than $2,250,000. As THE TIMES says in its birthday felicitations to itself and its readers:

"In trying to serve the public well it has best served itself. Its sixtieth year has been the most prosperous in its history."

Our most hearty congratulations to the men who make it every day and to the people whom it serves and to the guild to which it belongs. Length of days and long life and peace to THE TIMES and its people.

From The Watertown, N. Y., Standard.

THE NEW YORK TIMES was sixty years old yesterday. It observed the occasion with the dignity and modesty which characterize every department of that great American newspaper. It might properly have boasted of its great achievements for its country, its State, and its city. Its greatest asset has always been its character. No newspaper has led it in enterprise and none has approached it in public service. It is to-day the representative of progressive, sane American thought, fair, tolerant, and vigorous, influencing through its editorial columns the minds of the best citizens and providing day by day all the news that is fit to print.

From The New York Morning Telegraph.

THE NEW YORK TIMES was sixty years old yesterday, and received the congratulations of many persons, including President Taft. THE TIMES may well felicitate itself on what it is and what it stands for in the newspaper world. One of its best qualities is the clearness with which it expresses its views on public questions. You never are in doubt as to where THE TIMES stands; there is no backing and filling, no quibbling, no sidestepping an issue—THE TIMES speaks with positiveness. Its influence, therefore, is great. The newspaper always has enjoyed a high standing in the city and country. In the past six years, though, it has made its greatest progress, and now it is in the foremost rank. THE TIMES is a newspaper which newspaper men themselves like to read; they will rejoice at its prosperity, and wish it continued success.

From The Boston Post.

That lively and promising newspaper youngster, THE NEW YORK TIMES, celebrated its sixtieth birthday yesterday, and in the doing of it issued a very handsome and entertaining special section, showing what the paper has done since the days of the great Raymond. For a juvenile performer in the field of journalism, the effort was most creditable.

From its comparative maturity of eighty years The Post is glad to applaud the good deeds of its juniors. And praising THE NEW YORK TIMES is no mere perfunctory courtesy. It has a high standing in the world and deserves it by reason of its cleanliness, its ability, its intellectual flavor, and its effective presentation of the news.

The Post hopes that THE TIMES, as well as every other newspaper that deserves to survive, will in due course celebrate its 100th birthday in prosperity and happiness.

From The Providence Journal.

There is every reason why THE NEW YORK TIMES should celebrate its sixtieth birthday with pride in its past achievements and its present standing. Like most of its contemporaries, it has gone through some vicissitudes of fortune. But it has always been ably edited and on more than one occasion it has been conspicuous as a power for good in the community. The exposure of the Tweed Ring was perhaps the most striking public service it ever performed; such opportunities come but seldom. In lesser crises its attitude has ordinarily been consistent, intelligent, and dignified. It has enjoyed the services of many skilled writers, from the days of Raymond down, and it has fulfilled the educative function of a newspaper with no little success. Without descending into the depths of sensationalism, it has been, especially in recent years, both enterprising and accurate in the collection and presentation of news. THE TIMES has deserved its prosperity, and The Journal takes pleasure in congratulating it on this occasion.

From The Utica Press.

THE TIMES has seen remarkable development in the last sixty years, but it has kept pace with it and advanced step by step until now it is concededly one of the leading papers of the country. The President and publisher, Adolph S. Ochs, and his associates, are to be congratulated on the anniversary edition and on the history of the paper that gives "All the news that's fit to print."

From The Utica Herald-Dispatch.

THE NEW YORK TIMES celebrated the sixtieth anniversary of its birth by issuing a section which contained much interesting history, and articles written by men of prominence and distinction, particularly those engaged in the production of newspapers in New York and other cities. Next year, because of increasing patronage, the paper will move into a new building. It is deserving of prosperity.

From The Utica Observer.

The sixtieth anniversary number of THE NEW YORK TIMES makes what Horace Greeley would have called "mighty interestin' readin'." Its interest is increased and not diminished by the fact that THE TIMES draws on all of its older contemporaries for a fair account of what each did toward the upbuilding of the temple of journalism. If it had reproduced Horace Greeley's article on the death of Henry J. Raymond it would have shown the first of American journalists in his best mood—when praising without stint his young contemporary, Mr. Raymond. But, as it is, we get some interesting glimpses of the "giants of those days." Rollo Ogden of The Evening Post writes entertainingly of the time when "the individuality of an editor bulked larger than at present." "It was what Greeley said, or Raymond, or Medill, or Bryant, that he read, or supposed that he read."

Then the brilliant Ogden's too brief essay is followed by one by Herman K. Kohlsaat of The Chicago Record-Herald, on "Newspaper Influence," which gives a fine picture of the early Chicago newspapers and of their power in molding public opinion in the Middle West. Samuel Bowles of The Springfield Republican contributed a fascinating essay on the "Newspaper-Making Art," in which he incorporates a brief story of The Republican's progress for the past sixty years.

From The Auburn Citizen.

THE NEW YORK TIMES is sixty years old, and an extra large number depicting the old and the new in metropolitan journalism is issued in commemoration. THE TIMES is a great newspaper, and greater because its guide has been, it is stated: "The conscientious judgment of its conductors in determining what aims and causes, what men and measures ought to be helped on and encouraged for the good of the community and the country." The conservation of this exalted mission of the newspaper press must rest with those who direct its efforts. It is a gratifying commentary upon the success of newspapers that frankness, fairness, and honesty have always paid best in the long run.

MISS RUTHERFURD WEDS OGDEN L. MILLS

Daughter of Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Sr., Married at Chateau Du Quesney in France.

FIRST A CIVIL CEREMONY

Gay Luncheon for Twelve at 17th Century Estate Follows Marriage Service by the Rev. J. B. Morgan.

Special Cable to THE NEW YORK TIMES.

DEAUVILLE, France, Sept. 20.—The wedding ceremony of Miss Margaret Rutherfurd, daughter of Mrs. William K. Vanderbilt, Sr., and Ogden L. Mills, son of Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills of New York, was performed to-day. W. K. Vanderbilt invited many guests, principally relations, to the marriage, but his Château Du Quesney was not large enough and he reserved accommodations in Trouville at the Palace Hotel.

The civil ceremony was performed this morning by Mayor De Launoy of Vauville at 10:30. Under a downpour of rain lasting two hours the small party of a dozen intimates of the bridal couple left for the Château Du Quesney, which large estate, owned by W. K. Vanderbilt, is some fifteen miles from Deauville.

The religious ceremony was performed by the Rev. J. B. Morgan of the American Church, Paris, in a vast parlor of the château, which dates from the early seventeenth century. The wedding service was Episcopal. The bride was dressed in white satin with muslin lace trimmings. The bridesmaid was her sister, Barbara Rutherfurd. The best man was William O'D. Iselin. The company comprised, besides those present at the civil marriage, Mr. and Mrs. Henry White, Mrs. Cavendish-Bentinck, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick C. Havemeyer, the Duchess of Marlborough, and Miss Mortimer.

A large luncheon, served immediately after the wedding, was attended by the same guests. It was gorgeously served by a staff of butlers. The only others present included Mr. and Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt, Miss Barbara Rutherfurd, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills, Lord and Lady Granard, Mr. and Mrs. Whitelaw Reid, and Mrs. G. W. Sands. The bride was dressed in a blue tailor-made dress, with hat to match. All the women dressed plainly, Mrs. Vanderbilt wearing a tailor suit.

The witnesses at the civil ceremony were, for the bridegroom, W. K. Vanderbilt and Lord Granard. For the bride, Mrs. Sands and Whitelaw Reid. Besides these, Mrs. Vanderbilt and Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Mills also signed the register. The Mayor solemnly read Article VI. of the Marriage Code of France, under which the couple were married, and then asked the customary question, to which both replied "Oui."

The party left immediately in three automobiles of the great household, which comprises twenty-five servants. Gayety was the order of the repast, the dining room ringing with the merry clatter of voices, and the bride leading the joymaking, her blue eyes sparkling all the time, as she talked to one or the other or turned to her husband, who in disposition doesn't lack gayety. The luncheon over at 2 o'clock, all the guests automobiled back to the Trouville Palace Hotel and then to the station, where they took the express back to Paris.

The newly-married couple left the Château Du Quesney to have dinner near their temporary home, Villa La Chaumpière, at Deauville, which is the property of the bride's stepfather and where they will spend a week of their honeymoon, after which they will return to Paris.

MISS BULKLEY A BRIDE.

Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Bulkley Weds H. B. Taylor of Oakland.

Miss Josephine Bulkley, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Justice Lawrence Bulkley of this city, and Henry Benedict Taylor of Oakland, Cal., were married yesterday afternoon at 4 o'clock in the ladies' annex of the Metropolitan Club. The Rev. Herbert Shipman officiated.

The bride wore a costume of white satin with crystal trimming, and an Empire scarf with crystal fringe, with a white picture hat topped with ostrich plumes. Her ornaments were a cameo brooch which belonged to Mrs. Saran Caldwell, her grandmother on the matrnal side, and a pin which came from Mrs. Mary Lawrence Bulkley, her grandmother on the paternal side. She carried a shower bouquet of bridal roses and lilies of the valley.

Owing to a slight indisposition of the bride's father, her brother, Joseph Edmund Bulkley, gave her in marriage. She had no attendants. William de L. Benedict acted as best man.

The decorations were green and white, and the couple knelt at a prie dlue made of white roses and lilies of the valley.

A small reception for the relatives and a few intimate friends followed the ceremony. When the couple left on their bridal trip they were pelted with pink and white rose petals.

Later Mr. and Mrs. Taylor will make their home in Oakland, Cal.

Miss Burke to Wed W. B. Drysdale.

Invitations have been issued by Mrs. Annie Rebecca Burke for the marriage of her daughter, Miss Mary Early Burke, to William Bigelow Drysdale, which will take place on Wednesday evening, Oct. 11, at 8 o'clock in the Presbyterian Church at Cranford, N. J.

MARTIN—CROSBY.

Miss Mary Floyd Crosby, youngest daughter of Mrs. Allen Howard Crosby of Flushing, L. I., and Charles Blythe Martin of Dundee, Scotland, were married yesterday in St. George's Church at Flushing at 4 o'clock by the Rev. Henry D. Waller.

The couple's engagement was announced last Dececmber. The bride is a granddaughter of the late John Thayer Crosby of New York.

EHLERS—ROGERS.

Dr. Edward Cargill Ehlers of 23 West Ninety-fourth Street and Miss Mary Ann Rogers, daughter of the late Thomas Rogers and Mrs. Emily Cauldwell Rogers, were married yesterday in St. Agnes's Chapel. The Rev. Dr. James T. Cole officiated.

BAKER—JONES.

Mrs. Charles T. Jones of 854 President Street, Brooklyn, announces the engagement of her niece, Miss Bessie Jones Baker, to William Henry Jones of Cardiff, Wales. Mr. Jones is a nephew of the late Charles T. Jones of Brooklyn.

SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. French Vanderbilt, who has been at Tuxedo, was here yesterday on her way to Newport, and stayed at the Ritz-Carlton.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Parmalee Prentice (Miss Alta Rockefeller) returned yesterday from Europe. They will open their house at 5 West Fifty-third Street later on.

James J. Van Alen is expected here to-day from Newport on his way to French Lick Springs. Miss May Van Alen plans to leave shortly to return to her father's estate in England.

The wedding of Miss Emily de Loosey Potter, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. E. Clarkson Potter, to Charles H. Jackson, will take place to-day at Clearview, the country home of the bride's parents in Westchester, N. Y.

Mrs. Charles R. Locke of 14 West Sixty-ninth Street is leaving to-day for the Virginia Hot Springs to be absent till the latter part of October.

Dr. J. Montfort Schley and the Misses Katharine and Marguerite Schley returned on the Lusitania and will be at 24 West Fifty-fourth Street this Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Ducat (Miss Louise Chambers) are to arrive here Saturday on the Auguste Victoria and will go at once to their apartment, 45 West Eleventh Street.

Among those who will occupy boxes at the Nassau aviation meet at Nassau Boulevard for the week beginning Saturday are Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Taft, Gen. and Mrs. Frederick Dent Grant, Col. and Mrs. Roosevelt, Mr. and Mrs. Harold McCormick of Chicago, Mr. and Mrs. C. K. G. Billings, Mr. and Mrs. William W. Fuller, Mr. and Mrs. George W. Perkins, Mr. and Mrs. Timothy L. Woodruff, Colgate Hoyt, and Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Gould.

Mr. and Mrs. Franklin Escher (Miss Mildred Gleason) are receiving congratulations on the birth of a son on Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. James A. Moffett, Jr., are being congratulated on the birth of a son on Sunday last.

WEDDED AT BAR HARBOR.

Miss Dorothie Lawson the Bride of Nathan C. Wyeth.

Special to The New York Times.

BAR HARBOR, Me., Sept. 20.—A brilliant society wedding took place this afternoon at Cleftone, the Summer home of Mrs. Franklin Ellis, when Nathan C. Wyeth of Washington and Miss Dorothie Lawson of Cincinnati were married. The bride is a niece of Mrs. Ellis, who is a leader in Washington Society, and is a recent Cincinnati débutante. Mr. Wyeth is also prominent in Washington society circles. Practically all the Summer colony here was present, and a large reception followed the ceremony, which was performed by the Rev. Father Hemmick of Washington.

The bride's attendants were her sisters, Mrs. Thorne Baker and Miss Marjorie Lawson, while the best man was Hugh D. Roland of Washington. The bride's father, William Calvert Lawson, gave her away. The ushers were William D. Wilcox and Franklin Henry Ellis of Washington.

GOVERNOR'S DAUGHTER WEDS

Miss Osborne Married to Richard Sanderson—Wedding Trip in Canoe.

Special to The New York Times.

SAULTE STE. MARIE, Mich., Sept. 20.—Miss Emily Fisher Osborne, daughter of Gov. and Mrs. Chase Osborne, was married this afternoon to Richard Sanderson, son of R. P. Sanderson of Philadelphia, Superintendent of the Eddy Stone plant of the Baldwin Locomotive Works. The wedding took place in St. James's Episcopal Church, which was elaborately decorated with shasta daisies and Southern smilax. The Rev. Arthur H. Lord, the rector, officiated.

The wedding trip will be a canoe voyage down St. Mary's River.

Mr. Sanderson is prominent in the social life of Philadelphia, a golfer and motorist. He is connected with the Baldwin Locomotive Works. Mr. and Mrs. Sanderson will be at home in Ridley Park, Penn., after November.

MISS CORNELIA ROBB WEDS.

Daughter of Late Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Robb the Bride of D. E. Downs.

The marriage of Daniel E. Downs and Miss Cornelia Van Rensselaer Robb, a daughter of the late Mr. and Mrs. J. Hampden Robb, took place quietly yesterday at 1 o'clock at the residence of the bride, 23 Park Avenue.

The only guests present were near relatives and a very few intimate friends of the bride and bridegroom.

Miss Robb wore a white satin gown trimmed with point lace and a point lace veil and carried lilies of the valley. She had no attendants, and her brother Nathaniel Thayer Robb, gave her in marriage.

Mr. Downs had his brother, Howard Downs, as his best man. There were no ushers. The wedding ceremony was performed by the Rev. W. W. Battershall of Albany and the Rev. Hugh Birckhead, Rector of St. George's Church, New York.

After a brief bridal trip Mr. and Mrs. Downs will return to town and live at the bride's Park Avenue home.

MISS SARAH SHUBERT WEDS.

Sister of Lee and J. J. Shubert Married to Edward Davidow.

The marriage of Miss Sarah Shubert, sister of Lee and J. J. Shubert, the theatrical managers, to Edward Davidow of New York took place at Delmonico's last evening. The ceremony, at which only the immediate members of the families were present, was performed by the Rev. Dr. Grossman.

After the ceremony a dinner to about forty guests was served in the Green Room. The decorations were asters and American Beauty roses.

Miss Lawrence Weds I. S. Henthorn.

The wedding of Miss Estelle Lawrence, daughter of Mrs. D. Lawrence of Brooklyn, and I. Stuyvesant Henthorn of this city, took place yesterday at noon in Christ Church, Brooklyn. The Rev. Canon William Sheafe Chase officiated.

Only members of the immediate families were present. The bride wore a traveling costume of white broadcloth. Miss Florence Henthorn, a nice of the bridegroom, was maid of honor, and Harry V. S. Lawrence, a brother of the bride, acted as best man.

A reception followed at the home of the bride's mother, 149 South Ninth Street. Later the couple left for Maine on their bridal trip. Upon their return they will reside at 103 Quincy Street, Brooklyn.

Miss Colgate Weds Lieut. Rumbough.

Miss Elizabeth Morse Colgate, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Gilbert Colgate, and Lieut. Stanley M. Rumbough, Fifteenth Cavalry, U. S. A., were married yesterday at Tannersville, N. Y., at the country home of the bride's parents. The couple will sail shortly for a trip through Spain, as Lieut. Rumbough has a a three-month leave of absence. Upon their retrun they will reside at Fort Myer. The Colgate city home is at 306 West Seventy-sixth Street.

CROCKER—KELLY.

Mr. and Mrs. Alvah Crocker of Fitchburg, Mass., have announced the engagement of their daughter, Miss Charlotte Barton Crocker, to Shaun Kelly of this city, son of the late Edmund Kelly. No date has been set for the wedding.

AMETHYSTS

Our Amethyst jewelry is distinguished by originality and beauty

VEIL PINS
$4.25 to $28.00

Theodore A. Kohn & Son
JEWELLERS
321 Fifth Avenue
at 32nd Street

'THE ARAB' SHOWS REALISTIC SCENES

A Picturesque Melodrama with Thrills That Seemed to Transplant Syria to the Lyceum.

THE SETTINGS BEAUTIFUL

Edgar Selwyn, the Author, Gives a Clever Characterization of Complex Role of the Dragoman-Sheik.

THE ARAB, a play in four acts, by Edgar Selwyn. Lyceum Theatre.

Mahmout Azeer	Anthony Andre
Selim	Victor Benoit
Kyamil Pasha	Edward R. Mawson
Sheikra	Thomas Adams
A Barber	Joseph Kisber
A Peasant	Toun Azeon
Robert Cruikshanks	Walter Wilson
Mary Hilbert	Edna Baker
Myrza	Ethel Von Waldron
A Mendicant	Charles De Forrest
Dr. Hilbert	James Seely
Hossein	Saul Russell
Jamil Abdullah Azem	Edgar Selwyn
Abdullah	Joseph Rawley
Walter Seller	Abraham Seror
Ibrahim	E. Fernande
Drucis	Virginia Rankin
Eena	Eileen Percy
Menka	Gerard Gardner
Sayeh	Jack Percy
Minna	Dorothy Rankin
Jazeer	Harry McCullom
Muezzin	George Atalia

For people who like the pictures and the atmosphere of the Orient, served in melodramatic form, Edgar Selwyn's new play, "The Arab," that had its first performance at the Lyceum Theatre last night, will most likely prove an attractive offering. There is no gainsaying the beauty of the settings or the realism of the crowded bazaar scenes, the mission grounds and house. Syria seemed transplanted to West Forty-fifth Street—with the usual reservations that theatrical transplantings must almost always have.

As for the play, it is melodrama, of the flavor of "Strongheart," but with a more hopeful ending and more picturesqueness—due to the locale—and more thrills. The Arab of the story is a dragoman, son of a sheik of a Bedouin tribe, but a deserter from the desert ranks. He says himself that he is "the best dragoman in the world," and he says it boastfully. Then he proceeds to fall in love with Mary Hilbert, daughter of the minister in charge of the American mission in the little Syrian village. He has been a Christian four times before, but he is willing to become one again, this time without expecting anything in the way of presents. Only the missionary's daughter he wants.

The Governor of the village is anxious to propitiate the Turkish Government. He has the soldiers sent out of the place, with the hope that the Moslems will arise and make away with the Armenians and the white Christians as well. He arranges for the children of the mission to be taken to Damascus, but also arranges to have them waylaid and killed. The dragoman, on the verge of conversion, and with his mind filled with a few passages from the Bible, learns of the scheme and sends to the desert for his father's people.

The uprising comes, and the Governor, hoping for murder, tries to persuade the mission people to go to his palace. The dragoman, whose name is Jamil Abdullah Azam, does his best to prevent the exodus and is shot for his trouble. His people arrive and call him sheik, his father having died. The missionaries are saved, the Governor is persuaded to resign, and the Americans prepare to depart in peace.

But Jamil still loves Mary. He has made up his mind to renounce his people, and go to America with her. His Lieutenant, an old Bedouin, shows him the folly of expecting to find his rank respected across the water, and so he renounces his desire. Mary, however, having come to love him, promises to return to the East and the mission and presumably marry her convert.

The play's author, Mr. Selwyn, played the rôle of the dragoman-sheik, and found much favor with the audience by a remarkably clever delineation of a somewhat complex rôle. He never lost his characterization, and his simulation of the passing of the boastful guide into the Christian convert and then to the powerful sheik was excellent. Edna Baker appeared in the rôle of the missionary, Edward R. Mawson played the Turkish Governor, Walter Wilson an American searcher for antiques, James Seely, the missionary, and Ethel von Waldron, who proved unusually adept at pantomime, had the part of Myrza, a Syrian girl.

SAIL IN YACHT FOR EUROPE.

Commodore and Mrs. A. C. James and Guests Will Leave To-day.

Commodore and Mrs. Arthur Curtiss James will sail to-day with a small party on board the auxiliary yacht Aloha for Europe, leaving from the New York Yacht Club station at the foot of East Twenty-third Street, where the yacht has been anchored since its arrival from Newport.

Their guests will include A. V. Alvord and William J. Mateson of New York; Miss Beverley James of Baltimore, Md., and Dr. Horace P. Beck of Newport.

Commodore and Mrs. James have been at their town house, 92 Park Avenue, since coming from Newport, where they spent the season. They will be gone until November, and plan to touch at the Azores and Madeira on their way to Europe, although the conditions outside will have much to do with their route.

W. A. BRADY CHANGES PLANS.

"The Rack" to be Withdrawn for George Broadhurst's New Play.

William A. Brady arranged a number of changes in his plans yesterday that will affect two playhouses and several productions. "The Rack," which opened at The Playhouse last week, will be withdrawn Saturday night, and next week George Broadhurst's new play "Bought and Paid For" will be presented there instead of at Daly's Theatre, for which house it was first scheduled. "When Sweet Sixteen," now playing at Daly's, will give place to the production of "The Thief," in which Mme. Simone will make her American début on Oct. 9.

Douglas Fairbanks, in "A Gentleman of Leisure," will have to leave the Globe Theatre at the end of October to make room for A. H. Woods's production of "Gypsy Love," and plans are now being made to transfer this attraction to another theatre on Broadway. Grace George's tenancy of The Playhouse will follow the run of "Bought and Paid For," which has been in rehearsal for some time.

Motor Racing Drivers See "Speed."

Members of the Motor Racing Drivers' Association were guests of Louis Disbrow, the racing driver, at the Comedy Theatre last night to see a performance of Lee Wilson Dodd's comedy, "Speed." The racing men occupied the stage boxes, and their party included George Robenson, Ralph De Palma, Harry Grant, Hugh Hughes, Harry Hartman, Harold Stone, Mr. Disbrow, Leland Mitchell, C. H. Lund, Len Ormsby, M. Worth Calwell, and Tom Sopwith, the English aeroplanist.

THEATRICAL NOTES.

The final dress rehearsal of Henry W. Savage's Western "Everywoman" company will be given at the Lyric Theatre to-day. Jane Oaker will have the title-role, Marie Wainwright will appear as Truth, and Frederick Warde will be seen in the role of Nobody. The tour will begin at Buffalo next week.

Henry Kolker in "The Great Name," another Savage production, will begin his tour at Allentown, Penn., to-night, and will come to the Lyric Theatre, New York, on Oct. 4, following the original production of "Everywoman."

Frances Starr and her company, that are to appear in "The Case of Becky," began rehearsals at the Belasco Theatre yesterday afternoon. This is a new play by Edward J. Locke, author of "The Climax." The company will include Charles Dalton, Robert Dempster, Yorke Stevens, Harry C. Browne, and John P. Braun. The first performance will be given in Cincinnati on Oct. 23.

Hadj Nassar, agent for Sie Hassan Ben Ali, will sail on the Cretic for Gibraltar to-day to arrange to bring over twenty-five Arabs to take part in Liebler & Co.'s production of "The Garden of Allah."

MME. SIMONE HERE TO ACT.

Accompanied by Husband, Casimir-Perier, Son of Late French President.

Mme. Simone Casimir-Perier, the French actress, and wife of the son of the late President of France, arrived in New York on the Oceanic yesterday morning to begin her first American tour under the direction of Liebler & Co. She was accompanied by her husband, a maid, a twelve-year-old poodle, and numerous trunks, and she went to the Hotel Plaza.

In her apartment she held a levee of reporters, managers, and friends, and proved to be a most capable hostess. Besides, she proved to be a charming woman, without affectation of any sort, full of earnestness about her work, and with a sort of well-bred good-fellowship that turned out to be a strong attribute of her husband, also present.

Mme. Casimir-Perier—or Mme. Simone, as she is known on the stage—is about 30 years old and has been on the stage for nine years. She began acting because she wanted something to do, and because Bernhardt thought that was the best thing for her to attempt. She was born in Paris in the Rue Champs Elysées, and she learned to speak English there.

Yesterday afternoon it was discovered that she spoke English in a manner that would put to shame most American or English born women. Her voice had no trace of French accent, except when she used a word cognate in French and English, and it had a carrying power that made each person in the large parlor think she was talking directly to him.

Mme. Simone is of the type that artists would consider beautiful. Her features are attractive, her complexion, without a trace of artificial "make-up," is perfect, and her hair, a medium brown, is abundant. Arranged as it was yesterday, there could be no question as to its naturalness. She was simply dressed in a white lingerie gown over a cream-colored slip, with greenhouse shoes, and a thin green coat. Her only jewels were a rope and a necklace of pearls, and two rings, one a narrow band of gold, and the other a heavy circlet with a large blue stone in it.

She talked about what she thought an actress should be—a person with "emotional sensitiveness," who was able to direct such emotions—and she told what plays she liked best, and what she wished to do here. She was unaffected, natural, and unembarrassed. The twelve-year-old poodle seemed to feel the importance of receiving company more than did the mistress.

Mme. Simone will begin her season here on Oct. 9 at Daly's Theatre, in Bernstein's "The Thief," with an English adaptation differing somewhat from that presented in New York by another actress. Then she will appear in another Bernstein play, "The Whirlwind," which will also have a new English adaptation, and then in Rostand's "The Lady of Dreams." Yesterday afternoon there was a little discussion as to the possibility of finding one or two good French actors in New York, so that she might give a few performances, "for the people who really care," of some of the tragedies of Racine and other classical French dramatists. The discussion resulted in the discovery of at least one Frenchman who could be relied upon, and so it is likely that one or two tragedies will be presented, in part, during the New York engagement.

Bernstein, it appears, is Mme. Simone's favorite among the modern French authors. Her first appearance was made in his drama, "Le Detour," which was written for her, and which she played at the Gymnase, Paris, in January, 1902. She is an emotional actress, and she likes a play in which character is devoloped.

"I am a gay person by nature," she said, "so when I laugh all the afternoon I do not mind having to cry at night."

STOP "BEN HUR" IN FILMS.

Klaw & Erlanger to Sue Persons Giving Picture Performances of Play.

Klaw & Erlanger, through their Washington attorneys, Maddox & Gatley, were in conference with the United States District Attorney for the District of Columbia yesterday for the purpose of bringing suit against John Noonan, proprietor of several motion picture theatres in Washington, for giving film performances of "Ben Hur" last week. Klaw & Erlanger obtained, some time ago, permanent injunctions against the Kalem Company and others from selling any films of "Ben Hur" or giving any performances of the play.

Noonan, at a hearing, admitted that he had given performances of the play, and stated that he had obtained the films from Harry K. Lucas of Charlotte, N. C., an "independent" film dealer who rents motion picture films to theatres unlicensed by the Motion Picture Patents Company. Klaw & Erlanger expect to begin at once proceedings against Lucas for the infringement of copyright of "Ben Hur."

YESTERDAY'S WILLS.

ELIZABETH V. RUSHOMRE, died June 7, leaving no real but about $5,000 personal property, divided into six parts; one for each of her five living children and one for the children of her dead son, Everett.

LOUISE SOPHIE IHLBROCK, died Sept. 17, leaving no real but $2,200 personal property, to her sister, Sophie Henrietta Hopp.

CHARLES R. DILWORTH, died Aug. 29 in Paris, leaving an unestimated amount of real and upward of $10,000 personal property, all to his wife, Elizabeth Louise Dilworth. He provided that his two brothers and two sisters may buy his interest in Dilworth, Porter & Co., Limited, of Pittsburgh, for $200,000.

JOSEPH GROSE, died Sept. 17, leaving $5,000 real and $10,000 personal property; all household effects to his wife, Lydia M., and his son, Waldo, in trust for his children; 16 per cent. of the remainder of his personal estate to his wife, 12 per cent. to his children, Waldo, Howard, Ronald, John, Douglas, and Josephine; 7 per cent. to his daughters, Elinor and Miriam; 6 per cent. to his brother, Samuel; 2 per cent. to his brother, Nicholas, and 2 per cent. to his sister, Josephine. All his real estate to the daughter of his late first wife, Virginia Waldo.

MINNA SILBERBERG, died Aug. 14, leaving $5,000 real and $100 personal property, all to her husband, Solomon.

MARY WALTER, died April 5, leaving no real and $1,906.23 personal property to her husband, Anton.

FRANK P. FOSTER, died Aug. 13, leaving no real but $1,000 personal property, to his wife, Georgina M.

CHARLES CREELER, died Sept. 15, leaving no real and $3,200 personal property, to his wife, Josephine.

LOUIS SHAPIRO, died Sept. 15, leaving $7,000 real and $10,000 personal property to his wife, Fannie.

LAURA SHEEL POMEROY, died Aug. 23, leaving no real and $8,756.04 personal property; $50 to Ella Hunter, a servant; $100 to Margaret Matthews, $200 to Hilda Belcher, $400 to Gertrude A. Pomeroy, a niece of her late husband; $100 to Francis Byrne Hackett, $200 to Dr. Edward Douglas Rudderan, $500 to Rufus H. Sheel, a nephew; $500 to Anna Sheel, a niece; $200 to Graham Montrose Adee, a grand-nephew; $1,500 to Louise Van Wyck, widow of a nephew; $200 to Henry Chase Brearley, $500 to Roswell Sheel, a nephew, and all the rest to Adelaide Sheel, a niece.

THOMAS G. KEMES, died June 14, 1906, leaving $150 real and no personal property to his aunt, Ella Ratzer.

HEINRICH CRAMER, died Aug. 6, leaving about $30,000 real and about $20,000 personal property; his clothes and household effects to his son, Henry; $3,000 in trust for life of his housekeeper, Katarina Noratscheck, and the rest in three parts to his sons, Henry and Charles, and his daughter, Henrietta, the latter's in trust.

WHY THEY COME

MORE than 50% of the "Private Realty Sales" reported in the Record and Guide last week came to this Company for title insurance.

A very large proportion for one Company, but the reason is easy to see.

Title examination is a most important and serious matter to the purchaser of a home. The best examination he can get is none too good.

Then, too — our guarantee fund is the largest.

TITLE GUARANTEE AND TRUST Co

Capital . . $ 4,375,000
Surplus(all earned) 10,625,000

176 B'way, N. Y. 175 Remsen St., B'klyn. 350 Fulton St., Jamaica.

JARRING COUPLE ARE AT IT AGAIN

In A. E. Thomas's Farce, "What the Doctor Ordered," at the Astor Theatre.

CURE FOR DOMESTIC ILLS

Offers Diagnosis and Prescription, Which Are Ignored by Those Who Might Be Benefited.

WHAT THE DOCTOR ORDERED, a comedy in three acts, by A. E. Thomas. Astor Theatre.

John Carr	Fritz Williams
James Fessenden	Allan Pollock
Dr. Edson	William McVay
Daisy Carr	Virginia Hammond
Mrs. Samuel Carr	Kate Meek
Mrs. Emery	Mable Bert
Sally Fisher	Anne Meredith
Jenny	Katherine Bayard Bell

The most amusing moment in Albert E. Thomas's farce, "What the Doctor Ordered," occurs in the last act, when the husband of the quarreling pair of young people is put through an examination by the family physician, who has been called in by the wife after the husband has made pretense of a bad cough in order to win her sympathy. The wife, it ultimately appears, has known all the time that her husband was shamming, and by this means succeeds in punishing him as she thinks he deserves.

Throughout the three-act farce, which was seen for the first time at the Astor last night, there is a considerable amount of mutual deception for effect with an added deception occasionally on the part of the two mother-in-laws of the squabbling couple. What the doctor orders in the first place is voluntary temporary separation on the part of married people, the interval being designed to create a mutual longing for each other. And it yet remains to be proved that "What the Doctor Ordered" was not a very good prescription. As far as that part of it goes Mr. Thomas diagnosed the case correctly. But, as very often happens, the patients refused to obey instructions, with the result that they were at loggerheads most of the evening. It was apparent, of course, that they loved each other all the time, but that did not prevent the wife on her part from agreeing to do a "near-Apache" dance with another man, and the husband from promising to rehearse the love scenes of "The Marriage of Kitty" with another woman. Nor was dissatisfaction any the less because both couples were altruistically inclined, their terpschorean and histrionic efforts being designed to aid a charitable entertainment.

The immediate result was a scene at the luncheon table, with the wife alternately throwing fits and plates, the first of which brought down her hair, while the second demolished the best set of china—a wedding gift from one of the mothers.

The present season has already brought several plays in which the struggle to adjust early matrimonial difficulties has provided the main theme, but Mr. Thomas's piece is possibly the most farcical of any of them. As he is a man of taste he could hardly have been responsible for much of the violent and ancient business with which portions of the play are padded out, and which suggested a pantomimic or vaudeville interlude rather than a natural development of the comic idea he had in mind. Nor is he to be blamed for a certain quality of aggressiveness which crept into much of the acting and which eventually became very wearing on the nerves.

In this respect Miss Virginia Hammond was the chief offender, her noisy pyrotechnics and persistent babying of many of the lines leading chiefly to that tired feeling. Mr. Fritz Williams may always be counted on for skillful playing, though he is not comedian enough to fill in the outlines of such a part as he had here with matter to make it thoroughly amusing.

The best figure in the play was provided by Allan Pollock, as a particularly supercilious and lackadaisical "silly-ass" type, and there was good work by William McVay, Kate Meek, and Mabel Bert. The last two, however, were occasionally too slow for the general action of the piece, and their scenes were apt to drag.

For one thing, at least, the jarring couple should have rejoiced. They possessed in the person of Katherine Bayard Beil a particularly agreeable and soft-voiced maid, whose speech and action were always very soothing after the hubbub created by the members of the family.

Herbert M. Horkheimer Bankrupt.

Herbert M. Horkheimer, theatrical manager residing at 39 Claremont Avenue, has filed a petition in bankruptcy with liabilities $44,398 and assets $48 cash in two trust companies. Included in the liabilities is an action for $32,000 brought against him by Violet Dale of 517 West 113th Street. Among those he owes for salary are Ann Warrenton, $800; Sadie Williams, $50; Gladys Clare, $50; Josephine Doughty, $20; Miles McCarthy, $100, and William Ingersoll, $260. Among the other creditors are the Metropolitan Printing Company, $1,000; American Play Company, $300; H. A. Groen & Brother, $1,102; Liebler & Co., $150, royalties; Darey & Wolford, $100, royalties; B. S. Horkheimer, $1,000, services; Osborn Searle, $567, judgment; George N. Coombs, $1,250, loan; Lucile, Ltd., $450; Tappe Society, milliner, $75; Shayne & Co., $450, and Lord & Taylor, $400.

Obituary Notes.

Mrs. WILLIAM L. SMALLEY, Sr., mother of Newtown B. Smalley and Councilman W. L. Smalley, Jr., died in Plainfield, N. J., yesterday, aged 86 years. Her husband died at the age of 96 years last February.

WILLIAM FREDERICK KOELKER, 30 years old, former Professor of Chemistry at the University of Wisconsin, died at the Toledo, (Ohio,) State Hospital yesterday, where he had been a patient for six months. He was at the university for five years, but resigned a few months ago.

GEORGE C. M. KONOW, a retired manufacturer, died at his home, 6,942 Third Avenue, Brooklyn, on Sunday of a complication of diseases. He was a native of Germany and had lived for forty years in Brooklyn. He was 65 years old.

JOHN JAMES TOTTEN, a retired manufacturer, and a member of the family that founded Tottenville, S. I., died at his home, 309 Hancock Street, Brooklyn, of acute rheumatism on Sunday. He was born in Tottenville seventy-one years ago, and was a son of Ephraim Totten of that town.

CORNELIUS DITMARS, a descendant of one of the pioneer settlers of Long Island, died yesterday at his home, 201 East Nineteenth Street, Flatbush. He was 71 years old. Until a few years ago Mr. Ditmars was the largest land owner in the Flatbush section. His property was then cut up into city lots, and he and his family abandoned the old Ditmars farmhouse, built long before the Revolution. Mr. Ditmars was a member of the Holland Society of New York, the St. Nicholas Society, and the Midwood Club.

WILLIAM L. FRANKENBACH, Director and cashier of the Yorkville Bank, died after an operation at the German Hospital in this city yesterday. He lived at 918 Summit Avenue, Jersey City Heights. Mr. Frankenbach was born in Germany sixty-three years ago, but came to this country at the age of 20 years. He was connected with various banks until seventeen years ago, he became one of the founders of the Yorkville Bank. He was long a member of the Finance Board of Jersey City, and Commissioner of the Sinking Fund there. He was a member of the German Liederkranz of this city and of the Arion Society of Jersey City; a member of the German Hospital, the Deutsche Gesellschaft of New York, and other societies.

TERRENCE J. SMITH, a well-known Democratic politician of the old Seventeenth Ward, died after a brief illness at his home, 317 East 120th Street, on Tuesday. He was born in the old Seventeenth Ward in 1851, and spent his life there. He was a close friend of the late Patrick Keenan. Mr. Smith was for forty years an importer of Japanese goods.

Miss KATHERINE O'CONNOR, daughter of the late James and Elizabeth Scott O'Connor and sister of W. Scott O'Connor, a member of the Consolidated Exchange, died on Sunday last in Paris, France, after an operation. The body will be brought here by two of her sisters and buried in Baltimore, where the family resided for many years.

FREDERICK G. JAMES, connected with the Columbia Refining Company of this city, died yesterday. Mr. James was a member of the New York Athletic Club, and lived at 135 West 104th Street. He was 38 years old.

SIR ROBERT HART DEAD.

Created China's Customs Service and Held Government Honors.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—Sir Robert Hart, Director General of Customs in China from 1901 to 1908, and Inspector General since 1863, died to-day. Sir Robert had been living in England since his retirement from the Chinese service on account of ill-health.

Sir Robert Hart, who was an Irishman by birth, had been in the Chinese maritime customs service since 1859. He was born in 1835. The office of Director General of Chinese customs—inland as well as maritime—was bestowed upon him, together with other high honors exceptional in the case of a foreigner, as a reward for services rendered the Chinese Government in connection with the international settlement of the Boxer troubles.

Sir Robert Hart was the strongest link between China and the Western world. He created its customs service; he gave China a comprehensive tariff, and was behind practically every commercial treaty that China made prior to 1908, when he returned to England on account of ill-health. Soon after his return he retired from the Chinese service.

He was secretary to the commission of the allies which met in Canton in 1858. He entered the Chinese customs service as Deputy Commissioner the next year. After being advanced to the post of Inspector General of Customs in 1863, he reorganized the service on modern lines.

Chinese and Malay pirates at that time made Chinese waters unsafe to traffic. Hart equipped a large fleet of steamers to hunt the pirates down. He established lighthouses and later a postal service. In recognition of his innumerable services he received the greatest honors in the gift of the Chinese Government.

Brother of Mrs. Nicoll Dies in Paris.

News was received here yesterday of the death of Richard Churchill, a brother of Mrs. De Lancey Nicoll, in Paris. Mrs. Nicoll has arranged to sail on the Lorraine to-day to take charge of the funeral arrangements.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

BOAS.—Sept. 17, Farmington, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. H. Boas, a son.

Married.

BURNHAM — LUTHER. — At St. Michael's Church, Marblehead, Mass., on Monday, Sept. 18, by the Rev. W. M. Partridge, assisted by the Rev. Dr. Ernest Voorhis of the Cathedral of St. John the Divine, New York, Grace Aline Luther to John Appleton Burnham.

DOWNS—ROBB.—On Wednesday, Sept. 20, at 23 Park Av., by the Rev. W. W. Battershall and the Rev. Hugh Birckhead, Cornelia Van Rensselaer, daughter of the late James Hampden Robb, to Daniel Frederick Downs.

EHLERS—ROGERS.—On September 20, 1911, at St. Agnes's Chapel, by the Rev. Lawrence T. Cole, D. D., Mary Ann, daughter of the late Thomas and Emily Cauldwell Rogers, to Edward Cargill Ehlers, M. D., both of New York.

MARTIN—CROSBY.—On Wednesday Sept. 20, at 4 o'clock, at St. George's Church, Flushing, L. I., by the Rev. Henry D. Waller, Mary Floyd, daughter of Mrs. Allen Howard Crosby to Charles Blyth Martin of Dundee, Scotland.

THORNE—LOOMIS.—Sept. 16, 1911, St. Mary's Church, Tuxedo Park, N. Y., by the Rev. Henry A. Stimson, Julia Atterbury, daughter of Mrs. Henry P. Loomis, to Landon Ketchum Thorne, son of Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Thorne of Babylon, N. Y.

DALY—O'CONNELL.—Sept. 19, Julia O'Connell to Joseph Daly.

ROUNDEY—CROMIEN.—Sept. 18, Aghna V. Cromien to Francis B. Roundey.

Brooklyn.

BAUER—ROLLER.—Sept. 16, May Roller to John Bauer.

COOK—GILBERT.—Sept. 17, Nora J. Gilbert to Walter M. Cook.

DOUGHERTY—HORN.—Sept. 19, Anna C. Horn to John R. Dougherty.

EXNER—CONNORS.—Sept. 20, May Connors to Frank Exner.

HENTHORN—LAWRENCE.—Sept. 20, Estelle Lawrence to Stuyvesant Henthorn.

Connecticut.

CAPLAN—ROCK.—Sept. 17, Hartford, Mollie Rock to William Caplan.

HENKE—RHODES.—Sept. 16, Hartford, Zeruah F. Rhodes to George

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Steel Stocks Lead an Aggressive Downward Movement to Low Records.

DAY OF MANY RUMORS

Harvester and Steel Corporation Talked Of as Planning to Dissolve—Wage Cuts Predicted In Steel Trade.

United States Steel preferred and common were the leaders in an aggressive downward movement in yesterday's market, which carried several issues to still further low records. At 62⅞, which was the low point for Steel common, the stock sold within 1¾ points of its bottom price of 1910. The preferred was unusually active and broke more easily than the common. Its closing price represented a loss of 3½ points from the last sale of the day before.

There was no indication at the opening of the market of a recurrence of the heavy declines of the previous day. Prices in most cases were at the level established by Tuesday's close, and in a few instances were fractionally higher. The traders began to think that the worst of the foreign development had been seen and that stocks were to be relieved of much of the pressure under which they have labored since the Moroccan question assumed an international aspect.

Soon after the opening, however, stories to the effect that the International Harvester Company had indicated to the Department of Justice its willingness to avoid a suit under the Sherman law by voluntarily reorganizing in accordance with Mr. Wickersham's ideas, which had been taken as unreliable gossip, were retold as coming direct from official quarters in Washington. It was also reported with less appearance of plausibility, although rather widely believed, that the United States Steel Corporation had the alternative of reorganizing or of facing what would probably be a long-drawn-out battle for existence in its present form.

It is significant of the uneasy state of mind of most traders that both of these stories were accepted almost without question and an onslaught of selling orders for both of the Steel issues caught the market unprepared.

Steel common sold from 64⅞, the first quotation, down 2 points, and although support came before noon, it ended the day with a loss of 1½ points. Credence given to the story that the corporation might be dissolved was responsible for a sharp break in the preferred issue on the possibility that it might be redeemed at par.

From its opening the preferred sold down 3⅝ points, later recovering a half point. The presence of a number of Steel officials in a conference at Judge Gary's office and the refusal of any one in authority to deny the Wickersham story convinced many people that it had some basis of fact. The presence of counsel for International Harvester with George W. Perkins, and the latter's partial admission that the company had signified its willingness to make any change recommended by the Department of Justice were sufficient to verify the Harvester reorganization story in the Street's excited state of mind.

The possibility of general wage cuts in the steel business was a further disquieting factor in yesterday's markets. The Iron Age admitted that the question of lower wages at the steel works and rolling mills was being seriously discussed, and gave it as the opinion of some manufacturers that it was inevitable that labor would share in the hardships the trade is undergoing. Along the same line The Iron Trade Review stated that if steel prices declined further wage adjustments would be a logical development.

The Moroccan incident having been already settled in the minds of most people, little encouragement was furnished by information from Berlin that the Boerse looked for a final settlement this week. The further drop in consols to 76½ was likewise dismissed as a matter having little bearing on the local market.

Publication of the Lehigh Valley report furnished additional evidence, if any was needed, of the difficulties the railroads are having in keeping down operating costs. The Lehigh enjoyed an increase of $1,520,000 in revenues, with a decrease of $146,000 in the surplus for dividends. Lehigh Valley is one of the roads whose margin of profit is large enough to allow it to work out its operating reductions gradually.

Foreign labor troubles, threatening a lessened demand, were alleged to be partly responsible for a bad break in the cotton market yesterday, which carried the staple down from 30 to 35 points below Tuesday's close.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Radiator Co., for dividend on common.
American Locomotive Co., for dividend on preferred and for annual meeting.
Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railway, for annual meeting.
Duluth Edison Electric Co., for dividend on preferred.
Island Creek Coal Co., for dividend on preferred.
J. H. Dunham & Co., for dividend on first and second preferred.
New York Central Railroad, for dividend.
Terre Haute, Indiana & Eastern Railway, for dividend on preferred.
Texas Co., for dividend.
United States Printing Co. of New Jersey, for dividend.

DIVIDEND PAYABLE.

Alabama Mineral Land Co.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

Duluth, South Shore & Atlantic Railroad.
Tri-City Railway & Light.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Money on call loaned on Stock Exchange collateral at 2¼@2½ per cent., with the last loan at 2⅜ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2½ per cent.

Time money rates, 3⅜@3½ per cent. for sixty days, 3½@3¾ per cent. for ninety days, and 3¾@4 per cent. for four, five, and six months.

Commercial paper was quoted at 4 per cent. for November and December maturities, and 4½@5 per cent. for over-the-year maturities, with some business on special names at lower rates.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 3¾ per cent., unchanged; Paris, 3½ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 4½ per cent., unchanged.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $272,291,057; balances, $11,986,473; Sub-Treasury credit balance, $158,101.

The local banks have lost $2,200,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Foreign exchange rates on the points named were quoted as follows at the close of business yesterday:

CABLE AND SIGHT RATES.

London—Cable, $4.8675; demand, $4.8640.
Paris—Cable, $5.17½; check, $5.18⅛ plus 1-32.
Berlin—Cable, 95 3-16 less 1-64; check, 95 1-16 plus 1-32.
Switzerland—Cable, $5.18⅝; check, $5.18⅝ less 3-32.
Holland—Cable, 40.23; check, 40.18.
Belgium—Cable, $5.20⅝ less 1-16; check, $5.21¼ less 1-16.

SIXTY AND NINETY DAY BILLS.

London—Bankers', sixty days, $4.8310; ninety days, $4.8140.
London—Commercial, sixty days, $4.82⅞; ninety days, $4.81⅛.
Paris—Bankers', sixty days, $5.20⅝ less 1-32; ninety days, $5.22⅛ plus 1-16.
Paris—Commercial, sixty days, $5.21¼ less 1-16; ninety days, $5.22⅛ less 1-16.
Berlin—Bankers', sixty days, 94⅝; ninety days, 94⅛ less 1-32.
Berlin—Commercial, sixty days, 94 3-16 plus 1-32; ninety days, 93 13-16.
Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, par; St. Louis, 10c premium; San Francisco, 50c premium; St. Paul, 20c premium; Montreal, 15⅝c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver 1-16d higher in London, at 24¼d per ounce, and in New York ⅛c higher at 52½c. Mexican dollars were quoted at 40c.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Wednesday.

Total sales Sept. 20, 1911 738,556
From Jan. 1, 1911 81,710,022
Same period last year 126,836,765

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
17½	18	100	Allis-Chalmers pf	17½	17½	17½	17½	− ½
52¾	53¼	32,400	Amalgamated Copper	54⅛	54⅞	52⅝	53¼	− ⅝
50¼	50¾	300	Am. Agricul. Chem	50¾	50¾	50¼	50¼	− ¾
9¾	51	11,500	Am. Beet Sugar	52	52	50	50⅞	− ⅛
81⅞	10	300	Am. Can	9⅞	9⅞	9⅞	10	+ ⅛
45⅜	813⅝	1,450	Am. Can pf	83	83	81¼	81¼	− 1¾
50⅞	45¾	1,500	Am. Car & Foundry	46¼	46¼	45⅝	45⅝	− 1⅛
3½	51½	500	Am. Cotton Oil	50½	50⅝	50½	50⅝	− ⅛
	4	100	Am. Hide & Leather	3⅜	3⅜	3¾	3¾	− ⅛
18	20	400	Am. Hide & Leath. pf	20	20	19	19	− ⅞
34	34½	200	Am. Locomotive	34¼	34⅛	34	34	
38	40	200	Am. Malt pf	38	38	38	38	− ½
66⅛	66¼	20,900	Am. Smelt. & Ref	66⅞	66⅞	65¾	66¼	− ⅞
102	102½	200	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	102¼	102½	102¼	102¼	− ⅞
226	250	200	Am. Snuff	225⅛	225⅞	225¼	225¼	− ½
27	28	375	Am. Steel Foundries	28	28	27½	27½	+ ⅛
115	116½	200	Am. Sugar Refining	115	115⅝	115	115⅝	+ ¾
115	116	200	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	116	116	115¾	115⅝	+ ½
135¼	135¼	800	Am. Tel. & Tel	135½	135¾	135¼	135¼	− ¾
90½	91½	600	Am. Tobacco pf	92½	92½	91	91¼	− ⅞
2¾	28⅞	25	Am. Woolen	28	28	28	28	
33½	338¾	300	Amaconda Copper Co	33½	33⅞	33½	33⅞	
102	102¼	11,800	Atch., Top. & S. F	102	102⅝	101⅞	102¼	+ ¼
118	120	100	Atlantic Coast Line	118¼	118¼	118¼	118¼	− ⅞
95⅝	95⅞	3,200	Baltimore & Ohio	96⅛	96⅛	95½	95⅝	− ½
		50	Bank of Commerce	202	202	202	202	− ¾
27¼	28	600	Bethlehem Steel	27½	27⅝	27½	27½	− ⅛
73	73¼	1,600	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	73	73½	73	73½	
129	133	100	Brooklyn Union Gas	129¼	129¼	129¼	129¼	− ½
225¼	225¼	8,750	Canadian Pacific	225	225½	223⅝	225⅝	− ½
20½	20⅞	4,200	Central Leather Co	22	22	20	20⅝	+ ⅛
70½	71	4,000	Chesapeake & Ohio	70⅛	70¼	69⅜	70½	+ ⅝
17½	17⅝	500	Chicago Gt. Western	17½	17⅝	17½	17½	+ ¼
111⅛	111¾	8,400	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	111⅛	111¾	110½	111¾	+ ½
143½	147	500	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	145	145	144	144	+ ½
130	130¼	800	Chi. & Northwestern	139	139	130	139	−1
17⅞	18	3,700	Chino Copper	18⅝	18⅝	17⅞	18	− ⅛
48	53	200	Clev., C., C. & St. L	50	50	50	50	− ⅞
23½	26½	200	Colorado Fuel & Iron	26⅞	26¾	26¾	26¾	− ⅞
44	45	200	Colorado & Southern	45	45	45	45	− ½
75	78	100	Col. & South. 1st pf	75	75	75	75	−1
131¾	132	1,100	Consolidated Gas	132¼	132½	131	131⅞	
124	125	100	Corn Products Ref	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	12⅝	+ ⅛
77¾	77¾	200	Corn Products Ref. pf	78½	78½	77½	77½	− ¼
150	160	200	Delaware & Hudson	159½	160	159½	160	
22	22⅞	300	Denver & Rio Grande	22¼	22⅜	22¼	22⅜	+ ⅜
45½	46¾	410	Den. & Rio Grande pf	46	46¼	46	46¼	+ ⅜
30	31	530	Distillers' Securities	30¼	31	30¼	31	+ ½
31	31¼	9,500	Erie	30⅞	31¼	30⅜	31¼	+ ⅝
50⅜	50½	1,700	Erie 1st pf	50	50¾	50	50¾	+ ¼
		10	Fourth Nat. Bank	205	205	205	205	
148½	149	500	General Electric	148½	149	148	149	
38	41	200	General Motors	39½	39½	39	39	
79	82½	500	General Motors pf	82½	82½	80½	80½	− ½
5⅝	5¾	2,500	Goldfield Consol	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	5⅝	− ⅛
123⅜	124	8,250	Great Northern pf	123¼	123⅞	122⅝	123⅝	− ⅛
45½	46	900	Gt. N. certs. ore prop	45½	45½	45	45	− ⅛
135½	138	100	Illinois Central	136	136	136	136	
13⅜	13⅝	5,200	Inter.-Met. v. tr. cfs	14¼	14¼	13⅝	13⅝	− ⅛
41	41½	1,300	Inter.-Met. pf	41⅝	41⅞	41	41¼	− ⅛
100¼	100½	6,950	Int. Harvester	100⅝	101½	100⅝	101½	+ ⅝
117		200	Int. Harvester pf	117⅜	117⅝	117½	117½	+ ⅛
45½	46	500	Int. Paper pf	46⅞	46⅞	46	46	− ⅛
29	31	250	Int. Steam Pump	29	29	29	29	− ⅞
63½	64	200	Kan. City South. pf	63⅜	63⅝	63⅜	63⅝	− ⅛
154½	154¾	29,520	Lehigh Valley	155¼	155½	154	154⅝	− ¼
137¼	138¼	600	Louisville & Nash	138	138	138	138	− ⅛
82	85	100	Mackay Cos	83	83	83	83	−1
73	73½	200	Mackay Cos. pf	78	73¼	73	73½	+1
76	78	200	May Dept. Stores	76¼	76¼	76¼	76¼	
		25	Mechan. & Metals Bk	263	263	263	263	
		100	Mercantile Marine	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	37⅞	
		400	Mercantile Marine pf	14¼	14¼	14	14¼	−1¼
		200	Miami Copper	18	18	18	18	−1¼
		1,500	Mo., Kansas & Texas	130	130	129¼	129¼	+ ⅞
		5,400	Missouri Pacific	28¼	28	28¼	29	
		300	Nat. Lead Co	35	36	34½	35	
		1,700	Nat. Lead Co. pf	48¼	49½	48¼	48¾	
		220	Nevada Con. Copper	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	107⅞	
		2,200	New York Air Brake	16¾	16¾	16⅝	16⅝	
		100	N. Y. Central	52	52	51	51	−1
		375	N. Y., N. H. & Hart	102	102	101¼	101⅞	− ⅛
		1,000	N. Y., Ont. & West	133	133	133	133	+ ⅜
		100	Norfolk & Western	38⅜	38¾	38⅜	38⅝	
		5,575	North American	101½	101½	100⅝	100⅝	− ⅛
		200	Northern Pacific	65½	65½	65¼	65¼	− ⅛
		100	Pacific Mail	113⅝	114¼	113¼	114¼	+ ½
		5,263	Pacific Tel. & Tel	30¼	30¼	29½	29½	− ⅞
		800	Pennsylvania R. R	36	36	36	36	
		158	People's Gas, Chicago	119¾	119¾	119¾	119¾	− ½
		100	Pitts., C., C. & St. L	103½	103½	102	103¼	+ ⅛
		300	P., C., C. & St. L. pf	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	91⅝	+ ⅝
		100	Pressed Steel Car	105	105	105	105	− ¾
		311	Pressed Steel Car pf	27⅝	27½	27¼	27¼	− ½
		1,200	Pullman Co	94	94	94	94	
		200	Ray Con. Copper	153	153	153	155	
		95,100	R'way Steel Spring	13½	13½	13	13	− ½
		100	Reading	27½	27½	27½	27½	
		600	Reading 1st pf	138½	138⅝	137¼	138½	+ ½
		3,600	Reading 2d pf	88	88	88	88	
			Rep. Iron & Steel	91	91	90½	90½	−1
		1,300	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	23	23	22	22	−1
		600	Rock Island Co	87⅛	87⅛	86	86	−1
		685	Rock Island Co. pf	24	24	23½	23⅝	−1⅞
		300	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	46	46¼	46	46	−1⅞
		100	St. Louis Southw. pf	38	38	38	38	−1½
		100	Sears, Roebuck & Co	68¾	68¾	68⅜	68½	
			Sloss-Shef. Steel & I	130½	130½	130½	130½	
		12,500	Southern Pacific	36¼	36¼	36¼	36¼	
		2,800	South. R'way	107½	107½	106⅝	107	−1¼
		200	Texas Co	26½	27	26½	26¾	− ⅛
		200	Toledo, St. L. & W	86¼	86¼	86¼	86½	− ⅛
		200	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	19	19¼	19	19¼	+ ⅛
		200	Union Pacific	43¾	43⅞	43¼	43⅝	+ ⅜
		200	Union Pacific pf	158½	158⅝	156⅞	158	+ ⅛
		550	United Rys. Invest	89½	89½	89½	89½	
		200	United Rys. Invest. pf	30	30	29	29	− ⅛
		200	U. S. Cast Iron Pipe	56	56	56	56	− ⅛
		660	U. S. Cast Iron P. pf	13	13	13	13	− ⅛
		116	U. S. Express	45	45	45	43⅞	− ⅛
		1,800	U. S. Rubber	90	90	90	90	−1⅛
		249,300	U. S. Steel	36⅜	37¼	36⅛	37¼	+ ⅝
		10,400	U. S. Steel pf	64⅞	64⅞	62¾	63½	−1⅛
		7,100	Utah Copper	113⅝	113⅞	110¼	110¾	−2⅜
		2,700	Va.-Caro. Chemical	41⅝	41⅞	41	41⅛	− ⅝
		300	Va.-Caro. Chem. pf	50	50	49	49	−2⅛
		200	Va. Ry. & Power pf	116¼	116⅝	116	116	+ ⅛
		:00	Wabash	77	77	77	77	−1⅞
		1,200	Wabash pf	13¼	13½	13¼	13¼	− ⅛
		50	Wells Fargo Express	26½	26½	25¾	26	− ⅝
		400	Western Maryland	140½	140¾	140¼	140¼	− ¾
		700	West. Union Tel. x d	52	52	52	140⅛	
		900	Westinghouse E. & M	61	61	60	60½	− ⅛
		500	Wisconsin Central	49	49	48¾	48½	−1½

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	103½	100⅞
2s, c., 1930	100½	
3s, r., 1918	101½	102½
3s, c., 1918	101½	
4s, r., 1925	113¾	114½
4s, c., 1925	113¾	114½
Pan. 2s, r., 1936		
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100¼	100⅜
Panama 3s, 1961	100¼	100⅜
D. C. 3-65s, reg.	102⅜	102¾
	105	106
Adams Exp.	210	217
Allis-Chalm.	6¼	7
Am. Ag. C. pf.	101¼	103
Am. B. S. pf., ex d.	95½	99
Am. B. S. & Fdy.	90	94
Am. B. S. & Fdy. pf.	90	94
A. C. & F. pf.	110	116½
Am. Coal	60	100
Am. Cot. O. pf.	99	103
Am. Exp.	210	215
Am. I. Sec.	17½	19
Am. L. Co.	8½	9¼
Am. L. Co. pf.	27¼	29¼
Am. Locom. pf.	106	108¾
Am. Malt.	3⅞	4⅛
Am. S. pf.	84½	85
Am. Snuff pf.	92	101½
A. T. & C.	70	83
Am. W. Co. pf.	89¾	91½
Am. W. Pa. pf.	25	27
Ann Arbor	20	45
Ann Arbor pf.	60	85
Asso. Oil	46	52
A., T. & S. F. pf.	101½	102
B. & O. pf.	85½	87
Batopilas M.	1¾	1⅞
Beth. Steel pf.	58¼	59⅝
Bruns. Ter.	7¼	8½
B., R. & P.	100	120
B., R. & P. pf.	129	150
Butte Co.	27⅞	30¼
Canada So.		72¾
Cent. Leath. pf.	92	95
C. R. R. of N. J.	255	270
C. & S. A.	114	118
Chi. & Alt.	17	25
Chi. & Alt. pf.	37	40
C. & E. Ill. pf.	100	110
Chi. Gt. W. pf.	36	37
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
C. & N. W. pf.	195	200
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	130	
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	145	155
Chi. Un. T. pf.	1¾	2½
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	4½	5¾
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	90	100
Col. F. & I. pf.		112
Col. & So. 2d pf.	67	72
Col. & H. G. & I., full paid	12	14
Crex Carpet.	65	70
Cub.-Am. S.	53	
Cub.-Am. S. pf.	93½	95½
D., L. & W.	510	540
D. M. & Ft. D.	6	
Det. & M.	110	
Det. & M. pf.	100	
Det. U. Ry.	65½	70
D. S. S. & A.	10	13
D. S. S. & A. pf.	20½	23½
Erie 2d pf.	40⅝	41
F. M. & S.	15	30
F. M. & S. pf.	49	63
Gen. C. Co.	125	131
Gen. C. Co. pf.	106	108
Granby Con.		60
Hav. E. R.	93½	97½
Hock. Val.	115	
Homestake, ex div.	82	85
Inger.-Rand	110	
Inger.-Rand pf.	100	
Int. Paper.	9	9½
Int. St. P. pf.	83	86
Iowa Cent.	18	18¾
Iowa C. pf.	36	38
Kan. C. Ft. S. & Mem. pf.	72	80
Kan. C. So.	26¾	29
K. & D. M.	4	8
K. & D. M. pf.	40	50
Lack. Steel.	30	40
Lacl. Gas.	102	102¾
L. E. & w.	10	13
L. E. & W. pf.	24	28
Lake Shore.	325	450
Long Island.	40	55
Mah. C. R.	600	
Man. Elev.	132¼	137
May Dept. Stores pf., ex div.	107¾	110¼
Mich. Cent.		180
M. & St. L.	82	86
M. & St. L. pf.	61	65
M., St. P. & S. S. M.	147½	152
M., St. P. & S. S. M. leased line, ex div.	80	88
Mo., K. & T. pf.	63½	64½
N. C. & St. L.	143	147
Nat. Bis.	128½	130
Nat. B. pf.	125	128
Nat. Enam.	15	16
Nat. Enam. pf.	91	95
Nat. Rys. of M. 1st pf.	63	67½
Nat. Rys. of M. 2d. pf.	25¼	29¼
N. Y., C. & St. L.	49	50¾
N. Y., C. & St. L. 1st pf.	98¾	108
N. Y., C. & St. L. 2d pf.	72½	85
N. Y. D. Co.		25
N. Y. D. Co. pf.		65
Norf. & W. pf.	89	90
Nor. Cent.	245	
N. O. T. & Light	50	60
Ont. Mining	1	
Pac. Coast.	85	105
Pac. C. 1st pf.	85	110
Pac. C. 2d pf.	90	105
Pac. Tel. & Tel. pf.	92	97
Peo. & E.	14	20
Pere Marq.		30
Pere M. 2d pf.		88
Phelps-D'ge.	200	
Pitts. Coal.	17¾	18¼
Pitts. C. pf.	79¼	80
Pitts. St. pf.	99	102
Pub. S. C.	106	114
Quicksilver.	2	2½
Quicksil'r pf.	4	4½
Ry. St. Sp. pf.	98	103
R. W. & O.	115	118
St. L. & S. F. 1st pf.	60	65
St. L. & S. E. & E. I. new cfts.	50	61¼
St. L. S. W.	29½	31½
St. L. S. W. pf.		
Sears-Roeb. pf.		119
S.-S. S. & I. pf.		112
So. P. R. S., ex div.	80	88
So. P. R. S. pf., ex d.	105	110
So. Ry. pf.	63	64
So. Ry., M. & O. cfts.	80	86
Tenn. Cop.	32¼	33
Stand. Mill.	14	16¼
Stand. Mill. pf.	46	53
Texas Pac.	22¾	23½
T. P. L. Tr.	81	85
Third Av.	8	8½
T. P. & W.	16	
T. C. R. T.	104	108¾
Und. Typew., ex div.	87	92
Und. Typew. pf., ex d.	108¾	110¼
U. B. & P.	5	6½
U. B. & P. pf.	54	56
Un. Cig. M. pf.	100½	109
Un. Dry G.	100	102
Un. Dry G. pf.	101½	104
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	22	25
U. S. Ind. Alcohol pf.	85	92½
U. S. R. & Impt.	66¾	67¾
U. S. R. & Ref.	2	4
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.		18
U. S. Rub. 1st pf.	108½	109
U. S. Rub. 2d pf.	70	75
Va. R. & P.	33½	40
West. Md. pf.	72½	77
Westingh'se 1st pf.	110¼	118
W. & L. E.	2½	3
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	6¾	9
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	3	4

SECURITIES AT AUCTION.

The following securities were sold at auction yesterday at the Exchange Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, Adrian H. Muller & Son, auctioneers:

FOR ACCOUNT OF WHOM IT MAY CONCERN.

$573 82-100 Assignment of pass book on Borough Bank in names of Martin H. O'Neill and B. Stern, with interest, $181.

$5,000 Socorro Mines first mortgage 6 per cent. twenty-year sinking fund gold bonds, due August, 1928, interest February and August, $1,000 each, $100 lot.

$12,000 Cairo & Norfolk Railroad Company first mortgage 5 per cent. twenty-year sinking fund gold bonds, due 1928, interest May and November, $1,000 each, $1,000 lot.

2 notes, $2,500 each, University Heights Realty and Development Company, being Serial Nos. 1,153 and 1,517, dated Feb. 23, 1911, at 6 per cent. interest, $500 each.

23 shares Guardian Trust Company, New York, $100 each, $101.

20 shares Mercantile National Bank, $100 each, $154½.

$75,000 Saddle Mountain Mining Company first and refunding 6 per cent. mortgage gold bonds, with April, 1911, and subsequent coupons attached, $5,000.

$18,000 Saddle Mountain Mining Company first and refunding 6 per cent. mortgage gold bonds, with April, 1911, and subsequent coupons attached; $30 shares Gila Copper Sulphide Company, $1,300 lot.

$50,000 demand note of the Development Company of America to the order of F. M. Murphy and endorsed by him, dated July 17, 1911; $50,000 Saddle Mountain Mining Company first refunding 6 per cent. mortgage gold bonds, due October, 1919; April, 1911, and subsequent coupons attached; 5,000 shares Imperial Copper Company, $10,000.

$150,000 Hudson River Electric Power Company 5s of 1944, represented by Standard Trust Company certificates of deposit, (assented,) $3,000.

$3,250 coupons due Feb. 1, 1908, from Hudson River Electric Power Company 5s of 1944, $100.

$100,000 Canadian Consolidated Coal Company first 5s of 1956, with October, 1909, coupons attached, $100.

$84,000 Canadian Consolidated Coal Company first 5s of 1956, $40,000 with April, 1909, coupons attached and $44,000 with October, 1909, coupons attached. These bonds subject, however, to the alleged liens of a certain attachment issued by the Supreme Court of the State of New York in the certain action entitled Edwin M. Simpson, administrator, &c., versus Canadian Consolidated Coal Company, $84 lot.

$25,000 Cuba Hardwood Company sinking fund 6s, represented by Old Colony Trust Company certificates of deposit, $150 lot.

125 shares Fidelity Commercial and Trading Company common trust certificates, $100 each, $25 lot.

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BONDS ON STOCK EXCHANGE.
Wednesday.

Total sales Sept. 20, 1911.. $2,198,000
From Jan. 1, 1911 605,230,500
Same period last year 403,250,000

Argentine Gov 5s 1,000 97
Rep of Cuba 5s 25,000 ..... 102⅞
N Y State 4s, 1961 5,000 ..... 103½
N Y City 4½s 2,000 ..... 102⅝
2,000 ..... 102½
Am Ag Ch conv 5s 1,000 101
Am Cotton Oil 4½s 3,000 ..... 97⅛
Am Hide & L 6s 3,000 ..... 98¼
Am Smelt Secur 6s 18,000 101
40,000 ..... 100⅝
Am T & T col 4s 1,000 ..... 90¼
8,000 ..... 90⅛
convertible 4s 3,000 ..... 105⅝
Am Tobacco 6s 167,000 108
54,000 ..... 108⅛
56,000 ..... 108¾
1,000 ..... 107⅞
5,000 108
43,000 ..... 107⅝
3,000 ..... 107¾
5,000 ..... 107⅝
83,000 108
10,000

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INVESTMENT SECURITIES

Chicago & Erie 5%, 1982
Chicago Subway 5%, 1928
Pere Marquette Ref. 4%, 1955
Denver & Rio Grande 4½%, 1936
Western Pacific 5%, 1933
E. BUNGE & CO.
20 Broad Street. 'Phone 4735-4736 Rector.

Missouri, Kansas & Texas Ext. 5s, 1944.
New Amsterdam Gas Consl. 5s, 1948.
Oregon Short Line 1st 6s, 1922.
Albany & Susquehanna 3½s, 1946.
WOLFF & STANLEY,
27 William St., N. Y. 6557-8-9 Broad.

Guaranty Trust Co.
OF NEW YORK
28 Nassau Street, New York.
Fifth Ave. Branch, 5th Ave. & 43d St., N.Y.
London Branch, 33 Lombard Street, E. C.
Capital and Surplus.....$23,000,000
Deposits 163,000,000

Domestic and Foreign
LETTERS OF CREDIT
Traveler's Cheques
THE STANDARD TRUST COMPANY
25 Broad St., New York, N. Y.

Calumet and Hecla Down to 373.

BOSTON, Sept. 20.—Another drop in Calumet and Hecla at the opening of the stock market to-day to 373, off 17, brought the stock within 47 points of the low mark of 1897. The officials of the company denied to-day that they had any intention of abandoning the proposed merger of nine subsidiary companies in Michigan, and said that the present litigation over the merger will be fought out in the courts.

TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

A Shift in Sentiment.

Conditions which fix values are subject to change without notice in Wall Street, and it is unfair to apply the test of consistency to the utterances of any broker or firm which attempts to advise its customers. This fact did not occur to some of the customers of one of the larger commission houses yesterday, however, when a member of the firm went on record as saying that, in view of all the disturbing factors in sight, "how any man can look for a big upturn in stocks is beyond ordinary comprehension." Just two days earlier the head of this firm told the same crowd of customers that "all the bad news is out. You can buy any stock in the list and see a big advance."

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Large Short Interest.

The opinion prevails in some of the brokerage houses that the volume of liquidation, or "real selling," as the traders call it, has not been large enough to cause the heavy decline which has come about, and that the short interest in the market is still very large in spite of the big drop stocks have already had. Some of the brokers have followed certain issues down since the start of the decline, and are still selling them. In the put-and-call market, which meets informally in New Street, puts, or the privilege of selling stock within a certain period at a fixed price, have been in great demand, while calls, at a few points above the prevailing quotations, have in many cases gone begging.

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Big Batch of Low Records.

To match some of the low records made yesterday it is necessary to go back three years. At par, the low price made yesterday by United States Steel 5s, these bonds were at their lowest level since August, 1908, when they sold at 99¾. United States Steel preferred at yesterday's low price of 110¼ has not been touched since October, 1908. Steel common at 62⅞ was within 1¾ points of its low price of last year. There were more than a score of low records made in the rest of the list. Among them were Amalgamated, 52⅝; American Ice, 19; Smelters, 65⅝; preferred, 102⅛; Anaconda, 33½; Bethlehem Steel, 27½; Central Leather, 20; Colorado Fuel, 26¾; Delaware & Hudson, 159½; Great Northern ore, 45; International Harvester, 99⅛; Kansas City Southern preferred, 63¾; New York Airbrake, 51; Pittsburgh, Chicago, Cincinnati & St. Louis, 105; Ray Consolidated, 13; Reading second preferred, 90½; Republic Iron and Steel, 21¾; preferred, 86; Rock Island preferred, 46; Sears-Roebuck, 130½; Union Pacific, 156⅞; United Railways Investment, 29; United States Cast Iron Pipe preferred, 43⅞; Utah Copper, 41; Virginia-Carolina Chemical, 49, and Wisconsin Central, 48⅝.

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Low Steel Prices.

Taking eight standard steel products ranging from rails to wire nails a trade estimate of the present average of prices shows that the levels now prevailing are the lowest since the organization of the United States Steel Corporation. The present price, figured in tons, averages $33.25 for the eight products chosen. This is $3 a ton below the average of 1910 and about $1.50 per ton below the average of 1904, the first period of depression after the organization of the corporation. As far back as 1901 the average price was $5.50 per ton above what it is at present.

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Cotton Slumps.

In the cotton market yesterday liquidation of speculative accounts as well as heavy selling from the South against the increasing movement of new cotton to market put prices to new low records for the year. A slow demand for spot cotton in the primary is another influence, and this is expected to be felt as long as unfavorable political and labor conditions abroad continue to affect the confidence of manufacturers. Notwithstanding the efforts made by the leaders of the cotton planters and the advice from Senators and Congressmen to their cotton belt constituents to hold this season's crop for 15 cents, the new cotton is coming into the market with the usual freedom; in fact, the early marketings from some sections where unusually high temperatures have prevailed this month are larger than usual. October contracts sold off to 10.72 and December to 10.75, which is 30 or 32 points below the closing figures of Tuesday. These deliveries were selling above 13¾ cents in June.

FOREIGN TRADE OPPORTUNITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—The Consular and Trade Report will note the following foreign trade opportunities. Further information regarding these may be obtained by addressing the Bureau of Manufactures, care of the Department of Commerce and Labor, Washington, D. C., giving the number of item referred to:

7,352. CLAY-WASHING MACHINERY.—An American Consul in South Africa reports that a merchant in his district has made inquiries in regard to clay-washing machinery. He desires to obtain catalogus and price lists of such apparatus.

7,353. CAR BARGES.—Communication from a resident of a South American country states that a railroad official in that country desires sketches showing the type of towing barges used on the Mississippi, Ohio, and Missouri Rivers. He is especially anxious for car barges. The work of his road embraces the interchange of freight with other lines, and as some of the roads are narrow gauge while others are broad, some method must be devised to lift wagons on delivery, take out broad-gauge trucks and substitute narrow ones, or vice versa.

7,354. WATCHES, CLOCKS AND SUPPLIES.—A report from an American Consular officer in Spain states that a firm in his district having an established retail trade in watches, clocks and other jewelry goods and operating three stores, is desirous of buying direct from American manufacturers and has requested that catalogues of American watch and clock manufacturers, as well as makers of watch chains, crystals and other supplies be sent to it.

7,355. MINERALS AND OILS.—A business man in Italy has requested an American Consulate to put him in communication with responsible American firms desiring to increase their export trade in the following articles: Zinc sheets, pig lead; lard, pure; acid fatty oils, and paraffin. Particular attention is called to lead and zinc, the latter being imported in considerable quantities from Belgium, Germany and England.

7,356. SUSPENDER WEBBING.—An American Consul in Great Britain reports that a business house in his district engaged in the manufacture of necktles, &c., has informed him that it desires to get into communication with manufacturers in the United States of suspender webbings.

7,357. WOOD PULP BATHS.—A report from an American Consul in England states that his office has received an inquiry from a local firm of ship agents and suppliers of coal to vessels in Eastern waters, reported to stand well in the commercial world, for the names and addresses of manufacturers of wood pulp baths, size 5 feet 6 inches.

7,358. SPRUCE SHOOKS.—A timber and mahogany merchant in Great Britain informs an American Consulate that he is anxious to purchase American-made spruce shooks, suitable for making packing cases employed by English textile shippers. The inquirer states that he has made great efforts to find American firs producing this article, but to date has been unsuccessful.

7,359. TYPEWRITER PAPERS, CARBONS, AND RIBBONS.—An American Consul in an European country reports that a business firm in his district desires to be supplied at the earliest possible date with samples and quotations of American-made typewriter paper, carbon sheets, and ribbons. The ribbons are for Smith Premier typewriters. Through the agency of this firm over 100 American typewriters were recently sold to one of the Government departments.

7,360. PLOWS.—The American Consulate at Rangoon, Burma, would like to be supplied with catalogues of plows, especially American bush plows, for use on rubber plantations, for clearing purposes. Prices should be cost, insurance, and freight, Rangoon.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

W. F. Preston, formerly with John Burnham & Co., is now with Williams, McConnell & Coleman, dealers in public utility securities.

The Philadelphia Company of Pittsburgh's regular quarterly dividend of 1½ per cent. will be paid Nov. 1 to stockholders of record Oct. 2, at the same time as the extra dividend of ½ of 1 per cent., declared June 17.

STOCKS OUT OF TOWN

Losses in Local Issues in Chicago and Boston, but Philadelphia Market Is Firm.

SOME HEAVY DECLINES

Sears-Roebuck in Chicago and Calumet and Hecla in Boston Lead in the Downward Movement.

The drop of 30 points in Calumet and Hecla and lesser declines in other copper stocks in Boston reflected clearly the lack of buying which is so marked a feature of the current situation. Amalgamated was sold heavily for New York and local accounts, and reached a new low point for the year below 53. In other coppers pressure was not apparent, but prices ran off slowly under scattered offerings, mostly in odd lots. As expected, small shareholders sold United Shoe Machinery common and preferred because of the indictment of six officials of the company. Large holders, however, were evidently in the market to accumulate more stock at the low level, for the price of the common, after getting under 41, promptly recovered to 42. Buying of the preferred was not as general.

Continued liquidation in Sears-Roebuck occupied attention in Chicago yesterday. After an opening on a slight decline at 130¼, the common shares dropped off to 126 before a partial recovery set in to bring the closing level up to 127½. For the first time since the early days of the corporation's career it was almost impossible to find buyers for the common stock unless the shares were offered down sharply. These are the lowest figures thus far established on the current downward turn, which started several weeks ago about 140. In common with Sears-Roebuck the majority of price changes in the local list were toward lower levels. Diamond Match especially showed this tendency, with a loss of almost two points, to 100¼. Smaller concessions were noted in Swift and Can preferred. Pneumatic Tool gained almost a point.

Notwithstanding the continuation of pressure against United States Steel, of which nearly 20,000 shares were sold, and the feverish irregularity of the whole New York market, Philadelphia local stocks held fairly steady yesterday. The volume of transactions was small outside of the trading in the arbitrage shares, but this fact was an indication of how little pressure there was to dispose of local shares at going quotations.

The market in Baltimore was dull and devoid of interest.

Yesterday's transactions on the various out-of-town Exchanges, as reported to THE NEW YORK TIMES, were as follows:

BALTIMORE.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
10	Bank of Baltimore	170	170	170
10	Cons. Power pf.	97	97	97
115	Houston Oil	9¼	9⅛	9⅛
10	Md. Life Insurance	37	37	37
35	Seaboard Co. 2d pf.	54½	53	54½
15	Union Trust	68	68	68
100	United Railways	17½	17½	17½
100	U. S. Steel	63¼	63¼	63¼

BONDS.

$1,000	City & Sub. (Wash.)	104	104	104
1,000	Cons. Power 4½s	86½	86½	86½
30,000	G. R. & S. Brew. 4s	40¼	40	40¼
1,000	Lexington Ry. 5s	55½	55½	55½
10,000	Seaboard adj. 5s	75¾	75	75
10,000	United Rys. notes	99¼	99	99¼
6,000	United Rys. inc.	62¼	62¼	62¼
1,000	Va. Midland 5th	106	106	106

BOSTON.

RAILROADS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
5	Boston & Albany	220	220	220
10	Boston Elevated	127	127	127
30	Boston & Maine	100½	100	100
49	Boston Suburban pf.	75	75	75
12	C. J. U.	159	158	158
5	Maine Central	135	135	135
105	Mass. Elec.	17	17	17
162	N. Y., N. H. & H.	132	131	132
14	Rutland pf.	34	33¾	34
745	Union Pacific	158½	157½	158½
10	West End	86½	86½	86½
20	West End pf.	100½	100	100½

TELEPHONES.

769	Am. Tel. & Tel.	135¾	135¼	135½
10	*New England	143¼	143¼	143¼
55	Western	16½	16½	16½

MISCELLANEOUS.

20	Am. Ag. Chem.	50	50	50
17	Am. Ag. Chem. pf.	103½	103	103½
90	Am. Pneu. Service	4	3¾	4
75	Am. Pneu. Serv. pf.	14¾	14¼	14¾
75	Am. Sugar	115½	115¼	115½
158	Am. Sugar Rfg. pf.	116	115¾	116
185	Am. Woolen pf.	90	90	90
10	A., G. & W. I. SS. pf.	16	16	16
20	East Boston Land	9½	9¼	9½
111	Edison	286	285	286
5	Georgia Ry. & Elec.	155	155	155
5	Georgia Ry. & Elec. pf	92	92	92
25	Mass. Gas	92	91⅝	92
2	Mass. Gas pf.	96¼	96¼	96¼
35	Portland Elec.	64¾	64½	64½
10	Pullman	155	155	155
40	Seattle Elec.	110	109½	110
200	Swift	100¾	100¼	100¼
123	Torrington, Class A	30	29½	30
60	United Fruit	186¼	186	186
511	United Shoe Mach.	43½	40¾	42¾
443	United Shoe Mach. pf.	27¼	26½	27
7,268	U. S. Steel	63	63	63¼
95	U. S. Steel pf.	114	111½	111⅝
64	Westinghouse Elec.	30¼	30¼	30¼

MINING.

5	Adventure	4½	4½	4½
10	Algomah	3½	3½	3½
220	Alloucz	23¼	23	23
1,707	Amalgamated	54⅝	52⅝	53¼
150	Am. Zinc	22½	22¼	22¼
480	Arizona Com.	98c.	90c.	97c.
40	Butte Balaklala	4¼	4¼	4¼
340	Butte Coalition	15⅛	15	15
85	Calumet & Arizona	48½	48½	48½
50	Calumet & Hecla	375	360	375
1,850	Chino	18⅞	17¾	17¾
55	Copper Range	52	51½	51½
611	East Butte	10	9⅝	10
229	Franklin	7	6¾	7
595	Giroux	4 3 15-16	3 15-16	
20	Granby Con.	30⅝	30	30
650	Greene-Cananea	6 3-16	6	6
180	Indiana	6¾	6½	6½
1,415	Inspiration	6⅜	6	6
115	Island Creek pf.	85	84½	84½
15	Isle Royale	12½	12½	12½
150	Kerr Lake	3¾	3¾	3¾
530	Lake	24	24	24
100	Mayflower	95c.	95c.	95c.
85	Mohawk	38½	38½	38½
100	Nevada Con.	16⅝	16⅝	16⅝
15	Nipissing	8	8	8
310	North Butte	23¼	23¼	23¼
90	North Lake	4¾	4⅝	4⅝
100	Old Dominion	*36½	36⅜	36⅜
40	Osceola	85	85	85
360	Parrot	8½	8	8
25	Quincy	63	63	63
300	Ray Con.	13½	13	13
100	Santa Fe	99c.	99c.	99c.
445	Shannon	8	7⅝	7⅝
75	Superior	23½	23	23
95	Tamarack	20	20	20
110	Trinity	3¼	3	3
160	Tuolumne	3⅝	3½	3½
445	U. S. Smelting	32	31½	31½
80	U. S. Smelting pf.	46½	46½	46½
30	Utah Con.	12	12	12
170	Utah Copper	41¼	41	41

BONDS.

$9,000	Am. T. & T. 4s	90¼	90¼	90¼
3,000	Am. T. & T. conv. 4s	105⅝	105⅝	105⅝
10,000	Central Vermont 4s	88½	88½	88½
1,000	C., B. & Q. joint 4s	95¾	95¾	95¾

*Ex dividend.

PHILADELPHIA.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
11	Alliance Insurance	12½	12½	12½
30	American Cement	10	10	10
50	Amal. Copper	53⅜	53⅜	53⅜
23	American Railways	44	44	44
290	Cambria Steel	42¾	42⅜	42⅝
5	Commercial Tr.	400	400	400
10	Erie	30⅜	30⅜	30⅜
10	Elec. Co. of America	11⅜	11⅜	11⅜
47	Electric Storage	51½	51¼	51½
110	General Asphalt	34	33½	33½
*57	Insurance Co. of N.A.	20⅝	20⅝	20⅝
100	Lake Superior Corp.	22	22	22
116	Lehigh Navigation	87¾	86½	86½
244	Lehigh Navigation t.c.	86⅝	86¼	86¾
180	Lehigh Valley	77¾	77 7-16	77½
50	Lehigh V. trac. tr. cts.	21	21	21
400	Phila. Rapid Transit.	21¾	21¾	21¾
1,180	Phila. R. T. tr. cts.	21⅞	21¾	21¾
512	Penn. R. R.	59 15-16	59⅝ 59	13-16
74	Phila. Co.	50	49½	50
78	Phila. Co. pf.	42¾	42½	42½
618	Phila. Electric	16¾	16½	16¾
4,750	Reading	68¾	68 11-16	68⅝
1,840	Tonopah-Belmont	6¾	6⅝	6⅝
660	Tonopah Mining	6 3-16	6 1-16	6⅛
207	United Gas Imp.	85½	85¼	85¼
20,065	U. S. Steel	65	63	63⅝
10	U. S. Steel pf.	112⅞	112⅞	112⅞
20	Union Pacific	157¾	157⅜	157⅜
200	Union Rys. pf.	56	56	56
250	Union Traction	50	49½	49½
50	Wat., L. & S.	10¼	10¼	10¼
50	W. & V. Ry.	43½	43½	43½
46	*West. J. & S. S.	53	52½	52½

*Ex dividend.

LADING BILL SUITS IN SNARL.

And Central Bureau Plan Set Back by Railroad and Steamship Lines.

While cotton men of two continents are discussing plans for guaranteeing bills of lading it is not generally known that the courts of this country have yet to untangle the snarl of litigation created by the failure of Steele, Miller & Co., the Corinth, Miss., firm, whose crash precipitated all the trouble over cotton bills. Three members of the firm have already ben sent to jail, but various civil actions growing out of the case remain to be adjusted.

These actions will be settled in the Supreme Court, Brooklyn, where the cases are on the calendar. All are actions in equity, and the plaintiffs are Mississippi banks and the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad. All seek to recover from the New York Dock Company cotton shipped to New York by Steele, Miller & Co., for which Stephen M. Weid, New York cotton broker, held bills of lading which the plaintiffs charge were forged.

In the Federal courts of Mississippi a similar case has been decided in favor of the local bank holding the original bill of lading. The Bank of Holly Springs was the plaintiff and the New York Central Railroad defendant.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 20.—It became known to-day that the cotton bill of lading controversy took another important turn when the railroads were brought to book by the steamship lines at a conference here yesterday between traffic chiefs and Charles S. Haight, the New York lawyer representing the Liverpool interests.

The railroads agreed to furnish the steamship lines copies of through bills of lading on all classes of freight, preventing the singling out of cotton, and thus putting every commodity on an equal basis and placing a safeguard around everything handled.

This was done to eliminate the central bureau plan and removes the objection to cotton being regarded with suspicion.

Mr. Haight left last night for Texas points still hopeful that the Liverpool plan would eventually be adopted.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Exchanges Open Weak, but Recover to Some Extent in Later Trading.

LONDON, Sept. 20.—The supply of money was plentiful to-day, but discount rates hardened.

The stock market opened weak on Paris selling. Consols declined five-sixteenths, to 76½, a new low record, under forced liquidation. The weakness was followed by a sharp recovery on rumors of a settlement of the Moroccan question. Berlin bought freely and covering was general, but the market closed irregular owing to renewed offerings from Paris. Consols recovered and closed at 76¾.

American securities opened weak and from ¼ to ¾ below parity. Later the market improved on Berlin buying, but when this demand subsided prices eased off again, mainly under Wall Street offerings. In the late trading values hardened a fraction, but the closing was uncertain.

Money, 1@1¼ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3½ per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for three months' bills is 3¾ per cent

India Council bills were allotted to-day at 1s. 4 1-16d.

Gold premium at Madrid, 8.95; at Lisbon, 8.

PARIS, Sept. 20.—Prices opened weak but closed above the lowest on the Bourse to-day.

Three per cent. rentes, 93f. 60c. for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f. 19½c. for checks.

BERLIN, Sept. 20.—Prices opened rather weak on the Boerse to-day. The market rallied later on the expectation of an early settlement of the Moroccan question.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 47 pfennigs for checks.

Money, 2½ per cent.

Private discount rate, 4½ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N. Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols money	76⅞	..	..	—1-16
Consols account	76⅞	..	..	—1-16
Anaconda	6⅞	33⅝	33⅝	— ¼
Atchison	103	102¼	102¼	..
Can. Pacific	230⅝	224½	223⅝	+ 1½
St. Paul	114½	111¼	111½	— ½
Erie	31⅝	30⅞	30½	+ ⅛
Erie 1st pfd.	51½	50¼	50	+ ⅛
Illinois Central	140	136	..	..
Louis. & Nash.	142½	138¼	139	— ¼
N. Y. Central	104½	101⅝	101½	+ ⅛
Pennsylvania	61½	119⅝	119½	+ ⅛
Reading	70⅝	137½	138½	+ 1
Southern Pac.	108x	106⅛	107⅝	— ⅜
Union Pacific	162	157½	158⅝	— ⅞
U. S. Steel	66¼	64¼	65	— ⅝
U. S. Steel pfd.	117¼	114	113⅞	+ ⅛

Exchange 4.86.

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 7 4½	Esperanza	1 12 9
Tomboy	0 17 6	Dolores	1 10 0
El Oro	1 3 0	Stratton's Ind.	0 2 0

CHICAGO.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
50	American Can	9⅝	9⅝	9⅝
210	American Can pf.	83¼	82	82
50	American Telephone	135⅝	135⅝	135⅝
15	Booth Fisheries pf.	66	66	66
50	Canal & Dock	50	50	50
50	Chicago Pneu. Tool	43½	43½	43½
50	Chi. Rys., Series 2	28	28	28
25	Chi. Rys., Series 3	10¼	10¼	10¼
25	Chi. Rys., Series 4	6	6	6
100	Chicago Subway	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝
65	Com. Edison	134½	134½	134½
25	Corn Prod. Ref. Co.	12½	12½	12½
75	Diamond Match	102	100¼	100¼
125	Illinois Brick	52	52	52
85	Inter. Harvester	101	99¼	101
95	Hart, S. & M. pf.	101¾	101½	101¾
30	National Carbon pf.	119	119	119
162	People's Gas	103⅝	103⅜	103⅜
2,457	Sears-Roebuck	130¼	126	127½
150	Sears-Roebuck pf.	117½	117¼	117½
300	Swift & Co.	100¼	100¼	100¼
25	United Boxboard	17½	17½	17½
320	U. S. Steel	65	63	63

BONDS.

$3,000	Chicago Rys. 4s, B	87½	87½	87½
4,000	Chicago Rys. 1st 5s	90¾	90¾	90¾
15,000	Chicago Rys. rects. 5s	90⅝	90⅝	90⅝
5,000	Chicago Gas 5s	103¼	103¼	103¼
13,000	Com. Edison 5s	102¾	102¾	102¾
5,000	Chicago City Ry. 5s	102¾	102¾	102¾

PITTSBURGH.

STOCKS.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
205	Crucible Steel	10¼	9½	9½
110	Crucible Steel pf.	76⅝	76	76
50	Con. Gas pf.	25	25	25
90	Fireproofing pf.	24½	24½	24½
290	Ind. Brewing pf.	23½	23½	23½
10	Mfrs. L. & H.	23	23	23
75	Oklahoma Gas	67½	67½	67½
50	Pittsburgh Brewing	16¾	16¾	16¾
265	Pittsburgh Coal pf.	80	80	80
15	Pitts Plate Glass	105⅞	105⅞	105⅞
420	Pure Oil	8¾	8½	8¾
520	River Coal	10¼	10¼	10¼
15	River Coal pf.	33¼	33⅓	33¼
50	Union Switch	84	84	84
175	U. S. Steel	65	63¾	63¾
25	U. S. Steel pf.	113¾	113¾	113¾
215	Westing. Airbrake	146	145	145
886	Westing. Electric	30¾	30¼	30¼

BANK.

11	Colonial Trust	180	180	180

BOND.

$1,000	Ind. Brewing 6s	90	90	90

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

SAN FRANCISCO.

Alta	.02	Julia	.30
Alpha Con.	.05	Justice	.11
Andes	.07	Kentucky Con.	.07
Belcher	.40	Mexican	3.30
Best & Belcher	.18	Occidental Con.	.50
Bullion	.05	Ophir	1.65
Caledonia	.32	Overman	.30
Challenge Con.	.16	Potosi	.20
Chollar	.12	Savage	.24
Confidence	.53	Sag Belcher	.08
Con. Cal. & Va.	.85	Sierra Nevada	.32
Con. Imperial	.01	Union Con.	1.07½
Crown Point	.06	Utah Con.	.05
Gould & Curry	.06	Yellow Jacket	.38
Hale & Norcross	.21		

TONOPAH.

Belmont	.68½	Goldfield Con. M.	5.75
Jim Butler	.25	Goldfield Merger	.23
McNamara	.18	Great Bend	.03
Midway	.26	Jumbo Extension	.23
Montana	.75	Lone Star	.06
North Star	.19	Red Hills	.02
Tonopah Extens'n.	.91	Sandstorm Kendal	.04
West End	.57	St. Ives	.80
GOLDFIELD.		Silver Pick	.09
Adams	.01	Nevada Hills	2.95
Atlanta	.16	BULLFROG.	
Blue Bell	.01	Bullfrog Mining	.01
Comb. Fraction	.08	Bullfrog N. B.	.01
C. O. D.	.08	Gold Bar	.01
Booth	.08	Homestake King	.01
Florence	1.27½	Tramps Cons.	.02

COLORADO.

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	5½	5¾	Jackpot	5½	6½
Elkton	60	60¼	McKinney	43½	44
El Paso	53½	55	Old Gold	3½	4¼
Findlay	6	8	Portland	90	97
Gold Dollar	14½	15	Vindicator	72	75
Isabella	8½	9	Jen. Samp.	5⅞	6½

MISSOURI PACIFIC DEFICIT.

Iron Mountain Also Falls Behind, but Both Due to New Accounting System.

The annual report of the Missouri Pacific & Iron Mountain system was adopted yesterday by the Directors of the two companies after a three-hour session. The consolidated statement shows a deficit of $5,232,539 on operation for the year ended June 30, 1911, and while all the Directors present were said to have been satisfied that the changes in accounting which in large part made this showing necessary were proper and should be made, the length of the session was taken to indicate that there was some reluctance in accepting the figures until they had been fully explained.

George Gould and James Speyer of Speyer Brothers were not present, both being in Europe. Those who attended were E. D. Adams of the Deutsche Bank, E. L. Marston of Blair & Co., E. D. Pryor, Edwin Gould, Lancaster Williams, S. F. Pryor, E. T. Jeffery, and President B. F. Bush. It is understood that the accounting changes made are in accord with the ideas of the banking interests which were brought into the board upon the withdrawal of Kuhn, Loeb & Co. at the time of Mr. Bush's election.

The report says "the major part of the deficit arises from unadjusted claims and the settlement of judgment suits of previous years, together with a readjustment of a previous overvaluation of working assets." It adds that "a portion is also owing to the increase in the rates of pay of trainmen and all classes of labor, which after mediation and arbitration this company conceded in 1910."

One of the officials explained that in previous years such items as claims and judgments had been charged to profit and loss instead of to operation, and that the Inter-State Commerce Commission took exception to this. The payment of some of these claims had been deferred as long as possible, this official said, making the total for last year abnormally large, aside from the change in charging them to operation. Under the old system a surplus of $2,000,000 was shown in the previous year.

The report gives the following figures:

		Decrease.
Operating revenues	$52,776,592	$242,344
Operating expenses	43,329,936	*5,782,564
Net operating revenue	$9,446,656	6,025,109
Other income	1,809,557	84,173
Total	$11,256,213	6,109,282
Taxes	1,983,788	*80,784
Hire of equipment	1,409,409	*763,509
Rentals and other charges	971,009	296,419
Net income	6,891,916	6,637,216
Fixed charges and rentals	12,124,455	†1,334,734
Net surplus	†5,232,539	7,991,950

*Increase. †Deficit.

The surplus, which was $10

READING EARNINGS UP BUT PROFIT IS LESS.

Largest Traffic in the Company's History Is Offset by Increased Expenses.

COAL COMPANY DEFICIT MORE

The Annual Report Says Results Are Very Satisfactory and Justify Confidence in Company's Future Business.

The annual report of the Reading Company for the fiscal year ended June 30, made public yesterday, shows gross income of $8,677,841, a decrease of $444,392. Expenses were $102,642, against $108,442 in the preceding year, leaving net earnings at $8,575,198, compared with $9,013,790 in 1910.

An increase of $67,000 is shown in fixed charges and taxes, leaving the surplus for the year at $3,708,612, a decrease from the previous year of $506,582.

Gross receipts of the Philadelphia & Reading Railway Company increased by $235,577 to $45,663,660, but opcrating expenses increased by $1,112,224 to $27,675,842, leaving net earnings at $17,987,818.

Charges for additions and betterments increased from $2,070,600 to $3,353,558, and fixed charges and taxes from $10,161,420 to $10,303,851, leaving the surplus for the year at $4,330,408, against $6,632,375.

The report of the Philadelphia & Reading Coal & Iron Company was similar in that increased expenses more than offset the gain in gross. The coal and iron company's gross receipts of $34,390,130 represented a gain of $1,172,194 over 1910, but expenses increased by $1,961,816 to $33,972,609, leaving net at $417,520, against $1,207,142 in the previous year.

After the payment of fixed charges, interest, taxes, &c., there remained a deficit of $103,316, which was $31,816 larger than the previous year's deficit.

The business of the railroad company decreased in the merchandise and passenger departments, but increased in coal carried. Passengers carried totaled 28,812,798, a loss of 8.04 per cent., and passenger revenue decreased 0.9 per cent., to $6,905,801.

Merchandise traffic amounted to 22,284,179 tons, a loss of 4.20 per cent., and the revenue from this source of $16,054,942 represented a loss of 2.84 per cent. as compared with the previous year. Anthracite coal carried totaled 11,675,405 tons, a gain of 6.82 per cent. Soft coal carried totaled 13,848,189 tons, a gain of 4.50 per cent. The revenue from the coal traffic was $19,326,004, a gain of 3.14 per cent.

Commenting on the results of the year, the report says:

> The increase of $235,577 in the gross receipts of the railway company during the past year over those of the preceding year, although comparatively small, was nevertheless very satisfactory. This is apparent when it is stated that the gross receipts of the railway company for the fiscal year ended June 30, 1910, the year with which the comparison is made, showed an increase of $5,160,821 over the gross receipts of the fiscal year ended June 30, 1909, and made the record of being the largest in the history of the company to that date. The gross receipts of the railway company for the past fiscal year, therefore, established a new high record. This result having been attained during a year of general business depression, and especially of a widespread depression in the iron and steel industry, from which the company derives a large tonnage, justifies the general confidence in the stability of the traffic of the company.
>
> The increase of the operating expenses of $1,112,224 during the past year over those of the preceding year was general on all accounts, except that of the maintenance of equipment, in which a reduction of $281,241 occurred. The reduction of expenses on account of maintenance of equipment was made possible by the large expenditures that had been made in previous years, whereby the equipment had been put in a high state of efficiency, requiring only the ordinary repairs and renewals. However, the increase of wages, referred to in the previous annual report, was responsible for the general increase of the operating expenses on the other accounts, and the expense of the maintenance of equipment would have been still further reduced except for this increase of wages, which affected that department as well as all of the other departments.

The report announces that quarterly instead of semi-annual dividends will be paid on the three classes of stock beginning January, 1912.

LEHIGH SHOWS AN INCREASE.

But Higher Wages Reduced Income Compared to Last Year.

The annual report of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company, issued yesterday, shows an increase of $1,520,004 in operating revenues, but a decrease of $203,004 in net earnings, due almost entirely, as President Thomas explains, to the increased wage scale in operation during the year which ended June 30.

Operating revenues were $37,687,402, against $36,167,398 in 1910, and operating expenses $23,407,318, against $21,684,147, leaving net operating revenue at $14,280,084, against $14,336,917 in the previous year. Total income was $14,490,176, against $14,636,613 in 1910, and net income $7,513,457, against $7,293,523.

In explanation of the year's returns, and in comment on the present situation, President Thomas said:

> The operations for the year under review have felt the full effect of the higher rates of wages paid employes. To this single factor may be ascribed almost entirely the increase in operating expenses apart from that naturally resulting from the transportation of a greater volume of traffic. The higher standard of present-day operations injects greater costs into the expense of transportation. The demands of the public are most exacting in the matter of equipment, time, facilities, and service generally, which, in view of the keen competition prevailing, must be met. Although the additions and betterments made to the property, together with various improvements and economies in the method of transportation, have been of benefit in holding the cost of operations in check, they were not in themselves sufficient to offset the increase in the cost of labor. The property has been thoroughly maintained and it is in a most excellent and efficient condition.

The report of the Lehigh Valley Coal Company, issued in conjunction with the railroad report, shows a net income of $1,512,844, an increase of $376,301. The production of anthracite from the lands leased or controlled by the company was 9,021,206 tons, an increase of 11.47 per cent.

PLANS FOR PURE FOOD SHOW.

Exhibition for the Benefit of Housewives to Open on Saturday Night.

Madison Square Garden will open its last season next Saturday night with the Domestic Science and Pure Food Exposition. Workmen were busy there all yesterday stringing lights, constructing booths, and fixing the big amphitheatre up for the show. The exposition is meant especially for housekeepers.

About forty different women's organizations are getting the exposition up, including the Federation of Women's Clubs, the Associated Clubs of Domestic Science, and the leading social and philanthropic organizations. The object is to teach women the art of cookery and general household economy. There will be exhibits by the army and navy, the Bureau of Animal Industry, and the United States Commissary Department.

The United States Bureau of Animal Industry will show samples of confiscated meat seized by the Government Inspectors in their daily work. The samples will be contained in a mammoth transparent refrigerator.

$33,007,484 FOR SCHOOLS.

Budget for 1912 Is $3,985,255 More Than This Year, Without Equal Pay.

The Board of Education voted yesterday afternoon to ask the city for $33,007,484 to run the schools with next year, an increase of $3,985,255 over the $29,022,229 appropriated for this year.

The budget does not include any provision for the increase needed to make the women teachers' salaries equal with the men's. Chairman Greene of the Finance Committee of the Board of Education explained yesterday that this equalization cannot be granted until the Davis law is amended or repealed. The Board adopted, however, a resolution asking the Board of Estimate to set aside $3,600,000 with which to equalize the teachers' salaries in the event of the obstacle being removed by the Legislature before the end of 1912.

Commissioner Richard Aldcroft sought to have an increase of $17,000 lopped off the public lecture fund, as he said not a few persons believed the lectures, particularly those illustrated by moving pictures, were more for the entertainment of the people than for their instruction. He thought that any extra money had better be expended for the instruction of the children and relieving the evils of part time. Commissioner Dresser replied that the lectures were for the instruction of the people, and this part of the board's work was as important as the education of the children, so Mr. Aldcroft's motion was lost.

The District Superintendent in charge of vacation schools gets $5,250, and the remaining twenty-five District Superintendents get $5,000 a year. A motion was made to pay all at the higher figure. This was opposed by Commissioner Abraham Stern, who said the act would be much criticised by those who are fighting the Board of Education as at present constituted.

"This is no time to be increasing the salaries of the supervising staff," said Mr. Stern, "and I will oppose any such increase. The acts of this board are being closely watched, and any opening for criticism will be eagerly seized. There are those who want this board abolished, and who would welcome any act on our part which they could use against it."

The motion was lost.

THE COMMODITIES MARKETS.

WHEAT.—Recessions of about ½c were witnessed during the early part of yesterday, but as on Tuesday the amount of pressure was rather unimportant, with final prices barely changed as compared with previous closings. There is still an absence of aggressiveness, with the disposition to await the result of the Canadian election to-day. Some of the buying was due to intimations that the reciprocity measure would fail, but, on the other hand, large Canadian spreaders were buying in the Winnipeg market and selling in Chicago. The belief is spreading that the effect of the election, regardless of the outcome, will not be great or lasting.

Foreign news is disappointing to holders, and was mainly influential in the early weakness. More settled weather is reported in Russia, with offerings liberal from that country, although the demand was claimed to be in large enough volume so as to maintain prices. Crop accounts from Argentina and other foreign producing countries are optimistic, while the cessation of precipitation in the American and Canadian Northwest tends to accelerate the movement of wheat. Moreover, the opinion was expressed that grading of Spring wheat will probably show improvement in the near future, as farmers are said to have marketed their lower grades at first.

Cash and export demand for wheat continues quiet, with flour business only fair at the best. Reports from The Northwestern Miller confirmed statements of recent date of a fairly good business in flour circles. Interior receipts so far for the week are 2,645,000 bushels, against 3,755,000 bushels last week, and 4,536,000 bushels a year ago. Shipments are 1,694,000 bushels, against 1,357,000 bushels and 2,329,000 bushels, respectively. The Northwestern Miller report on the flour output at the principal Northwestern milling centres was 396,000 barrels, against 333,000 barrels the previous week, and 363,000 barrels last year.

Cash No. 2, red, quoted at 97¼c, elevator, export basis, and 98¾c, free on board, afloat, for export; No. 2 hard, $1.03; No. 1 Northern, Spring, $1.10¾; No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, $1.09¾.

CORN.—There was further pressure during the morning on a continuance of favorable weather conditions, which is resulting in the crop rapidly evading the frost period. Better support, however, developed on the decline, resulting in a recovery of the loss. The claim by bulls is that old corn is scarce, and that the feed crop situation will lead to an active demand for new-crop offerings from both domestic and foreign consumers. Sentiment at present is slightly bullish, but speculation is not active. There were no export sales reported. Cash No. 2, Western, quoted at 74½c, elevator, domestic basis.

OATS.—A firm undertone was displayed by this market, with a fair demand from shorts. Country offerings are limited, and cash demand fair, while the general belief is that, even with the event of the reciprocity measure passing, undue pressure will not be witnessed. Cash standards quoted at 49c; No. 2 white, 49½c; No. 3 white, 48½c.

PROVISIONS.—Hog receipts were liberal, and there was further liquidation by speculative holders bringing about lower levels for a time. Smaller packing concerns, however, were covering shorts, and at the close a better tone was in evidence.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
September	..	..	98⅝	98¼
December	1.01¾	1.01⅝	1.01⅝	1.01⅝
May	..	..	1.07	1.06⅞
Lard—				
Cash			9.30@9.50	9.35
September			9.30@9.55	9.15
October			9.30@9.50	9.35
November			9.20@9.50	9.35
December			9.10@9.15	9.06
January			9.10@9.20	9.05
March			9.10@9.20	9.05
May			9.10@9.20	9.05

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Wheat—				
September	92¼	91⅞	92¼	92
December	96	95⅝	95⅞	95¾
May	1.01¾	1.01¾	1.01⅝	1.01⅝
Corn—				
September	67⅞	67	67⅞	67⅝
December	64¼	63⅝	64	64
May	65⅞	65¼	65½	65⅝
Oats—				
September	43¼	42¾	43¼	42¾
December	45⅞	45	45¼	45⅛
May	48¼	47¾	48¼	48
Lard—				
September	9.25	9.15	9.25	9.20
October	9.25	9.17½	9.25	9.20
December	8.92½	8.85	8.90	8.87½
January	8.92½	8.85	8.87½	8.87½
May	8.90	8.85	8.90	8.87½
Ribs—				
September	..	..	..	8.42½
October	8.52½	8.42½	8.45	8.42½
January	8.02½	7.95	7.97½	7.95
May	8.05	8.02½	8.02½	8.00
Pork—				
January	15.15	15.02½	15.10	15.05
May	..	..	15.10	15.05

COTTONSEED OIL.

The spot situation continues one of decided firmness, and pending relief in this direction the opposition to the firm undertone is not important. It is apparent that crude offerings are freer, but the demand awaiting Southern selling prevents a radical break, although at the same time refining interests who are buying are not disposed to reach for their wants. The sharp reaction in cotton, with the sagging tendency in lard, were factors restraining speculative inquiry. Expectations of higher prices for September continue quite general, with claims that a considerable amount of oil is still due. Crude quoted at 4.73 to 4.93.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Spot			7.05	6.99
September	7.06	7.03	7.03	7.00
October	5.98	5.94	5.93	6.00
November	5.80	5.80	5.75	5.82
December	5.79	5.76	5.75	5.82
January	5.78	5.75	5.75	5.82
February	..	..	5.77	5.84
March	5.84	5.78	5.79	5.85

COTTON.

Further declines to the lowest prices witnessed since the 31st day of July were scored during yesterday's session. At the start the downward movement of Tuesday was continued to the extent of 5 to 7 points, but there was little rallying power noted and the losses at the end of the session were over ¼c per pound. Intermittently the demand from shorts was enormous, but such buying tended only to check the downward tendency.

News continues decidedly in favor of the bears. A further weakening of the spot situation was reported. Southern points being generally ⅛c to ¼c lower, while the New York spot markets were ¼c lower, and middlings quoted at 11.20c. The movement of cotton is liberal, with weather conditions very favorable for picking, and predictions are for a ginning showing in October of over 3,000,000 bales. It is apparent that advices distributed for the purpose of creating a holding tendency among farmers are having little effect, and although buying by trade interests was in somewhat larger volume on the decline, offerings at all times appeared plentiful.

With the recent decline in prices, especially as Southern selling has played so prominent a part in forcing levels lower, has been a disposition to raise crop estimates and to further discredit the sensational deterioration accounts from the south. Cordill wired that a large part of the Eastern belt was already safe from frost, and that an outturn was promised in excess of previous high records. Apprehension in regard to the storm in the West Indies was also less, as official reports indicated that the course of this disturbance was diverted to other directions than the cotton belt.

Sentiment continues extremely bearish, with the general opinion that bulls have been heavy sellers during the past few days. Liverpool was a good buyer for a time during yesterday's session, with covering of shorts also by some Southern interests, but the little new buying that was reported was based principally upon the theory that the market has had a sharp decline and that in the event of futures reacting further to 10½c, it would mean 10c spot cotton in the South, at which levels there would be less pressure and a probable corresponding improved inquiry.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	11.00	10.87	10.85@10.87	11.17
October	10.98	10.72	10.74@10.75	11.02
November	10.88	10.79	10.73@10.75	11.01
December	11.04	10.73	10.76@10.77	11.07
January	11.00	10.70	10.72@10.73	11.04
February	11.00	11.00	10.78@10.80	11.08
March	11.11	10.84	10.85@10.86	11.17
April	..	..	10.89@10.98	11.21
May	11.20	10.95	10.93@10.97	11.27
July	11.11	10.95	10.95@10.97	11.25

Market easy at 28 to 32 points decline.

COFFEE.

Coffee met very active buying yesterday, sales aggregating 117,250 bags, closing at a net advance of 5 to 15 points.

Weather reports from Brazil showed unusually low temperatures, one district reporting 37½ degrees. Havre advanced ½ to ¾ franc, while Hamburg was ¼ to ⅜ pfennig higher. Rio was unchanged and Santos advanced 50 reis.

Spot coffee, 13½c for Rio No. 7. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
September	12.48	12.45	12.48@12.49	12.45
October	..	..	12.25@12.30	12.20
November	12.09	12.06	12.16@12.17	12.05
December	12.13	12.02	12.13@12.14	12.12
January	..	..	12.03@12.04	11.90
February	..	..	12.00@12.01	11.85
March	11.97	11.86	11.97@11.98	11.82
April	..	..	11.97@11.98	11.82
May	11.97	11.86	11.97@11.98	11.82
June	..	..	11.97@11.98	11.82
July	11.98	11.87	11.97@11.98	11.82
August	..	..	11.97@11.98	11.82

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—An area of high barometric pressure that is moving east over the lake region has been attended by lower temperature over the Northern States east of the Mississippi River, except on the Atlantic Coast. It is being followed by an area of low barometric pressure, causing unsettled weather over the Middle West and rains over the Upper Mississippi Valley. Scattered showers are also reported from the South Atlantic and East Gulf States.

In all other parts of the country the weather remained fair.

Temperatures are somewhat above the normal in the South Atlantic and Gulf States, and are below the normal elsewhere. There were light frosts Wednesday morning in extreme Northeast Michigan.

The Western depression will advance eastward, attended by local rains, reaching the Middle Atlantic States Friday.

The weather will be fair Thursday in the Middle Atlantic States and New England.

Winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic Coast will be light variable; South Atlantic Coast, light to moderate variable.

Steamships departing Thursday for European ports will have moderate, variable winds and fair weather to the Grand Banks.

FORECASTS FOR TO-DAY AND FRIDAY.

Eastern New York, New Jersey, and New England—Fair Thursday. Friday, increasing cloudiness; light, variable winds.

Eastern Pennsylvania—Fair Thursday. Friday, unsettled; probably showers; light, variable winds.

The temperature record for the twenty-four hours ended at midnight, taken from the thermometer at the local office of the United States Weather Bureau, is as follows:

	1910.	1911.		1910.	1911.
3 A. M.	54	64	4 P. M.	73	80
6 A. M.	55	64	6 P. M.	71	76
9 A. M.	57	68	9 P. M.	69	71
12 M	67	76	12 P. M.	67	69

This thermometer is 414 feet above the street level. The average temperature yesterday was 72; for the corresponding date last year it was 64; average on the corresponding date for the last thirty-three years, 65.

The temperature at 8 A. M. yesterday was 66; at 8 P. M. it was 71. Maximum temperature, 81 degrees at 3 P. M.; minimum, 64 degrees at 4:20 A. M. Humidity, 73 per cent. at 8 A. M.; 61 per cent. at 8 P. M.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Lieut. Col. O. C. Horney, Ordnance, to New York pertaining to transportation of ordnance material.

First Lieut. C. A. Tetralt, Medical Reserves, report to commanding officer at Fort H. G. Wright, N. Y., for permanent duty, and by letter to commanding General, Eastern Division.

Capt. R. W. Briggs, Quartermaster, will make necessary visits to Miike, Chikugo Province, Japan, to arrange for coaling and provisioning army transports.

Capt. C. B. Gatewood, Ordnance, will make one visit to each of the following named groups of places to inspect ordnance material: Group 1—Boston, Cambridge, and Chelsea, Mass. Group 2—Fall River, New Bedford, Taunton, and Brockton, Mass. Group 3—Lawrence, Mass.; Manchester, Laconia, Dover, and Exeter, N. H. Group 4—Branford and Guilford, Conn., and Worcester, Mass. Group 5—Westerly, Providence, Pawtucket, River Point, and Woonsocket, R. I. Group 6—Auburn, Lewiston, Bath, Brunswick, Portland, Westbrook, Biddeford, and Sanford, Me., and Portsmouth, N. H.

Capt. C. F. Craig, Medical Corps, detailed to attend meeting of Southern Medical Association at Hattiesburg, Miss., Nov. 14-16.

First Lieut. C. T. Harris, Jr., Ordnance, will make one visit to Fort Sumter and Fort Moultrie, S. C., to inspect seacoast armament.

Promotions in cavalry and field artillery arms: J. D. L. Hartman from Captain First Cavalry to Major Fourth Cavalry, A. Pollon from First Lieutenant Fourteenth Cavalry to Captain First Cavalry, C. L. Scott from Second Lieutenant Twelfth Cavalry to First Lieutenant Fourteenth Cavalry, W. S. Wood from First Lieutenant Fourth Field Artillery to Captain Fifth Field Artillery.

Capt. F. M. Caldwell, Twelfth Cavalry, relieved from station at Springfield, Ill., and proceed to Chicago for duty as inspector-instructor organized militia of Illinois.

Major G. H. Penrose, Quartermaster, assume charge of construction work at Fort Snelling, Minn., relieving Major D. W. Arnold, Quartermaster.

Major W. M. Coulling, Quartermaster; or Major J. E. Normoyle, Quartermaster; or Capt. W. H. Wilson, Quartermaster, will make one visit during September, and not to exceed one visit per week, commencing with October, until completion of contract, to Kirksville, Mo., to inspect shoes in process of manufacture.

Major W. H. Bertsch, Third Infantry, report to commanding General, Western Division, for duty pending arrival at San Francisco of the Third Infantry.

The Navy.

Lieut. Commander C. B. Barnes to the Hancock as executive officer.

Lieut. Commander E. B. Larimer to the Montana as senior engineer officer.

Lieuts. J. P. Miller and W. B. Decker to home and wait orders.

Lieuts. A. K. Atkins, E. G. Oberlin, O. H. Oakley, L. P. Davis, I. C. Shute, and Ensigns R. E. Gillmor, C. A. Jones, B. A. Strait, and M. A. Libbey to duty at School of Marine Engineering, Annapolis.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Montgomery at Norfolk; New Jersey at Tompkinsville; Dolphin at East River; Buffalo at Mare Island; Delaware at Tompkinsville.

Sailed—North Dakota and Panther from Hampton Roads for New York; Patpasco from Norfolk for Portsmouth, N. H.; Michigan from Boston for New York; Helena from Hankow for Ichang.

Arrival of Buyers.

Arriving buyers may register in this column by telephoning 1000 Bryant

Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; Miss E. Thal, misses' cloaks and suits; 684 Broadway.

Mandel Brothers, Chicago, Ill.; Miss Ford, ladies' coats; 15 East Twenty-second Street.

Jordan, Marsh Company, Boston, Mass.; E. J. Feeeny, white goods and embroideries; R. A. Southworth, pictures; 31 Union Square.

White, R. H., & Co., Boston, Mass.; G. H. Noyes, millinery; Miss M. F. Hirsh, waists; 41 Union Square.

Meyer, Wise & Kaichen Co., Cincinnati, Ohio; A. H. Kaichen, linens, domestics, and white goods; 310 Church Street.

Taylor, William, Son & Co., Cleveland, Ohio; W. N. Guthrie, linens, domestics, and white goods; 51 Leonard Street.

Farwell, J. V., Company, Chicago, Ill.; W. E. Rice, printed wash goods, dress goods, and woolens; 72 Leonard Street.

Famous, St. Louis, Mo.; Miss J. Bishop, ribbons, veilings, and ladies' neckwear; 4 Washington Place.

Rathbun & Co., Utica, N. Y.; W. C. Rathbun, laces, fancy goods, clothing, gloves, and furnishing goods; 75 Leonard Street.

Cox, Blodgett Dry Goods Company, Wichita, Kan.; G. Cox, furnishing goods; 72 Leonard Street.

Sweeney Company, Buffalo, N. Y.; F. Streuber, laces, neckwear, embroideries, and toilet goods; M. J. Lutridy, dress goods; 75 Spring Street.

Sibley, Lindsay & Curr Co., Rochester, N. Y.; D. A. Williams, ribbons; 45 Broome Street.

Field, Marshall & Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. S. Manchester, cloaks, suits, infants' wear, and muslin underwear; 104 Worth Street.

Carson, Pirie, Scott & Co., Chicago, Ill.; T. P. Tracy, cloaks, suits, and waists; 115 Worth Street.

Adam, J. N., & Co., Buffalo, N. Y.; A. S. Dalgleish, millinery; 114 Church Street.

Lord & Gage, Reading, Penn.; H. Volk, cloaks, suits, waists, and furs; 214 Church Street.

Malley, Ed., Company, New Haven, Conn.; J. Brosseau, house furnishing goods; 320 Church Street.

Ferbend & Wallace, Springfield, Mass.; Mrs. M. C. Wood, infants' wear; 2 Walker Street.

O'Neil, M. & Co., Akron, Ohio; J. J. Feudner, upholstery goods; 2 Walker Street.

Filene's, W. Sons Company, Boston, Mass.; Miss Cronin, infants' coats and millinery; 4 West Twenty-second Street.

Woodward & Lothrop, Washington, D. C.; J. H. Sisman, cloaks, suits; 334 Fourth Avenue.

MacInnes, J. C., Company, Worcester, Mass.; A. A. Spaulding, cloaks and suits; 55 White Street.

Bidgett Drygoods Company, Wichita, Kan.; H. I. Perrin, notions, hosiery, and gloves; 72 Leonard Street.

Hillman's, Chicago, Ill.; Miss H. Gelder, jewelry and leather goods; 684 Broadway.

Wise, Smith & Co., Hartford, Conn.; I. Wise, cloaks, suits, waists; Miss K. Mahoney, waists; 70 Franklin Street; Hotel Navarre.

Corbin, F. A., New Haven, Conn., woolens, Hotel Collingwood.

Fraser, R., Utica, N. Y.; A. H. Cavanagh, cloaks, suits, and infants' wear; Herald Square Hotel.

Kohn, Furchgott, Company, Jacksonville, Fla.; J. Paisons, wash goods; 198 Worth Street.

Baltimore Bargain House, Baltimore, Md.; D. Volmer, cloaks and wraps; 72 Leonard Street; Hotel Pierrepont.

Drennen Company Department Stores, Birmingham, Ala.; D. M. Drennen, dry goods; Hotel Imperial.

Goldenberg, M., Washington, D. C.; H. Greenebaum, domestics, dress goods, and silks; The Elks.

Chalifonx, J. L., Lowell, Mass.; clothing; The Hermitage.

Bird, Jones & Kenyon, Utica, N. Y.; J. S. Bird, piece goods; Hotel Grand.

Porter, J. J., Company, Pittsburgh, Penn.; Miss K. Wells, millinery; Hotel Grand.

Field, Marshall, & Co., Chicago, Ill.; H. H. Haynie, dry goods; H. I. Mills, silks, knit goods, and ribbons; 104 Worth Street.

Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, Md.; J. K. Hill, flowers and feathers; 621 Broadway.

Armstrong, Cator & Co., Baltimore, Md.; W. P. Whitmore, laces and ladies' ready-to-wear; 621 Broadway; Hotel Imperial.

Stix, Baer & Fuller Dry Goods Company, St. Louis, Mo.; J. A. Baer, dry goods; 114 Fifth Avenue.

Clarke Brothers, Wilkesbarre, Penn.; A. E. Veiter, cloaks, suits, and waists; Hotel Imperial.

Siegel, H., Company, Boston, Mass.; H. M. Hollender, housefurnishing goods, trunks, and bags; Hotel Grand.

Crown Hat Company, Detroit, Mich.; A. D. Mitchell, hats; The Breslin.

O'Neill & Co., Baltimore, Md.; Miss M. Frank, fancy goods; The Breslin.

Schultz Brothers, Worcester, Mass.; P. Schultz, wrappers; The Breslin.

Wells, J. B., Son & Co., Utica, N. Y.; F. Morath, notions and jewelry; Hotel Latham.

Miller, Daniel, Company, Baltimore, Md.; W. Starkey, hosiery, gloves, and furnishing goods; 31 Union Square; Hotel Imperial.

Starr, L., Company, Boston, Mass.; J. T. McWheeney, cloaks and suits; Hotel Broztell.

Brown, Durrell, Company, Boston, Mass.; A. F. Powers, ladies' neckwear and knit goods, and infants' wear; 19 West Nineteenth Street; Hotel Broztell.

Sage, Allen & Co., Hartford, Conn.; E. L. Scott, leather goods; 75 Spring Street; Hotel Broztell.

Gimbel Brothers, Milwaukee, Wis.; M. M. Pynn, boys' clothing; F. E. Jordan, dry goods; Thirty-second Street and Broadway; Hoffman House.

Houston, J. A., Company, Boston, Mass.; V. P. King, cloaks and misses' wear; Hotel Broztell.

Smith & Murray, Springfield, Mass.; H. J. Donnelly, hosiery, gloves, and furnishing goods; 55 White Street.

Dey Bros & Co., Syracuse, N. Y.; M. H. Hudson, china; 31 Union Square; Hotel Navarre.

Gayfer, C. J. & Co., Mobile, Ala.; J. I. Manning, cloaks and suits; Hotel Collingwood.

Weather In Cotton and Grain States.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Following is the forecast for the cotton and grain States for Thursday and Friday, as issued by the United States Weather Bureau:

North and South Carolina—Fair Thursday. Friday increasing cloudiness; light variable winds.

Georgia, Florida, Alabama, Mississippi, and Louisiana—Probably local thunder showers Thursday and Friday; light to moderate variable winds.

Eastern Texas—Generally fair Thursday and Friday; light to moderate variable winds.

Western Texas, Utah, and Oklahoma—Generally fair Thursday and Friday.

Arkansas, Tennessee, and Kentucky—Showers Thursday. Friday probably fair.

Ohio—Increasing cloudiness, probably followed by showers Thursday. Friday showers; moderate easterly winds.

Indiana and Illinois—Showers Thursday. Friday probably fair; moderate east and southeast winds.

Michigan—Showers Thursday. Friday unsettled; moderate east to south winds.

Wisconsin—Showers Thursday. Friday probably fair; moderate southeast to south winds.

Minnesota—Fair and warmer Thursday. Friday fair; light to moderate variable winds, mostly southerly.

Iowa—Local showers and warmer Thursday. Friday probably fair.

Missouri—Showers Thursday; warmer in northwest portion. Friday probably fair.

North Dakota—Probably fair Thursday and Friday.

South Dakota, Nebraska, and Kansas—Fair Thursday; warmer in eastern portion. Friday fair.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

IDEAL TOURS To BERMUDA Special Outings, 4 to 12 days, $21.00 up. All Expenses, transportation, hotels, carriage & steamer trips, etc., included. From New York Sept. 23, 27, 30, Oct. 7, 11, 14, 18, 21. Send for illustrated folder. MARSTERS' TOURS, 31 W. 30th St., N. Y. City.

Delightful Afternoon Excursion to West Point, Steamer Mary Powell.

Leaving Desbrosses St. 1:45 P. M., W. 42d St. 2 P. M., W. 129th St. 2:20 P. M., Daily except Sunday. Return to New York by boat or rail $1.10. Orchestra. See Parade, Public Buildings, etc.

BERMUDA TOURS

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5 DAYS.....$12.50 AND UP
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ALSO SPECIAL TOURS TO ALL PROMINENT RESORTS
FRANK TOURIST CO., 396 Broadway, N. Y.

Magnificent S. S. "Arabic" leaves Feb. 8, rates $400 up, including shore excursions; 71 enchanting days. Stop-over privileges. Round World Tours Oct. 21, Nov. 18 and later. FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York. **CLARK'S ORIENT CRUISE**

TO FLORIDA

CLYDE LINE STEAMERS, Oct. 18 and Nov. 1. BY ATLANTIC COAST TRAIN, Oct. 4 and 18, Nov. 1. Pullman Sleeper. Later dates. To Bermuda—Saturdays. Tours to Europe, &c. Lowest rates. Select parties. Must address Dr. Schadt, Hotel Chelsea, 222 W. 23d St., or Ocean Grove, N. J.

Sight-Seeing Yachts

Halcyon and Observation, around New York Harbor and Manhattan Island, Daily from Battery Pier, near South Ferry, 10:30 and 2:30. SEE THE OCEAN, Sandy Hook Lightship and Forts. Trips daily, 1:15, returning 5.

Sight-Seeing Yacht Clifton.

Around Manhattan Island, foot W. 42d St., 10:30, 2:30; lecturer aboard. Tel. 5441 Gram.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

JOY LINE $2.40 BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL

BOSTON, via Boat and Trolley, $2.25.
Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Daily, including Sunday, 5:30 P. M.
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CENTRAL-HUDSON LINE

From Pier 24, N. R., foot Franklin St. For NEWBURGH, POUGHKEEPSIE, & KINGSTON, Week-days, 4:00 P. M. West 129th St., 4:30 P. M. For NEWBURGH, week-days, 5:00 P. M.; SUNDAYS, 9:00 A. M. West 129th St., 5:30 P. M.

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From New Pier 36, East River, foot of Pike St., daily except Sunday, at 5 P. M., for Connecticut River Landings. Write for illustrated folder.

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21 Waverley Place. Telephone 5036 Spring.

INTELLIGENT, honest, and able young man of good address; thoroughly experienced manufacturer of cloaks and suits; also a good salesman; no objection to other lines; can produce results. B 152 Times.

SALESMAN WANTED, selling underwear and sweaters to jobbing trade; state territory, salary, &c. Confidential. Box B 117 Times.

Guide for Buyers.

One line, 12 months, $116.80; 6 mos., $61.98; 3 mos., $32.76; 1 mo., $11.40.

ADVERTISING NOVELTIES & SOUVENIRS. A. C. Bosselman & Co., 469 Broadway.

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MARABOU Neckwear, Novelties & Trimmings. Hauser & Davis Mfg., 50 East 8th St.

MANICURE SUPPLIES. Lustr-lite (Florodine Mfg. Co.,) 42 Franklin.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

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S. S. HAMBURG (11,000 Tons) Sails September 26, 1 P. M.

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Around the World

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TWO GRAND CRUISES

by the large new transatlantic Steamship CLEVELAND. (17,000 tons), the first to leave New York on October 21, 1911, and the second from San Francisco on February 6, 1912.

$650 and up | including all necessary expenses aboard and ashore. | 110 Days Duration.

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Tours to West Indies, Spanish Main, Panama Canal, 11 to 25 DAYS, $70 to $125

Write for Booklets of All Cruises.

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†KAISERIN AUG. VIC..Sept. 28, 10 A. M.
*PRES. LINCOLN.....Oct. 3, 9 A. M.
VICTORIA LUISE.....Oct. 7, 10 A. M.

†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. *Will call at Plymouth and Cherbourg.

Direct Service—PHILADELPHIA-HAMBURG.

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‡S. S. HAMBURG.....Sept. 26, 1 P. M.
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French a La Carte Restaurant.

Turkish and Electric Baths, Swimming Pool, Four Elevators, Gymnasium, Verandah Cafe, Palm Court.

Balt

THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Long Term Leases in the Fourth, Fifth and Seventh Avenue Sections the Feature of Yesterday's Market—Bowery Corner Sells for $120,000—Private Dwellings in Demand—Bronx and Suburban Deals.

Rentals aggregating nearly $750,000 in the Fourth, Fifth, and Seventh Avenue business districts of the city furnished a strong indication yesterday of the active renting market, while, in addition, two of these leases forecasted important improvements.

The largest individual lease of the three included the store, basement, and first loft in the new twelve-story building being erected on the southwest corner of Fourth Avenue and Thirty-first Street, and which is to be known as the White House. The structure is one block south of the corner on Thirty-second Street, purchased the preceding day from the Morrell estate, and which is to be improved with a high-class mercantile structure.

The space leased in the Thirty-first Street building consists of about 45,000 square feet, and has been taken by an old downtown firm, Spielman & Co., silk importers and commission merchants. This concern has been located at 85 Grand Street, near Greene Street, for the last sixty years, and thus marks the removal to the new uptown silk and ribbon district of another long established firm. The lease has been taken for a long term at an aggregate rental of about $350,000. Carstein & Linnekin, who have made some big leases to downtown firms in the Fourth Avenue section, were the brokers in the transaction.

In the Seventh Avenue section the two-story building at 133 West Thirty-third Street, between Sixth and Seventh Avenues, has been leased by the Charles F. Noyes Company to the White House Lunch Company for twenty-one years, at an aggregate rental of practically $200,000, including the carrying charges, the net rental being fixed at $139,650. S. E. Kelly & Co. were associated in the deal. The lessees will expend about $25,000 in alterations. The lease is of interest in revealing the enormously increased valuation of property near the Pennsylvania station, for, with the alterations already made to the building, formerly an old stable, the leasing value of the property has been increased 400 per cent.

In the upper Fifth Avenue retail section an important deal was made by McCarthy & Fellows, who leased for Dr. Reginald H. Sayre his four-story residence at 9 East Forty-fifth Street for twenty-one years, at an aggregate of $200,000. The new tenants are the recently organized Progressive Construction and Leasing Company, and they have plans prepared for improving the site with a six-story loft structure. The plot is 25 by 100.5 feet. The house adjoins the Home Club, one of the most exclusive co-operative apartment houses ever erected in the city.

Bowery Corner Brings $120,000.

The old six-story building at the southwest corner of the Bowery and Hester Street has been purchased for investment by Benjamin Davis for $120,000. For years the structure, which occupies a plot 50 by 100, has been held by the estates of Simon and Amelia Herman.

Private Dwellings in Demand.

The demand for private dwellings both on the east and west side of the city continues good. Brokers find no difficulty in disposing of small houses, in fact many report that the demand is greater than the supply. Among the sales reported yesterday were the following:

On the west side, J. E. Childs sold 122 West Eighty-eighth Street, a three-story and basement dwelling, on lot 15.6 by 100.8, between Columbus and Amsterdam Avenues.

In the west Harlem section Mrs. Margaret E. Sullivan sold to the Union Rescue Home Missionary Society the three-story dwelling 63 West 132d Street on lot 25 by 99.11. The society has now under lease the similar building at 67 West 132d Street.

Along Lexington Avenue, where there has been considerable activity since the beginning of work on the subway, H. C. Senior & Co. sold for T. D. Leonard 1,841 Lexington Avenue, a four-story building, with stores, and the southeast corner of 114th Street, on lot 21.5 by 78, to a client for investment.

Buys East Side Tenement.

The six-story tenement, 98 St. Mark's Place (East Eighth Street) has been purchased by Harris & Son Realty Company. It occupies a plot 25.10 by 97 feet, and is 100 feet east of First Avenue. S. Henry was the broker in the deal.

Sale in Manhattan Section.

An investor has purchased from William H. Hanlon, 1,409 Amsterdam Avenue, a five-story double flat, with stores, on a lot 25 by 100, between 129th and 130th Streets. Sugarman & Kahn negotiated the sale.

Bronx.

S. Cowen has sold 1,221 Gilbert Place, a two-family brick dwelling, on lot 25 by 100, for the Broad Realty Company, also 2,100 Creston Avenue, one-family dwelling on plot 60 by 85, to W. Bullwinkle.

Auletta & Co. have sold to the Brown Realty Company 4,270 to 4,278 Vireo Avenue, northeast corner to 235th Street, seven new two-family houses, on plot 110 by 135, Woodlawn Heights. In part payment the Brown Realty Company gave a plot of lots in Jamaica. Edgar M. Weiss negotiated the deal.

John Welser has purchased from Christina Bohmer the northwest corner of Cortlandt Avenue and 160th Street, a plot 50 by 90, for $14,000.

H. C. Senior & Co. have sold for William J. Kelly the plot 50 by 82, on the east side of Valentine Avenue, 94 feet south of 196th Street.

Staten Island.

Cornelius G. Kolff has sold for Christiana W. Allen to Edgar K. Whitford, a plot of ground having a frontage of 137 feet on Siomson Place, 46 feet on Bond Street, and 47 feet on Grace Church Place, Port Richmond.

Long Island.

The Queensboro Investment Company has sold to the June Construction Company of Elmhurst, a parcel having a frontage of 240 feet on the southwest side of Forley Street, southeast of Roosevelt Avenue, and 60 feet on the northeast side of Forley Street, Elmhurst.

The Douglas Manor Company has sold to Ivan Spiro of Flushing, four lots at Douglas Manor.

Henry L. Tepe has sold to the Cozy Homes Construction Company of Bayside and they to Annie B. Storm of Bayside a parcel having a frontage of 40 feet on the south side of Montauk Avenue, 60 feet east of Second Street, Bayside.

The Rickert-Finlay Company has sold to Gertrude E. Hill of Manhattan, four lots at Westmoreland.

The Shore Acres Realty Company has sold to the Llewellyn Realty Company of Manhattan three plots on the Boulevard at Beechhurst, Whitestone, subject with other property to a mortgage of $30,375.

Recent Buyers.

James C. McGuire & Co., engineers and contractors, are the purchasers of the four five-story flats at 103 to 109 East Seventy-fifth Street, on a plot 98.4 by 102.2, adjoining the northeast corner of Park Avenue.

Leon Mustacchi is the purchaser of the dwelling, 325 West 101st Street, sold Tuesday by Sally S. Tefft.

The Bendheim Construction Company is the purchaser of the plot, 184.2 by 150, at the northwest corner of White Plains Avenue and 240th Street, sold recently by Josephine Toepfer. The price was $30,000.

Proposed Improvement of Astor Plot.

Tentative plans for the improvement of the 100-foot plot, 22 to 28 West Thirty-third Street, owned by the Astor estate, with a twelve-sty loft structure, have been prepared by Charles A. Platt.

The site is directly opposite Astor Court and the building of that name, owned by the eldest son of William Waldorf Astor, and forms the western line of Col. Astor's property, which includes the Cambridge Building, a structure originally built on the Fifth Avenue corner for apartments, but now entirely given over to business occupancy.

Hearing on Bronx Improvements.

The Board of Estimate and Apportionment will give a public hearing to-day at 10:30 A. M. in the old Council Chamber, City Hall, Borough of Manhattan, on the following matters: Changing the grade of Morris Avenue, between the New York & Harlem Railroad and East 158th Street; and of Park Avenue, between Morris Avenue and East 158th Street, on westerly side.

Change of grade of Broadway, between West 262d Street and northerly boundary line of the City of New York, and of West 262d Street, between Broadway and Huxley Avenue.

Opening and extending Van Cortlandt Park South, from Broadway to Mosholu Parkway, excluding the right of way of the New York & Putnam Railroad.

Leases.

L. M. Mosauer & Co. leased the following stores in the "Areco section" of the Bronx—For the Usona Construction Company to John Bracker, southwest corner of Westchester Avenue and Fox Street, 8,300 square feet, for a term of years at an aggregate rental of $50,000; to Silverstone Brothers, store on the south side of Westchester Avenue, between Fox and Tiffany Streets, 9,000 square feet, for a department store, for a term of years at an aggregate rental of $45,000, and to Kuver Brothers, south side of Westchester Avenue, between Fox and Tiffany Streets, 1,700 square feet, for a confectionery store, for a term of years at an aggregate rental of $17,000.

Ogden & Clarkson have leased the entire building, 232 Fulton Street, to the Chicago Pneumatic Tool Company for a term of years.

Charles S. Kohler has leased for three years for Victor Weichmann the three-story dwelling, 214 West 112th Street, to Samuel L. Frey, for occupancy.

H. C. Senior & Co. have leased for the Walton estate, the five-story stable on a plot 100 by 100 at the northwest corner of Seventy-fifth Street and Amsterdam Avenue to John S. Coleman & Brother, who will use the building for stable purposes.

The J. P. Whiton-Stuart Company has leased the private dwelling at 67 East Fifty-fifth Street to J. Randolph Robinson for the Goadby estate, and the dwelling at 121 East Sixtieth Street to Mrs. Thomas H. Burchell for Chandler P. Anderson.

E. S. Willard & Co. have leased for the G. B. W. Construction Company the tenth loft in their building at 220 to 230 West Nineteenth Street to the Individual Drinking Cup Company for a long term of years.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Joseph P. Day.

117th St, 245, n s, 110 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100.11, one-story store and one-story stable in rear; foreclosure sale to the plaintiff, Isidor Jackson, $6,175.

By Daniel Greenwald.

Ridge St, 149, w s, 125 ft n of Stanton St, 25x100, five-story tenement and stores; Sheriff's sale of all right, title, &c., which Bessie Tucker had on Feb. 25, 1911, or since, withdrawn.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

No plans were filed for new structures in the Bronx. The following were filed in Manhattan:

Audubon Av, s e corner of 170th St, for a six-story tenement, 24.11x85.6; Morris Simon Construction Co., 94 Audubon Av, owner; M. Zipkes, architect; cost.....$20,000

Alterations.

Items under $500 omitted.

62d St, n s, 158.6 ft e of Madison Av, to a five-story private school; C. H. Dodge, 90 Park Av, owner; Parish & Schroeder, architects; cost.....$20,000

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

WEDNESDAY, SEPT. 20.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney. Where attorney's name is omitted address party of the second part.

BRYANT AV, w s, 245 ft s of 172d St, 20x100; Catherine Milne to Andrew A Milne, 922 Forest Av (mtg $10,000,) Sept. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway..$100

CHARLOTTE ST, e s, 110.7 ft n of Seabury Place, 75x100; Han Construction Company to Charlotte Construction Company, (c) Rivington St, Sept. 18; attorney, S. N. Freedman, 55 Lliberty St.....$1

COLUMBUS AV, s e corner of Cathedral Parkway, runs e 124.8x n w —x w about 16.7 to avenue x n 120.10 to beginning, leasehold; (foreclosure Feb. 24, 1911;) Abraham S. Gilbert, referee, to Cooper Co, 1,251 Bedford Av, Brooklyn, all title, Aug. 24; Charles Cooper, 174 Hancock St, Brooklyn.....$500

CONVENT AV, w s, 18.11 ft s of 148th St, 16x75; Clinton R. Black to Beside M. Carlisle, 552 West 141st St, (mtg $10,000,) Sept. 6; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

CRESTON AV, w s, 99.8 ft s of 198th St, 75x100.4; Paul J. Exner General Building and Construction Co to Paul J. Exner Co, 55 East 125th St, (mtg $16,500,) Sept. 20; attorneys, Herman & Hill, 141 Park Row.....$100

CRESTON AV, w s, 124.8 ft s of 198th St, 25x100.4; Paul J. Exner Co to Anna S. Landien, at Ridgefield Park, N. J., (mtg $5,500,) Sept. 20; attorneys, Herman & H., 41 Park Row.....$1

ELDRIDGE ST, 183, w s, 25x100; Illinois Surety Co. to Sale Agid, 82 Clinton St, Aug. 11; attorneys, Gettner, S. & A., 277 Broadway..$1

FOX ST, w s, 254 ft s of 167th St, 50x100; Frank Meno to Reliable Construction Co., 1,126 Union Av, (mtg $5,000,) Sept. 5; attorneys, Philip & Sellgman, 35 Nassau St..$100

GOERCK ST, 71 and 73, w s, 49.9x100; Marcus Rosenthal to Wyler Construction Co., 35 Nassau St, July 5, (mtg $25,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

HOFFMAN ST, e s, 27.7 ft n of 187th St, 50x118.1; Robert Loewy to Elizabetta d'Ulisse, 2,064 1st Av, (mtg $4,600,) Sept. 9; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway..$1

HORATIO ST, s w corner of 4th St, 74x22; John C. Kluber and another to Catherine M. Kluber, 1,115 Lafayette Av, Brooklyn, (mtg $37,500,) Sept. 11.....$26,000

LOTS 192 and 193, map of Hunt's Point Realty Co; William Landgrebe to Charles G. Lohman, 247 52d St, Brooklyn, (mtg $1,800,) Sept. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

LOT 84, Map 903 of property of Met. Real Estate Association, Fordham Ridge, except part for Valentine Av; August Nelson, 198 West 168th St, to Ernest Tressett, 32 East 94th St, (mtg $6,000,) Sept. 20, all title; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$1

LOTS 115 to 122 and 165, Map Undercliff Terrace, also lots 107 to 114, same Map; Charles Brogan to Charles Brogan, a corporation, 251 4th Av, (mtg $16,000,) Sept. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway.....$1

LUDLOW AV, 2,165, n s, 25x108; William Landgrebe to Charles G. Lohman, 247 52d St, Brooklyn, (mtg $3,800,) Sept. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

MELROSE AV, n e corner of 153d St, 100x20; Charles Wilhelm to August Zehder, 290 East 155th St, B & S, Sept. 20; attorney, John F. Frees, 3,029 3d Av.....$1

PROSPECT AV, 1,790, e s, 44x40; Augusta H. Beyer to Ida Keese, Maywood, Bergen County, N. J., (mtg $13,000,) March 9, 1909; attorneys, Carrington & P., 200 Broadway..$100

SOUTHERN BOULEVARD, e s, 17 ft s of 167th St, 35x100; Charles G. Lohman to William Landgrebe, 851 East 169th St, (mtg $34,000,) Sept. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$100

TINTON AV, s w corner of 152d St, 100x46; Wales Construction Co. to Fanny Gruen, 401 East 52d St, Sept. 18; attorney, Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

WASHINGTON AV, n e corner of 182d St, 150.5x66x148x93; Speedway Construction Co. to Charles W. Boye, 359 East 123d St, all liens, Jan. 20; attorney, J. Levy, 200 Broadway.....$100

WASHINGTON AV, n e corner of 182d St, 150.5x66x148x3; Charles W. Boye to Nora Construction Co., 1,070 Grant Av, all liens, Sept. 7; attorney, D. H. Solotoroff, 115 Broadway.....$100

WASHINGTON AV, n e corner of Belmar St, 50.3x20.5; Archibald A. Forrest to Henry H. Benedict, 5 East 75th St, Sept. 20; attorneys, Rounds, S. & D., 96 Broadway.....$1

WENDOVER AV, 417, n s, 37.6x83.5; Helen F. Montegriffo to John B. Schadel, 55 East 176th St, (mtg $23,750;) attorneys, Lese & Connolly, 35 Nassau St.....$100

WESTCHESTER AV, 2287, n s, 105x —; William Simpson to Manhattan Leasing Co., 149 Church St, Sept. 20; Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$100

5TH AV, e s, 50.5 ft s of 131st St, 16.6x75; Selma Alexander to Meyer Jarmulowsky, 1,186 Lexington Av, (mtg $6,000,) Sept. 19; attorney, B. Alexander, 165 East Broadway..$1

7TH AV, s e corner of 144th St, 42.11x100; Mamie K. Blendermann to Henry H. Grote, 2,552 8th Av, quitclaim, Sept. 19; attorney, Lawyers Title Company, 160 Broadway..$1

SAME PROPERTY; Diedrich Blendermann, by Mamie K. Blendermann, as committee, to same, (mtg $60,000,) Sept. 19; attorney, same.....$1

137TH ST, s s, 280 ft w of Avenue C, 25x103, Unionport; Rosa Flood to Christina Hoffman, 823 Melrose Av, (mtg $4,300,) Sept. 19; attorney, C. H. Baechler, 1,128 Walker Av..$100

147TH ST, s s, 304.9 ft w of Avenue C, 33.2x103.3; Samuel Gross et al. to Ike Isler, 220 2d St, (mtg $21,000,) Aug. 17; attorney, S. H. Eisler, 261 Broadway.....$100

27TH ST, s s, 188 ft e of 7th Av, 44.4x98.9; Samuel Winters to Charles Brogan, Inc., 251 4th Av, (mtg $48,000,) Sept. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway..$100

SAME PROPERTY; Charles Brogan, a corporation, to Samuel Winters, 357 West 118th, (mtg $16,000,) Sept. 15; attorney, same.....$1

29TH ST, 339 West, n s, 22x98.9; Adolph Werner to Theresa and Maggie Mahon, 241 West 20th St, Sept. 20; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway..$100

56TH ST, 122 East, s s, 20x100.5; Fredericka Teepe, individually and as executrix, to Laurence B. Ellfman, 116 East 58th St, Sept. 11; attorneys, Stewart & S., 45 Wall St...$36,000

75TH ST, 3 West, n s, 21x1102.2; James W. Halsted to Emanuel Hellner and another, 35 West 90th St, Sept. 15, (mtg $25,000;) attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$100

77TH ST, 150 West, s s, 19x102.2; B. H. Welsker, Jr., and others to Mary H. Christopher, Kansas City, Mo., July 28; attorney, David B. King, 165 Broadway.....$1

94TH ST, 165 West, n s, 140x100.8; Adelaide L. Ward to Edward H. Kelly, at Goshen, N. Y., Sept. 20; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

SAME PROPERTY; Irene W. Connell and others to same, Sept. 15; attorney, same.....$1

108TH ST, 318 and 322 East, s s, 78.6x125; Israel Lippmann to Lena Levin, 320 East 108th St, Aug. 24; address, 320 East 108th St..$100

110TH ST, s s, 373 ft e of Pleasant Av, 71.5x100.11; Hamilton Holding Company to Globe Rye Bread Company, 150 Nassau St, (mtg $33,000,) Sept. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee Company, 176 Broadway.....$100

120TH ST, 30 and 32 West, s s, 36.8x100.11; Estelle Quinlan to Henry Harburger, 1,980 7th Av, (mtg $36,000,) Sept. 18; attorney, H. M. Weill Co., 161 West 54th St.....$1

123D ST, 408 to 412 East, s s, 75.6x100.11; Henry Hof to Bertha M. Barrell, on main highway in the Elmwood district of Bethel, Fairfield County, Conn., (mtg $34,000,) Sept. 9.....$1

147TH ST, n s, 117.6 ft e of Robbins Av, 37.6x79; Cullo & Co. to Michelina S. Cullo, 219 East 112th St, Sept. 18; attorney, A. W. Meisel, 165 Broadway.....$1

147TH ST, n s, 80 ft e of Robbins Av, 37.6x79; Cullo & Co. to Mariatona C. Cullo, 219 East 112th St, Sept. 18; attorney, A. W. Meisel, 165 Broadway.....$1

155TH ST, s s, 195.3 ft e of Morris Av, 25x100; Charles Wilhelm to August Zehder, 290 East 155th St, Sept. 20; attorney, John F. Frees, 3,029 3d Av.....$1

162D ST, 442 West, s s, 16.8x96.8; Louis Gandolfi to Florence A. Fischer, 938 St. Nicholas Av, Sept. 20; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co, 160 Broadway..$100

165TH ST, s s, 214.3 ft w of Washington Av, 83.10x195.6; Augusta W. Meyer and others to Hy. Holtz, 210 West 140th St, and another, Sept. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....

LONG ISLAND—FOR SALE OR TO LET

Beechhurst

22 MINUTES FROM HERALD SQUARE

A TRIPLY GOOD INVESTMENT

Buying property at BEECHHURST on the Sound now is a wise investment because it will pay big dividends in

HEALTH COMFORT MONEY

There is no more attractive and healthful all-the-year-round residence section in New York City.

There is none where living conditions are more pleasant or transportation facilities more convenient.

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BEECHHURST is the beauty spot of the Borough of Queens—the Riverside Drive of Long Island and only 22 minutes from Herald Square by the fast and comfortable electric trains which the Pennsylvania Railroad will soon operate on the BEECHHURST division.

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Telephone 1481 Madison Square.
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Cedarhurst, L. I.

FOR SALE.

One of the most complete and attractive places, in the best neighborhood, near the Rockaway Hunt Club. House sets back from the road in beautiful grounds of about 4 acres, rear overlooking the golf course. Residence contains—First floor, hall, reception room, living room, billiard room, side conservatory, absolutely new, with wall fountain of exquisite design, filled with the most beautiful assortment of plants, new greenhouse now filled with American Beauty roses, carnations, and chrysanthemums; dining room, butler's pantry, kitchen, laundry, ice box built in wall, servants' dining room, large piazzas with red Welsh 9x9 tile. Approach to house made of fancy herringbone brick. Second floor—6 master's bedrooms, 3 tiled bathrooms, modern and beautiful in every appointment, 2 with showers. Third floor—6 servants' rooms, bath, and toilet. Outside flower garden also in full bloom. Independent water power, electrically connected pump and windmill; 3-inch fire lines running 4 feet underground all around property, and 1½-inch pipes for sprinkling purposes—never without water. Tank holds about 12,000 gallons. Frequent analysis shows water of most excellent quality for all purposes. Immense saving for the quantity of water used on such a place. Fine stable and garage, 9 stalls. Large carriage room, with quarters above for man. Fine tennis court also on property. Colonial electric lamp posts on driveway and outside garden. Will take back 5% mortgage, three years if desired. Full particulars and drawings from John F. Scott, Manager Country Department.

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340 Madison Ave. New York City.

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IDEAL ALL-THE-YEAR-HOME SUBURB.
6 MILES FROM NEW YORK CITY LINE.

BUILDING LOTS, $290

Five minutes' walk to station and trolley. All City Conveniences and Improvements.

Terms: $10 DOWN, $10 MONTHLY

TITLES GUARANTEED FREE.

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$5,950 BUYS A $7,500 HOUSE.

A beautiful new home, built by "day's work"; gas, electricity, running water, parquet floors, beamed ceilings, large wardrobes; many special features; a large plot on an attractive avenue in private residence park; fine surroundings; 24 minutes to Herald Square or Battery, on the Pennsylvania tunnel line; near depot; very easy terms and small deposit, or will rent with privilege of buying and apply rent payments on purchase. Call, write, or phone T. L. M'NEECE, 150 Nassau St.

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Queens, L. I.—A beautiful new semi-bungalow; price $6,200, value $6,750; 28 minutes from Broadway, 3 minutes from express station, trolley; schools and churches; 100 trains daily; restricted property; every modern convenience; special design construction and fixtures guaranteed; easy terms; monthly payments. Write or 'phone 8257 Cortlandt. D. A. Phillips, 200 Broadway, N. Y.

Sacrifice price on new stucco cottage, 6 rooms, fireplace, parquet floors throughout; every improvement. Alfred E. Lloyd, Broadway at 22d St., Flushing, L. I.

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An unusually desirable place of residence in Summer and Winter the equal of which does not exist near New York, conveniently located to business activities, but in quiet, charming surroundings.

All improvements installed.
¼ acre or more
at not too great cost.
Write for booklet.

Make arrangements to visit the two pretty homes we are now building. They are for sale at very reasonable prices and on easy terms if desired.

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Lots sold on period payments.

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only ½ hour from Penn. Sta.; few people know even of the existence of this beautiful waterfront property, so near New York City; fine dock for boating, etc., elegant bathing beach; yacht clubhouse on the water's edge; finest residential property on Long Island; streets, sidewalks, gas, electricity and sewers; no assessments whatever; improvements all paid for; selling very cheap on easy terms; titles guaranteed; make appointment to see this property. CHOICE WATER FRONT LOTS, 146 E. 34th St., N. Y.

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7 and 8 room houses, with 2 to 6 lots; 32 minutes out; modern improvements; low prices; terms very easy; also beautiful water front property. Wm. Sallberg, 891 East 149th St., Room 213.

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FOR SALE.—Gentleman's farm of 70 acres; within commuting distance of New York; cultivated fields and woodland; spring water, by gravity to house and barn; 3 bath rooms; elevation 800 feet; favorable for rheumatism and lung trouble; large peach and apple orchards, grapes, strawberries, cherries, plums, raspberries, currants; farmer's house and outbuildings, including garage, in proper order; $30,000. Address Ideal, B 150 Times.

NEW YORK STATE—SALE OR LET.

TWO IDEAL FARMS.
Rev. Palmer, Perth Amboy.

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

Offices for Rent

Oppenheim, Collins & Co.

34th Street---West

Desirable, Well Lighted Offices.
Best Location in New York.
Convenient to All Transportation Lines.
Suitable for Any Line of Business or Profession.

Moderately Priced.

Floors

26 John Street, near Broadway,

in the centre of the jewelry trade and adjacent to insurance district.

Within 300 feet of Subway Station and Broadway Cars and Convenient to all Elevated Lines.

Fireproof 6-story building.

Passenger and freight elevator.

WM. A. WHITE & SONS
62 Cedar Street

42 & 44 West 39 St.

Large Studio

with North Skylight,

Also a Few Offices, $240 up.

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340 Madison Ave., near 43d St.

STUDIOS TO LET

Broadway Studio Building,
Broadway and 80th St.
STEAM HEAT AND ELEVATOR SERVICE.
VERY DESIRABLE NEIGHBORHOOD.
Subway Station Same Block.
Apply on premises, Room 3, 2,231 Broadway.

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Store and Basement, 2,233 Broadway, west side, near 79th St.; Subway station on the corner. Most desirable part of Broadway for high-class retail business. Steam heat. Apply Room 3, 2,231 Broadway.

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GAINSBOROUGH STUDIOS,
222 WEST 59TH ST.
JAMES E. BALL, MANAGER.

Exceptionally light, cheerful offices, modern fireproof building, from $15 month upward. 100 Broad St.

Part of millinery store to let for good dressmaker or lingerie. Juliette, 27 West 33th.

25 WEST 57TH ST.

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LIGHT LOFT

9th floor, light on all sides; size 40x100. Fireproof building; two elevators.

291-293 Seventh Av.,

Between 26th and 27th Sts.
C. F. BEDELL CO., Broadway & 37th St., OR YOUR OWN BROKER.

To Let.—Store; best location on Nassau St. near Maiden Lane for term of years; low rental to right party. A 305 Times Downtown.

Two large adjoining outside offices, fifteenth floor, 30 Wall St., to sublet at reduced rental. Inquire Room 1,507.

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CHOICEST APARTMENT

FIFTH AVENUE.
11 ROOMS AND 4 BATHS.
Furnishings Cost $180,000
RENT SEASON $12,000.
Also one large apartment at CARLTON HOUSE.
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A.— THE BELNORD

BROADWAY, CORNER 86TH ST.

10 rooms, three baths; beautifully and completely furnished; all outside rooms; southern exposure; owner in Europe; will rent for one year or shorter term at very reasonable rent. Address CAMERON, P. O. Box 725, or see agent on premises.

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APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

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West Side.

The BELNORD

BROADWAY TO AMSTERDAM AVENUE

Eighty-sixth to Eighty-seventh Street

¶ The Belnord is not only the greatest apartment house in the world in point of size, it is the greatest in equipment and efficiency. It has more distinctive features.

¶ Belnord Court, which is enclosed by the building, is the largest apartment house court in existence and is a small park with grass plots, shrubs and playing fountains.

¶ Every room in the Belnord is an outside room. Each suite, 7 to 11 rooms, includes all the latest devices for greater comfort and convenience. There is absolutely no noise or vibration—the engine rooms are not located under any portion of the building proper.

¶ Yearly rentals are from $2,400 up. Reservations can now be made for October 1st.

W. H. DOLSON & CO., Agents
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Northwest Corner 99th St.

Just Completed

Formerly Bennington Corners South

6, 7, 8 Rooms with 2 Baths. Principal Rooms have southern exposure.
Rents, 1,200 to 2,300.

Absolutely fire and sound proof. Every improvement.
Renting Agent on premises, or

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BROADWAY AND 79th ST.

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Two Apartments only on each floor

Building 56x90x101

Absolutely Fireproof and Soundproof

Finest, most complete up-to-date elevator Apartment House.
Eight extra large rooms, two baths, one Safe.
Rents $1,200 to $1,600—Immediate possession.
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High-class elevator apartment; new building; all up-to-date improvements; parquet flooring throughout; best value in this section; rents, 6 and 7 rooms, $75 to $92 per month; renting agent on premises.

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225 West 110th St., facing Central Park.

New building, just completed; high-class elevator apartment; finest and best built house in this section; 2, 3 and 5 rooms; the 2 and 3 rooms suitable for bachelors; rents $35 to $65 per month. Renting agent on premises. Open evenings.

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Two, Three, and Four Room

APARTMENTS,

furnished and unfurnished, in the exceptionally located

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307 West 98th St.,

on terms that will surprise you.

Two doors from Riverside Drive. Near Express Subway station. Convenient for elevated and surface lines.

Maid service included.
Restaurant in building.
'Phone 3964 Riverside.

9 Rooms & 3 Baths

THE

CLEARFIELD

Riverside Drive and 103d St.

Absolutely the finest on the west side. Rents very low.

Call and inspect.

Gibbs & Kirby, Agents,
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The Umatilla

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New 8-Story Fireproof Building Ready for Occupancy Sept. 1.

7 & 8 Rooms—3 Baths

$1,500 to $2,200

Apply Supt., on premises, or

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HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS,

TEN ROOMS AND THREE BATHS

RENTS $2,000 TO $2,820.

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S. E. Cor. 100th St. and Riverside Drive

A new twelve-story fire and sound proof building.

The only house of its kind on the west side. A few of the 10 and 11 room apartments left. Rent from $2,800 to $3,500.

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DUPLEX STUDIO TO LEASE.

Also Apartments of three rooms and bath to lease from $1,200; ideal for bachelor or couple; furnished and unfurnished.

JAMES E. BALL, Manager.

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101 West 86th St., 100 West 87th St. N. W. Cor.—Columbus Av.—S. W. Cor. Seven extra large outside rooms and bath. ALL IMPROVEMENTS.
$50, $55, $60, $65.

65 Central Park West

N. W. CORNER 66TH ST.

Ideal 8 room Suite, large, light, sunny, facing Central Park; high class service; rent $1,700; also 2 room bachelor Apartment. Apply Supt.

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High-class elevator apartments near Riverside Drive, two minutes from 96th St. Subway Sta. Front apartment, 6 rooms & bath, $46 to $52.50. Front apartment, 8 rooms and bath, $65.00. Rear apartments, 5 rooms & bath, $42.50.

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Open fireplaces; steam heat; meals served in apartments; 2 rooms and bath; rents $600 up. W. HARVEY, Mgr., on premises.

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HOUSEKEEPING ANNEX

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CONVENIENCE of a Hotel with PRIVACY of a Home.

Furnished if Desired.

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308-310 WEST 15TH ST.
VERY ATTRACTIVE HOUSE.
SUITES OF 2 ROOMS AND BATH, $30 TO $33 PER MONTH, OR
1 ROOM AND BATH, $22.
111 WEST 43D ST.
2 ROOMS, BATH,
$25 TO $45 PER MONTH.
Ashford & Co., 11 East 42d St.

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LUXURIOUS APARTMENTS.
Half Block from Central Park.
Suites of 9 & 10 Rooms, with 3 baths
APPLY TO OWNER ON PREMISES.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

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West Side.

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215 West 101st St.,

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Ten-story fireproof apartment house. Convenient to 103d St. subway station and 104th St. "L." Two passenger and two service elevators. Southern exposure.

6, 8 & 9 Rooms & 2 & 3 Baths, Large Foyer, $1,400 to $2,200.

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Largest rooms on Riverside Drive. Every convenience known. Absolutely fireproof. Arrangement of rooms unsurpassed. Only one of each left, 8th and 9th floors.

8 Rooms and 3 Baths.....$2,000
9 Rooms and 3 Baths, Cor. Apart..$2,500

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54 Morningside Avenue, West,

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This building is located on the highest portion of Manhattan, overlooking Morningside Park and commanding a view of Long Island Sound. Two blocks from subway station.

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Ideal location. View of the Hudson and the Drive. Convenient to 137th St. subway station. High class and modern elevator apartment.

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Near Broadway.

An eight-story absolutely fire and sound proof apartment house, containing every known improvement. Large, light, sunny rooms, excellently arranged.

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A ten-story absolutely fire and sound proof apartment house, containing every known improvement, passenger and service elevators. Convenient to express subway station at 116th St.

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Convenient to 110th St. subway. Most picturesque part of Riverside. A high class modern apartment with every known convenience.

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Every room light. Convenient to 96th St. subway. All improvements.

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2609 Broadway, Near 99th St.

Convenient to 96th St. subway. House is 55 feet wide, with only 2 apartments on each floor.

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Convenient to 103d St. subway, 104th St. "L," all surface lines, including 106th St. crosstown. New house. Every modern improvement. Rooms exceptionally light.

4, 5, 6 and 7 Rooms & Bath..$40 to $75

Apply to Superintendents, on Premises, or

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RIVERSIDE DRIVE,
NORTH CORNER 99TH ST.

New Fireproof Apartments,
Convenient to 96th St. Subway.
FINEST PART OF RIVERSIDE DRIVE.

Suites of 7, 8 & 9 Rooms.
Large Foyers and 3 Baths.
RENTAL $1,600 TO $2,900.

READY FOR OCCUPANCY.

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307-313 West 79th St.,

Between West End Av. and Riverside Drive.

10 Story Fireproof

Most unique in appointment.

Suites of 6, 8 and 9 rooms, Rents $1,100-$2,100.

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38 WEST 32d ST.

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BROADWAY, 73D TO 74TH STREET

HAS GREATER FACILITIES FOR CONVENIENCE AND COMFORT THAN ARE TO BE FOUND IN ANY OTHER APARTMENT HOUSE OR HOTEL IN THE WORLD.

If you are contemplating a change of residence the following is offered for your consideration:—

HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS
WITH HOTEL FACILITIES.
NON-HOUSEKEEPING SUITES
EITHER OF THESE WITH OR WITHOUT FURNITURE,
HOTEL CHAMBERMAID SERVICE AND LINEN.

The accommodation and service of a Hotel:—Restaurant and Grill, Hotel Office, Bell Men, Floor Clerks, Night Watchmen, Billiard Room, Parlors for entertaining; Barber Shop, Drug Store, Physicians, Dentists; Markets and a Housekeeping Department for Cleaning Woman or Man, for Lady's Maid, Chambermaid, or Vacuum Cleaning Service, as desired.

No one who has not kept house with these advantages knows the ease of it, and with all the quiet and refinement of one's own home. May a diagram be sent you? Conclusive reference required.

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OREGON

54th St. & 7th Ave.

12 STORY FIREPROOF HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS

Only a few choice apartments left

4, 5 & 6 Rooms, $1,200-$1,800 per annum

OPEN EVENINGS.

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NEAR RIVERSIDE DRIVE.

Finest rooms in this section.

ALL LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.

7 and 8 Rooms, 2 Baths;

4 Rooms and Bath;

3 Rooms & Kitchenette.

$800 TO $1,800

Lewis M. Thiery,
2,780 Broadway, Cor. 107th.

FINEST LOCATION IN THE CITY.

S. W. Cor. 98th St. **West End Av.**

New Highest Class Fireproof Apartment House.

NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY.

DUPLEX and SIMPLEX APARTMENTS OF

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One Doctor's Apartment of 9 Rooms, 2 Baths.

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AGENT ON PREMISES AT ALL TIMES.

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Modern, Fireproof Building.

Handsome entrance hall, large and attractive reception room. The apartments are excellently arranged and have new parquet floors and all the latest improvements and conveniences.

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93d St., (n. w. cor.,) B'way, 7 rooms and bath; exceptionally large, light rooms; all outside apartments; $1,300 to $1,500; all improvements.

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347-355 W. 55TH ST.,
BETWEEN 8TH AND 9TH AVS.
1 Room, Bath & Kitchenette, $40 to $42.50.
2 Rooms, Bath & Kitchenette
UNFURNISHED, $47.50 TO $60.
FURNISHED, $57.50 TO $70.
Satisfactory References Indispensable.
Absolutely fireproof; extra large rooms; exceptional closet space.
Restaurant on premises. Agent on premises.

THE LUCETINE

35 to 39 W. 96th St.

Elevator apartments, most desirable private house section; Subway express station at 96th St., 6th and 9th Av. L at 93d St.

7 Rooms and Bath, $65

SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

The Sevillia Apartment Hotel, 117 West 58th St.

Unfurnished apartment of 3 rooms and bath, overlooking Central Park; also one of 2 rooms and bath, southern exposure.

Sublet a beautiful apartment on the ground floor of Buckingham Court, 312 to 320 West 99th St., adjoining Riverside Drive. Rent $65.00 per month. Large light rooms. Apply to Superintendent on premises.

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High-class, twelve-story, fireproof apartment (sub leases), six rooms, two baths, $1,600; seven rooms, two baths, $1,900. Telephone 9636 Schuyler, Superintendent.

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Attractive 8-room and bath apartments at very moderate rents.

All improvements.

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A few choice Apartments are for rent in the high class elevator building, containing every modern convenience.

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316-320 West 83d St.

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Suites of 6 and 7 large, light rooms & bath, $850 to $1,200.

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The Saxony, 250 W. 82d St.	8 Rooms and 2 Baths
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The Waramaug, 629 W. 115th St.	7 Rooms and 2 Baths
202-6 West 86th Street	8 Rooms and Bath
The Nexmere, 330 W. 85th St.	8 Rooms and Bath
2730 Broadway (Cor. 105th)	6-7 Rooms and Bath

For Information Inquire on Premises, or
Douglas Robinson, Charles S. Brown Co
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MOST CENTRAL LOCATION IN TOWN.

Apartments of 4, 5, and 8 rooms, 1 and 2 baths; exceptionally large, light rooms, with high ceiling, decorated to suit; superior hall and elevator service. Your inspection invited each day, including Sundays. Also 1 furnished apartment of 8 rooms and 2 baths.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.
MANHATTAN
West Side.

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MANHATTAN.
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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

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Above 110th Street and Washington Heights.

McVICKAR, GAILLARD REALTY CO.

444 Columbus Ave., Near 81st St.

Offer the Following High-Class Elevator Apartments For Rent

At Liberal Concessions.

Stadium View and **Shore View**, 445-448 Riverside Drive, Just North of 116th St. — 9 Large, Light Rooms. With Foyer and 3 Bathrooms, $1750. Also 6 and 8 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1200—$1700. New 12-story, fireproof building, block from Subway Station. Two apartments on a floor.

Concord Hall, Riverside Drive, Cor. 119th St. — 7, 8 and 9 Rooms, 2 Baths and Extra Lavatories, $1200—$1600. High-class, fireproof apartments in the most attractive location on the Drive.

The Cherbourg, 1 West 92d St., Cor. Central Park West — 9 and 10 Rooms, 2 Baths, $1600—$2400. Modern high-class apartments, one block from "L." Excellent location, overlooking the Park. All large, sunny, outside rooms.

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Riverside Drive,
Corner 102d Street.

The Most Substantially Constructed House on the Drive.
The Finest 9 Room Apartment in New York.

THE Rockledge Hall, a new 12 story, steel constructed building, represents the most modern type of high class apartment house construction. The large rooms and general arrangement are designed to meet the requirements of those accustomed to private dwellings.

Suites of 8 and 9 Extra Large Rooms,
3 Baths, Large Foyers.
COAT AND LINEN ROOMS.
Rental, $2,400 to $3,500.

Renting Agent on Premises, or
Calder, Nassoit & Lanning
Broadway and 105th Street.

Only 4 Apartments Left.

WILL ACCEPT ANY REASONABLE OFFER.

Between Central Park West and Columbus Ave.

37-43 WEST 93D STREET

8—7 ROOM APARTMENTS.
1—8 ROOM APARTMENT.
Southern exposure.
New modern 8 story fireproof building, every improvement.
RECENTLY COMPLETED.
Personal Application Preferred.
Tourneur Realty Co.,
299 Broadway. Tel. 1272 Worth.

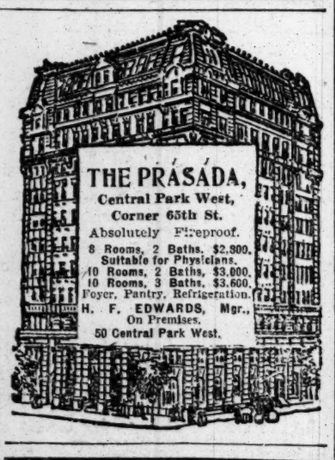
THE WYOMING — 55th Street and 7th Avenue — THE IDAHO

Absolutely Fireproof
HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS
9 to 14 rooms and 3 baths, $2,400 to $5,000
Special Suite of 16 rooms and 5 baths, $8,500
Doctor's Apartment, $2,400 to $3,000
BUILT AS AN INVESTMENT, NOT A SPECULATION

In an Exclusive Residential Neighborhood.

150 West 79th St.

Bet. Columbus and Amsterdam Ave.
New 12 Story Absolutely Fireproof Building.
NOW READY FOR OCCUPANCY.
High Class Duplex and Simplex Apartments of
9 & 10 Very Large Rooms and 3 Baths
Rentals $2,600 to $3,000
Every Modern Improvement.
AGENT ON PREMISES AT ALL TIMES.
Tel., Schuyler—7051.



Oxford Hall

454-456 Riverside Drive.
(116-119 STREETS.)
FRONT APARTMENTS.
5&6 Rooms 2 Baths, $1,100-1,500
REAR.
4 Rooms and Bath, $700-900
APPLY ON PREMISES OR
PEASE & ELLIMAN,
165 W. 72nd St. Tel. 8300 Col.

Evelyn Court, 611-19 W. 114th St. — 8 exceptionally large, light rooms, 2 baths; all night elevator service; Subway station, 116th St. Rentals moderate; unexcelled service.

Annamere Court, 609-15 W. 115th St. — 7 and 8 unusually large and airy rooms, 2 baths. Rents moderate; all night elevators and telephone service.

SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

SHELBURNE HALL, 90 Morningside Drive, Cor. 121st St. — Elevator Apartments; excellent service. 6 Rooms, $60 to $70.

ROSALIND COURT

510 West 144th St.
Between Amsterdam and Broadway.
BEAUTIFUL MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
Near Subway, Elevated, & Crosstown Cars.
3 Rooms and Kitchenette $30
4, 5 and 6 Rooms, $40 to $55
See Superintendent on premises, or
Duff & Brown, 1,715 Amsterdam Av.

DUCHESS COURT,

548-558 West 164th Street

Elegant 4-5-6-8 rooms, high-class new elevator apartment; every modern convenience; near Subway.

Rents Very Reasonable

See These Before Renting.

High-class elevator apartment, all improvements; night service; convenient to all cars.
$75.00 7-room apartment.....$37.50
65.00 6-room apartment.....32.50
Superintendent, Rosemont, 126A West 127th St.

FRED'K ZITTEL & SONS

Broadway & 79th St. 'Phone, 9700—Schuyler. | Offer the Following High Class Elevator Apartments to Let:— | Broadway & 140th St. 'Phone, 2226—Audubon.

The Madrid, 552 Riverside Drive, just north of 127th St. Large rooms, etc. Every improvement, etc. 4 to 8 rooms and 2 baths. $660 to $1,200

The Rolyat, 600 West 140th St. S. W. corner Broadway. 8 rooms and bath. $950 to $1,200.

No. 48 W. 73d St., S. E. cor. Columbus Av. 7 rooms and bath. Rents $1,100 to $1,200.

Rafford Hall, 601 West 144th St. Northwest corner Broadway. 5, 6 and 7 rooms and bath. $600 to $1,000.

The Douglas, 201 West 121st St. and **The Desmond**, 2,026 7th Av., cor. 121st St. 7 and 8 rooms and bath. Rents $720 to $1,000.

The Arleigh, 616 to 620 West 115th St. 7 and 8 rooms and bath. $840 to $1,200.

St. Evona, N.E.cor. 135th St. & Broadway. 5, 6 and 7 rooms and bath. $540 to $1,200.

Ellerslie Court, 601 West 140th and 600 West 141st Sts. Including Both Broadway Corners. 6 and 7 rooms and bath, $780 to $1,200.

The Lucile, 122 West 114th St. 5 and 6 rooms and bath. $420 to $660.

The Switzerland, Northeast corner 151st St. and Riverside Drive. 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10 rooms, 2 and 3 baths, extra large foyers. Rents $720 to $1,800.

Claremont Hall, Northwest corner Broadway and 112th St. 5, 6 and 7 rooms and bath. $540 to $1,200

The Sunnycrest, 611 West 113th St. 5, 6 and 7 rooms and bath. $660 to $1,200.

St. Charles, 101 West 72d St. N. W. corner Columbus Av. 8 rooms and bath. $1,200.

The Shoreham, 60 St. Nicholas Av., N. E. cor. 113th St. 5 and 6 rooms and bath. Rents $420 to $660.

The Bellmore, 3,291 to 3,295 Broadway, S. W. cor. 133d St. Day and Night Elevator, Hall and Telephone Service. Apartments of from 4 to 6 rooms. $436 to $600.

Annual booklet, giving full details of the houses managed by us, will be mailed on application.

Everett M. Seixas & Co.
suggest
the inspection of the following apartments:

THE CHESKNOLL,
160th St., 560 West, Near Broadway.
5 or 6 rooms, $34.00 to $48.00.
Exceptional value and site.; all improvements, including electric light, telephone, hall service, &c.

THE BURLINGTON,
134th St., 505 to 517.
4 rooms, $23.00 to $25.00.
5 rooms, $30.00 to $33.00.
No improvements missing. All advantages of the highest class apartments, without paying for elevator.

THE ROSEMOUNT,
65 Morningside Ave., Near 120th St.
Facing park, 7 rooms, hall and telephone service, hardwood trim; one left; $50.00.
List of others cheerfully submitted.
Representative on premises.
Tele. 1145 Audubon. 3892 Broadway.
Everett M. Seixas & Co.

NATHAN HALE

Fort Washington Ave. & West 181st St.
Three blocks from 181st Broadway Subway.
5-6-7-9 Rooms, 2 & 3 Baths
Rents $600 to $1,500
Individual needle spray shower baths, sunken sanitary Roman tubs, vacuum cleaning, service elevator and entrance, and all the minor improvements.
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES.

MORNINGSIDE PARK APARTMENTS,
Morningside Park East
118th to 119th Sts West
on the line of the elevated.
116th St. Express Station.
Modern elevator building, with housekeeping apartments of
4 Rooms and bath.....$40, $45
5 Rooms and bath.....$50, $55 & $60
6 Rooms and bath.....$60, $65 & $70
FRANK L. FISHER CO., Agents.
Tel. 9010 Columbus. 148 West 72d St.

Cathedral Heights $45
5 rooms, elevator, telephone. 509 W. 112th.

West Side.

The Millard

18-20 West 107th St.
High Class Elevator Apartments
4-5-6-7 & 8 Rooms
Rents $36 to $70
Best in New York at Price

The BRAENDER

South Corner
Central Park West and 102d St.
Three blocks from 104th St. L station, with local and express station.
An elegant 10-story fireproof apartment.
12 large light rooms, and 3 baths.....$2,200
6 rooms and bath..$900
Superintendent on premises, or
McVickar, Gaillard Realty Co.
444 Columbus Av. Tel. 9282 Schuyler.

SAN SALVADOR

378 Central Park West
Corner Apartments, six large rooms.
RENTS $1,050.
One apartment of seven rooms, first floor, corner; chance for doctor; immediate possession.
SNOWBER & SMITH,
2190 BROADWAY, (78th St.)

THE ADRIAN,

58 West 72d St., Corner.

Eight large, light rooms, tiled bath; electric light; parquet floors; night and day elevator; Subway express and elevated stations on 72d; all surface lines convenient; rent $1,200 to $1,300. Also four-room apartment and bath, $50.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

THE AYLSMERE,
60 West 67th St.
Seven and eight large, light rooms, bath, butler's pantry; two elevators night and day, passenger and service; steam dryer; convenient to all traction lines; rent $1,000 to $1,530.
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

RICHMOND HILL
27 WASHINGTON SQUARE NORTH.
Very desirable modern apartment of 6 rooms and bath; all outside rooms; the only one left; steam heat, electric light, hall boys, &c.; rent only $960.
CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 Broadway.

133-135 West **THE IOWA** 104th St.
High-class elevator apartments of six and seven all light rooms; rental $60 to $80. Owner on premises.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 524
Opposite Grant's Tomb; 5-6-8 beautiful rooms; magnificent view Hudson; $720-$1,800.

RIVIERA

Riverside Drive
156TH TO 157TH STREET
Largest 12 Story Fireproof Apartment House on the Drive
JUST COMPLETED
Suites of 5 to 10 Rooms
Very Attractive Rentals
Every Room an Outside Room
Resident Management
TEL. 5400—AUDUBON.

HILLCREST

APARTMENTS
430 West 116th St.
One block from 116th St. and Broadway Subway Station.
8 Outside Sunny Rooms
2 and 3 baths
Living rooms.....18x23 feet
Dining rooms.....14x19 feet
Bedrooms, southern exposure..13x16 feet
Spacious foyers. Wide halls. Ample closets.
Elevator and all Modern Conveniences.
RENTS $1,500 TO $2,000.
Open for inspection until 10 P. M.

Seeing Them Means Renting
CLIFFCREST

938 St. Nicholas Ave.
Southeast Corner 157th St.
Best located elevator apartment house on Washington Heights.
A few choice apartments,
4-6-7 and 8 Rooms
Rentals $40 to $80
Convenient to "L" and Subway stations, (two blocks to either,) overlooking Colonial and Jumel Parks, Speedway and Long Island Sound.

REED HOUSE

121st St. and Broadway
5 Rooms, $540- $660
6 Rooms, $720- $840
7 Rooms, $840-$1,200
This property is held and managed by an individual owner as a permanent investment.
APPLY ON PREMISES.

Prince Humbert

214 to 220 Cathedral Parkway
110th St. at Broadway.
New Fireproof Buildings
4 & 5 ROOMS
ALL FRONT APARTMENTS
Tiled kitchens with cement floors, covered in best linoleum—one of many features.
Rents $870 up. Agent on premises

63 West 106th Street, Five to seven rooms.....$45-$70
507 W. 111th Street, Four to seven rooms.....$40-$75
414-16 West 118th Street, Six rooms.....$55-$60
All convenient locations. All modern improvements. Elevators, electricity, steam heat, vacuum cleaner. Liberal concessions on apartments rented now. See Superintendent.

THE MINERVA,

365 WEST 118TH. ST.
8 rooms, baths; elevator; improvement; $960 yearly.

THE NORTHERN and BELVEDERE, 151st & Northern Av. 150th St. & Edgecombe Av. Elevator apartment. 5, 6, 7, 8 rooms, 2 baths; rents $50 upward. Apply premises or S. Feinberg, 174th St. and St. Nicholas Av.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE,
long established elevator apartment.
WYNDHAM COURT,
Inquire 239 West 141st St.

202 WEST 130th STREET
7 large, light rooms, $45 to $55.

SOUND VIEW

Northwest Corner
140th STREET and CONVENT AV.
Convenient to Subway and Elevated. Restricted Private House Neighborhood.
JUST COMPLETED
10 Story Fireproof Building
3, 4, 5 and 6 ROOMS
Rentals, $540 to $1,200 Yearly
Every Improvement, Including Mail Chute, Filtered Water and Vacuum Cleaner, Laundry and Steam Clothes Dryers. Outlet for small Electric Stove in every kitchen.
Unobstructed View in all Directions.
Opposite St. Nicholas Park and City College Campus
'Phone, 6157—Audubon.

THE
ROXBURY

SOUTHEAST CORNER
Broadway and 122d St.
FIREPROOF.
A new, modern building, equipped with every convenience.
Newly decorated; parquet floors throughout; all large and light rooms
5 and 6 Rooms and Bath, $600 to $900.
Representative on premises, or
WM. P. SHERIDAN,
Riverside Drive & 127th St.

BRADLEY COURT

Southeast Corner
165TH STREET AND BROADWAY
New 10 Story Fireproof Elevator Apartment
Suites of 6, 7 and 9 Rooms. One to Three Baths.
Rents $900 to $1,900
AGENT ON PREMISES
Telephone 5591 Audubon.

THE MICHIGAN, THE ILLINOIS, THE LOUISIANA,

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF,
507-517 W. 113th St.
2, 4, 5 & 6 ROOM SUITES.
High-class appointments and finish;
ALL LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.
ELEVATOR, HALL AND TELEPHONE } SERVICE Day and Night.
RENTS $540-$1,000
SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

Opposite Central Park.
SEMIRAMIS,

137 W. 110th St., bet. 7th & Lenox.
6 & 7 Rooms..$60 to $80
ZENOBIA,
217 W. 110th St., bet. 7th & 8th.
8 rooms....$80 to $100
5 rooms....$60 to $65
Strictly high-class elevator Apartments, convenient to Subway and "L" stations.

The only apartment on Riverside Drive in the 70s and convenient to the Heart of the City. Near Subway Station.
The RIVERDALE
Corner 79th Street; 10 rooms; 3 baths; southern exposure; great view; $2,500 to $3,000.

THE OREGON,

28 WEST 127TH ST.
8 rooms, baths, elevator; parquet floors; modern improvements; rent $930 yearly.

The ALABAMA

New Fireproof Elevator Apartments
550 Riverside Drive, N. E. Cor. 127th St.
One block from Manhattan St. Subway Station & B'way Surface Cars.
An apartment house of unusually substantial construction, containing every up-to-date improvement and convenience including vacuum cleaners, etc. Service of the Highest Standard.
3-4-5-6 and 7 Rooms & Baths
3 Room Suites Have Kitchenettes.
Rents from $40. up
Manager on premises

AUDREY HALL

MAJESTICALLY SURMOUNTING
N. E. Cor. St. Nicholas Av. & 172d St.
FACES WEST, SOUTHWEST & SOUTH, GIVING TENANTS THE MOST UNOBSTRUCTED VIEWS & FINEST BREEZES & SUNLIGHT IN EVERY AP'T.
4, 5, 6, 7 Rooms and Baths
AT
Very Moderate Rentals
Every Conceivable Improvement.
Elevators & Vacuum Cleaners
RENTING AGENT ON PREMISES.

KINGDALE AND KINGLAND

515-521 WEST 187TH ST.
between Audubon and Amsterdam Avs.; couple minutes to 191st Subway.
Exclusive residential surroundings.
NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS
of the Most Modern Type
6-7-8 Rooms and Bath
Lowest Rents in City
OWNER, ON PREMISES.
Open for inspection until 9 P. M.

THE SAVOY — HIGH CLASS ELEVATOR APARTMENTS,
452-456 W. 149th St.
Between Amsterdam and Convent Avs.
NEW HOUSE.
Apartments of 4 and 5 large, all-light rooms. Shower baths, electric light, vacuum cleaning, all-night elevator service; all modern improvements and conveniences.
Rents $40 to $53.

PRINCE'S COURT

N. E. COR. 164TH ST. & BROADWAY.
New High Class Elevator Apartment.
5-6 AND 7 LARGE LIGHT ROOMS
EVERY MODERN CONVENIENCE.
25% LESS RENT THAN MIDDLE WEST SIDE.
SUPT. ON PREMISES, OR 'PHONE 3709 Murray Hill.

SMITHSONIAN

60 West 129th St.
One 7-room apartment, rent $60, and one 7-room corner apartment, rent $65; every improvement, including elevator service; convenient location for both "L" and Subway.
Apply on premises, or
ROBERT LEVERS
376 LENOX AVE., COR. 129TH ST.

SPLENDID NEW APARTMENTS
3 AND 4 ROOMS (KITCHENETTE)
4 AND 5 ROOMS (KITCHENS.)
Large, light rooms, abundant closets, elevator, telephone, &c.
RENTS $40 TO $60
THE IRADEL, 420 W. 119TH ST.
Near Columbia University and Morningside Park.
Booklet on application.

44 WEST 131ST STREET
RENTS $30, $32, $36

Desirable seven light rooms and bath; all improvements; excellent condition; large dining room in rear; well-kept house; owner on premises.

THE MIDLOTHIAN
353 West 117th St.
5 and 6 Rooms, $35.00 to $45.00.
Elevator, telephone, steam heat, hot water, tiled bath, uniform service, electric light; all rooms outside light and air. See Janitor.

VERSAILLES PALACE

605-607 W. 113TH ST.
Exceptionally large, light 6, 7, 8 room apartments.

COR. ELEV. APT'S, $35-$53.
178TH ST., 501 W.—4, 5, 6, 7 rooms; facing Highbridge Park; big inducements.

STRATHMORE

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, S. E. CORNER 113TH STREET
A Few Choice Apartments to Let
100 Feet Frontage on the Drive

Two apartments to floor; 10 rooms, 3 baths and large foyer, 14 closets, pantry. Parlors 18x22. Dining room 17x21; Master bedroom 17x20; other rooms large.

No other apartments on Riverside Drive, with similar rental, can compare with these. The sunlight, air and view are really unusual.

Apartments may be seen at any time, and on request by letter or telephone (John 5567 or Morningside 488) our representative will call on you with plan and prices.

HALL, HAWKES & PRENTICE,
32 NASSAU STREET.

The Bellecourt and Annadale

NEW ELEVATOR APARTMENTS. JUST COMPLETED.
Fort Washington Ave., Cor. West 178th St.
ONE BLOCK WEST OF BROADWAY CAR LINE.
REFINED, RESTRICTED RESIDENTIAL AVENUE,
UNDER CONTROL OF THE PARK DEPT.
7 and 8 Extra Large Rooms with 2 Baths
WITH FRENCH WINDOWS.

OUR 7 ROOM Apartments contain 2 large foyer halls, butler's pantry, tiled floor kitchens, 7 closets. Most elegant fixtures and decorations. Rents $840 to $960.

OUR 8 ROOM Apartments have 3 bedrooms facing street, with main chamber 14x17, containing 5 windows, 8 closets and most attractive apartment obtainable anywhere. Rents $1,050 to $1,100.

None better at double our rents. Short walk from W. 181st St. Subway Station.
AGENT ON PREMISES.

HeatherdellCourt

Northwest Corner
Broadway and 179th St.
Why Pay Big Rent,
when you can get a beautiful apartment in this modern Elevator Building with every up-to-date convenience, filtered water, etc., only couple minutes from 181st Subway?
4 Rooms.....$37 to $40
5 Rooms.....$50 to $58
7 Rooms.....$65 to $70
KNAP & WASSON, Agents,
BROADWAY & 178TH ST.

EL MORA & MIRAMAR,
606 to 612 West 137th St.
Subway Station
Elevator Apartments.
5, 6 and 7 Rooms,
Every Modern Improvement;
$50 to $65 Per Month.

Hague Apartments
547 Riverside Drive

overlooking Hudson River, Palisades and Claremont.
High class Apartments, 6 or 7 rooms and bath.
Excellent location; convenient to subway express station; all night elevator; hall and 'phone service.
APARTMENTS, $900 to $1,500.

COLONIAL & EDGECOMBE
375 & 377 Edgecombe Ave.
152d, near 6th and 9th L Stations.
Beautifully situated, overlooking Colonial Park. Hall service, electric lights, showers, etc.
6 Front Rooms, $35 to $42.
Owner on premises.

Hendrik Hudson Annex
Broadway & Cathedral Parkway (110th St.)
12-Story Fireproof Building at Express Subway Station.
6, 7, 8 Rooms and 2 baths. 9 Rooms and 3 baths.
RENTS.....$1,300 to $2,500
Manager on premises. 'Phone, 4392—Morningside.
AMERICAN REAL ESTATE CO., Owner, 527 Fifth Avenue.

ST. ORIMAND

417 WEST 114TH STREET,
CATHEDRAL HEIGHTS
MODERN ELEVATOR APARTMENT, 6 ROOMS.
Personally managed by owner. Rents $720-$780.

141st St., 221 West.—Near 7th Ave.
Elegant 4-6 large, light room elevator apartments; modern; near L and Subway stations; $32.50 to $45; concessions desirable tenants; investigate.

ST. REGIS COURT
BROADWAY, N. W. COR. 152D ST.
Choice outside 5 and 7 room apartments, all facing street, $55-$65.
James Conway, agent, on premises.

STANLEY COURT,
519-527 W. 134TH ST.
3—4—5—6 ROOMS, $25 to $37.
Telephone, electric light, high-class; view on 3 streets. H. BOWIE, Agt. Tel. Morning.—640.

East Side.

43 East 27th St. Near Madison Ave.
QUITE DISCOURAGING!!
So it is with KITCHENNETTE APARTMENTS. Something always lacking—if not one thing, then another. Not so with ours. We have New York's most complete, up-to-date, commodious 2-3 room KITCHENETTE SUITES, FIREPROOF BUILDING. Detached maid's rooms or maid service. Rent $700-$900. VERY DESIRABLE FOR BACHELORS.

MALVERN HALL
GRAMERCY PARK.
STUDIO APARTMENTS
Two rooms and bath; also single and bath.
INNES & CENTER, 21 EAST 20TH ST.

223 LEXINGTON AVE.
Suites of 2 Rooms & Bath, $40.
Ashforth & Co., 11 East 42d St.

120 EAST 31st ST.
High-class, eight-room, fireproof, elevator apartment; all light rooms; rent $1,500.
Hibson Co., Lexington Av., cor. 34th St.

39-43 E. 27th ST.
HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS
Six or seven large, sunny rooms, bath; elevator; all modern conveniences; fireproof; $1,200-$1,400.

A—CORONADO—A
High-class fireproof apartments, Park Ave. corner; suites 6-7 rooms; yearly rents $800 upward; service unexcelled. 75 East 81st St.

DOCTOR'S OFFICE
Two rooms and bath, all light; excellent location. 103 East 29th St.

237 Lexington Av., corner 34th St.
BACHELOR APARTMENTS
2 ROOMS, BATH, SERVICE, $32 to $40.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

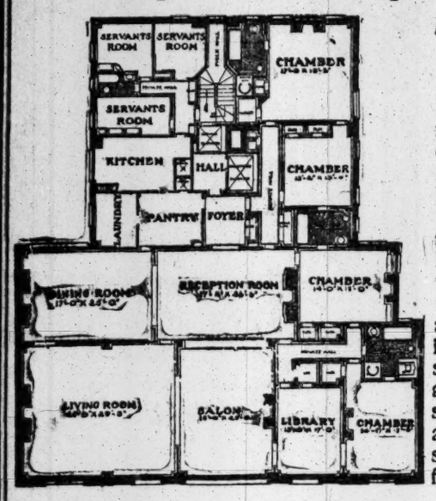
MANHATTAN.

East Side.

12 East 87th Street

ADJOINING FIFTH AVENUE

New Fireproof and Soundproof Apartments



An Unusual Building Replete With Unusual Features

Very large living rooms and bedrooms overlooking Phipps Mansion and Bradley Martin Gardens, 2,000 sq. ft. available for entertaining. Filtered water throughout. Permanent refrigeration and vacuum cleaning. Laundry with steam dryer in each apartment. Separate servants elevator and stairway. Unsurpassed facilities for housekeeping.

Each Apartment Occupies an Entire Floor

Herein is secured the exclusiveness and privacy of a separate dwelling, combined with the comfort and luxury obtainable only in the highest type houses.

15 Rooms and 4 Baths, $5,500-$8,000

PEASE & ELLIMAN, Agents

340 Madison Avenue, (43d St.) Telephone 6200 Bryant.

The

SCHERMERHORN

Madison Av., 82d to 83d St.

Close to the 5th Avenue residential section. The building immediately adjoins private dwellings, so that the view of City and Park is unobstructed.

Suites contain 8 and 9 rooms, with 3 baths. Large rooms and closets. Most complete water filtering system in the city.

Rents from $2,850 to $4,250

FRED'K ZITTEL & SONS, Agents

79th Street and Broadway

Representative on Premises Tel. 9700—Schuyler

The Hanover

PARK AVE. & 83RD ST.

ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF

IDEAL LOCATION

Large, Light Dining Room

Spacious Closets

Every Improvement and Convenience

8 ROOMS, 2 BATHS, $1,600—$1,800

9 ROOMS, 2 BATHS, $2,000 to $2,400.

Manager on Premises

THE HILLHURST

160 EAST 91ST STREET

LOVELY SUITES FOR REFINED TENANTS OF MODERATE MEANS. TASTEFUL DECORATIONS. POLITE ATTENDANTS.

UNFURNISHED HOUSEKEEPING APARTMENTS

TO LET FOR OCCUPANCY OCT. 1.

1 of 3 rooms and bath.....$28.00
2 of 4 rooms and bath.....$32.00 & $34.00
2 of 5 rooms and bath.....$35.00 & $38.00

MAGNIFICENT ROOF GARDEN.

FIREPROOF BUILDING.

TWO OTIS PASSENGER ELEVATORS.

Free private 'phone in each apartment.

Night and day service.

MEALS SERVED IN HANDSOME DINING ROOM IF PREFERRED.

MUST SUBLET

Very Desirable Apartment

9 ROOMS AND 2 BATHS.

All large, light rooms.

IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.

Modern improvements, elevator service; outside corner, facing Madison Av.

Rent Very Moderate.

SUPERINTENDENT,

1,239 Madison Ave., Corner 89th St.

Manhanset

61-65 East 59th St.,

NEAR MADISON AVE.

The Most Accessible Location in New York City.

High Class Modern Apartments, 3 Rooms and Bath, Furnished or Unfurnished. Hotel Service.

FOR RENTS, ETC.,

See Superintendent on Premises.

BACHELOR APARTMENTS

19 EAST 57TH STREET.

1, 2, 3, and 4 Rooms and Bath. Service. Elevator. All Improvements. Apply on premises. $600 to $2,000.

ALVAN W. PERRY, Agt.

Phone 860—John. 20 NASSAU ST.

THE RAMONDO,

S. W. Cor. Park Av. and 74th St.

Modern apartments of 6 to 8 rooms and 2 baths. Superb location.

$1,850 to $2,200.

Henry D. Winans & May, Agents,

749 5th Av., near 58th St.

---

715 MADISON AV., (NEAR 63D ST.)

Non-housekeeping apartment, 3 rooms and bath; elevator, electric light, steam heat; good service; rent, $60; references required.

KINGSTON—129 E. 76th Street

Handsome parlor apartment; seven large, light rooms.

Murray Hill Apartments,

S. W. Cor. of Lexington Av. & 34th St.

7 & 8 rooms and bath.

Large rooms, all conveniences.

Rents $1,400 to $1,600.

Also corner doctor's apartment.

The Berwyck,

65-69 West 54th St.

Bachelor apartments, two rooms and bath.

Rents $600 to $840.

Also very desirable doctor's office.

Van Dyck Studios,

939 Eighth Ave.

Musical studios on first floor.

624 Fifth Ave.,

Cor. 50th St.

Large non-housekeeping apartment, 3 baths. Also small apartment, 2 baths.

HERMAN L. R. EDGAR,

Tel. Cort. 4641. No. 81 Nassau St.

5TH AV. AND 58TH ST.

100 feet east of 5th Av.

THE MASON,

6-12 East 58th St.

Attractive Apartments of 8 and 9 rooms and bath; open plumbing, steam heat; hall boys; elevator service all night.

VERY LOW RENTS FOR CHOICE LOCATION

$1,600 to $1,750

CRUIKSHANK COMPANY, 141 BROADWAY, OR SUPERINTENDENT, ON PREMISES.

The WILBRAHAM

N. W. Cor. Fifth Ave. & 30th St.

Opposite Holland House

Two, Four or Six Rooms with Baths. Southern Exposure—Fireproof Bldg.

FRED'K FOX & CO.,

1,313 B'way. Phone 6786 Murray Hill. Supt. on Premises.

Swannanoa,

105-107 East 15th St.,

Overlooking Union Square,

At 14th St. Subway express station.

High Class Apartments, 1-3 and 5 Rooms and Bath.

Every Room Sunny.

Steel constructed building, magnificent entrance and reception room, excellent hall and telephone service.

C. F. BEDELL CO., Agents,

Broadway and 87th St.

Representative on premises.

Strictly NEW ENGLAND Fireproof. 43 to 51 E. 58th St., 54 E. 59th St., 480 Park Av. Seven rooms, one and two baths, $1,200 to $1,700. Two and three rooms and bath; $420 to $600. All-night elevator; hall and 'phone service; all improvements; resident Superintendent.

Broadway REMCO 98th Street.

The Southern

Madison Av., 61st to 62d St.

Several attractive non-housekeeping apartments of one, two and three rooms and bath.

FURNISHED or UNFURNISHED

Booklet on application.

Henry D. Winans & May, Agents,

749 5th Av., near 58th St.

COLONIAL HALL,

1,261 Mad. Av., N. E. cor. 90th St.

Nine exceptionally large, light, airy rooms, two baths; all latest improvements; rents $1,800 upward. Apply on premises. Tel. 3092 Lenox.

THE CLEVELAND,

126-130 East 24th St.

Apartments of 9 rooms, ample closets, etc.

Other "Furnished" and "Unfurnished" Apartments advertised on next to last page.

APARTMENTS TO LET—Unfurnished.

MANHATTAN.

East Side.

PAYSON McL. MERRILL,

481 5th Avenue. Telephone 7417 Bryant.

Offers for Rent from October 1st, single and duplex apartments in the following buildings:

EAST SIDE

925 PARK AVE., N. E. Cor. 80th Street, 11 rooms, 4 baths. $4,500.
829 PARK AVE., S. E. Cor. 76th Street. 4 to 9 rooms, 2 & 3 baths. $2,000 to $3,600.
823 PARK AVE., at 75th Street. 12 rooms and 4 baths, $4,000 to $5,500
130-4 EAST 67TH, S. E. Cor. Lex. Av. 6 to 7 rooms and bath $900 to $1,600.
4,192-8 PARK AVE., S. W. Cor. 94th Street. 6 to 7 rooms and bath. $300 to $500.
565-9 PARK AVE., Adj. Cor. 62d Street. 7 and 8 rooms and bath. $720 to $1,200.
18 EAST 57TH ST., Bet. 5th and Mad. Avs. 2 and 3 rooms and bath. $1,000 to $1,200.
62 WASHINGTON SQUARE SOUTH. 3 rooms, bath, kitchenette. Rent, $900.

WEST SIDE

112 WEST 47TH ST. Bachelor Apartments. 2-8 rooms and bath. Rents $540 to $900.
140 WEST 57TH ST. 3 rooms, kitchenette, bath. $900 to $1,200. Studio, $780.
257 WEST 86TH, Adj. N. E. Cor. West End Av. 3 rooms to 8 rooms and 2 baths, $1,000 to $2,600.
502-8 WEST 113TH ST. 4, 5, 6 rooms, $480 to $720.

BRONX.

Don't Fail to See

This elevator apartment on Bronx's most beautiful Boulevard, opposite Hunt's Point Park, at

Rentals that cannot be equalled anywhere.

BARRETTO COURT

Southern Boulevard, 163d St. and Barretto St.

Near Simpson St. Subway express station. Southern Boulevard cars pass the door.

A six-story elevator apartment house, with every known modern convenience.

Rooms, equipments, service and surroundings cannot be equalled anywhere in the Bronx.

4-5-6-7 Rooms, Bath

and servants' lavatory.

8 Rooms and 2 Baths.

SUPERINTENDENT ON PREMISES.

ECONOMY

IN

Mestanique Court,

735 E. 160th St.,

CORNER FOREST AV.; NEAR PROSPECT AV. SUBWAY STATION.

A FEW 6 AND 7 ROOM APARTMENTS. PRICE $42 TO $49.

ELEVATOR, ELECTRIC LIGHT, TELEPHONE IN EACH APARTMENT.

DOCTOR or DENTIST

In same house on ground floor.

10 Rooms, 2 Baths, 2 Telephones.

RENT $69.

FRANKLIN AV., 1408-1414

2 blocks E. 169th St., 3d Av. L Station; 1 block to park and school.

LARGE, LIGHT APARTMENTS OF 4 AND 5 ROOMS;

new building equipped with steam heat, electric light throughout; modern plumbing, hardwood trim.

RENTS $20 TO $26.

The New Kemp-Jones Apts.,

Washington Bridge and Aqueduct Av.

3-4-5 Rooms; Rents, $26-$40.

All outside rooms; every improvement; high class.

FACING WASHINGTON BRIDGE PARK,

Near Broadway Subway 181st Street Station.

Office: Ogden Ave., 162d St. Telephone 537 Melrose.

---

5 elegantly finished rooms, large dining room and wardrobe. All modern improvements; residential section of the Bronx, near public and Morris High schools. Small select families desired.

950 TRINITY AVE., Near 163d St.

RENT $22 UP.

Apply on premises.

MORRIS AV. SOUTH OF TREMONT AV.

READY OCT. 1ST

3-4-5 Extra Large Rooms, Electric light, telephone, parquet floors, &c. Refined, quiet neighborhood.

BOSTON ROAD 1,024, nr. 165th.

Elegant 5-6-7 rooms; all improvements; electric light, parquet floors, telephone, etc.; reasonable rent.

2,650 Marion Av., bet. 194th and 195th Sts., 2 blocks west of Webster Av., Fordham Road "L" Station, apartments, just completed, 5 and 6 rooms, $25 upward.

1999 MORRIS AVE.

Corner 179th St., 6 and 8 roms in 2-family house; select neighborhood, rents reasonable.

193d Street and Marion Avenue.

The Willow Apartments, just completed; 5 and 6 rooms; two families on each floor.

BROOKLYN.

IN BEAUTIFUL FLATBUSH.

162-170-174 WOODRUFF AV.,

22 Minutes to New York.

1 block from Woodruff Av. Station of Brighton Beach R. R. and Prospect Park.

5 AND 6 ROOMS AND BATH.

Electric lights; tiled baths; shower baths, parquet floors; telephone in each apartment; sample apartment shown evenings. The rooms are large and the houses finished artistically throughout.

RENTS $39.00 TO $54.

BENJAMIN E. BERRY,

184 JORALEMON ST. TEL. 7551 MAIN.

Park Slope Duplex Houses

Seven large, all light rooms with bath. Every improvement, handsomely decorated. All comfort and privacy of a one-family dwelling, with conveniences of an up-to-date apartment. Rents $65 and $70. Superior to anything in Manhattan at twice that Rental.

20 minutes from Park Row. Elevated, Trolley, or Subway.

WALTER L. JOHNSON

386 9th St., bet. 6th and 7th Avs., Brooklyn

184 JORALEMON ST. TEL. 7551 MAIN.

Colonial Finished Apartments

OF DISTINCTION AND TASTE

4, 5 and 6 rooms and bath.

Electric lights; parquet flooring; shower baths; tiled bathrooms; telephone in each apartment, etc.

Representative always on premises.

FRANKLIN AND GATES AVES.

Rents, $36 to $55.

FRANKLIN BROKERAGE CO., Owners

184 Joralemon St., Brooklyn.

Telephone, 7551—Main.

---

396 McDonough St., Brooklyn.—Apartment, 8 rooms and bath, steam heat and hot-water supply; all light rooms; price $35.00. Inquire on premises.

PUBLIC NOTICES.

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE.

BUREAU FOR THE COLLECTION OF TAXES.

NOTICE TO TAXPAYERS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT ALL taxes on real estate and personal property in The City of New York for the year 1911 are due and payable on

MONDAY, OCTOBER 2, 1911,

at the office of the Receiver of Taxes in the Borough in which the property is located, as follows:

Borough of Manhattan, 57 Chambers St.
Borough of The Bronx, Municipal Building, corner of 3d and Tremont Avs.
Borough of Brooklyn, Rooms 2, 4, 6, and 8, Municipal Building.
Borough of Queens, Court Square, Long Island City.
Borough of Richmond, Borough Hall, St. George.

All taxes become liens on the day due and payable.

TO AVOID PENALTY TAXES MUST BE PAID IN OCTOBER.

On all taxes which are unpaid on the first day of November, interest shall be charged at the rate of seven (7) per cent. per annum, from October 2, 1911, the day on which taxes become due and payable.

When checks are mailed to the Receiver of Taxes they must be accompanied by addressed envelopes WITH POSTAGE PREPAID IN order to assure return of receipted bills by mail.

Checks dated October 2 should be mailed to the Receiver as soon as possible after bills have been received by the taxpayer.

DRAW CHECKS ONLY ON NEW YORK EXCHANGE TO THE ORDER OF THE RECEIVER OF TAXES.

FRED. H. E. EBSTEIN, Receiver of Taxes.

APARTMENT HOTELS.

"Greatest Comfort of Living With Freedom from Care."

THE LORRAINE

Fifth Avenue and 45th Street

3 Beautifully Furnished Apartments on 5th Av.; 3 Rooms and Bath, 4 and 2 Baths, 7 and 3 Baths, with Full Hotel Service.

Rooms and Apartments Furnished, with Bath, permanently or transiently. Every bedroom has a bath with outside window.

Restaurant and Cafe with Superior Cuisine and Moderate Prices.

PAUL W. ORVIS GEO. C. HOWE

Hotel Clarendon

Northwest Corner

58TH ST. AND PARK AV.

APARTMENTS

BANKRUPTCY SALES.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of ALBERT H. TERHUNE, Bankrupt.

Pursuant to an order of this court, the undersigned, temporary receiver of the estate of the above-named bankrupt, offers for sale certain property, assets, and effects of the estate herein.

The property to be sold consists of the fixtures and stock in trade of the department store conducted by the bankrupt at 1,774 Amsterdam Avenue, corner 148th Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York. This stock in trade consists of dry goods, hosiery, notions, linens, men's, women's and children's underwear, gloves, laces, crockery, toys, men's furnishings, bedding, house furnishing goods, etc.; also counters, show cases, chairs, desks, safes, typewriter, Burroughs adding machine, other office and store fixtures, harness and delivery wagon. The good-will of the business will also be offered for sale.

The foregoing property may be inspected at No. 1,174 Amsterdam Avenue, corner of 148th Street, New York City, on September 22d, 23d, 25th, and 26th, between the hours of 10 A. M. and 4 P. M.

The said property will be sold at public auction by Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer in Bankruptcy for the Southern District of New York, at the above premises, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on Wednesday, the 27th day of September, 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon of that day.

The receiver reserves the right to withdraw any of said property from sale unless it shall bring at least seventy-five per centum of the appraised value.

Dated New York, September 20, 1911.

A. GORDON MURRAY, Receiver, 60 Wall Street, New York City.

MARSHALL, S. HAGAR, Attorney for Receiver, 34 Pine Street, New York City.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT, SOUTHern District of New York.—In the matter of JULIA BOYD BACON, Bankrupt.

Please take notice that Charles Shongood, United States Auctioneer, will sell at public auction on the 3d day of October, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., at No. 113 Leonard Street, New York City, the right, title, and interest which the Trustee has in the following lots:

2 lots situated in the Borough of Bergenfields, County of Bergen, State of New Jersey, known as Lots No. 124 and 125 on map of S. E. Wood property, North Engelwood Subdivision; said lots are on Palisade Avenue, being each 25 feet front and rear and 100 feet in depth.

1 lot situated in the Township of Midland, County of Bergen, State of New Jersey, known as Lot No. 66, on map of S. E. Wood, West Hackensack, New Jersey, said lot being on the southerly side of Prospect Street, being 25 feet in front and rear and 100 feet in depth.

2 lots situated in the Township of Teaneck, County of Bergen, State of New Jersey, known as Lots 17 and 18, Block 3, on map titled "Map showing Engelwood Heights, City of Englewood and Teaneck Township, Bergen County, New Jersey"; said lots are on the southerly side of Palisade Avenue.

Information as to said lots may be had at the office of the Attorney for the Trustee. The deeds are in the possession of said attorney. Said lots must bring 75% of appraised value.

MAX CEDARBAUM, Trustee, 170 Broadway, N. Y. City.

MARCUS HELFAND, Attorney for Trustee, 320 Broadway, N. Y. City.

Hon. MACGRANE COXE, Referee.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of GEORGE DUMRAUF, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells this day, Thursday, Sept. 21, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 626-630 German Place, Borough of Bronx, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ice boxes, ice houses, butchers' fixtures, lumber, marble, safe, typewriter, fixtures, &c., together with all right, title, and interest of the Receiver in and to the lease of said premises which expires Dec. 31, 1915.

FRANK J. WALDEYER, Receiver.

HENRY W. SYKES, Attorney for Receiver, 346 Broadway, New York.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of JULIUS WEISKOPF, Bankrupt.—Chas. Shongood, U. S. Auctioneer for the Southern District of New York in Bankruptcy, sells Thursday, Sept. 28, 1911, by order of the court, at 10:30 A. M., at 811 9th Av., near 54th St., Borough of Manhattan, assets of the above bankrupt, consisting of ladies' and gents' furnishings, dry goods, dress goods, and fancy goods, notions, and also all the Receiver's right, title, and interest in and to the lease of above premises.

CHARLES L. COHN, Receiver.

LEONARD BRONNER, Attorney for Receiver, 309 Broadway, New York.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 14,536.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the Matter of BANKERS' REALTY AND SECURITY COMPTNY, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1911, the said Bankers' Realty and Security Company was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, Referee in Bankruptcy, Beaver Building, No. 82 Beaver Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 10th day of October, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Sept. 20th, 1911.

NO. 15,055.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ROBERT H. HUTCHINSON, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 10th day of May, A. D. 1911, the said Robert H. Hutchinson was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, Referee in Bankruptcy, Beaver Building, No. 82 Beaver Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 3d day of October, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Sept. 20th, 1911.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—JOSEPH A. VANDEGRIFT, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph A. Vandegrift, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated August 23d, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, October 23d, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Sept. 19th, 1911.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—HARRY H. PROMISEL, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Harry H. Promisel, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated September 5th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, October 23d, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Sept. 19th, 1911.

AUTUMN RESORTS.

1 time per line, 25c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.40. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW YORK—New York City.

IN THE COUNTRY IN NEW YORK CITY. Ideal hotel, 300 feet above Hudson. Large grounds, plenty shade, fine tennis court. Stable and garage accommodations, modern conveniences; excellent cuisine; moderate rates; accommodates 50 guests; accessible by train or Subway. Address for booklet. THE CHESTNUTS, Riverdale-on-Hudson, New York City. Tel. Kingsbridge 135.

NEW JERSEY—Summit.

New Park House,

Summit, N. J.

Open all the year; high elevation. Rooms en suite with private baths; good family table; rates moderate. Address John D. Bailey, Mgr.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach, Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator; porches, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up wkly.; $2.50 up dly. Booklet. SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

Marlborough-Blenheim

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.

Josiah White & Sons Company.

NEW HOTEL MERION,

Atlantic City, N. J.—Vermont Av., near beach. Newly brick built; open all year; cuisine unsurpassed. MACK LATZ & CO. A. T. MURPHY, Mgr.

Ask Mr. Foster. | Free information, Flatiron Arcade, B'way & 23d St.

NEW JERSEY—Plainfield.

Plainfield Sanitarium, Plainfield, N. J.—Located Watchung Mountains; chronic and nervous cases; no insane; open all the year. Booklet. Tel. 34.

NEW ENGLAND—New Hampshire.

SEPT. FINEST MONTH in the WHITE MOUNTAINS

Maplewood Hotel

Maplewood, N. H. Open till Oct. Social and scenic centre. Superior 18-hole Golf course. No hay fever. MOTORISTS' BEST RAILROADING POINT to all parts of White Mts. LEON H. CILLEY, Mgr. Booklet 1,180 Broadway, N. Y. C.

NEW JERSEY—Summit.

New Park House,

Summit, N. J.

Open all the year; high elevation. Rooms en suite with private baths; good family table; rates moderate. Address John D. Bailey, Mgr.

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THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Av. and beach, Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator; porches, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up wkly.; $2.50 up dly. Booklet. SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

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PENNSYLVANIA—Delaware Water Gap.

Enjoy Autumn's charms and attractiveness at THE MOUNTAIN PARADISE,

WATER GAP HOUSE

DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.

Highest altitude, overlooking all other hotels and surrounding country. Acknowledged to be unquestionably the finest hotel in every respect in this region; entertains 500 guests. Interesting Sept. and Oct. rates. Write for handsome booklet and auto maps. JOHN PURDY COPE.

The KITTATINNY

DELAWARE WATER GAP, PA.

Leading hotel; steam heat, open fires, etc. Write for Booklet, Auto Maps. Special September and October rates. Cafe and Grill. G. FRANK COPE.

PENNSYLVANIA—Canadensis.

NEW SPRUCE CABIN INN.—Rooms en suite with bath. Bowling, pool; all outdoor amusements. Garage, livery; saddle horses. Illustrated booklet. Lacka. R. R. to Cresco Sta. W. J. & M. D. PRICE, Canadensis, Pa.

NEW ENGLAND.

IDEAL TOUR BOOKLET & Road Map sent free on application to Almon C. Judd, The Elton, Waterbury, Ct., or 1180 and 1122 Broadway, New York City.

BANKRUPTCY NOTICES.

NO. 15,318.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of ABRAHAM GOLDBLUM, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the 26th day of July, A. D. 1911, the said Abraham Goldblum was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, Referee in Bankruptcy, Beaver Building, No. 82 Beaver Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 6th day of October, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Sept. 20th, 1911.

NO. 15,354.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In the matter of HENRY J. SCHREIBER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of the above-named bankrupt of the City and County of New York, and district aforesaid:

Notice is hereby given that on the second day of August, A. D. 1911, the said Henry J. Schreiber was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of the undersigned, Referee in Bankruptcy, Beaver Building, No. 82 Beaver Street, Borough of Manhattan, City and County of New York, on the 5th day of October, A. D. 1911, at 10:30 o'clock in the forenoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a Trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

WILLIAM H. WILLIS, Referee in Bankruptcy.

Sept. 20th, 1911.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—ALEXANDER L. FICHEL and JOSEPH FICHEL, individually and as copartners doing business under the firm name and style of FICHEL BROS., Bankrupts.

Notice is hereby given that Alexander L. Fichel and Joseph Fichel, bankrupts, have filed their petition, dated August 28th, 1911, praying for a discharge from all their debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, October 23d, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioners should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupts thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Sept. 19th, 1911.

NO. 15,188.—IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF the United States for the Southern District of New York.—In Bankruptcy.—In the matter of DAVID KLEPNER, Bankrupt.

To the creditors of David Klepner of the City and County of New York and district aforesaid, a bankrupt:

Notice is hereby given that on the 15th day of June, A. D. 1911, the said David Klepner was duly adjudicated bankrupt, and that the first meeting of creditors will be held at the office of Nathaniel A. Prentiss, referee in bankruptcy, No. 120 Broadway, City and County of New York, on the 10th day of October, A. D. 1911, at 3 o'clock in the afternoon, at which time the said creditors may attend, prove their claims, appoint a trustee, examine the bankrupt, and transact such other business as may properly come before said meeting.

NATHANIEL A. PRENTISS, September 20, 1911. Referee in Bankruptcy.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT FOR THE SOUTHern District of New York.—ALBERT GREEN, Bankrupt.

Notice is hereby given that Albert Green, bankrupt, has filed his petition, dated July 31st, 1911, praying for a discharge from all his debts in bankruptcy, and that all creditors and other persons are ordered to attend at the hearing upon said petition before United States District Judges in the United States Court House and Post, Office Building, in the City and County of New York, on Monday, October 23d, 1911, at 10:30 A. M., and then and there show cause, if any they have, why the prayer of said petitioner should not be granted, and also attend the examination of the bankrupt thereon.

MACGRANE COXE, Referee in Bankruptcy.

New York, Sept. 19th, 1911.

LEGAL NOTICES.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE UNITED States for the Southern District of New York.—THE FARMERS LOAN AND TRUST COMPANY as Trustee, successor to MORTON TRUST COMPANY as Trustee, Complainant, against METROPOLITAN STREET RAILWAY COMPANY AND OTHERS, Defendants.

In pursuance of Paragraph X. of the decree of foreclosure and sale entered herein in the office of the Clerk of the Court on May 31st, 1910, the sale heretofore duly advertised to take place on the 1st day of July, 1910, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the north main entrance of the County Court House, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, or at such place in said Court House as the sale might be adjourned to in pursuance of said decree, was duly adjourned to the 21st day of September, 1911, at 2 o'clock P. M., at the same place.

Said sale is hereby, with the approval of said court and on the consent of the solicitors for the complainant, adjourned to November 24th, 1911, at the same time and place.

Dated New York, September 19th, 1911.

WILLIAM L. TURNER, Special Master.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Drums Used for Essential Oils Are Held Free of Duty.

Judge Fischer for the Board of United States General Appraisers, has handed down a decision in the case of the Crandall-Pettee Company relative to the classification of drums used in the transportation of essential oils. The oils in question comprised a wide variety of oils, and were returned for duty at the rates provided for "unusual" coverings at the rate of 30 per cent. advalorem.

The issue raised involves the dutiability of the metal coverings, Judge Fischer says in his decision for the board that the coverings are free of duty. It is ruled that the coverings in this case are free of duty as they are "unusual" coverings. The Collector is directed by the board to make a reliquidation of the entries in harmony with the finding of the tribunal.

Judge Cooper decided the case of H. A. Caesar & Co. and others adversely to the contention of the importers. The merchandise consisted of women's gloves made of cotton. They were assessed at the rate of 50 per cent. ad valorem as articles in chief value of cotton, and were claimed to be dutiable at 45 per cent. as "manufactures of cotton." Judge Hay decided that pastboard wrappings or coverings are not the usual coverings for the merchandise therein contained. The assessment of duty at the rate of 30 per cent. as "unusual" coverings is reversed.

BUSINESS TROUBLES.

LEVIN & MILLER, cloak manufacturers, 133 Mercer Street. Judge Hough has appointed C. J. Ludvigh receiver; bond, $500.

JOHN PINCHES COMPANY, wholesale lumber, 1 Madison Avenue, and New Britain, Conn. Judge Hough dismissed a petition filed June 9.

ISAAC GATTEGNO COMPANY, (I. Gattegno,) importer of postcards at 115 Worth Street. Judge Hough dismissed a petition filed Aug. 26.

NATIONAL THEATRICAL TRANSFER COMPANY OF NEW YORK, 246 West Twenty-seventh Street. Judge Hough dismissed a petition filed Feb. 7.

ISAAC POLONSKY, manufacturer of cloaks, 58 Division Street, made a settlement at 20 cents cash. Judge Hough confirmed the composition; liabilities, $14,412.

Dr. ISAAC RICH, 1,380 Prospect Avenue, filed a petition; liabilities, $6,559, and assets, $268. Among the creditors are the Baron De Hirsch Fund, $270, and Israel M. Schloss, $4,000.

PERETZ & LEVY.—Samuel Peretz and Maurice Levy, clothing, cloaks, furniture, and jewelry, 109 East Broadway, filed a petition; liabilities, $812, and assets, $856. Mr. Peretz has individual debts, $1,172.

FRENCH-AMERICAN STORES COMPANY, bakery, 2,111 Seventh Avenue and 856 Westchester Avenue; Carl Fischer Hansen, President. Judge Hough yesterday dismissed the petition filed on July 12. When the case was called for trial yesterday the petitioning creditors did not appear.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge Hough in the United States District Court yesterday granted discharges to these bankrupts:

WILLIAM BERRY, carpenter, Mount Vernon, $2,425.
WILLIAM M. BOTTO, 240 West Forty-sixth Street; liabilities, $3,036.
ISIDOR BRODSKY, clothing, 53 Bayard Street; liabilities, $7,144.
JAMES CUNEEN, New Rochelle; liabilities, $8,672.
ISAAC C. DUNN, Hotel Pine Bush; liabilities, $1,979.
MORITZ LEIBOVITZ, 318 East 100th Street; liabilities, $4,891.
ARTHUR C. PELL, theatrical manager, 128 West 100th Street; liabilities, $4,272.
MAX SCHEIBER, (the National Bargain House,) 269 Amsterdam Avenue; liabilities, $6,473.
PINKAS SCHNEIDER, clerk, 106 Essex Street, formerly cloak manufacturer; liabilities, $3,702.
GEORGE H. SCOFIELD, confectioner, 2,420 Grand Avenue; liabilities, $1,883.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Bress, Jacob—Aurora Paint and Varnish Co., $111.
Bayley, Howard—Bonwit, Teller & Co., $105.
Beckon, Maurice—X. D. Ross, $182.
Brown, Thomas, et al.—People, &c., $1,000.
Cowlin, David—G. Scharmberger, $139.
Costigan, Joseph P.—John Boyle & Co., $467.
Dornheim, Frederick G.—S. P. Jones, et al., $145.
Di Puma, Gaetano, et al.—Tomback & McPhee, $220.
Downing, William S.—Yellow Pine Co., $209.
Epstein, Max—C. F. Keyes, $191.
Eckert, George—F. Eckenroth et al., $203.
Same—Same, $205.
Fader, Julius—M. Hyams, $125.
Ford, Clarence D.—C. E. Seftner, $354.
Graff, Abraham—H. Tannenbaum et al., $237.
Glass, John, Jr.—G. Sprickerhoff, $179.
Greenberg, Nathan—M. Hyams, $230.
Giordano, Bartolomeo—B. Taylor, $286.
Grimley, Edward J.—Olin J. Stephens, Inc., $115.
Gaynor, Patrick A.—Lachman & Jacobi, Inc., $590.
Howard, Louis C.—W. H. H. Hull & Co., $229.
Hertz, Emanuel—H. Griswold, $174.
Holzman, Ralph M.—H. W. Meeker, $149.
Klein, Derso—N. Y. Edison Co., $817.
Kelly, John H.—G. A. Blackmore et al., $441.
Kenneally, John J.—Larchmount Supply Company, $231.
Lubelsky, Louis, et al.—S. Hyman, $203.
Livingston, Joseph—S. P. Jones et al., $133.
Levinson, Leo—C. Blumenthal, $143.
Leisch

Lost

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST—Between Grand Central Terminal and Lake Mahopac, N. Y.; either on Hudson Division or Putnam Division of the New York Central & Hudson R. R. during week beginning Sept. 11, two (2) checkbooks, one of Bankers' Trust Co. and one of National Nassau Bank. Finder will please return to Henri A. L. Hoguet, 154 Nassau St., Manhattan, New York.

LOST.—Crutch, fell from automobile Tuesday night, Sept. 19, from 42d St. and Broadway to New Rochelle. Finder please advise Rice, 427 West 13th St., New York.

LOST—From express wagon, Sept. 19, two packages, containing curtains; $25 reward, no questions asked. Express Office, 259 West 14th St. Telephone 2388—Chelsea.

LOST.—Small diamond ring, mermaid setting, on leaving city, Sept. 13, 72d St. Subway or Grand Central Station; liberal reward. L. H. Vories, 425 West 15th St.

LOST—Bank Book No. 539,036, Seamen's Bank for Savings, 74 and 76 Wall St., New York. Payment stopped and cancellation applied for. Please return to bank.

LOST.—On 9th Av. local Saturday afternoon, large envelope containing letters and other papers. Finder please return address on envelope; reward.

LOST—Envelope containing papers; Amsterdam Av. between 80th and 81st Sts.; reward if returned to Williams, 137 West 67th St.

LOST.—6 diamond rings, July 5 or 31, on Palisade Av., Englewood; liberal reward for return or pawn ticket. B 143 Times.

LOST—Small pocketbook with three rings, two breastpins; reward. Mrs. Ponsin, 324 West 49th St.

LOST.—Sept. 19, Manhattan or Brooklyn, $36, originally in gray cloth bag; reward. B 149 Times.

LOST.—Pocketbook containing cash and papers; liberal reward. Hirshberg, 10 West 82d.

LOST.—Delta, Delta, Delta fraternity pin bearing owner's name; reward. 150 5th Av.

LOST—Case of (7) razors on 9th Av. "L"; ample reward. Hess, 50 Pine St.

$50 REWARD.

Two steamer trunks, with canvas slip covers and marked "S. C. W." and "M. E. W." respectively, lost at Cunard Pier on Sunday, Sept. 17. Communicate Room 100, 27 Pine St., city.

LIBERAL REWARD for return of gold watch and Masonic charm, lost Monday evening, Sept. 18, on Broadway car, between 28th and 42d Sts.; no questions asked. Call or address W. N. K., 555 Main St., East Orange, N. J.

$1,000 REWARD, no questions asked, for return of three scarfpins, lost Wednesday night, together with money, which finder may keep. This is highest reward that will be offered. Kirkpatrick & Co., 334 5th Av.

Lost and Found, Cats, Dogs

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

LOST.—Female bulldog, black and white, sore on back; responds to name Jewel; liberal reward. Dr. Spier, 1,670 Lexington Av.

LOST.—White female fox terrier; answers to name Nellie; liberal reward. 114 West 111th St.

LOST.—City Island, white Arabian pony, 13½ hands; reward. Stone, 18 West 101st St.

Found

30c. a line 1 time; 75c. a line 3 times a week; $1.40 a line 7 consecutive times.

FOUND, Sept. 20.—POLICE DEPARTMENT.—Inquire 300 Mulberry St.: dressmaker's pattern, watch and chain. Branch, 269 State St., Brooklyn: Pocketbook containing pawn ticket.

FOUND, Sept. 19.—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—Hudson Tubes. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Package, watch, fob, collars, handbag, book, purse.

FOUND, Sept. 20.—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City: Pocketbook, umbrellas, 4 packages, valise, book.

FOUND, Sept. 20.—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Two umbrellas, coat, storm coat, parrot cage, 2 packages, eyeglasses, lady's hat.

FOUND, Sept. 20.—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Package, hat, 2 umbrellas.

FOUND, Sept. 20.—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Package, 2 suitcases, book, umbrella.

FOUND, Sept. 20.—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Two packages, overcoat, 2 umbrellas, music roll, fountain pen, storm coat, handbag.

FOUND, Sept. 20.—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Hat, 2 umbrellas, razor, coat, book, package.

FOUND, Sept. 20.—NEW PENNSYLVANIA DEPOT. Apply Baggage Room, 33d St. and 7th Av.: Book, suit of pajamas, pin, overcoat, 2 brushes, comb, eyeglasses, rubbers, derby hat, silver cup, pin, 4 umbrellas, book, match box, lady's hat box, cap, slippers, umbrella, key, handbag, beads, slippers, meshbag, cap, nail file, kimono, pipe and tobacco, parasol, silk handbag, keys, raincoat, umbrella, soap dish, gloves, hat, dress suitcase, eyeglasses.

Business Opportunities

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times.

I HAVE A CLIENT whose immediate need of about five thousand dollars cash compels him to sacrifice part of his holdings in a large, successful industrial corporation at a price far below its true value. To the persons seeking a safe and profitable investment opportunity my client's necessity offers a rare chance. For particulars address Attorney, Box A 319 Times Downtown.

A manufacturer branching out his business, offers an exceptional opportunity to an intelligent young man who will invest not less than $500 and services; will receive large interest and $25 weekly; money can be secured by outstanding accounts; no special experience required; references exchanged. Fully Established, A 306 Times Downtown.

ITALIAN YOUNG MAN of large ability, wine merchant, begs of a charitable person to invest for him a small capital in large business; for better information will call personally. Address R., 1,418 5th Av.

Brilliant opportunity for wide-awake, up-to-date business man with $5,000 to buy half interest in well-managed, remunerative novelty proposition under contract. B 113 Times.

Established, high-class, legitimate business, incorporated; would entertain proposition from capitalist for financing new department; $10,000 to $25,000 considered. B 156 Times.

Eight-room apartment, completely furnished; all modern improvements; best city section; for sale; rent, $65; income, $100. Gown, 340 West 56th St.

HARDWARE Store.—$2,000 cash buys a good business in growing New Jersey town; chance to get good start, with small capital. X 33 Times.

LADY DESIGNER, experienced in waists and dresses, wishes to invest $10,000. Address Honest, 154 Times.

Business Notices

30c. a line 1 time; 84c. a line 3 times a week; $1.75 a line 7 consecutive times

MULTIGRAPHING, any quantity; highest grade work obtainable; ADDRESSING, TYPEWRITING. Miss Ruelberg, 45 West 34th St. Telephone 5680 Murray Hill.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BEST & CO.,

1 WEST 35TH ST.,

REQUIRE EXPERIENCED HANDS ON MISSES' AND CHILDREN'S TAILORED AND FANCY COATS.

COOK.—Cook and general housework, no laundry; private family in Yonkers; apply by mail, giving reference. 125 W. 10th St., city.

GIMBEL BROTHERS,
New York,
Desire the services of
MILLINERY TRIMMERS
For their "No Charge Trimming Workroom."
Those accustomed to special order work.
Long season positions open for milliners who wish to improve their designing ability.
Apply in person at Employment Office, Fifth Floor, 32d St. side.

HOUSEWORK.—General housework; must have satisfactory references; three children. Call Strayer, 533 West 124th St.

LADIES; $15 per week and upward for intelligent workers; new educational device delivered on approval to every family; no samples to carry; exclusive field. Call or write Mr. Carter, Room 926, 225 5th Av., New York.

LADIES TO COPY; work home during spare time; good pay, steady employment; call 10-3. Apt. 1, 215 West 80th St.

MAID for general housework, no washing; must have reference. Apply 816 West 84th St. after 6 P. M.

SALESLADIES, experienced; wages, $6 per week and upward, according to sales. Call Weisbecker, 270 West 125th St.

Help Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Competent. Give experience, references, and salary expected. B 142 Times.

WANTED, a work girl for general housework in small American family of adults; plain cooking; kind treatment; wages $20; in suburbs near trolley and station, not lonesome. 219 Centre Av., New Rochelle, N. Y. Telephone 38.

WANTED.—Capable woman for special work. Excellent opportunity for future. Spencer Company, 18 West 38th Street.

YOUNG WOMAN.—We have an opening for a good appearing, well educated young woman capable of earning $25 per week. Century Co., Union Square.

Help Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A FEW ENERGETIC MEN of education and good appearance are desired as salesmen for for one of the highest class established residential developments in the city; best season is just opening and an aggressive advertising campaign is planned; liberal commission paid and personal assistance given; previous experience not necessary; splendid returns for hard workers. Call to-day, before 11 A. M., Mr. Green, 334 Fifth Avenue, Room 217.

MECHANICAL RUBBER GOODS SALESMAN, familiar with city trade. State age and experience. X 213 Times Downtown.

SALESMEN.—Entirely new educational device for every business man, family, and teacher; quick seller; low price; delivered on approval. Call or write Mr. Carter, Room 926, 225 5th Av., New York.

SALESMAN.—Manufacturer of specialty on ladies' handbags and novelties desires salesman who is carrying leather line in Eastern cities. X 35 Times.

SALESMAN WANTED, selling underwear and sweaters to jobbing trade; state territory, salary, &c. Confidential, Box B 117 Times.

SALESMAN.—Men's neckear; must be hustler; come well recommended. Harry Stark, 18 West 27th St.

SALESMAN visiting hotel trade, attractive article as side line; commission only. F. N., 222 Times.

SHOE SALESMAN wanted, with experience and reference. Frank Brothers, 224 5th Av.

WANTED—Men over twenty-five, with some selling ability; those with insurance experience preferred; steady paying position; opportunity for promotion. Call or address Manager, Room 601, 277 Broadway.

WANTED—An educated male companion for a deaf-mute; must have best of references. Address S. W., 314 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Young man, good typewriter, penman, quick and accurate at figures. X 212 Times Downtown.

WANTED, 40 millwrights with tools. Apply John S. Metcalf Co., Rutland Elevator, Ogdensburg.

WANTED.—A valet and masseur to travel with an invalid. B 22 Times.

YOUNG MAN, (22,) college graduate, excellent character, thoroughly experienced, wishes clerical or secretarial position; excellent references; will leave city.

YOUNG MEN of good appearance wanted to learn the millinery business. Inquire of Benjamin Stearns & Co., 610 Broadway.

Help Wanted
Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.05 a line 7 consecutive times.

Commercial.

STENOGRAPHERS, male, female, $10, $15; bookkeeper, $18; representative, $12; salesman, $15; female saleslady, ladies, $10; correspondent, $14; letter reader, $12; boys, (9,) clean-cut, good office position, $5. Employer's Reference Service Agency, 144 W. 23d St.

Domestic.

A. A. Hofmayer, 320-322 Fifth Av. Telephone 4527—Madison Square. Agency for superior domestic help. Emergency help furnished at short notice.

COOK, $45; kitchenmaid, $25; parlormaid, $35, for New Haven, Conn.; references required. Miss Curry's Agency, 25 West 42d, 5th floor.

MRS. MALMBERG'S Swedish Employment Agency, 115 East 26th St., formerly at 352 4th Av.—Reliable servants for private families. Established 1881.

NURSES for infants; references required. Miss Curry's Agency, 25 West 42d, Room 511.

Situations Wanted, Female

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

BOOKKEEPER.—Good knowledge stenography; moderate salary; best references. Stenographer, 89 Delancey St.

BOOKKEEPER.—Knowledge of typewriting; willing to work hard. Faithful, 1,781 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn.

DAY'S WORK.—Would like day's work. In care of janitor, 119 East 88th St.

DRESSMAKER.—A dressmaker desires a few customers, (by day, $3;) absolutely high-class cut and style. Box B 137 Times.

LAUNDRESS.—First-class in all branches; German; good city references; wishes position in private family; wages, $40. Address Mrs. Hill, 402 West 47th St.

SECRETARY and STENOGRAPHER.—Are you in need of a young woman of ABILITY, with 8 years' experience? Publishing, editorial, and some law experience; knowledge of proof reading, too. High school graduate; reliable and interested worker. References. B 155 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—An energetic, skilled stenographer, broad experience, desires opportunity to learn law work; a position affording good experience more essential than salary. B 146 Times.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly experienced; able to relieve employer of details; editorial or commercial work; salary, $16. K. T. S., 263 West 125th St.

STENOGRAPHER.—Seven years' experience, can give accurate and rapid transcription; exceptional ability; best references; conscientious. 608 Columbus Av.

STENOGRAPHER, ambitious, desires position; will work hard to get a good start; small salary accepted. E. B., Box 235, Elmhurst, L. I.

STENOGRAPHER, competent, take dictation rapidly, transcribe accurately; six years' business experience. A. 313 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, TYPEWRITER. — Experienced; permanency; owns machine; copying home. Address M., 192 Edgecombe Av., (148d.)

STENOGRAPHER, experienced, competent, reliable; operate standard machines; references. A 316 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, capable, experienced, seeks permanent position; salary $15. B 125 Times.

TRAINED NURSE.—Capable, refined, bright, neat, obliging, companion, care of semi-invalid, or housekeeper in refined family; highest references. B 106 Times.

TRAINED NURSE desires position as secretary, companion, housekeeper; good reader; agreeable; references. Address N. R., 263 West 125th.

TYPEWRITER and STENOGRAPHER.—Young girl of 18, who recently left business school, wishes position as typewriter and stenographer. Address Janitor, 73 East 54th St.

YOUNG WOMAN wishes to take care of baby at her home; best of references. E. Pielow, 543 Brook Av.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 32 Union Square. 'Phone 2259—Stuyvesant.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; keeps your books always in balance; simple, practical system; moderate charge. Expert, 501 West 14th St.

ACCOUNTANT, expert, specialty opening, closing, adjusting, complicated accounts, corporation work. Schultz, 89 Delancey St.

A COMPETENT BOOKKEEPER, 22, with 3½ years' experience, exceptionally qualified, wishes position. A 304 Times Downtown.

A GENTLEMAN WISHES TO RECOMMEND HIS VALET TO ONE WISHING A RELIABLE, EFFICIENT MAN. TELEPHONE 6770 BRYANT.

A THOROUGH SEAMAN will fit out and take a motor boat South for the Winter; knows every port; prefers to go outside; can furnish highest references. B 139 Times.

BOOKKEEPER. — Experienced, capable; can take charge of entire office, handle correspondence and collections; best references. X 208 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Expert accountant; writes up balances, audits books regular intervals; moderate. Dixie, 316 Canal.

BOY, 17, two years in high school; good penman; can typewrite. B 206 Times Downtown.

CARPENTER and cabinetmaker, by day or contract; good mechanic; reasonable. Benmard, 427 4th Av.

Situations Wanted, Male

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

COLLEGE GRADUATE, 33, American, of good address and habits, at present teaching, desires position with a good future, where advancement depends on hard, intelligent work; but little business experience; good correspondent; considerable executive ability; quick to grasp detail and routine; plenty of brains backed by energy and ambition to make good; will make a good confidential man or secretary; best references. X 36 Times.

EVENING EMPLOYMENT wanted by young man of education and ability; experienced accountant. E. J., 276 Times Downtown.

INTELLIGENT, honest, and able young man of good address; thoroughly experienced manufacturer of cloaks and suits; also a good salesman; no objection to other lines; can produce results. B 152 Times.

JAPANESE BUTLER, VALET, AND COOK wishes to take charge of gentleman's apartment; neat appearance; sober and honest; can run auto and repair; highest city references. Miyake, 247 West 103d St.

MAN of executive ability, large commercial and banking experience, extensively traveled, seeks change in position. Address, for 10 days, X 18 Times.

OFFICE MANAGER, familiar with details of costs, manufacture, and sales of railroad and industrial specialties, open for immediate employment. B 141 Times.

PARQUET, hardwood floors cleaned, refinished, polished equal to new, by expert; references; reasonable; city or country. Mehrtens, 353 West 44th St.

PRACTICAL business man wants position requiring initiative, tact, and trust; references; bond. B 123 Times.

SALESMAN.—Young man, (25,) pleasing, convincing, and energetic, five years' selling experience to manufacturers and jobbers; well recommended. B 145 Times.

SALESMAN. — Experience; best references; thoroughly experienced in the sheet and pillow case line. Box 65, 1,364 Broadway.

SECRETARYSHIP, or responsible opening, by thoroughly reliable, competent college graduate, age 24; excellent business experience in other lines; no stenographer; well recommended. Address Box 51 Times, 2 Rector St.

STENOGRAPHER, correspondent, bookkeeper, (29,) 12 years' business training, qualified for position of responsibility and trust requiring initiative; exceptional references. B 115 Times.

STENOGRAPHER, typist, bookkeeper; several months' experience; accurate. 1,781 Pitkin Av., Brooklyn. Phone 660 East New York.

TECHNICAL GRADUATE, 24, wants employment three evenings a week; tutor mathematics. B 204 Times Downtown.

YOUNG JAPANESE wants position morning and afternoon; any kind work. Oka, 47 Prospect Place, Manhattan.

YOUNG MAN, 24, capable and efficient correspondent, ad. man, and salesman; thoroughly familiar with advertising and sales correspondence, detail work, printing, &c. Will accept moderate salary if you will show me a future. Hustler, Box 317 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 36, with banking and commercial experience, speaking and writing English, French, Italian, Russian, Greek, and Turkish, wants position with reliable firm. J. C., 2,725 8th Av., care Mrs. Harten.

YOUNG MAN, (18,) high school graduate, willing, reliable, desires position offering good future; experienced; references; salary no object. Miller, 411 West 38th.

YOUNG MAN, 25, of good appearance, refinement, and education, six years' business experience, desires position with good future. A 320 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, college graduate, (24,) capable and thoroughly experienced, seeks position of responsibility. J. R., 337 East 18th St.

YOUNG MAN, thorough business education, desires position; experienced double entry bookkeeper. A 301 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN.—Experienced all-around office man; excellent references. Address A, 263 West 125th St.

YOUNG MAN, 21, wishes office position; has five years' banking experience. A 302 Times Downtown.

Situations Wanted
Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 54c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High-Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3425 John.

Domestic.

BOND, $1,000.—Old Dominion Agency, 88 West 134th.—Guarantee A1 colored help. 1119—Harlem.

CHAMBERMAID and seamstress, Swedish, competent, and reliable; fine embroidery worker; good references; $25; city only. Wilson's Agency, 141 East 57th St.

COMPETENT colored help, all trades, supplied. Riverside Agency, 12 West 99th. 'Phone 1538 Riverside.

COOK, general workers, day workers, porters, elevator man. Instant Relief Agency. 'Phone 7288 Morningside.

HELP.—Select colored help furnished. Middlesex Employment Agency, 2,229 5th Av. 'Phone Harlem—6370.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, (Agency,) 314 West 59th Street. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

Boarders Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

57TH AV., 46.—Comfortably furnished large, small rooms, with board; refined surroundings; references; table guests.

57H AV., 47.—Large and small rooms, private baths; transients and table guests.

16TH ST., 20, 22, 33 WEST.—Large rooms, newly decorated; well furnished; unexcelled board; telephone.

33D ST., 4 WEST.—Apply Room 32; $12, elegant room, private bath; dainty, delicious meals; $20 for two; $30 secures for two magnificent suite of parlor bedroom, private bathroom, private telephone, and unusual table. Located in nearby suburb. Well worth investigating. Bring this.

39TH ST., 57 WEST.—Board and rooms in well-kept Southern home; persons with reliable references.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house and table strictly first-class; references.

48TH ST., 117 WEST.—Large, single rooms; private baths; house and table strictly first-class; references.

54TH ST., 54 WEST.
Large and small rooms; table guests; references.

56TH ST., 62 WEST.—Desirable rooms, with board; references.

58TH ST., 37 WEST, (near "L" and Subway.) —Newly decorated large and small rooms; private baths, electric lights; table guests; references.

63D ST., 133 WEST.—Lady having beautiful private house will board two gentlemen or married couple; all conveniences; reasonable; references.

64TH ST., 115 WEST.—Large, pleasant room, suitable for 1 or 2; excellent table; moderate.

64TH ST., 132 WEST.—Large rooms; suites, private bath; excellent table board; telephone.

68TH ST., 74 WEST.—Large and single rooms; comfortably furnished; private baths; superior table; references.

72D ST., 131 WEST.—Handsomely furnished large, medium, single rooms; private baths; well appointed; references.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—For Fall and Winter months, desirable rooms, with board; references.

72D ST., 261-263 WEST.—Large, small rooms; private bath; excellent cuisine; telephone; references.

73D ST., 136 WEST.—Large and small well-furnished rooms; quiet, refined surroundings; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—First-class boarding house; newly decorated; private baths, steam; private telephone.

74TH ST., 131 WEST.—17th year; rooms, private bath; parlor dining; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Large and small rooms; private bath; excellent table; references.

76TH ST., 239 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated; single and double rooms; private bath; hot water; parlor dining, excellent table; table guests; telephone.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table board; references required.

76TH ST., 151 WEST.—Large and small rooms; parlor dining; table guests; telephone; references.

78TH, 121 WEST.—Large, medium, also hall rooms; each connecting bath; gentlemen; private family.

79TH ST., 132 WEST, (The Bonheur.)—Newly renovated, newly furnished, steam heated; telephone in every room; large reception room; references.

79TH, 131 WEST.—Board and rooms, with or without private bath; high grade

80TH ST., 143 WEST.—Large south room, adjoining bath; parlor dining; table guests; references.

81ST ST., 138 WEST.—In refined Jewish home, first-class rooms and board; table guests.

82D, 50-52 WEST.—Suite of two rooms, with sleeping porch and private bath, open plumbing; electric light. Telephone Schuyler 8897.

82D ST., 136 WEST.—Large and single rooms, with good board; quiet American house; reference.

82D ST., 117 WEST.—Very desirable, sunny front room; reasonable terms if permanent; table guests.

82D ST., 33 WEST.—Handsomely furnished, newly decorated rooms; southern exposure; superior table; parlor dining.

83D ST., 55 WEST.—Large, well-furnished room, bath adjoining; table guests; reference.

85TH ST., 202 WEST.—Two large connecting rooms, beautifully furnished; suitable for two bachelors; telephone service; late suppers, if desired; every convenience. West.

91ST ST., 48 WEST.—Large, small rooms; select house; parlor dining; table guests accommodated; telephone.

91ST, 54 WEST.—Elegant rooms, handsomely furnished; private bath; every convenience; telephone; superior board.

92D ST., 54 WEST.—Renovated rooms, large, small; handsome second floor; private bath; telephone; references.

92D ST., 60 WEST.—Suite of two rooms; hot and cold water; single room; table board.

93D ST., 25 WEST.—Nice large front room, second floor, also other rooms; excellent table; parlor dining room; pleasant surroundings; near Park and "L" station; table guests.

94TH, 36 WEST.—Large front room; excellent board; suitable couple or two gentlemen; private house.

94TH ST., 60 WEST.—Attractive rooms, excellent board; table guests; parlor dining; references; telephone.

95TH ST., 149 WEST.—Large, small rooms, with board; private bath; business people preferred; telephone.

96TH ST., 64 WEST.—Handsome, large rooms; baths; excellent board; reasonable; references exchanged.

96TH, 61 WEST.—Rooms, with board; reasonable terms.

103D ST., 252 WEST.—Attractive rooms; baths; refined, private, modern home; excellent table; Subway express.

104TH ST., 29 WEST.—Large, handsome rooms; excellent table; refined surroundings; phone; table guests.

104TH ST., 257 WEST, (West End Av.)—Rooms, private bath; table guests; references.

264 WEST 107TH ST.
Attractive rooms; good home cooking; table guests.

118TH, 400 WEST.—Large corner rooms; Morningside Heights; glorious view; near Columbia; celebrated table; room and board, $12 to $14; references.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly decorated and furnished rooms; Southern cooking, daintily served; Subway, trolley.

118TH ST., 430 WEST.—Students' dining hall, $5 per week, 3 meals.

477 MANHATTAN AV., (120TH.)
Large and small rooms; good table; reasonable.

123D, 148 WEST.—Well-furnished rooms; excellent table; reference. Telephone 6289 L Morningside.

114TH ST., 526 WEST.—Large front room overlooking Columbia with bath; excellent table; table guests.

123D ST., 439 WEST.—Beautiful rooms, board; every convenience; elevator apartment; private; reasonable. Apartment 11.

123D, 519 WEST.—Acropolis Hotel, near Riverside; single rooms, suites; board optional; reasonable rates.

142D ST., 623 WEST.—Young bachelor has in his private residence (near Riverside) vacancies for a few young men of refinement.

144TH ST., 472 WEST.—Private residence; exceptional, homelike, accommodations; wholesome, well-served meals; table guests.

156TH ST., 540 WEST.—Bright, well-furnished rooms; running water; good table; private house; one block from Subway; gentlemen; telephone 4678 Audubon.

ALLIANCE HOUSE,
258-260 West 44th St.
Quiet place for quiet people; in the very centre of the city, catering only to a respectable class; suites consisting of parlor, sleeping apartment, and private bathroom; also parlor and sleeping room, with running water; single and double rooms; steam heated; elevator service; popular rates; special rates for permanent guests.

LA PORTE HOTEL, (117th St. and Amsterdam Av.)—First-class apartment hotel; elegant rooms, single, en suite; newly decorated; terms moderate; highest elevation in Manhattan; home cooking.

WEST END AV., 240.—Large room, all conveniences; private neighborhood; near 72d St. Subway express.

WEST END AV., 764, (97th St.)—Room and board; homelike; modern conveniences; electricity.

WAVERLEY PLACE, 101.—Large and small rooms; private bath; parlor dining; telephone.

YOUNG WOMAN would share her pleasant home with elderly lady. Address Comfort, B 144 Times.

East Side.

15TH ST., 210 EAST, (Opposite Stuyvesant Park.)—Handsome back parlor; private bath; single and double rooms; telephone; table guests.

15TH, 218 EAST.—Desirable large, small rooms; view Stuyvesant Park; telephone; references; board optional.

21ST, 145 EAST, (Gramercy Park.)—Desirable front rooms; excellent table; references; telephone; park privilege.

63D, 23 EAST, (corner Madison Av.;) 694-696 Madison Av.—Second floor; three sunny rooms and bath; other rooms; excellent board.

76TH ST., 32 EAST.—Attractive rooms; ideal location; table a specialty; table guests; telephone.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Fine corner rooms, suites, with bath or separate; elevator, steam heat; uniformly fine table; select house; reasonable.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Large and small rooms; private baths; telephone; references; table guests accommodated.

Brooklyn.

PIERREPONT ST., 76, (Near Borough Hall Subway Station.)—Delightfully cool rooms; excellent table; moderate rates. 'Phone 1795—Main.

Board Wanted

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

A SOUTHERN LADY would like a room and board in a private family where there would be no other boarders; highest references given. B 132 Times.

ROOM AND BOARD, brother and sister, with private bath; state price; steady. B 157 Times

Country Board

30c. a line 1 time; 57c. a line 3 times a week; $1.26 a line 7 consecutive times.

New Jersey.

VILLA CRESCENT, 46 Walnut Crescent, Montclair, N. J. Newly decorated house, beautifully located; comfortably furnished, running water in rooms, electric lighting, telephone, excellent table. Within few minutes' walk of Golf Club. References.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

79TH ST., 134 WEST.—Large, handsome room, with board; private bath; business people preferred; telephone.

81ST ST., 131 WEST.—Attractive rooms; private house; all conveniences; reasonable; references; "L" Subway.

81ST ST., 164 WEST.—Two front rooms; clean, quiet; telephone, "L" station; gentleman; private house.

81ST, 147 WEST.—One attractive room, private bath; well appointed house; references.

82D ST., 152 WEST.—Attractive, large, front room; in private house; telephone; latest improvements; references.

82D, 327 WEST, Riverside Drive.—Private house, second floor, shower, telephone, gentlemen; moderate. Campbell.

84TH ST., 34 WEST.—One large second floor room in physician's house; gentleman only; reasonable to satisfactory applicant.

84TH, 54 WEST.—Attractive medium and single sunny, heated rooms; select, refined home; references.

85TH ST., 106 WEST, (formerly 152 West 80th St.)—Large and small attractive rooms; every convenience.

87TH ST., 176 WEST.—Refined home; two or three large rooms; also small, $2.50. Bruns.

89TH ST., 252 WEST.—In private house, handsomely furnished rooms, bath; moderate. Telephone 7996 Riverside.

90TH ST., 119 WEST.—Exceptionally clean room; running water; single gentleman; board optional. Munker.

91ST ST., 21 WEST.—Desirable rooms; clean, select house; all conveniences; "L," Subway; telephone.

92D ST., 51 WEST.—Large and small communicating rooms, adjoining bath; together or single; overlooking Central Park.

92D ST., 51 WEST.—Very desirable accommodations; back parlor floor for physician or dentist.

93D ST., 27 WEST.—Attractive clean rooms, large and small, newly furnished, running water; "L" station.

93D ST., Riverside, 316.—Exceptionally large, light rooms, bath; beautiful apartments; one, two gentlemen. Campbell.

96TH ST., 138 WEST.—Attractive, homelike room; good location; Subway, L expresses; breakfast optional. Muir.

97TH ST., (west of Broadway.)—Select two-room suite; high-class elevator apartment; every comfort and convenience; telephone 6130 Riverside. Apartment 1—B.

100TH ST., 253 WEST.—Fastidiously furnished rooms, with adjoining bath; private residence; gentleman; references.

102D ST., 302 WEST.—Residence near Riverside Drive; handsomely furnished room; large; accommodations; all conveniences; reasonable; telephone.

102D ST., 211, Corner Broadway.—Attractive, sunny, outside room; homelike; private family; moderate; references. Fradkin.

102D ST., (27 Manhattan Av.)—Large, airy, nicely furnished room; telephone; elevator; good transportation. Close.

102D ST., 211 WEST.—Large outside room, suitable for two; Subway; exclusive; accessible. Inquire Superintendent.

102D ST., 211, Corner Broadway.—Handsome outside, medium, small room; moderate; private family; references.

102D ST., 303 WEST, Near Riverside Drive.—Very desirable rooms; private house; all conveniences; reference.

103D ST., 216, (corner Broadway.)—Unusually large, handsomely furnished outside room; private family. Apartment 2.

104TH ST., 228 WEST.—Neatly furnished room; running water; board optional; "L," Subway; reasonable.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—Exceptionally large, light room, private bath, in high-class apartment with family of three adults; gentlemen only. Janvier.

107TH ST., 230 WEST.—High-class elevator apartment; attractive rooms, beautifully furnished; references. Gurnee.

111TH ST., 57 WEST.—Cosy room, suitable for one or two; 'phone; shower; elevator. Powers.

112TH ST., 504 WEST, Near Broadway.—Single light rooms, adjoining bath; elevator; telephone; references. Wells.

114TH ST., 508 WEST, (Apartment 62.)—Elegant room, adjoining bath; high-class elevator apartment; gentlemen.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Attractive, sunny rooms, near Columbia; elevator; kitchen; ladies; permanent desired. Teed.

118TH ST., 417 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; elevator; telephone; references. Fort.

Furnished Rooms

15c. a line 1 time; 36c. a line 3 times a week; 70c. a line 7 consecutive times.

West Side.

118TH ST., 414 WEST.—Large, small rooms; elevator; Subway, trolley. Smith.

119TH ST., 422 WEST.—Large corner rooms, $7, $5; beautiful view; restaurant, elevator, Subway. Apartment 21.

121ST ST., 420 WEST.—Newly decorated, outside rooms; telephone; elevator; $4 to $8. Apartment 25.

122D ST., 540 WEST, (Corner Broadway.)—Exceptionally attractive front rooms; kitchen; elevator; references. Apartment 61.

122D ST., 523 WEST.—Suites, private baths, showers; beautiful elevator apartment; single rooms; $3. Carter.

123D ST., 545 WEST.—Large, sunny room; also smaller one; near Subway; meals optional. Miller.

124TH ST., 429 WEST.—One, two well-furnished rooms; couple, business woman; conveniences; evenings. Castner.

130TH ST., 106 WEST.—Desirable, neatly furnished rooms; quiet neighborhood; all conveniences; telephone.

141ST, 529 WEST.—Exceptionally desirable, clean, suite; bath adjoining; southern exposure; private house; references.

160TH ST., 539 WEST.—Well-furnished, large; Subway, "L"; private family; home comforts; reasonable. Riegel.

MORNINGSIDE AV., 58, (120th.)—Front hall room, facing park; near bath; one flight. Gifford.

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 552, (127TH.)
Large, light room; phone Morningside 3028. Button.

UNIVERSITY PLACE, 8, (opposite Washington Square.)—Large and small rooms; also front parlor elegantly furnished; electric light; telephone, &c.; moderate rates; gentlemen; references.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 351—Cosy room; elevator apartment; no other roomers; $3. Apartment 53.

East Side.

11TH ST., 25 EAST.—Large and small rooms, newly furnished; running water; southern exposure.

17TH ST., 130 EAST.—Well-furnished, pleasant rooms, large and small, for gentlemen.

28TH ST., 16 EAST.—Bachelors' quarters; swimming pool, showers free; electricity; $5 weekly and up.

29TH ST., 43 EAST.—Charming, large room, first floor; other rooms; private house; references.

31ST ST., 233 EAST.—Parlor, with bedroom, bath; 2d floor; suitable two; excellent neighborhood. Dana.

33D ST., 15 EAST.—Large, sunny front room; running water and telephone; gentlemen.

35TH, 15 EAST.
Large, small rooms, all conveniences; reasonable.

43D ST., 131 EAST.—First-class, sunny, heated, closet, bath; permanent gentleman; moderate; references. Neilson.

45TH, 16 EAST.—Handsome suite, parlor, bedroom, bath; select house; breakfast optional; telephone; references.

45TH ST., 25 EAST.—Furnished room, with bath; gentleman; references.

49TH ST., 50 EAST. (Near Madison.)—Very attractive rooms; clean, airy, and comfortable; telephone; references.

55TH ST., 106 EAST.—Newly furnished rooms; large, small; all improvements; telephone.

90TH ST., 18 EAST.—Cottage, like country; young couple will rent one room, three windows; no other roomers; $6; references. 7403 Lenox.

IRVING PLACE, 14.—Box spring bed; special rates for tourists; front room; tiled bathrooms; absolute cleanliness; corner building.

IRVING PLACE, 47.—Large, handsomely furnished parlor floor; suitable for physician or light business.

LEXINGTON AV., 622.—Large, furnished rooms, front, back; scrupulously clean; private bath; 1-2 people.

MADISON AV., 87, Near 28th.—Large room, suitable two gentlemen; other rooms; reasonable; comfortable, well-kept house; steam heat, telephone; reference.

MADISON AV, 348, (Near 44th St.)—Attractive rooms; private baths; Subway; telephone; references.

MADISON AV., 1,041.—Physician can share office extension and waiting room; all handsomely furnished.

MADISON AV., 71.— Large and small rooms, with board; telephone; references.

Brooklyn.

GREENE AV., 66.—Elegant, sunny room, superior house, convenient Subway, $3.50; hall-room, $2.

MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS, 11.—Handsome rooms, overlooking water; accessible and aristocratic neighborhood; Wall St. ferry.

MONTAGUE TERRACE, 3; Heights.—Handsome rooms with private baths; instantaneous hot water;

SHONTS WRITES AGAIN ABOUT THIRD TRACKS

Willcox Answers That as Interborough Rejects Legal Requirements Discussion Is Useless.

ERRORS IN THE PROPOSALS

In Service Commission's Figures and Also Interborough's Mistakes Are Found—Steinway Tunnel Deal On.

T. P. Shonts, President of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company, sent to the Public Service Commission yesterday a letter covering the objections of the company to the terms proposed by the commission for third tracking the Second, Third, and Ninth Avenue Elevated railways, and extensions in the Bronx and to the Queensboro Bridge. Mr. Shonts expressed willingness to take up again the Steinway Tunnel matter, and quotes from his letter to the commission of June 10, 1910, stopping short, however, and not repeating his former offer of a single fare and free transfers as indicated in this sentence of his former letters: "An additional line of rapid transit communication will thus be established with free transfers upon the payment of a single 5-cent fare between Long Island City and the part of Greater New York reached by the existing Subway lines."

Chairman Willcox sent a brief reply stating that, as the main objection to the third tracking proposals seems to be based on the commission's insistence upon conditions required by law, it was useless for him to discuss the other details. However, he will be pleased, he says, to meet Mr. Shonts on the Steinway Tunnel business at once, and he suggests a conference at 12 o'clock to-day.

The letter of Mr. Shonts reads:

New York, Sept. 20, 1911.

The Hon. William R. Willcox, Chairman, Public Service Commission for the First District, New York City:

Dear Sir: I acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 16th instant relative to the elevated franchises declined by this company and the Belmont tunnel.

At the time of the original negotiations between your commission and the company with respect to the third-tracking certificate we were given to understand that the recapture provisions of the third-tracking certificate would be passed, although with reluctance, by counsel for the Manhattan Company. It was only upon the 6th of September, as stated in my letter, that the executive officers of that company, as a result of further consideration abroad this Summer, notified this company that the Manhattan Company would not again be a party to an application that involved this particular provision. In our letter to you we thought it proper to advise you of this latest attitude of the Manhattan Company, inasmuch as the recapture provision, even if required under the existing law—a matter of doubt—is one of little value to the city, and one that could easily be met by legislation. But quite apart from this question, the certificates in the form actually tendered, as we advised you, were impossible of acceptance by the Interborough Company.

Other Objections Remain.

As you are aware, there were certain serious objections upon this company's part to the original form of the certificates, concerning which an agreement was never reached. There were certain other objections as to which the city seemed disposed to make concessions. We find, however, that in the certificates lately tendered the provisions objected to are all retained, that such concessions as were apparently made are withdrawn, and that still other burdensome new provisions are added. It was for these reasons, the principal ones of which we will now attempt to summarize, that the Interborough Directors were led to decline the new certificates.

Although in the certificates as first advertised the compensation for the new franchises was fixed at 2 per centum of the increased earnings attributable to the new franchises, the present terms (inasmuch as the two certificates are tied together by the commission) involve an aggregate payment of 50 per centum of the increased earnings of the entire system over the average earnings from the last two years, including the earnings of that part of the system covered by the old perpetual franchises as well as that part constructed under the new franchises. This, moreover, is the minimum charge, for it is provided that at the end of twenty-five years the compensation to be paid to the city by the Interborough Company shall be a sum not less than 80 per centum of the increased earnings of the entire elevated system over the average earnings for the last two years, plus 50 per centum of the actual net earnings of the new extensions. Under such terms it is manifest that the more prosperous the business might prove the worse off the company would be.

Notwithstanding the Manhattan company has a definite contract under its charter to charge at least a 5-cent fare upon its lines, that company is required under the terms of the tendered certificate to lower the fare to such sum as the commission might direct, if in the commission's judgment the present 5-cent fare is thought unreasonable. At the same time the company—waiving such protection as the courts might be disposed to offer it—is asked to contract that the commission should have the right to prescribe such service or facilities as the commission in its judgment might deem adequate.

Question of Equipment Value.

The Manhattan Company is likewise required, by the certificate, to subject its entire plant to an examination by the commission's engineers, and if the commission should read the conclusion that there was any deferred maintenance upon its structures, this deferred maintenance must be taken out of the income or surplus of the company.

Notwithstanding that the new equipment would be the only tangible security underlying any new mortgage issue to construct and equip the third track and elevated extensions, under the terms of the proposed extension certificate the equipment could be taken over after ten years at a valuation which would take into account its then utility for railroad purposes; that is to say, if by reason of unforeseen changes in the art the equipment should become obsolete, at virtually scrap value. It is only necessary to compare this provision with that insisted upon by the Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company and conceded by the city. The offer of the Brooklyn company provides that if the equipment be taken over, it shall be taken over at its actual cost, quite regardless of obsolescence, plus 15 per centum.

It is quite manifest that the extensive improvements called for by the certificates could not be financed by the company except at considerable cost either in commissions or discounts. But if the city should take over the property at the end of ten years, no allowance would be made by the city under the certificates offered this company for the necessary cost of financing, which thus might fall a total loss upon the company. The fact that the company itself is allowed to amortize this cost in no sense meets this situation.

A provision reserving trackage rights to the elevated system over the extensions, if the extensions should be taken over under the recapture clause—a provision very necessary to the integrity of the Manhattan Company and once agreed to—is now omitted.

Ready to Discuss the Tunnel.

The overcharge of 15 per centum is terminated at the end of ten years, and the table of percentages, always objected to by us, is retained.

The same is true with respect to the provisions requiring the company at the city's option to transfer the new lines directly to any competitor upon the payment of a sum equal to that which the city itself would have to pay.

Referring now to that part of your communication which relates to the Belmont tunnel:

In our letter of June 10, 1910, relating to elevated improvements and the Belmont tunnel as well, we said: "If pursuant to the terms of this act (act of 1910) a satisfactory franchise can be obtained from the city authorities for its operation, we propose, in addition to the foregoing elevated improvements, to complete the construction of this tunnel (Belmont tunnel) and operate it as a part of the existing Subway, with open communication between the tunnel and the Subway system at or near the Grand Central Station."

No terms have ever been agreed upon between the city and ourselves with respect to the independent operation of this tunnel, although tentative plans were proposed for the operation of the tunnel in connection with the general plan for elevated improvements.

We are prepared, however, to proceed in accordance with the suggestion of our letter of June 10, and to take up with your commission at your convenience the matter of operating the Belmont tunnel under an independent franchise. Very truly yours,

T. P. SHONTS, President.

This is the reply of Chairman Willcox:

September 20, 1911.

Theodore P. Shonts, Esq., President Interborough Rapid Transit Company, 165 Broadway, city.

My Dear Sir: I beg to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of Sept. 20, in answer to my letter of the 16th inst.

I note you give a number of reasons why the Interborough Company and the Manhattan Company have refused to accept the certificates conferring right for third tracking the existing elevated lines and for the construction of extensions thereto.

Inasmuch as the main reason given in this letter and the former communication for such refusal by the Manhattan Company is that the certificate contains the recapture provisions required by the Rapid Transit act, and inasmuch as the commission cannot grant a certificate conferring a perpetual franchise, which evidently is the desire of the Manhattan Company, it seems unnecessary to discuss the various other reasons for the refusal contained in your letter of even date, although many of them are matters which could have been given further consideration, and one is a typographical error.

Regarding the operation of the Steinway Tunnel, the commission will be glad to confer with you to-morrow, Sept. 21, at 12 o'clock, or at any other time which will be mutually convenient. Yours very truly,

W. R. WILLCOX, Chairman.

Where the Errors Come In.

The typographical error to which Mr. Willcox refers is in clauses in one of the certificates dealing with the financial return to the city for its grant of the third-tracking franchise. It is on this that the Interborough has based its objection that the commission's terms call for 80 per cent. of the increased earnings of the entire elevated system over the average of the last two years. By the printing of four-fifths instead of four-tenths the demands of the city were apparently raised from 40 to 80 per cent. of the increase.

It was also suggested at the Public Service Commission offices yesterday afternoon that there is a no less serious misprint in the letter of the Interborough, for, in the sentence dealing with this alleged demand for 80 per cent. of the increased earnings, it is stated that it is sought "plus 50 per centum of the actual net earnings of the new extensions."

It was pointed out that what the commission is really suggesting is the payment by the Interborough on the entire improvements under discussion of 50 per cent. of the increased earnings of the whole system over the average earnings for the last two years, 40 per cent. of this being paid on account of the third tracks and 10 per cent. on account of the Bronx and Queensboro Bridge extensions.

WILLCOX CONTRADICTS MAYOR.

Challenges His Legal Opinion About Veto Powers Under Charter.

Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission was not inclined yesterday to allow to go unchallenged Mayor Gaynor's pronouncements on his power over contracts as contained in the present Charter. He objected particularly to this statement by the Mayor:

"It is now fully conceded that by Sections 74 and 242 of the present Charter the separate approval of the Mayor is required to every contract in the nature of a franchise for a street use, overhead, surface, or underground, and that this has been so for a generation."

Mr. Willcox declared that the Public Service Commission had never admitted any such thing, and that they had been assured by their counsel that the Mayor's powers at the present time under the Charter and the Rapid Transit act are confined to a separate right of approval over ordinary Charter franchises, such as those for street surface railways and gas and electric light mains and wires; a separate right to consent or refuse to consent to rapid transit routes adopted by the commission, but he had absolutely no right of separate approval or disapproval over rapid transit franchises or contracts.

Mr. Willcox also pointed out that instead of basing his claims on the Rapid Transit act, the Mayor had referred to Sections 242 and 74 of the present Charter. The portion of Section 242 referring to approval by the Board of Estimate and the Mayor's separate approval of contracts contains an express proviso, excepting "cases where franchise rights or contracts shall be granted or authorized pursuant to the Rapid Transit act."

As for Section 74, Mr. Willcox said the Mayor had evidently failed to note the exception contained in Section 73. Section 74 is part of Title I. of Chapter 3 of the Charter, which title includes Sections 71 to 77. Section 73 provides "nor shall anything in this section or in this title contained apply to grants made pursuant to the Rapid Transit act."

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A.M.	Loss.
12:42—2,172 Amsterdam Av.; Morris Klorlein	$250
2:10—65 East 102d St.; Mrs. Michelman,	Trifling
11:15—241 West 148th St.; T. P. Stanton..	$500
P. M.	
12:30—114th St. and Riverside Drive; Steinway & Sons	$2,000
12:46—300 West 46th St.; Eugene Calla,	Trifling
1:50—205 West 140th St.; Bloome & Rosenberg	Trifling
2:20—227 Avenue A; Max Schneider...	Trifling
3:00—460 8th Av.; C. Chong.....	Trifling
3:50—601 West 113th St.; C. J. Steinan...	Trifling
3:50—140th St. and St. Nicholas Av.; N. Y. Bill Posting Co.	Trifling
5:10—217 East 97th St.; W. Currisi....	Trifling
5:30—182d St. and Valentine Av.; unknown.	Trifling
6:00—131 1st Av.; J. Osser.	$10
6:35—32 East 12th St.; Samuel Goldsmith....	$1,000
6:50—58 East 118th St.; N. Y. Bill Posting Co	$5
7:25—291 East 98th St.; J. Kellar.	$20
7:25—102 East 108th St.; W. Pearlinia....	Trifling
7:50—553 Morris Av.; Amelia Becke..	Trifling
8:10—97th St. and West Drive, Central Park; city property.	Trifling
8:15—150 Manhattan Av.; unknown.	$25
8:25—136 Edgecombe Av.; Manheimer Bros..	$100
8:30—506 Broome St.; Lyons Knitting Works.	$2,000
8:55—500 East 134th St.; George Denette..	$100
9:00—27 Allen St.; S. Strauss.	$150
9:30—30th St. and Broadway; A. Kern.....	$5
10:15—513 East 13th St.; unknown..	Unknown
10:20—Tinton Av. and Boston Road; unknown.	Unknown

Going to Move? Starting in Business? Where? ?

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NEW GRAND JURY TO DEAL WITH GRAFT

All Who Had to Do with Jersey City's $3,500,000 Court House Will Be Summoned.

SHERIFF MAY FORFEIT PLACE

There Is a Rumor, However, of a Certiorari Writ to Test Justice Swayze's Authority.

Supreme Court Justice Francis J. Swayze filed yesterday in Jersey City his formal order "quashing" Part I. of the September Term of the Hudson County Grand Jury, following his announcement in court on Tuesday.

Justice Swayze did not appoint yesterday the elisors who it is believed he will appoint to select a Grand Jury, such as will be desirable to the "progressive" and political reform element of the county. It is expected that he will do this to-day. Justice Swayze had a long secret consultation with Judge Robert Carey of the Court of Common Pleas and Prosecutor Garven yesterday. On Tuesday night Justice Swayze's friends said he would probably not take any steps in the present fight without first consulting Judge Carey and Mr. Garven. At yesterday's consultation the names of citizens of Hudson County, whose integrity was unquestioned throughout the community, are believed to have been carefully gone over, the purpose being to choose as elisors men whose actions would win the indorsement of as large a part of the community as possible.

No sooner had Justice Swayze filed his order quashing the Grand Jury than it was rumored that Sheriff Kelly, although his attitude so far has been to treat the entire upheaval following his escapade of last Saturday night as a joke, was going to get out a writ of certiorari to test the power of Supreme Court Justice Swayze to quash the jury. Sheriff Kelly would not discuss this rumor, but Corporation Attorney Fallon, who has been acting as the Sheriff's personal counsel, said that he had "heard something about such a course being pursued." When Prosecutor Garven was told about this rumor he made light of it.

There was talk in Jersey City yesterday that the politicians were bringing pressure to bear upon Justice Swayze to allow the three Coroners of the county to select the new Grand Jury. The Coroners are Democrats, and are suspected of having some affiliation with Sheriff Kelly's county machine. There did not seem to be much foundation for this rumor, and all Justice Swayze's friends remarked that Justice Swayze was hardly likely to miss a long-sought opportunity of obtaining the sort of a jury that would bring to book the boodlers whom he has been trailing for the last year.

Sheriff Kelly is to be charged with having violated Section 15 of the Sheriff act, which reads:

That it shall be the duty of the Sheriff and jailer to receive from Constables and other officers all persons who shall be apprehended by such Constables or officers for offenses in the State, and if any Sheriff or jailer refuse to receive any such offenders, he shall be adjudged guilty of a misdemeanor and on conviction shall be fined at the discretion of the court.

An attempt will also be made, it is said, to vacate the Sheriff's office under the Crimes act for permitting prisoners to escape.

Now that Justice Swayze, Judge Carey, and the rest of the reformers are about to obtain the kind of Grand Jury they have long been wanting, the most closely watched and widely speculated about man in the whole Court House is James Cameron, the sandy-haired, keen-featured, professional graft hunter, who, both for a taxpayers' committee and for the Board of Freeholders, has been investigating the affairs of the county for the last six or eight months.

Mr. Cameron previously conducted the Harrisburg State Capitol investigation and municipal graft hunts in Louisville, Pittsburgh, and elsewhere. His investigation of Hudson County affairs has involved an examination of all the records of the county running back ten years, including those of the Sheriff, the County Clerk, the Surrogate, Register, Penitentiary, Almshouse, Tuberculosis House and Pest House, and also the receipt and disbursement of $100,000,000 of county moneys. As most of the members of the County Democratic machine have been connected officially or unofficially with one or another of these institutions in the last ten years, about every one belonging to the Democratic organization of Hudson County wondered yesterday whether or not his name was in the list of persons to be subpoenaed before the new Grand Jury, and which is now reposing on Graft Hunter Cameron's desk. Every one who was in any way connected with the building of the $3,500,000 County Court House is sure of getting a subpoena. And few of the late Boss Davis's henchmen were not connected with this enterprise somehow or other.

BOMB SHAKES TENEMENT.

Believed to Have Been Exploded to Prevent Prosecution of Blackmailers.

A bomb was exploded on the basement steps of a five-story tenement house, 111 West Houston Street, early this morning. Policeman Allethouser of the Macdougall Street Station was at the corner of Thompson Street, 100 feet away. Patrolman Kapp was on a fixed post, at West Broadway and Houston Street. Sergt. Kapp was at the corner of Sullivan Street. The three policemen ran up and came to the conclusion that the man who had set the bomb was in one of the two adjoining houses. Reserves were sent for and all three of the houses were surrounded.

The bomb tore out the front of Emilio & Co.'s fish shop, wrecked the front steps of the tenement, and brought twenty families, who lived in the house to the street, partly clothed. A crowd of about 3,000 persons quickly gathered. The frightened tenants were kept back by the reserves, while detectives made a room-to-room canvass of the near-by houses, looking for a possible Black Hander.

The police believe that the bomb was exploded to frighten a cousin of Joseph Nuccussi, a junior partner of Emilio & Co., so that he would not prosecute a man who has been arrested for extortion. Nuccussi's cousin, who has a fishshop in Seventh Avenue, had received blackmailing letters and informed the police. He laid an ambush some time ago for the blackmailers, and when they came to receive marked money they were arrested.

BURGLARS LOOT A HOUSE.

Another Flatbush Home Plundered, Jewels and Silverware Being Taken.

The home of David A. Sullivan, former President of the Mechanics and Traders' Bank, who is now under indictment for alleged forgery in connection with the affairs of that institution, has been added to the already long list of houses in the Flatbush section which have been looted by daylight burglars. The burglary occurred two weeks ago, but was not made public until yesterday, when Mrs. Sullivan returned from her country home on Long Island. The burglars got away with silverware, jewelry, and valuable furs worth in all about $1,000.

The house is at 179 Lenox Road. It stands back about fifty feet and is surrounded by lawns. During the Summer it was occupied by Mr. Sullivan, his son, and the servants. Both Mr. Sullivan and his son were out all day, leaving the house to the care of the maids. Two weeks ago, returning from a shopping trip, one of the maids found that the rear door had been broken open and the house looted. Every possible place for the concealment of jewelry had been ransacked. The maid notified the son when he returned from business and he telegraphed to his mother, who owns the house and its contents. She made a hurried trip to town and reported the case to the Flatbush police.

HORSE MEAT INSPECTOR OUT.

Health Board Dismisses Geissler for Betraying Investigation.

In consequence of the exposure of the alleged "corning" of horse meat by the Schwarz Brothers Company in their rendering establishment on the Newark meadows, the Kearny Board of Health stripped Albert E. Geissler yesterday of his authority as an Inspector.

Geissler is alleged to have apprised the Schwarz Brothers of the fact that their plant was under Government surveillance. It was pleaded by Eugene Schwarz, President of the Schwarz Brothers Company, that the preparation of horse meat for human consumption was done under proper safeguards, with Dr. E. T. Baldwin of 65 Avon Avenue, Newark, serving as Inspector. The Attorney General and the State Board of Health both stated yesterday that Dr. Baldwin had no authority to sign himself as "State Veterinarian" in passing on horse meat intended for human consumption abroad.

George L. Record of Jersey City, it is reported, applied to United States District Attorney Vreeland yesterday to have charges of conspiracy brought against those responsible for the revelations before a Federal Grand Jury. Mr. Vreeland is said to have replied to Record, who is counsel for the Schwarz Brothers Company, that, having been familiar for some time with the investigation that had been going on at the instance of the Government authorities themselves, he could not see how any charge of conspiracy could lie.

Fell on Sidewalk and Died.

Patrolman Garvin, on duty near the Flatiron Building last night, found a man unconscious on the sidewalk where he had fallen. An ambulance took the unconscious man to the New York Hospital, where he died at 10 o'clock, without regaining his senses. His clothing was new and of excellent quality, and was marked John H. Rissler. A Subway ticket purchased at the Borough Hall station, Brooklyn, was found in his pocket, with $90 in bills. He was about 45 years old. His hair was brown, and he had a slight brown moustache.

WARRANT FOR EX-SENATOR.

Gardner's Former Wife Charges Him with Failure to Pay Alimony.

Supreme Court Justice Lester W. Clark in Brooklyn signed a warrant yesterday for the arrest of ex-State Senator Frank J. Gardner on the charge of contempt of court. It is alleged that he owes Elizabeth H. Gardner, who divorced him, alimony to the amount of $500, and that he has failed to furnish security in $2,000 for payment of it.

Gardner is said to be living in Pittsburgh. About a year ago he married Miss May Yerby of this city, and made his home at 220 Wadsworth Avenue, Manhattan. The warrant was obtained by the law firm of Armstrong & Brown of 71 Nassau Street, counsel for the first Mrs. Gardner. She got a decree of divorce in April, 1910, Justice Scudder fixing alimony at the rate of $100 a month.

For several years Gardner was a prominent figure in Republican politics in Brooklyn. He was a political protégé of Timothy L. Woodruff, then county leader, and became the leader of the Eleventh Assembly District. He served one term in the State Senate.

When Gov. Hughes was urging legislation to put an end to gambling at the race tracks Gardner was frequently in Albany, and there were reports that he acted as an agent of the race track interests. Before a legislative investigating committee in Manhattan about a year ago the charge was made that Gardner had tried to bribe Otto G. Foelker, a State Senator from Brooklyn, who was supporting the Hughes measures. Assistant District Attorney Robert H. Elder of Brooklyn said that Gardner told him a story about a big corruption fund which had been raised by race track men and disbursed in Albany. Gardner was acquitted of the bribery charge

Colored Tea Barred.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 20.—Secretary MacVeagh has ended the Treasury Department's controversy with tea merchants who claimed the right to import artificially colored teas by issuing an order to all customs collectors flatly forbidding them to pass any tea which shows traces of artificial color.

WALDO THANKS MERCHANTS.

Approves of Their Work to Lift Traffic Squad from Three-Platoon System.

Police Commissioner Waldo sent this letter yesterday to Henry R. Towne, President of the Merchants' Association, relative to the Traffic Squad:

Dear Sir: I understand that your association is in accord with the Police Department in desiring to secure legislation which will enable the Traffic Squad of this city to be administered in the same manner as was done prior to the time that the three-platoon bill took effect. While we are regulating traffic to-day in my opinion, it cannot be done as efficiently as if the law permitted us to have a permanent traffic squad. I am, therefore, heartily in accord with anything that you and your association may do to bring about an amendment to the three-platoon bill so as to exempt the Traffic Squad from its provisions.

Mr. Debergard of your association has shown me a proposed amendment which is in every way satisfactory to this department.

I avail myself of this opportunity to thank you, and through you the Merchants' Association, for the interest you are manifesting in this connection.

With assurances of my highest regards, I am, &c.,

R. WALDO,
Police Commissioner.

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6th Av., 43d, 44th. Daily Mats. 2. Best Seats $1. Ev. 8.
AROUND THE WORLD
SERIES OF COMPLETE NEW SPECTACLES
BIJOU, B'way & 30th. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Sat.
Cyril Scott in Modern Marriage
PLAYHOUSE 48th, E. of B'way. Tel. 2628 Bryant. Evgs. 8:15.
LAST 3 NIGHTS BEGINNING NEXT TUESDAY THE RACK LAST MAT. SAT. SEATS SELLING NOW.
BOUGHT AND PAID FOR
By GEORGE BROADHURST.
William Collier's COMEDY 41st, E. of B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Tues. & Sat., 2:30.
An Auto-Comedy. SPEED
39th Street Thes. 39th, nr. B'way. Evs. 8:15. Last 2 weeks. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
JOHN MASON in Augustus Thomas' greatest work, AS A MAN THINKS.
LYRIC 42d, West of B'way. Evenings 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:20.
EVERYWOMAN
OWING TO PREVIOUS BOOKING ARRANGEMENTS, THE ENGAGEMENT OF "EVERYWOMAN" WILL TERMINATE ON SEPT. 30th.
WEST END, 125th St., W. of 8th Av. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15. Wm. Faversham in the Faun
Next Week—POMANDER WALK.
Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. B'way & 35th. Twice daily, 2:30 and 8:30. KINEMACOLOR MOTION PICTURES of the Coronation. 25c., 50c.

CASINO B'way and 39th St. Evgs. 8:10. Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:10.
New Viennese Operetta. THE KISS WALTZ
BROADWAY Thes., B'way & 41 St. Evs. 8:15. Matinee Saturday, 2:15.
LEW FIELDS Last Week THE HEN PECKS
DALY'S Broadway and 30th St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
New Song-Play. WHEN SWEET SIXTEEN
Marine Elliott's Thes., 39th, Bet. B'way & 6th Av. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Evs. 8:30
Last 2 Weeks. CROSMAN in THE REAL THING.
HENRIETTA
WINTER GARDEN B'way and 50th. Tel. 411 Columbus.
Nights 50c. to $2.50. Mats. Tues., Thurs. and Sat., 50c. to $1.50. Smoking Permitted.
BEGINNING WED., SEPT. 27. GABY DESLYS in "LES DEBUTS DE CHICHINE."
Mail Orders Received Now. REVUE OF REVUES COMPANY OF 200.
AUCTION SALE OF SEATS AND BOXES AT THE CASINO TO-MORROW AT 2:30 P. M. MLLE. DESLYS AND OTHER FAMOUS STARS AS AUCTIONEERS.
MANHATTAN Opera House, 34th St. & 8th Av.
ROBERT B. MANTELL To-night 8:15 JULIUS CAESAR.
Next Week BABY MINE MARGUERITE CLARK And Original Cast.
MAJESTIC B'way & 59th. Twice Daily, 2:30 and 8:30. Kinemacolor Motion Pictures of the Coronation, 25c. to $2.

EMPIRE B'way 40th St. Evgs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
JOHN DREW in his greatest comedy success, A SINGLE MAN.
HUDSON 44 St., near B'way. Ev. 8:30 Mats. Wed. & Sat. at 2:30.
"LAUGHTER FROM START TO FINISH."—Mail.
FRANK McINTYRE SNOBS —IN—
THE HARRIS West 42d St. Eve. 8:20 Mats. To-day & Sat. 2:15.
ROSE STAHL in Chas. Klein's Latest Success, MAGGIE PEPPER
FOLIES BERGERE 46th St., B'way. TO-NIGHT—ONLY CABARET SHOW 10 Sensational Acts From 11 P. M. to 1 A. M.
Restaurant (a la Carte.) Doors open 10:15.
TO-MORROW: 8 to 11 P. M.—First Time,
THE NEW REVUE, A LA BROADWAY"
Followed by usual CABARET SHOW.
MATINEES WEDNESDAYS AND SATURDAYS.
KNICKERBOCKER B'way, 38th St. Evs. at 8. Mat. Saturday, 2.
"SIREN WALTZ INTOXICATES."—Alan Dale.
DONALD BRIAN IN THE GREAT MUSICAL PLAY THE SIREN
Cast of 100, including Julia Sanderson, Frank Moulan, Will West, Elizabeth Firth, etc.
CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
THE GREAT BIG HUMAN PLAY "DESERVED SUCCESS."—World. "ENDURING SUCCESS."—TIMES "POPULAR SUCCESS."—SUN
PASSERS-BY
C. HADDON CHAMBERS' GREATEST PLAY.
"REAL SUCCESS."—EVE. WORLD. "POPULAR SUCCESS."—POST. "FASCINATING."—HERALD.
THE GREAT CAST
LYCEUM B'way & 45th St.....at 8:20. First Matinee Sat. 2:15.
THE ARAB A play of the Orient by Edgar Selwyn.
NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42d St. Eve. 8:15. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
Klaw & Erlanger's Musical Comedy De Luxe,
THE PINK LADY
LIBERTY W. 42d St., near B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
POP. MATINEE WEDNESDAY 50c. to $1.50.
JULIAN ELTINGE in THE FASCINATING WIDOW
GAIETY THEATRE, 46th St. & B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
Henry W. Savage offers the Laughter Carnival.
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"A good laugh that lengthens one's life and conveys a distinct stimulus to the vital forces."
JOE WEBER'S B'way & 29 St. Evs. 8:30. Matinees Wed. & Sat. 2:30.
EDMUND BREESE in A MAN OF HONOR.
Charles Dillingham's GLOBE B'way & 46 St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Wed. & Sat. 2:15.
DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS in A GENTLEMAN OF LEISURE. 50c. to $1.50.
ASTOR Broadway, 45th St. Evenings 8:20. First Matinee Saturday 2:15.
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The New Comedy by A. E. THOMAS.
WALLACK'S B'way and 30th St. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Wed. and Sat. 2:30.
"Not since the curtain was drawn on the careers of Henry Irving and Richard Mansfield has a New York audience witnessed a performance that could approach it."—Louis De Foe in The N. Y. World.
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"Disraeli" is an artistic triumph for both Mr. Arliss and Mr. Parker. It will be one of the few really popular plays of the new season."—Acton Davies in Evening Sun.
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GEO. M. COHAN in "THE LITTLE MILLIONAIRE"
GRAND Opera House, 23 St. & 3 Av. 7 DAYS Mat. Sat.
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MINER'S BOWERY BRONX BARGAIN MATINEE EVERY DAY. B'WAY GAIETY GIRLS. WRESTLING TO-NIGHT THE BIG REVIEW. AMATEURS TO-NIGHT.
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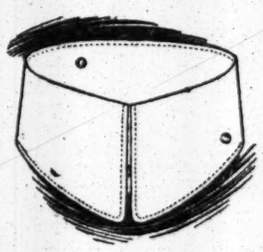

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Next Sunday's Times

HILAIRE BELLOC,
the famous historian and publicist, makes some astonishing revelations about the German Army.

HENRI ROCHEFORT
describes cases in which Americans have been swindled by the sale of bogus "old masters," and shows why we are the principal victims of this sort of fraud.

DISTRICT ATTORNEY WISE
discusses graft as a National vice, and gives some unlooked-for reasons for its prevalence.

CANADA BUYING IMMIGRANTS.
Ways in which the Dominion lures them and deflects the tide of immigration from the United States.

TURGENEV'S LOVE LETTERS.
He wrote them to Pauline Garcia, the famous singer.

A WOMAN MAYOR.
Mrs. Ella Wilson, Mayor of Hunnewell, Kan., writes an article describing her experiences in office.

AUCTION BRIDGE.
How to play it—told by an expert.

Pictorial Section:

"THE LITTLE DOCTOR"—A charming full-page reproduction of a painting by Arthur J. Elsley.
NATIONAL AMATEUR GOLF TOURNAMENT AT RYE.
INTERNATIONAL TENNIS MATCH.
METCHNIKOFF TO STUDY PLAGUE IN MANCHURIA
THE HOUSE OF GOVERNORS
PAUL RAINEY'S RECORD-BREAKING LION HUNT IN AFRICA
CHINESE WARSHIP HAI CHI AT NEW YORK.
PASSION PLAY AT EIBESTHAL, AUSTRIA
THE SUFFRAGE "SANDWICHETTES"
UNVEILING STEUBEN MONUMENT AT POTSDAM
ROYAL SHOOTING PARTY IN SCOTLAND